O THE PINANCIAL TIMES LTD 1990

Weekend March 10/March 11 1990

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Kinnock

condemns

WOLSELEY'

WORLD NEWS

to hold funds inquiry of £255m

The National Union of Mineworkers agreed to set up an independent inquiry into allegations made against union president Arthur Scargill about the handling of funds during the miners' strike five years

27.5

- 7. 4

 $e^{i\omega_{2}}_{2,n}$

Agreement on the proposal followed calls for an independent inquiry from Labour Party leader Neil Kinnock and NUM executive members. Recently it was alleged cash as received from Libya during the strike and some was used to pay off personal loans for Mr Scargill and Peter Heathfield, NUM president, who both deny the claims

German unity talks open East and West Germany launched formal negotiations in East Berlin aimed at uniting as a single state. Meanwhile, in Paris, French President Mitterrand urged West Germany to strengthen the promise it made on Thursday not to question Poland's western frontier. "This is not just any frontier," Mr Mitterrand said. "It is the Oder-Neisse line". Page 2

Berlin flight ban lifted Second World War allies France, Britain and the US agreed to lift a ban on direct flights by German aircraft between East and West Germany. The ban has been in force since 1945.

Help for home-buyers Houses should be covered by the Trade Descriptions Act, Sir Gordon Borrie, Director His suggestion is one of a num-ber resulting from more than two years' examination of estate agencies. Page 6

Call for lower N-dose Trade unions representing uclear industry staff called for Britain to cut the maximum annual dose to which workers can be exposed. They say the limit should be 10 milli-Sieverts instead of the present

Ransgate beroin hauf Customs officers at Ramsgate, st hauls of heroin. Fifty los – worth an es £4m - were found in the petrol tank of a lorry arriving on. a cross-Channel ferry. The Turkish driver has been

charged. Turmož in Haiti Gen Prosper Avril, President

of Haiti, plans to step down in the face of mounting antigovernment protests. Demon-strators blocked main roads into the Haitian capital, Port-au-Prince in a second day of national protests aimed at ousting the President.

Beirut's fragile peace Rival Christian militias clashed in Beirut for the first time since agreeing a truce last week in their battle for control of Christian Beirut. Aoun offer welcomed, Page 3

Red Arrows in demand US hidders paid more than £100,000 apiece in London for four aircraft used by Britain's Red Arrows air display team. The jet fighters were among nine jet fighters included in Sotheby's first public anction of Ministry of Defence aircraft. **BUSINESS SUMMARY**

Miners' union Taurus will bring savings

London's Infernational Stock Exchange says Taurus — the paperless settlement system: for UK equities — will cost 250m to develop over the next four years. It estimates that faster, more efficient settlement will result in savings for the securities industry of up to £255m over 10 years. Mr Andrew Hugh Smith, chairman of the ISE, said:

are presenting a framework for the future of UK settlement." Page 24 and Lex; Stock Exchange prepares, Page 8 NICHOLAS RIDLEY, Trade and Industry Secretary, on a five-day trip to Moscow, is to ask the authorities to deal with

SULTAN OF BRUNEI has denied he had any part in the acquisition of the House of Fraser by the Fayed brothers - his first public statement since the publication of the DTI report which concluded that the funds for the deal came through Mohamed Fayed's association with the Sultan. Page 24 ...

DREXEL Burnham Lambert: Creditors of the Wall Street investment bank's UK securi-ties and commodities businesses should get significant payments, say the company's administrators. Page 12

which Jank, one of Cornwall's two remaining working tin mines, is to close — with the loss of 150 johs — due to the collapse in world tin prices. The mine is owned by Carnon Consolidated, bought from the RTZ Corporation 19 months ago by 12 managers. Page 4

ambitious operation of its kind by a western telecoms com-pany. Page 2

SAATCHI brothers Charles and Maurice would be entitled to more than £3m each if they ft the troubled UK communic cations group. Page 10-

SOVIET UNION has formelly iffs and Trade, the first step towards membership. Page 2 JAPAN: A Gatt panel has

upheld Japan's complaint against the EC's so-called 'screwdriver" law — to nre vent exporters to the EC sidestepping dumping duties by shipping parts to be assembled inside the Community.

ROAD congestion in the UK is costing companies as much a survey by Lex Vehicle Leas-

TAIWAN's cabinet has passed a budget for 1990/91, with a record \$6.7bn (£3.9bn) deficit, up 83 per cent on the current fiscal year. Page 3

HKINKKEN, Dutch brewer, announced annual pre-tax profits up 12 per cent to FI 325.5m (£103.3m) — boosted by last summer's warm continental weather. Page 12

ALLIANZ, Europe's largest insurance company, an-nounced a rights issues, to raise DM762m (2276.3m), of one new share priced at DM500 per 10 shares held. Page 12

THE SOVIET UNION

The Soviet Union is in the threes of a social, political and economic revolution that may well be as far reaching as the 1917 October Revolution. On Monday, a day after the

's staff bureau in Moscow The survey will provide a provocative assessment of the problems and prospects for a superpower in turmoil.



growing problems of late pay-ments by Soviet enterprises to British exporters. Page 24

WHEAL JANE, one of Corn-

ALCATEL, French electronics group, has started a joint ven-ture to modernise large parts of East Germany's telecommunications network, the most

lution. On Monday, a day after the fifth anniversary of the ascent to power of President Gorbachev, the Financial Times will publish a survey on the Soviet Union.

This 20-page survey, one of the most ambitious yet undertaken, took six FT journalists across the country in collaboration with the space's staff bureau in Moscow.



which totalled £409m in 1989, will increase by about 60 per cent.

New York lunch \$1.8175 \$1.6185 (1.6425) DM2.7575 (2.7950) FFr9.3276 (9.4450) SFr2.4475 (2.4775) Y254.00 (247.75) £ index 86.6 (87.7)

MARKETS

COLD New York: Comex Apr \$401.6 (405.1) London: \$399.25 (401.25) N SEA OIL (Argus) Brent 15-day Apr \$18.85 (18.95)

Chief price changes yesterday: Page 24

US LUNCHTHE RATES Fed Funds 8 & % 3-mo Tressury yield: 8.23% Long Bond: 98 % yield: 8.572%

DOLLAR

New York h

DM1.7045

FFr5.7900

SFr1.6105

DM1.7040 (1.7020)

FFr5.7825 (5,7500) SFr1.5115 (1,5085)

Y151.30 (150.90) \$ index 68.3 (68.1)

Tokyo close: 151.15

Y151.30

STOCK DIDICES FT-SE-100: 2,250.00 (+19.7) FT Ordinary: 1,774.4 (+17.4) FT-A All-Share: 1,116,74 (+0.8%) New York Junctil DJ Ind. Av. 267297 (+3.38) S&P Comp

337.26 (+ 0.31) Tokyo: Nikkei 33,690,89 (+328.55) **LONDON MONEY** ciosing 15-2 (15-3) Liffe long gift future: June 83₅₂ (83₅₂)

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Sterling suffers as Tories' problems unsettle markets town hall

STERLING fell sharply yesterday as financial markets became unsettled by political unrest over issues including the community charge, market rumours that the Prime Minister had resigned, and reports of Cabinet plots against Mrs.

Thatcher.

The Bank of England responded to sterling's fall by an aggressive display of selling dollars, although by the end of currency trading in London it appeared that the Bank's sales had totalled less than \$500m.

Downing Street said the early morning rumours of Mrs. Thatcher's supposed resignation and the speculation that a small group of Cabinet ministers were considering asking her to stand down were "utter, utter rubbish."

City analysts said this week's disarray on British financial markets had nar-rowed still further the already limited room for manoeuvre by Mr John Major, the Chancellor, in his Budget on March 20. Some argued that Mr Major was looking "boxed in" and that what was already expec-ted to be a prudent and cau-

Weighted Index ave. 1985 = 100 Oct 1969 1990 Mar

tions Budget would have to show increased rigour if the Government was to avoid a politically damaging increase in bank base rates to 16 per

to DM2.7575 and nearly 2% cents to \$1.6185. The Bank's trade weighted sterling index fell 1.1 points to close at 86.6 points, near late December's 1989 low of 85.8 points. Sterling has fallen by about 4 per cent against the index basket of cur-Talks begin on possible takeover bid for UK sugar group

shareholders led by Associated British Poods, the milling and

baking group which owns a 25 per cent stake. Institutional investors also made their con-

investors also made their con-cerns known, both individually and through the Association of British Insurers.

Berisford said Mr Margulies Bad-resigned because he balleyed it was in the best interests of the company. He will be retained as a consultant on such issues as from time to time we would like to brooke a limit in. Mr Jacobs said.

The company will shortly

The company will shortly open negotiations on Mr. Margulles, contract. It runs to his 79th birtistay, which is more than four years away. Mr Mar-

gulies is one of four director

with contracts which entitle

each to 1 per cent of profits

over £10m; in practice, they waive their rights. In 1988-89,

he was paid more than £575,000, excluding pension

Margulies resigns as

Berisford chairman

By Clay Harris, Consumer Industries Editor

MR EPHRAIM MARGULIES

yesterday abruptly resigned as chairman and director of Beris-ford International, the diversi-

fied UK sugar group which has run into deep financial trouble because of property invest-ments in New York.

ments in New York.

Berisford also said if was holding preliminary discussions which could lead to a takeover hid for the company.

However, neither Mr John Sciater, who replaces Mr John Mr Peter Jacobs, chief executive, would say whether an approach had been made to Berisford or whether the company had initiated the talks

pany had initiated the talks itself.

Mr Margulies quit only four days after Berisford's annual

faced critical questions over its Manhattan property exposure and the pensions arrangements for the chief executive of its US

ting, at which the board

AN UNEXPECTED therp rise in employment last year has forced the Department of Simpleyment to reduce its estimates for the rate of productivity in 1989.

Officials said productivity

growth in the UK was likely to turn out to be up to 1 percentage point less than previously estimated. This would have inflationary implications for the costs of producing the goods and ser-vices, which will rise by a point, Page 7

rencies over the past two

weeks.
The mood spread to the bond and equity markets, which fell sharply, and the domestic money market where the key three month interbank rate rose % percentage point to 15%-15% per cent. Long dated government gilt edged stocks lost 1% points to yield nearly 12 per cent - the highest level since mid-1984. Equities reversed early gains to finish lower, with the FT-SE 100

index closing at 2,234.8, down The mere fact that Downing

The mere fact that Downing Street felt obliged to deny the reports about Mrs Thatcher unsettled the City. "People are getting more and more worried," said Mr Keith Skeoch, chief UK economist of brokers James Capel. "Sterling is avorationally suppossible One exceptionally vulnerable. One would normally expect a cur-rency that has fallen as sharply as sterling to bounce back. But it didn't."

Mrs Thatcher dismissed suggestions of anxiety among members of her Cabinet. She "I find no nervousness in the Cabinet at all. I think we have the most united and co-operative Cabinet I have ever had during my whole term."

Although few Tory MPs believe that there are any serious moves under way to challenge Mrs Thatcher's position, the fresh outbreak of speculation about her political future does reflect growing nervous-Continued on Page 24 Editorial comment, Page 8; London stock exchange, Page 15; Lex, Page 24

violence By Michael Cassell.

Political Correspondent MR NEIL KINNOCK, Labour

MR NEIL KINNOCK, Labour leader, last night attempted to distance his party from accusations of lawlessness surrounding the introduction of the poll tax as Mrs Margaret Thatcher led other ministers in a continuing government effort to try to discredit the Opposition.

The Prime Minister also specific to allay force around sought to allay fears among her own MPs about the politi-cal damage which the tax is inflicting on the Government. Speaking in Scotland, Mrs Thatcher rejected claims by some Tory MPs that the poll same fory are that the poil tax represented a "political cyanide pill." She said she believed their judgment was wrong and claimed that the system was working "extremely well" in Scotland. She said doubters in her own

> also be protected by transi-tional relief arrangements. Mrs Thatcher again criticised recent violent protests and the 28 Labour MPs who have said they will not pay the poll tax. She rejected violent demonstrations as undemocratic and condemned the MPs for urging other people to break

party were forgetting that one

in four people would get up to 80 per cent rebates and would

As councils in Engiand and Wales continued to set community charges yesterday — Har-ingey in London fixed the high-est level so far with a charge of £572.89 - Mr Kinnock rounded on Labour backbenchers prepared to ignore poll tax bills and face the legal conse-

quences.

Responding to Labour fears that the party might be sufferthat the party hight be suffer-ing from government attempts to associate it with the recent outbreaks of violence, Mr Kin-nock said MPs who could afford to pay but pledged not to do so had to examine their consciences. Those who sought the power to rule could not pick and choose which laws to obey. Mr Kinnock claimed that

MPs refusing to pay the tax were "stepping over the line between righteous objection and luxurious self-righteous He said the Tories were "liv-

ing in hope that their guilt for introducing the poll tax might be obscured by the uproar around the town halls." He also condemned the confor the chief executive of its US subsidiary.

Since then, Berisford had faced mounting pressure from Profile, Page 16; Lex, Page 24

Spiratin Margulies: thought his resignation would be in the best interests of the company, according to Berisford party turn sour, Page 4 Weekend



'A GLASS OF RED, MR MARX?

What does Karl Marx say now? Martin Jacques presents the interview of a illetime Page I

Finance Sara Webb talks to the City's faceless men - the fund managers Page V

Perspectives Poaching: Nicholas Woodsworth deep in the Zambian bush Page IX

Travel

A Civilised Weekend: Max Loppert launches a new series. Plus US skiing and a paradise rediscovered Pages XVIII-XIX

How to Spend It Jeans: Richard Tomkins stuck in the rut between image and reality. Plus Karen Zagor on the death of LPs

Sport Keith Wheatley: America's Cup junketing; Philip Evans: World Cup skirmishing

Page XXIV

Page XVII

Reckitt & Colman to buy bulk of Boyle-Midway for £760m

By Nikki Tait

RECKITT & Colman, the UK food and household products, yesterday announced that it has reached agreement in principle to buy the bulk of the Boyle Midway household division from American Home sion from American Home Products, the large US pharmacenticals company, for \$1.25bm

This is the first large US acquisition by a British com-pany for many menths.

The last company to spend more than thin on a US pur-chase was Bass, the brewing and leisure group, when it acquired Holiday Inns for about \$2bn in August.
The deal:— which brings in brands such as Woolite fabrics washes, Wizard air fresheners

and Easy-Off oven cleaners—will treble the size of Reckitt's household business in the US, giving it sales in this sector of about £330m and making it the fifth largest US household products supplier. Reckitt's overall US sales.

But the British company pointed out that only half Boyle-Midway's \$682m annual turnover is derived from the US. France, West Germany and Spain account for a little more than one fifth of sales, and Canada for another 9 per cent. Boyle-Midway's pre-tax income, before allocating a \$5m share of head office costs, was

\$91m last year.

As a result of the deal —
which covers all AHP's household products and its depile-tory brands, but excludes its food products - Reckitt will be the seventh largest company in terms of worldwide household

product sales.

The UK group, which produces household brands ranging from Brasso to Zp firelighters, said it had been expressing interest in AHP's household products "for several years." AHP, meanwhile, has been putting increased amphasis on its healthcare emphasia on its healthcare Boyle-Midway accounts for

total sales.

Reckitt funded the deal with a \$1.7bn two-year bridging loan facility. It also plans to make a £200m rights issue of 9.5 per cent convertible capital bonds. The basis of the issue is 27 bonds at 100p each, for every 20 ordinary shares held. The issue price is payable in two parts, 25p in April, and 75p in September. The latter payment is conditional on the AHP deal

Three or four non-core subsidiaries within Reckitt will be sold, and should raise about Reckitt has a policy of including the value of acquired brands in its balance sheet.

This policy will be repeated with Boyle-Midway and Reckitt estimates that over £450m will be added in to represent the US group's trademarks. Reckitt shares eased from

£11.29 to £11.20 yesterday. It also announced a 18.7 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £217m in 1989. Reckitt & Colman advances about 10 per cent of its 14% in spite of US downturn, Page 10; Lex, Page 24

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Michael Cole and Paul Spicer Reunification questions: ... Puzzling out a single Germany. Chile's democracy: Unlocking the shackles of a retiring

FT ActuariesFT World Actuaries

Base Flates

London 13-15 13,14 UK News . General 16-19 ___ 24

Austria Sch24: Behrzin Diol.700; Bermude \$1.50; Beighum BPr85; Canada C\$1.00; Cyprus C\$1.90; Denmark Did:12.00; Egypt E\$2.32; Finland Frikl.50; France FF77-50; Germany Dis2.20; Greeca Dr56; Hong Kong HdCh2; Hungery Pr807; Ioeland IKR180; India Rap15; Indonesia Rp3,100; Ireland IED.81; India Rap15; India Rap15; Indonesia Rp3,100; Ireland IED.81; India Rap15; India Rap16; India Rap

Mitterrand calls for stronger guarantees on Poland

By Our Foreign Staff

PRESIDENT Mitterrand of France yesterday called on the West German Government to give stronger guarantees that Poland's western frontier would remain unchanged after German unifi-

The resolution recognising the Oder-Neisse border as Poland's western frontier, passed by the Bonn Parliament last Thursday, did not go far enough, he told a news conference in Paris following four hours of talks with Polish lead-

"I think this declaration must be more specific," he said. "This is not just any frontier. It is the Oder-Nelsse line." France supported the Polish demand that the inviolability of the Oder-Neisse should be proclaimed and enshrined in international law, Mr Mitter-rand said.

President Wojclech Jaruzel-ski, who accompanied Presi-dent Mitterrand at the news conference, had earlier called the West German Parliament's a "quarter step forward". The Polish President had joined the Prime Minister, Mr Tadeusz Mazowiecki, for a scheduled one-day visit in a last-minute attempt to dramatise Warsaw's concern about its border with

The French President also The French President also came out in support of Polish demands that Warsaw should take part in talks between the two Germanys and the four World War Two allies on German unity, which are due to start next week. But Mr Mitterand made clear that Poland rand made clear that Poland should not join the "two-plus-four" talks except to take part in negotiations on issues affecting Poland.

However, Mr Mazowiecki insisted that Poland must be present at the Bonn talks. "A formula whereby we are merely consulted is not satisfactory," he said. President Jaruzelski said the

border question was a matter of life and death for the Polish state. He said history gave Poles the "moral and political justification to demand an unambiguous recognition of our rights."

Daimler-Benz to announce ioint venture By Andrew Fisher in

DAIMLER-BENZ WIII announce a far-reaching venture with East Germany's state-owned truck group on Monday, a further example of the extent to which West German companies are striving to build up links with East German industry as a basis for expanded trade with the whole of Eastern Europe.

Like Volkswagen, which plans to work closely with the East German car industry, Daimler-Benz intends to co-operate with its new partner in East Germany to develop, build and sell a new line of products for domestic and

export sale.
in both cases, the investments will run to several bil-lion D-Marks.

For Western companies, the strong trade links between East Germany and the rest of Eastern Europe are a strong attraction, Commerzbank said in a study of East German trade. "East Germany can be seen as a springboard for the supply of these markets."

For Daimler, and the truck

and car activities which are grouped into its Mercedes-Benz subsidiary, the co-operation with IFA-Kombinat Nutzfahr-zeuge, the East German truck concern, is a chance to obtain closer access to growing East

The final shape of its pro-posed co-operation with IFA will depend on the result of the East German election on March 18 and the speed with which economic reforms occur.
Earlier this week, Mr Friedrich Wokurka, the chief executive of Robotron, the East German electronics concern, said
that the network of trade relaand other Eastern European countries should be maintained and developed.

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Gatt upholds Japanese complaint against EC

A GATT panel has upheld European Community's so-called "screwdriver" law. designed to prevent exporters to the EC sidestepping EC dumping duties by shipping parts to be assembled inside the Community.

The preliminary judgement

by the Gatt panel of experts was given to Tokyo and Brus-sels a week ago for their com-ment, ahead of the next meeting of the Gatt Council in early April which is likely to finalise the draft ruling

The EC's 1987 screwdriver law is one of the most controversial weapons in its external trade armoury.

It can be used to extend

anti-dumping duties to prod-ucts assembled inside the EC if direct exports to the EC of the product in question are already subject to the duty, and if more than 60 per cent of the compo-nents (by value) comes from

THE EAST German election campaign turned bitter yester-day with fresh charges that Mr Wolfgang Schnur, the head of

the conservative Democratic Awakening (DA) party, was an "informer" for the former Min-

istry of State Security Service, the hated Stasi.

Germany's first free elections, fresh documents relating to Mr Schnur's alleged ties with the Stasi surfaced in East Berlin. They were found by a citizen's committee supervising the disbanding of Stasi.

The accusations could cost

ervatives' main rivals, the

the DA badly-needed votes in the election. The East German

Social Democrats, are still lead-ing in public opinion polls,

although the conservatives have been catching up. Mr Schnur has fought an

aggressive campaign and has been personally favoured by Mr Helmut Kohl, the West Ger-

man Chancellor, who made

several campaign appearances with him and other leaders of

the conservative umbrella grouping, Alliance for Ger-

many.

He has been staunchly defended against the allegations by centre-right politicians in West Germany and last

night the inner-German rela-tions ministry in Bonn said that for many years Mr Schnur

Only 10 days before East

E German election

takes bitter turn

the country held to be dump-ing. Some European officials have always viswed the rules as a useful means of attracting productive Japanese investment to the Community.

Japan's apparent victory in its first ever appeal to a Gatt panel could, its diplomats say, increase Tokyo's enthusiasm for settling other trade dis-putes by the letter of Gatt rules. In such a mood, they say, Japan might reject the EC's demands - considered questionable under Gatt - for continued unilateral restraint on car exports to Europe post-

Though the EC has, under the screwdriver law, extended dumping duties to a number of electronic products assembled in the EC over the past three years, many of the cases have been settled through private undertakings with the compa-

The only investigation which

had been passing information to them about legal abuses in

A citizen's committee in Ros-

tock which came across the first documents last Monday said they proved "without doubt" that Mr Schnur was an

informer for the Stasi. He was

said to have been given a high

East Germany.

the Commission has under way concerns video cassette record-

However, the Gatt panel's opinion is a setback to the Commission, whose officials had thought they had made the law water tight under Gatt. For instance, it has been generous in setting the content requirements needed to determine whether a screwdriver product is subject to the rules.

Even products with up to 60 per cent Japanese content are exempt and the remaining 40 where, not just from the Euro-

The panel ruling is under of defences against dumpers getting around duties, but only the EC's existing law. The EC may try to carry on with a duly amended screwdriver law, or hope for multilateral agree-ment on the issue in the cur-rent Uruguay Round.

Moscow applies for Gatt

THE SOVIET Union has formally applied for observer status in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, the first step towards membership of the international organisa-

award for his services by the former Stasi Minister, Mr Erich Mielke, who is facing trial on charges of treason. charges of treason.

Mr Schmur replied that the charges against him corresponded with the "repulsive" election campaign which leftwing groups had fought in recent weeks.

Vertexels: Basica Basica Basica

Yesterday Pastor Rainer Eppelmann, a member of DA's executive board, said he had not yet seen the latest documents and was unable to say whether they further implicated M Schurz a furnes law. cated Mr Schnur, a former law-yer for the Protestant Church who gained fame defending dis-

Pastor Eppelmann called the affair a "miserable undertak-ing" and noted that Mr Schnur's statement of innocence on Thursday was valid until proven otherwise. He observer status By William Dullforce in

of the international organisa-tion governing world trade.

In a letter to Mr Arthur Dunkel, Gatt's Director Gen-eral, Mr Evgeny Makeyev, the Soviet ambassador, asked that Moscow's application be con-sidered at the next meeting of the Gatt council on April 3.

The council is unlikely to

The council is unlikely to decide next month, according to Mr David Woods, the Gatt spokesman. Consultations will be needed to resolve differences over exactly when Moscow should receive observer status.

observer status.

Although the European Community and the majority of Gatt's 96 member states favour immediate approval, the US and Japan do not want the Soviet Union observers before the Uruguay Round, Gatt's important trade-liberalising everytics is completed at ising exercise, is completed at the end of this year.

If George Bush agreed to back the Soviet application for observer status at his meeting

with Mr Mikhail Gorbechev in recalled that previous charges by a newspaper that Mr Schnur had illegally obtained a new flat in Rostock were later refuted. Mr Schnur is in hospital suffering from exhaustion.

Malta last December but suggested it should wait until after the end of the Round. The US gave no commitment to back full Gait membership for the Soviet Union.

new money, which will be produced from plates that were found last year after a mysterious 50-year disappearance. No date has been set for the intro-duction of the new currency, but the intention would be to have it in circulation possibly before the end of the year. In the meantime, the republic has begun creating financial institutions to back up the

President Gorbachev arguing with residents of Vilnius during a visit to muster support against the decision to split from Moscow

Lithuania lays plans for freedom

Paul Winfrey reports on proposals for financial independence

On Mr Terleckas's recommendation, the Lithuanian Supreme Soviet passed a law authorising the creation of a state bank. It was due to come into effect on March 1, but so far no one has been chosen to

"We're very inexperienced.
We simply don't know how
these things work in Western
countries," the professor
admits, acknowledging his
main qualification for the job
was that he wrote a PhD on
the Sharpelel institutions of the the financial institutions of the the mancial institutions of the so-called "bourgeois govern-ment" between the two World Wars. "We don't even have any literature on how these things

His vision of the Lithuanian economy is clear, however. He wants to see a privatised, wants to see a privatised, export-driven economy. A separate currency is part of the separate currency is part of the separate currency is part of the separate currency is part of government holdings. He proposes that all light industry be auctioned off, and private homes be sold to their owners.

The trick will be achieving this sell-off without angering the Russians, who still control negotiating with foreign busi-nesses for a print run of the in Lithuania. Since the Soviet

Haiti's leader

the Baltics was passed last November, 51 factories have been transferred from Soviet to Lithuanian jurisdiction.

But there are 95 factories on Lithuanian soil which remain under Moscow's jurisdiction— including the prosperous Ekranas Television Factory -and it is unlikely that Moscow will hand them over without a

The trick will be in selling off light industry without angering Moscow

fight. Already President Mikhail Gorbachev is talking about "compensation" of as much as roubles 21bn which Lithuania would be asked to pay the rest of the USSR. Economists are still arguing over the mechanism for introducing the new currency.
According to the Terleckas plan, it would be introduced overnight by passing a law that will immediately outlaw comments in mediately outlaw comments in the comments of commerce in roubles on Lithuanian soil.

Simultaneously, the Lithua-nian state hank would begin exchanging roubles for litas at extranging rounes for mas at a rate of one to one, but only to Lithuanians who can prove residency, so that citizens from other-Seviet republics will be unable to buy up the new cur-

"We'll have to do it all very quickly, to keep money from flexing the republic," he says. Tourists and non-residents will

law on Economic Autonomy of only be allowed to exchange the Baltics was passed last small amounts. It will not be convertible.

"If you have a convertible currency, you have to have something foreigners want to buy," Mr Terleckas says. It will be three or four years

Because the new currency will not be freely convertible even with the rouble, trade will have to be conducted on a clearing house basis, with VII-nius-based bureaucrats striking complex barter agreements and balancing out

accounts when need be.

But why is the tiny Lithnanian republic contemplating cutting itself off from the world's markets at a time when the rest of the world recognises that the way forward is through greater inte-

"This is the only way forward for us," Mr Terleckas says. "You in Europe are seek-ing economic integration, but for us, integration has meant being a part of the command and administrative system. We want to get out."
Mr Terleckas remains con-

vinced that an independent currency is the only way for-

"The rouble means nothing now. Most things are available only with rationing cards. We need to stimulate our workers to work better, and we can't do that with the rouble away from the sorry system we have now, it will be profitable for everybody," he said.

Alcatel secures Berlin telecom partner

By William Dawkins in Paris

in by far the most ambitious operation of its kind by a Western telecom company. Its West German subsidiary, Sel Alcatel, has set up an

equally owned company with Berlin-based VEB Kombinat Nachrichtenelektronik, a telecommunications and electronics group. They will together produce the French group's System 12 digital exchanges and a range of other products, using know-how and training

THE Nicaraguan President, Mr

This Nicaraguan President, Mr Daniel Ortega, has reiterated an earlier warning that there will not be an orderly transfer of power to the President-elect, Mrs Violeta Chamorro, if the US-backed Contra rebels do not immediately demobilise.

"The Contras must be dis-

armed if we are to avoid being dragged into a maeistrom of civil war and insurrection," he told a large rally of supporters on Thursday evening. He said that there are they are the control of the contr

that there are thousands of weapons "in the hands of the

people" and that if the Contras refuse to demobilise "we will

Ortega repeats warning

on demobilising Contras

people" and that if the Contras refuse to demobilise "we will have no other option than to idential office on April 25."

ALCATEL, the French electronics group, has set up a joint venture to modernise large parts of East Germany's telecommunications network, in by for the prost embitions. partners. This joint venture will cover all the products nec-essary for improving the telecom infrastructures in the GDR," said Mr Pierre Suard,

The deal comes just a month after CoCom, the group of 17 Western allies, launched a study into reducing strategic export controls on sales of tele-communications equipment, computers and machine tools to the Eastern bloc. CoCom's European partners are press-

join together to destroy them". Mrs Chamorro is due to take office on April 25 and negotia-tions are under way to ensure

a peaceful transfer of power. Leaders of the 12,000-strong

Contra army in Honduras demanded this week that the

Sandinista-controlled army and

police in Nicaragua must first be disbanded before they will

lay down their own weapons. President Ortega said on Thursday that if the Contras

disarm and if the "integrity of the armed forces and interior

ing hard for freer trade in tele-communications on the grounds that eastern European er in Arnstadt, in the south of countries have no hope of building a market economy without efficient telephones. Alcatel has informed CoCom

and expects to receive official approval to make its own products in East Germany in a few months. It also needs the go ahead from the East Ger-man Council of Ministers. In the meantime, the partners can start joint work immediately so long as they confine them-selves to the East German partner's existing products.

The pair will install a new

the country. They plan to produce 900,000 digital lines annually to deliver 1.5m lines to Deutsche Post, the East German telecommunications authority, by 1995. They will co-operate in public switching and business systems.

Negotiations between the

MR Vladas Terleckas is a tense

man with sandy brown hair, who nervously sucks his mous-tache while fielding questions

in the office of Sajudis, the Lithuanian independence

movement, in central Vilnius.

A professor at the local university, Mr Terleckas also runs the Institute for the Creation of an Independent Money and Credit System, set up last year by the Lithuanian Council of Ministers and entrusted with

the task of drawing up guide-

lines for introducing an inde-pendent currency to this Soviet

Lithuanian economists claim that an independent currency is needed largely to improve

the region's economy, but there is a more pressing need as well: as the republic begins taking steps to leave the Soviet Union, it is being forced to cre-

ate its own financial mechanisms in a hurry, so it will be

ready to govern itself when independence is achieved, which Sajudis supporters believe could come this year. Sajudis controls an absolute

najority in the Lithuanian par-

liament, which meets today, and the national movement

has announced its determina-tion to press ahead with the "restoration" of Lithuanian

The new currency will be known as the "litas", after the monetary unit which was freely exchanged during Lithu-

ania's arief period of indepen-dence (1920-1940). The Lithua-

Government is

republic of 3.5m residents.

pair opened just a month ago, when Alcatel became the first Western company to sell digital exchanges to East Ger-many, a small but strategically important contract for 34,000 using System 12 technology.

GM pleads guilty in Pentagon case

HUGHES Aircraft, part of the General Motors group, yester-day became the fourth leading US defence contractor to plead guilty and pay substantial pen-alties and a fine for unlawful use of classified Pentagon doc-

Under a plea bargaining arrangement, Hughes admitted guilt on two felony counts of unlawfully obtaining Defence
Department budget documents
and agreed to pay \$3.67m to
settle the case, covering civil
hisbilities, costs and criminal penalties.

This follows guilty pleas over the past year to similar

charges by Boeing (\$5.2m), RCA (\$2.5m) and GTE Govern-ment Systems (\$300,000). Yesterday's plea follows a lengthy investigation, known as Operation Uncover. The two as Operation Uncover. The two
counts admitted by Hughes
Aircraft cover five-year defence
documents issued in 1983 and
1984 summarising resources
planned, programmed and budgeted by the Defence Department. According to a court
statement vectorally Hughes statement yesterday, Hughes unlawfully acquired these and other classified Pentagon docu-ments from employees of other defence contractors between 1978 and 1985.

to quit and leave country By Canute James in Kingston

GEN Prosper Avril, the leader of the military government in Hatti, plans to step down and leave the country, but is being asked by senior army officers and right-wing politicians to stay on for another fortnight. Gen Avril's dealre, which has been communicated to several foreign governments, coincides with an intensifica-

tion of anti-government protests and street violence in the Caribbean republic of six militon people.

The protests, which began earlier this week after soldiers earner tails week arter somists shot dead an 11 year-old girl, have reached the gains of the presidential palace in Port-ou-Prince, the capital. Soldiers shot and killed one demonstrator and injured several others, while one soldier was dragged from the validate and heatest to

from his vehicle and beaten to death by protestors.

Gen Avril, who took power in a coup 18 months ago, had earlier said he would not leave office because of the protests. Two days ago, however, he said in a radio interview that

he would consider stepping down if the anti-government down if the anti-government protests gained momentum.
Diplomats in Port-au-Prince sald yesterday that Gen Avril was having difficulty in deciding who should head a provisional government and take the country to promised elections leave the room.

lines for public authorities on their dealings with public compamies to make sure they were not distorting competition. Enrile faces corruption charge The Philippines Government

NEWS IN BRIEF

Brussels to impose rules

NEW rules requiring European governments to provide much greater information on their financial relationships with public

and semi-public companies are being considered by the European Commission, Lacy Kellaway reports from Brussels. Sir Leon Brittan, the Competition Commissioner, said yester-

day that he was examining a system of annual reports that would give full details of all financial relations between public authori-ties and "companies on which they directly or indirectly impose

He also said that the Commission would shortly produce guide-

on state-company ties

has filed a corruption charge against the opposition leader, Mr Juan Ponce Enrile, right, on top of the rebellion and murder indictments he faces for his alleged role in December's coup attempt, Reuter reports from Manila. The charge accuses Mr Enrile and others of using laws signed by President Marcos to

an influence'

seize control of the country's coconut industry.



Israelis raid Palestinian bases

israeli planes killed one Palestinian and wounded two in an attack on guerrilla bases in northern Lebanon yesterday, Reuter reports from Beirut.

The jets hit bases of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine General Command (PFLP-GC), 40 miles north of Beirut, in an unusually deep incursion into Lebanon. Israel rarely sends planes north of Beirut. It was the eighth Israeli strike against Palestinian and pro-Iranian guerrilla positions this year.

Surrender ceremony for rebels

A dozen boxes of weapons belonging to Colombia's M-19 guerrilla group were melted down on Thursday evening after an emotional caremony when combatants handed in the last of their guns, Serita Kendall reports from Bogotá. The scrap metal is to be made into a peace monument. The peace process finishes today with the signing of a pact in the presidential palace. About 900 militants will go back to ordinary life.

EC jobless lowest for 10 years Unemployment in the European Community has fallen to its lowest level for nearly 10 years, reaching 8.6 per cent in January, compared to 8.7 per cent in December, Lucy Kellaway reports from Brussels. According to figures prepared by the European Commission, unemployment is now falling or is static in all of the Community countries, while the number of young people unemployed is falling even faster than the Community average.

Foreign Ministers of the six Balkan countries will meet in late October in Tirana, the Albanian capital, to discuss ways of expanding economic co-operation in the region, Kerin Hope reports from Athens. Officials also agreed on joint efforts to combat environmental pollution and on the establishment of a Balkan Chamber of Commerce,

Balkan states to meet in Tirana

US employment rise dampens fears of recession

sharply last month, further dampening fears of recession and making an early cut in interest rates even less likely. With unemployment remaining unchanged at 5.3 per cent, Mr Michael Boskin, chairman of the President's council of economic advisers, stressed the rise in employment was well above the gains at the end of last year. It was in line with the Administration view that "the economy, after slower growth, is likely to show prog-

The increase in payroll

employment of 370,000 in February to 110.3m was the largest in a month since mid-1988 and much bigger than the market had expected. This followed a revised increase of 332,000 in January, some 57,000 up on

previous estimates. Some 90,000 of the February increase resulted from the return from temporary lay-off of workers in the motor and related industries. Car companies have been using tempo-rary lay-offs and recalls as the way to cut stocks to match reduced consumer demand. Warm weather last month

helped boost building employ-ment by 60,000, seasonally-adjusted. Expansion may therefore be slower during the spring hiring period. Even after these special fac-

tors, employment growth has been strong, especially in ser-vices, where it rose in February by 221,000 to 84.6m, over 2.5m up on a year earlier. Growth has been especially strong in health and business

unchanged in January. Dr

Janet Norwood, Labour Statis-tics Bureau commissioner, said that, with output growth slowing, US unit labour costs were rising. Mr Boskin said the fig-ures "show no signs whatsover of being inflationary from the wages front".
Mr Boskin noted that both

short and long-term interest rates, after falling in the sec-ond half of 1989, had "backed up some". It was not totally clear if this was due to tempo-Average hourly earnings rary or permanent factors.

rose by 0.5 per cent in February after being virtually fitzwater, White House press. spokesman, denied a newspa-

per report that President Bush would seek to replace Mr Alan Greenspan as Federal Reserve chairman when his current term expires in August 1991. Mr Boskin said neither the President nor he had begun to think about Mr Greenspan's

possible reappointment.

But the leaking of apparent discontent by one of Mr Bush's advisers with Mr Greenspan's caution on reducing interest rates reflects a likely long drawn-out debate over his future, although Mr Bush will not allow such leaks to affect

OVERSEAS NEWS

Taiwan bank steps Tokyo begins Businessmen lose no sleep over switch to civilian rule in to counter sharp fall in currency

By Peter Wickenden in Taipel

TAIWAN'S Central Bank intervened heavily yesterday in the foreign exchange mar-ket, as political and economic factors led to sharp fall in the Tatwanese dollar against the

US currency.
The Taiwan dollar closed sharply down against the US dollar after a day of confusion. Traders said there was a rush to buy as it became apparent that the central bank was resisting intervening for much longer than it usually does. The currency fell 20 Taiwan cents to 26.45 after tardy intervention by the Central Bank had brought it back from 26.8. Foreign exchange dealers said the Central Bank channelled close to £300m into the

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In the past two years, the Cantral Bank has been repeat-edly accused by the US of man-ipulating Taiwan's currency to keep it artificially low and maintain expert competition. maintain export competitiveness. Analysts speculated the bank is suddenly anxious to let market forces be seen to rule, before a further round of talks with the US on liberalising Taiwan's hanking industry. Bankers said the market has

been de-stabilised by a large outflow of capital as factional fighting in the ruling nationalist party continues. The exchange rate is currently determined daily by a rotating

against the US Dollar (Y\$ per \$)"

group of domestic and foreign banks and allowed to float within certain limits.

Mr Yu Chen, Central Bank deputy governor, admitted the bank had made an effort to stabilise the depreciation. He said that the Central Bank would lift by 30 per cent the ceiling the bank places on overseas borrowing by local and foreign

Jan

1990

In response to rising demand for import/export business, banks in Taiwan will now be able to borrow \$19.8bn a year. A serious fire yesterday gutted a reception room and several offices in Taiwan's parliament building, in an apparent arson attempt by radical oppos-itionists.

Taiwan Cabinet approves record budget deficit

TAIWAN'S Cabinet yesterday approved a budget for fiscal 1990/91 that breaks records for both the island government's deficit spending and total size. Funding for infrastructure projects, social welfare and the Foreign Ministry are to rise sharply, while the proportion of desence spending will continue its recent decline. The budget has been designed to stimulate domestic demand in line with the government's new four-year economic plan and to ease the island's chronic traffic and polintion problems.

The budget includes a record deficit of \$6.7bn (£3.9hn), up 83.2 per cent on the current fiscal year, while its total size will rise 22 pen cent_to

Infrastructure projects, which include an underground railway for Taipei, a new free-

more power stations, will see a 40 per cent rise in funding to \$5.76bn.

Social welfare spending will increase 23.4 per cent to \$5.9bn. Major programmes include extending the health insurance system to cover a greater pro-portion of the population. The existing welfare system covers around a third of Taiwan's 20m people and is severely under-funded.

The proportion of the budget taken up by arms spending is to fall from 81 per cent to 27.6 per cent. It may be cut further when the budget proposal passes to parliament for final

approval.

Reflecting Taiwan's aggressive foreign policy aimed at entry to the General Agresment for Tariffs and Trade and other international bodies, the Foreign Ministry budget is to rise by nearly 50 per cent.

Kim II-Sung 'to step down after April 15'

KIM IL-SUNG, North Korea's "Great Leader" since 1948, will step down after his 78th birth-day on April 15 and hand day-to-day power to his son, Japan's Kyodo news agency said yesterday, Router reports from Tokyo. The report from Peking did not say when the handover would take place.

It quoted Chinese govern-ment officials as saying Peking was told in mid-February that Kim was poised to complete the long-heralded handover to his 48-year-old son, Kim Jong-il, though he would not relinquish all control:

rennquish all control.

"Re will become North
Korea's Deng Xiaoping,"
Kyodo quoted the officials as
saying; implying that, like
China's 85-year-old paramount
leader, the elder Kim would retain his hold on power by using his immense influence hehind the scenes.

Kyodo said a Chinese Foreign Ministry spokesman denied knowledge of any such contacts. There was no immediate comment from the North Korean embassy in Peking.



Kim: 'Handover to son'

Kim Chang-Soon, head of the private North Korea Studies Institute in Seoul, said he doubted the reported move "With what's happening in Eastern Europe and elsewhere, Kim Il-sung might find it more necessary than ever to tighten his grip on power," he said. "it would be too risky for him to hand power to the junior Kim at this juncture."

talks on conceding **US** demands

By Robert Thomson in

JAPAN'S leadership yesterday began discussing potential con-cessions to US demands that the Government make "structhe Government mare "struc-tural" changes to the economy to reduce the country's \$49bn (£29bn) bilisteral trade surplus. The Japanese Government has decided that the US must be offered symbolic conces-sions in the Structural Impedi-ments Initiative (SII) talks on ments initiative (SII) talks on trade, even though it is deeply sceptical about the long-term value of the initiative.

Mr Toshiki Ksifu, the Prime Minister, indicated that he would hold another meeting of senior ministers today to examine possible changes to regulations on new retail stores, anti-monopoly laws, and public works spending, which have been raised by American negotiators during

American negociators during
the SII talks.

"We will need a lot of discussion on these problems to set
government policy." Mr Kaifu
said. He and other leaders were
annoyed by US criticism that
they lacked the "political will" to reach agreement on SII solu-tions. Mr Kaifu has been giving a high public profile to trade matters since returning from meeting President George Bush in the US last week.

The finance, trade, and for-eign affairs ministers are due to meet with Mr Kaifu in a to meet with Mr Kaifu in a Tokyo hotel today, and it is likely they will be asked to decide which symbolic concession would please Washington most, while causing least political damage in Japan.

A senior government advisory body, the Ad Hoc Council for Promotion of Administrative Reform, has produced a

tive Reform, has produced a draft report calling for "strong political leadership" in dealing with trade friction and high land prices, which it said are the country's two most serious

The report suggests the land tax system be reviewed to ensure more appropriate usage of farming land in urban areas and, on trade, suggests a relaxation of government controls on bythese and increased. on business and increased efforts to bring Japanese stan-dards into line with those of other countries.

Ivory Coast announces big price cuts

EXTENSIVE price cuts were announced in the Ivory Coest yesterday, in a government had to ease the impact of severe wage reductions currently, being discussed, Mark Huband reports from Abidian. Austerity measures, including private sector tax rises, are being negotiated, simed at reducing government court to 511 a \$200m. ernment costs to fill a \$390m (£229m) financing gap in the

1990 budget. Public sector employees earning \$3,000 a month will see their earnings cut 10 per cent. Lower earners will be unaffected; those earning more than \$3,000 a month will have their salaries cut by up to 40 per cent.
The price cuts come after

more than two weeks of pro-tests about the austerity measures, agreed with the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund in July 1989. Food prices are to be cut by between 4.45 per cent for beef, and 6.25 per cent for rice. Rents come down by between 5 and 10 per cent, with the biggest cuts affecting the lowest rents. Industrial and domestic elec-Industrial and domestic electricity prices are to be cut by 19 and 20 per cent respectively. Water charges will be reduced by between 7.2 and 10.7 per cant respectively for industrial and domestic users.

The price cuts, effective on April 1, will also affect sugar, palm oil, soap, medicine, petrol, and building materials.

Mr Patricio Aylwin, Chile's first freely-elected President since Salvador Allende, takes office tomorrow at the end of one of the most orderly transitions from military to civilian rule in Latin America, Leslie

Crawford writes from Santiago. Only three of the 11 presidents invited to the inauguration will be present at the cer-emony in the new Congress in Valparaiso. The others will arrive once President Aylwin is installed, to avoid having to treet General Aylerica Pingreet General Augusto Pin-

This diplomatic snub has visibly upset the outgoing dictator, whose growing isolation was manifest during a farewell tour of the country last month. Copper workers in Rancagua declared him persona non

grata, while his passage through other towns was marked by clashes between opponents and supporters of

the military regime.

As well as pinning "Mission Accomplished" medals on loyal lapels, Gen Pinochet reflected aloud on the achievements of his 18-way rule. ments of his 16-year rule. These, he said, were delivering Chile from a Communist take-over in 1973 and providing the country with a new institutional framework in which pri-vate enterprise had flourished.
Gen Pinochet, who will remain Commander in Chief of the Army despite Mr Aylwin's public calls for him to step

down, warned the new govern-ment: "I will watch, I will listen and I will remain vigi-lant." This was as much a reference to the dangers of creeping state intervention as to Mr Aylwin's pledge to

investigate human rights abuses committed under the dictatorship.

The general reiterated his opposition to rights trials during talks at Washein's home ing talks at Mr Aylwin's home on Wednesday, and the President-elect, a 71-year-old Chris-

tian Democrat, is now treading more cautionsly.

"It is not my intention to promote trials," he said after the meeting. "But the investigations that will take place may affect these preparations. may affect those responsible for criminal acts. Those who have a clean conscience have

As far as the economy is concerned, not even the Social-ists in Mr Aylwin's centre-left

coalition government dream of tampering with the export-led economic model that has given Chile six years of solid growth. Chilean businessmen are not losing any sleep over the end of military rule and neither have the markets shown any of the usual nervousness that accompanies a change of gov-ernment in established democracies. The stock market is buoyant, there has been no run on the dollar and the infla-

tion rate in February was a very modest 0.3 per cent.

"We trust the Christian
Democrats and we know that
they are not about to change
the rules of the game," says
Mr José Tomás Guzman Dumas, vice-president of Chi-le's largest private holding company, COPEC. His faith in

stability can be gauged by COPEC's plans to invest \$1.3bn (£764m) in its forestry, fishing and petrol pump businesses over the next five years. The business community has also had ample time to digest

the new government's plans to raise taxes to finance social projects and to reform the military's restrictive labour code. Although Mr Alejandro Fox-ley, Finance Minister-to-be, is keeping his tax reforms under wraps, most analysts believe it will be gentle on the corporate sector. To forestall a rash of pay strikes greeting the new government, the incoming Labour Minister, wire the Cortazar, has been quietly encour-aging talks between employers

Chile unlocks shackles of retiring regime

Leslie Crawford reports on the mixed feelings over Pinochet's symbol of democracy

In the heart of the port city of Valparaiso, 2.800 labourers are working round the clock to finish Chile's new Congress building by Sunday - the first day of a new demonstration of the port of the control of the cont cratic era after 16 years of military rule.

Scaffolding surrounds the largest building ever erected in Chile, while slabs of Italian marble and pink granite wait to be fixed to the walls. In the ceremonial hall, where General Augusto Pinochet will hand over the presidential sash to President-elect Patricio Aylwin, workers are hammer-Aywin, workers are nammer-ing the seats into place.
It appears that only the hall will be ready in time. Mr Her-nán Abad, the outgoing mili-tary regime's Public Works Minister, says that, "with a bit of graduill" the Herres of Ben-

Minister, says that, "with a bit of goodwill", the House of Representatives will be able to function at the opening session of Congress three days later. Chile's 47 senators, however, will have to work in one of the dining rooms until the Senate is ready in August. Two 18storey towers, rising on either side of the building to house the offices and library, will be completed in September. Their giant crane occupies the Con-

gress press room.

Moving Congress from the upland capital, Santiago, to Valparaiso, 100 miles away on the Pacific, was President Pin-



boured ambitions to remain president until 1997. Under a Constitution he crafted in 1980, he was committed to call congressional elections last year, and sending the politicians to the seaside was a way to keep m out of mischief and out of sight. However, Chileans voted

against his continued tenure in a referendum in October 1988: this paved the way for free elections last December. For most Chileans, the new Congress is both a symbol of the new democracy being built and an unwelcome legacy of the years of dictatorship they now want to forget. The new government is stuck with the building just as the victims and the beneficiaries of the

who hope the legislature will create jobs and breathe new life into what used to be a thriving port. The city has been battered by six earthquakes this century and as till recovering from the last one in 1985, which killed 200 people and badly damaged the docks. Most Congress members,

though, are unhappy at being placed in a half-finished building far from the heart of government, which will remain in Santiago. "This Congress is part and parcel of the pseudo-democracy we are inheriting from General Pinochet," says ture will lose its power to scrutinise the workings of government. He believes the old Congress in Santiago, moth-balled for 16 years and hastily refitted last month to house the Foreign Ministry (another of the general's ideas), could revert to its traditional function without delay.

For the senator, who was first elected to Congress in 1957, another potential problem is the inexperience of his fel-low-deputies, most of whom receive elective office for the first time. "It takes two to three years to learn the ropes

until then, it could be chaos."

Others see the arrival of a new political generation as an opportunity to wipe the slate clean. "Thank God we don't have experience; we do not want to repeat the old mistakes," says Mr Sebastian Pinera, a wealthy businessman who, at 40, is the country's youngest elected senator.

Mr José Antonio Viera Gallo

Mr José Antonio Viera Gallo, Mr Jose Antonio Viera Gallo, a Socialist Party Congressman, agrees with Mr Pinera, although they are far apart on the political spectrum. "The destruction of democracy in 1973 was a collective defeat and its reconstruction will be a collective transfer to the second s reconstruction will be a col-lective task," he says. He wants to prove that the Social-ists, junior partners in Mr Ayl-win's centre-left coalition, will be able to govern responsibly. Consensus has been the watcherous during this delicate. watchword during this delicate transition. The future governing parties and the right-wing opposition have just sacrificed summer holidays to hammer out the composition of main congressional committees.

They have also reached broad agreement on the priori-ties of the new Congress, which will be largely devoted to undoing the shackles left by the retiring regime. In its twi-light, the military junta enacted more than 20 laws, most of which seek to protect the armed forces from future

Welcome for

help end war

Aoun offer to

GEN Michel Aoun's professed

willingness to negotiate an end to Lebanon's civil war has

received a cautiously optimis-tic response from the govern-ment of President Elias Hrawi,

Lara Marlowe reports from

Beirut.

S Africa tries to woo Hong Kong workers

By John Elliott in Hong Kong : ----

SOUTH APRICA has become are only 70 applicants on the sing staff. The British Governations are being examined. The latest country to try to books of South Africa's Hong ment is trying to persuade brink of agreeing to extend a workers from Hong Kong, immigration official from Preports to Hong Kong citizens scheme for Hong Kong employwhich is suffering from a brain drain of people seeking the insurance of a foreign pasaport before China regains sover-signty over the British colony

At least 55,000 are expected to leave this year, mainly for Canada, Australia and the US. The occupations being sought by South Africa range from nuclear chemists, doctors and geologists to systems analysts, diesel mechanics and shaft timbermen. So far, there toria is due in Hong Kong today to explain new proce-

South Africa's 1820s Settlers' Association, which helps to organise migration, he will explain newly-relaxed immi-gration rules for the selected

These are aimed at speeding approvals to within a few weeks. Links have been estab-lished by the association with private-sector companies seekwithout requiring them to eave the colony immediately.
This would supplement the UK's controversial scheme for

families of 50,000 heads of household to be given right of abode in Britain. Singapore has been operat-ing such a scheme for several

months. It has issued papers promising passports at any time in the next five years (possibly extendable to 10 years) to 17,000 heads of house-hold. A further 3,000 applicaees of its banks and other companies to be given French pass-

At present, only about 70 are believed to have been issued, but Paris is considering raising

Other countries are considering similar schemes, although West Germany and the Netherlands are believed to be among a number of countries whose governments have said their

But the optimism appears due to Gen Aoun's weakness after the loss of his war with the Christian Phalange militia rather than trust that he has changed his policy. "Prospects for peace are stronger than ever before," the Prime Minister, Dr Selim el-Hoss, said yesterday. Dr el-

Hoss was responding to Gen Aoun's promise that there would be no more bloodshed in Lebanon's Christian enclave, nor between Christian Lebanese and Syrian troops.
Gen Aoun's moderation is

apparently the result of French and Vatican persuasion as well as his virtual defeat by the Christian Phalangist militia in over a month's savage fighting. Over the past year, Gen Aoun has initiated battles that have killed almost 2,000 Lebanese. Yesterday, he retracted his demand that the Taif peace accord be annulled. He suggested a settlement might two" containing unspecified amendments.

"There can be no re-negotia-tion of Taif," a member of Pres-

AirCanada

Peking may have to ease austerity soon

By Robin Pauley, Asia Editor

CHINA'S Communist Party Central Committee appears to have begun a key meeting amid signs that the economic ansterity programme is wreaking such havoc among private enterprise that it will have to

be eased soon.
The National People's Con-The National People's Congress, China's "parliament", convenes later this month. Its principal purpose is to rubber-stamp legislation. The Central Committee plenum, composed of 175 regular and 108 alternate members, needs to decide before the NPC what line to take on the economy. line to take on the economy and what emphases to put in

the report which Li Peng, the Premier, will deliver. China is half-way through what was supposed to be a three-year austerity programme designed mainly to cool an overheating economy and curb spiralling inflation. Demand has slowed as has the rise in inflation, but the impact of austerity has been devastat-

The official China Daily has confirmed that 2.1m private businesses were forced to close last year because of the austerity measures, particularly the squeeze on all credit. This is a much higher figure than the

vague "at least 1m" usually quoted. There are now 12.4m private enterprises against 14.5m 18 months ago, a drop of

The paper said the private sector was "indispensable" and predicted it would recover. It also quoted a senior Chinese economic planner as saying austerity should be eased, and that price reform, abandoned since last summer, could be

Reviving the private sector and selective easing of credit restrictions would help to cre-ate employment for the mil-lions who have lost jobs as

A BREATH OF FRESH AIR

business and industries have closed down. In January, China suffered

its worst economic slump in a decade, with industrial output value falling 6.1 per cent from the same month a year earlier. In the first 10 days of February it fell by a further 8 per cent compared with the same period a year ago, the China Daily declared.

Ma Jiantang, a member of the powerful State Council Research Centre, was quoted as calling for an end to cuts in state capital spending and more investment in technol-

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Simon Duffy: worried about

Roux discouraged colleague from seeing Macfarlane, jury told

MR OLIVIER ROUX, the former finance director of Guinness, talked a colleague at the company out of going to Sir Norman Macfarlane, then the senior non-executive director, to voice his concern that there might be something unlawful about a Swiss bank's holding of Guinness shares, the Guinness trial jury heard yesterday. Mr Simon Duffy, the former Guin-

ness director of corporate finance, and now operations director at United Distillers, said he had been worried about Bank Leu's Guinness holding and his own involvement.

He had changed his mind about going to Sir Norman after talking to Mr Roux, because it had been clear that "Olivier was in some difficul-ties himself . . . I decided I would let him handle it in his own way." Mr Duffy was giving evidence in the trial of Mr Ernest Saunders, for-mer Guinness chairman and chief executive; Mr Gerald Ronson, Heron

Court report by **Raymond Hughes**

group chairman; Mr Anthony Parnes, a City stockbroker, and Sir Jack Lyons, the millionaire financier. They deny charges arising from an allegedly unlawful share support operation mounted by Guinness during its takeover battle for Distillers.

Mr Duffy said that after Guinness had made a £50m deposit with Bank Leu he had learnt that the bank had become the holder of about 40m Guinness shares. In September, 1996, he said, Mr

Roux asked him to put those shares on the market in a manner that would not identify Bank Leu as the holder. He had asked Mr Duffy to ensure that Mr Anthony Salz, of Guinness's solicitors Freshfields, did not become aware of Bank Leu's become involved in something ownership of the shares. become involved in something unlawful. He had discussed with his

Mr Duffy said he had ignored that instruction because he could see no reason why Mr Salz should not know. He had discussed the placing of the shares with Mr Salz and Mr David Mayhew of Cazenove, Guin-

Mr Richard Ferguson, QC, for Mr Saunders, asked if the topic of Bank Leu's shareholding had caused Mr Duffy "a lot of heart-searching" after the announcement of a Department of Trade and Industry investigation of Guinness

Yes, said Mr Duffy. On December 14 1986, he had read a newspaper article that questioned the lawful-ness of a holding of Guinness shares by Schenley, a US drinks distributor. It made him wonder whether there was anything unlawful about the Bank Leu holding. Mr Duffy agreed he had been worried that he might innocently have

wife whether he should resign from Guinness. Instead he decided to go to Sir Norman Macfarlane.

"Is it right that Mr Roux per-suaded you not to do that?" asked Mr Ferguson.

"Persuaded is not quite the word I would use," replied Mr Duffy. He said he told Mr Roux of the article, his worries about the Bank Leu matter and his intention of speak-

ing to Sir Norman.
"Olivier said to me, What do you really know, as opposed to what you just suspect? Can you say for sure there was anything wrong with this?"

"I thought about it and decided not to speak to Sir Norman for two reasons: it was true I did not know anything, and it was perfectly clear to me that Olivier was in some difficulty himself emotionally. He was clearly under a lot of pressure and I Sir Norman, I would allow Olivier to handle it in his own way," Mr Duffy said.

Mr Ferguson said he understood that Mr Duffy did not want to say anything to harm Mr Roux. He suggested that Mr Duffy's instincts had been to go to Sir Norman but, "after seeing Mr Roux's reaction you decided, out of loyalty to him, that you would let him work out what he was going to do first." Mr Duffy said that "Olivier was

just a very worried person . . . It struck me that perhaps his prob-lems were greater than mine." He added he subsequently regret-

ted not having gone to Sir Norman. Mr John Chadwick, QC, prosecuting, asked Mr Duffy why he had not spoken to Mr Saunders about it. Mr Duffy replied: "It seemed sensible at the time that if there were things going on which were unlawful and in which I had become

my mind that these were matters which Mr Saunders would not have

known about. Mr Peter Keehan, a Guinness non-executive director between

October 1982 and August 1966, said he had complained to Mr Saunders about not being kept fully informed about the progress of the bid.
"I said, 'I have an unhappy feeling that you believe if I knew more about it I would in some way blow

the gaff.' He told me I, as well as all the other directors, had as much information as we needed to have." Mr Ferguson suggested that when Mr Keehan had tried to contact Mr Saunders his concern had not been with Guinness matters but with "matters of golfing politics – such as where the Open should be beid." Mr Keehan said he resented that suggestion, adding, "I think you are

referring to the Ryder Cup."

The trial continues on Monday.

Tin price slide forces Cornish mine to close

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

THE COLLAPSE in world tin prices has claimed its most important UK victim. The historic Wheal Jane near Truro, one of the two remaining work-ing tin mines in Cornwall, is to be closed permanently with the

loss of 150 jobs.

The mine is owned by Car-non Consolidated, which was hought by 12 managers from the RTZ Corporation 19 months ago. At that time, Car-non employed 2,000 people. After the closure the number will have been reduced to 370. Mr Brian Calver, managing

director, said vesterday that a flood of cheap tin from Brazil, now the world's largest pro-ducer, was forcing high-cost mines to close world-wide "and Wheal Jane is a high-cost

He said Carnon would con-centrate on its South Crofty mine, near Camborne, which could survive at a tin price of about £4,000 a tonne - last night's price was about £3,900. Wheal Jane needed £6,500 a tonne to break even.

He said Carnon's annual tin output would be reduced from about 3,500 tonnes to 2,500 s by the end of this year. Wheal Jane will be run down gradually over the next nine months. Analysts said that once the pumps were turned off it would quickly flood, making it too expensive to reopen. Carnon has a £25m interestthe company's survival until the completion of a £31m capital development programme in

Mr Calver said most of the money had been spent on South Crofty. The Government had been consulted about the closure of Wheal Jane.

Tin prices have fallen by more than half since August last year. In January, Carnon laid off 90 employees and reduced output and capital expenditure. Last month, the Geevor mine, near Land's End in Cornwall, stopped mining with the loss of about 700 tonnes of tin a year and 122

Mr Matthew Taylor, Liberal Democrat MP for Truro, yester-day demanded a government atement about continuation of the support already promised to Carnon.

Today's news is a tragedy for all those who have put their blood, sweat and tears into keeping the mine open,

"Those foreign producers who used the rising tin price last year as an opportunity to dump tin on to the market a lot to answer for." Mr Calver insisted that South Crofty was in a relatively strong position because of its lower costs. "But no mine is really safe in the tin busi-

He expected tin prices to many people are losing too much money at today's prices.

New radiation

limits sought

By Ian Hamilton Fazey, Northern Correspondent

THE four unions representing manual workers at British

Nuclear Fuels yesterday voted to press the company to adopt the tightest limits in the world

for exposure to radiation, whatever the financial cost.

the right to transfer out of one of the problem plants.

The company said that 89 per cent of workers exposed to radiation at its Sellafield

nuclear fuel reprocessing plant were already within the new limit being demanded by the

They also demanded that

Water costs expected to be passed on

free UK government loan and one of £10m from RTZ. That

money is designed to ensure

By David Thomas,

WATER consumers in England and Wales will have to bear the full cost of the Government's concessions on sewage dumping at this week's North Sea conference in the Hague, according to stockbrokers' analysts at Barclays de Zoete

The privatised water companies will be able to pass the full cost through in extra water charges, BZW says in a circu-

Publication of the circular coincided with a warning from Strathclyde Regional Council, the largest local authority in Scotland, that it faced a bill running into "hundreds of millions of pounds" if it was to comply with the European Commission draft directive on

sewage disposal. Councils in Scotland are responsible for water supply and sewage disposal.

Compliance would require

the regional council to phase out sludge dumping at sea. Such dumping is presently running at about 1.8m tonnes a year. The council would also have to provide improved sewage treatment for coastal communities between 1991 and

Mr Alex MacLean, chairman of Strathclyde Regional Council's water and sewage commit tee, voiced fears that the authority was in "very serious difficulties."

BZW says there would be less of an impact on the priva-tised water companies in England and Wales of the Government's commitment to phase out North Sea dumping of sewage sludge by 1998 and to ban the discharge of untreated

sewage into the sea. The circular argues that the regulatory regime governing the water companies' price increases will allow them to pass the extra costs straight through into higher water

"Indeed, without agreement with the regulator that tariffs can be raised to cover these costs, we do not believe the companies will even embark on new spending proiects," BZW's circular says.

Battle commences over local authority budgets for 1991-92

THE FIRST shots in the battle for the crucial 1991-92 local authority budgets were fired yesterday when council representatives met Environment Department officials to set the agenda

for a final decision in July. The discussions, which might become very fraught in view of the row over community charge levels for 1990 to 1991, will disclose how the Government intends to navigate the poll tax minefield in future years. Specific figures were not discussed at the meeting, but initial indications are that local authority organisations will be seeking an additional £3bn

from central government as a basis on which to negotiate. That amount would be extra to the Government's ment of council spending in

Council leaders argue that unless substantial further government funds are forthcoming, poll tax levels will continue to rise in the run-up to the next General Election, which is likely to be in 1991 62

Another reason for additional resources is the extra responsibilities being placed on councils. Those

Reform Act, tougher environmental provisions, and implementation of the Government's Care in the Community

The Environment Department was said to be sympathetic to some of the initial points put yesterday, but the Treasury is expected to argue that the Government cannot endorse profil-gate spending by councils in 1990-91 by automatically providing additions funds in the following year. Negotia-tions are therefore expected to be

include work for education authorities generated by the Education posed a meeting with ministers in

April, when the Government will have decided whether to cap local authorities with excessive community charge rates, and officials agreed to consider that.

There were also demands for more accurate information to be taken into account by the department before a council's standard spending assessment is finalised, and officials agreed to reconsider the basis for decisions in 1991-92. It was emphasised, however, that there was no question of altering the controversial figures for the next

the Association of Metropolitan Authorities (AMA), warned yesterday that if ministers decided to cap poll tax levels, education budgets in particular would be thrown into confusion, and the national curriculum would suffer.

The reforms needed a massive investment of resources if they were to get off the ground, and they were not getting it. The AMA gave a warning that it would consider a legal challenge to the Government over the impossibility of meeting new educa-tion responsibilities, should there be retrospective capping of the poll tax.

Ordinary people watch the party turn sour

scheduled to begin at 7.30, but by 6.30 about 500 protesters had taken up position outside the town hall. "It's a really good atmo-sphere, this, like a party, really," said Lisa, one of the protesters. She wore no badges claimed no affiliation to any extremist organisation, and said she had come along sim-ply because she believed in jus-

Around her, the atmosphere was less straightforward. Packed into the front lines of the protest stood about a dozen youths holding Militant Ten-dency and Socialist Workers Party banners, mouthing expletives at the small contingent of uniformed police between them and the town hall's closed front doors.

This group seemed strangely packaged. It was Hackney's poil tax day, but it could have been a picket line, a student protest, or even a football terrace. Some of them seemed to hold their banners not as a protest, still less as a celebra-One protester - Ms Betty Shanks, a former Labour mayoress of Hackney, who was born in the borough in 1929 left the main crowd and manoeuvred her way behind the police to speak to journalists.

The people at the front making trouble aren't typical Hackney people," she protested angrily. "They shouldn't be

attacking the police — it's not their fault." At the back of the crowd, now nearly 2,000, pensioners and families – some with bables – held back. "We're BNF's compensation scheme for workers developing ill-nesses through work be extended to their children and that any worker should have just ordinary working-class people who can't afford to pay the damn thing," said Ms Bar-bara England, a Hackney resi-dent. "Most of the people here are from Hackney, but I don't recognise any of the kids at the

> Deep in the crowd and on the periphery, it was difficult to find anyone prepared to admit membership of any extreme left-wing groups. One couple waving an SWP "non

SIXTY people were arrested and 29 police officers hurt in Thursday night's demonstration outside the town hall in the London Borough of Hackney as councillors met to set a poll tax of £499. Police said 20 of those

arrested gave

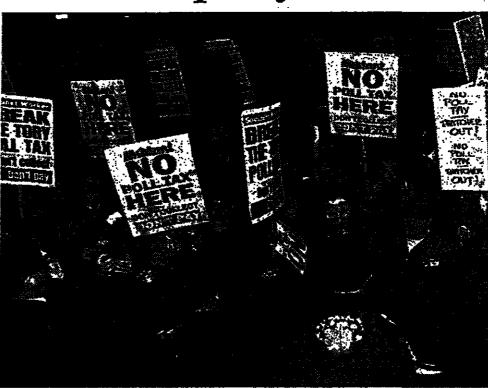
addresses outside

Jimmy Burns and **Emma Tucker** watched as the demonstration flared into some of the worst scenes of violence in the current wave of poli tax protest.

payment" banner said they had been handed it by somebody wandering through the crowd. "We're not members of the SWP but we are angry. I'll wave anything to show this Government how I feel," said

Mr Bill Davies, a pensioner carrying a Militant banner, said he supported the group because they had listened to him. "I went to the Tories to tell them I couldn't pay, but they didn't want to know. At least this lot are doing some-thing." By about 7 o'clock the police

were bringing in reinforcements. The thin blue line of men and women who until then had stood their ground passively, if nervously, was supplemented by tactical support groups - officers trained in riot control and wearing heavily padded uniforms.



Protesters, police and press outside Hackney town hall in London on Thursday night

"It's the riot squad, " said one youth, tossing a packet of flour into the front line. On the steps, a spokesman for the All Britain Anti-Poll Tax Federation, took up a megaphone, with the permission of a policeman, and in formal tones urged the protesters to listen to the interesting speakers he had lined up for the evening. They included speakers he had lined up for the evening. They included representatives of the National

Union of Mineworkers and the Marxist Workers Tendency of the African National Congress.

The proposal was abandoned soon after the first speaker, a

sacked miner, lost his words in the midst of increasingly loud chanting from the protesters. youth who, just before 7.30, appeared unexpectedly on the first-floor balcony of the town hall, unfurled a banner with

and raised a clenched fist. A cheer rose from the protesters. Then the scuffles began. A drum beat from the crowd railied the banner carriers, who gathered around the main entrance. One youth threw a bottle, another the stick with which he had held a poster. Others threw smoke bombs

and coins. Some policemen were punched, and the first arrests ade. As protesters from the front line were snatched by the tactical support group, friends ran after them, screaming abuse and hitting out. One Militant supporter

snatched a camera from a jour-nalist and held it above a policeman, threatening to both photograph him for evidence and smash it on his head. Ms Shanks remained the bus at 5.30. At 6.15 he was arrested, that's all he wanted." By around 8.30, more police had been brought in to clear the demonstration from the town hall area, bringing the number to about 300. Most of the 4,000 crowd had dispersed but about 200 people began, running down the high street, looting shops and briefly lay-ing stege to a MacDonald's res-

The looting lasted only a few minutes before the remaining protesters disappeared into the night. The party, if there had ever been one, was over.

Nine men arrested during the Hackney demonstrations appeared in court yesterday. Among them were men from Glasgow, Sherborne in Dorset, and Blackburn, Lancashire. The remainder mainly gave

addresses of squats in east

Haringey's early start sets charge

By John Authers

HARINGEY Council's leadership avoided further trouble from protesters, but an alliance of Tories and left-wing Labour councillors almost thwarted its attempt to set a

poll tax of £572.89. The meeting's early start at 9 o'clock yesterday morning deterred protesters from appearing in any force.
Around 100, mostly from the
Green Party and the Southwark Anti-Poli Tax Union,
turned up outside the town
hall in Wood Green.
The demonstrators com-

The demonstrators com-plained hitterly about the tim-ing. Mr Dave Morris of the Anti-Poll Tex Union, said: "It's a bit of a dirty trick having a so-called public hearing of major importance with no publicity at nine o'clock in the

orning on a weekday." Mr Jonathan Dobres, of the Green Party, said: "It's just to ments. It seems fundamentally

undemocratic." The council denied that the timing had been chosen to deter protesters. It had been set at the end of Monday's meeting. The council had wanted to set a budget and go on to set its poll tax by 1pm to save money on billing expenses, but stonewalling by councillors prevented that.

Extra police were on standby, with coachloads waiting in a car park behind the building in Wood Green. As the meeting continued the chances of setting a budge by the deadline of midnight today looked slim. Left-wingers and members of the Tory group tabled amendments delaying voting on the budget. However, the rate was later set by the mayor's casting vote. Four left-wing councillors had earlier resigned in

legend "Pay No Poll Tax" Stock Exchange prepares traders for paperless settlement

DEMATERIALISATION may sound like a philosophical concept or something from a science fiction series, but it is in reality one of the Stock Exchange's principal goals in setting up Taurus, a paper-less clearing and settlement system for the London stock

Project Taurus, the Stock

Exchange's prospectus published yesterday, says the aim is that the UK should have "the first 'certificateless' society in a major international securities market." Share cer-tificates, which have for decades been the the principal legal evidence of title, are to be eliminated and replaced by electronic share ownership and transfer facilities. The report says: "Transfer of

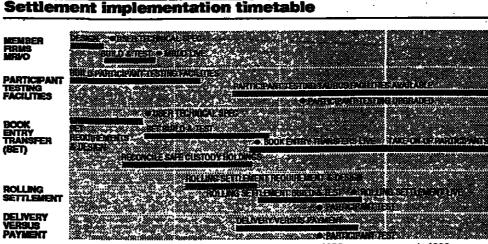
share ownership will no longer rely on the antiquated, labour and paper-intensive methods which have relegated the UK to secondary status in terms of settlement efficiency in the world's securities markets." Shares will be held in the equivalent of bank accounts and the settlement system will move from the present two-week account system to a rolling settlement Yesterday's report gives a nuts-and-bolts analysis of how the proposed system would work for users such as institu-tions, stockbrokers, companies

and banks.

The timetable, described as "aggressive" by Stock Exchange chairman Mr Andrew Hugh Smith, in his foreword to the report, is is spelt out in detail, together with a breakdown of the estimated costs and benefits of the The basic design work is due

to be completed by September "to the point where detailed user documentation can be magnetic tape and paper transfer mechanisms between users and the central system will start to be replaced by computerised network links by March

The first stage of dematerialisation is due to have begun by October 1991, when selected users will start to use the sys-tem for live transactions. The target is that most users – and certainly the most heavily traded securities - will be on the system within a year. Dematerialisation is scheduled for completion by the end of



The aim is to move directly from the present settlement system to a five-day rolling system by October 1992. The report says the new system would reduce the time between dealing and settlement, and thus the risk of deals not being settled. It would also even out the flow of work in the back office, eliminating peaks and troughs and, it is hoped, the "accumulation of delays and

when trading is particularly

The report includes a costbenefit analysis of the move to the new system based on the findings of Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte, the accountancy and consulting firm. Coopers has concluded that there will be a definite saving on direct costs from the elimination of paper

15 per cent and a phasing of nefits over three years, the net present value of the savings over 10 years will be nearly £225m. If the discount rate is 12 per cent, the saving would increase to £255m. Those figures assume 100 per cent dematerialisation.

The figures were calculated by analysing the cost savings to a number of sample organi-

sations. Extrapolated from the sample, the total cost savings worked out at £53m for one year — broken down as custo-dians, £16.9m; institutions, £5.2m; institutional stockbrokers, 211.5m; private client bro-kers, 28.2m; and registrars, 58.5m. The Stock Exchange's central settlement office will

Those figures do not include the tangible but "less easily quantified" savings arising from the the reduction of risk and of capital employed once the new system in is place. Nor do they assess the mtangible benefits such as "greater confi-dence in the UK market on the part of overseas investors, and cheaper and simpler pro-

Looking at the costs side of the equation, the report says the development costs of the project from April 1989 to March 1998 will be between £45m and £50m.

Infrastructure spending will absorb £9m-£10m and Taurus (dematerialisation itself) between £30m and £33m. The move to rolling settlement will cost a further £6m to

Some 40 per cent of the work involves modification of Talisman, the existing system. To meet the deadlines, much of the new work will be covered

by external purchases of pack-ages or software development, the report says.

The Coopers cost-benefit study shows that many of the clerical activities concerned with the control and process ing of physical documents will no longer be required.

However, the report says, other aspects of control and reconciliation will be increased, given the need for daily confirmation of account balances and the need for additional computer support. Total operating costs are estimated to be between £30m and £35m

The document explores a number of ways of recovering those central costs.

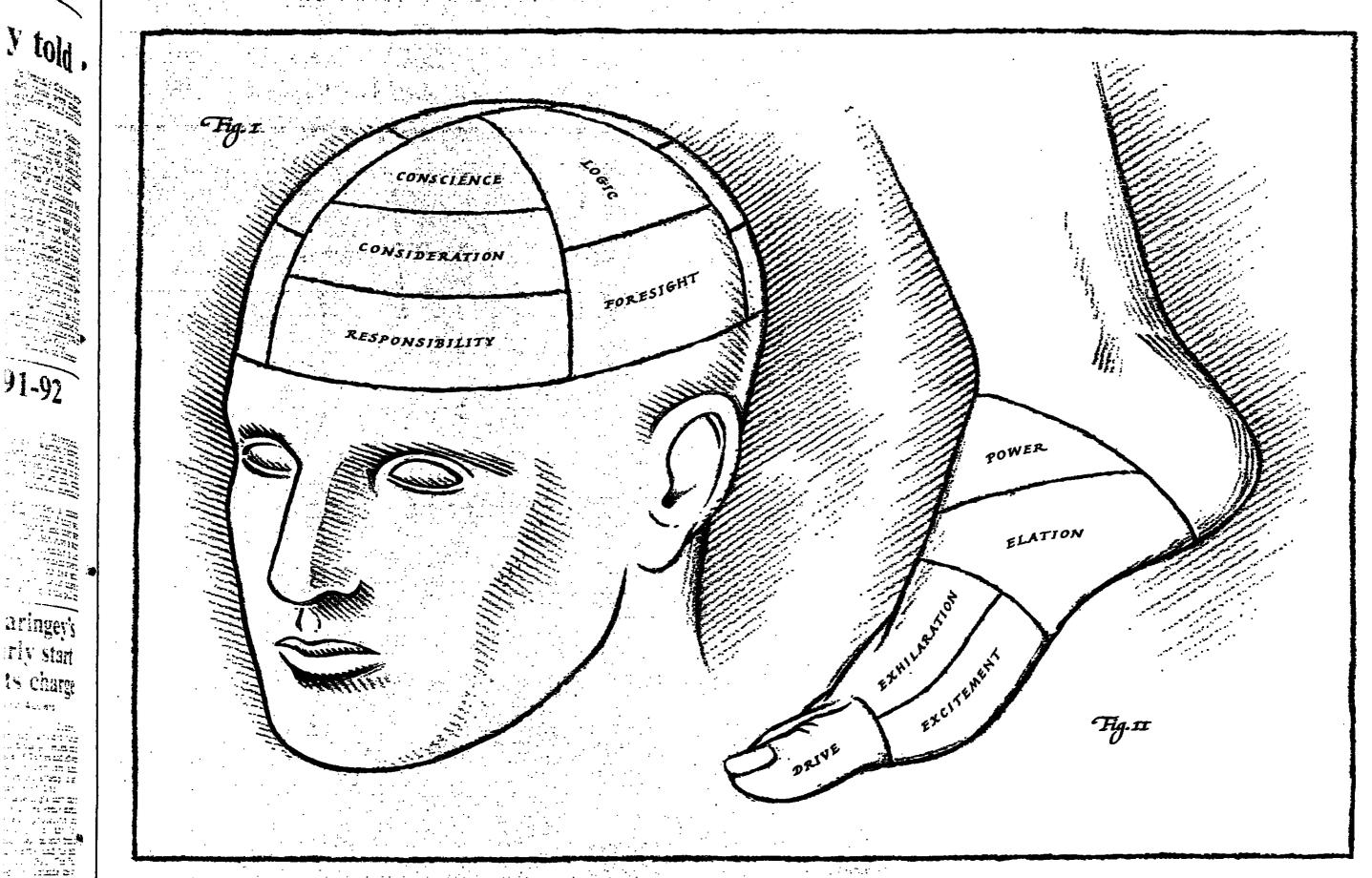
"It is anticipated that all participants, except listed companies, will be expected to pay some proportion of the costs in relation to the services pro-vided to them," the report

The Stock Exchange itself intends to treat the development costs as debt capital to be serviced and repaid out of revenues over the life of the sys-

protest. There were shouts from the public gallery but no trouble and few demonstrators outside.

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18 Charge



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VORSPRUNG DURCH TECHNIK.

earns Britain foreign currency

from courses run for doctors

This week, however, the Mandsley does not glow with the confidence of a national

lagship. It is, in the words of

one doctor, in a state of

"appallingly low morale" as staff await a health authority

meeting on Monday which is to

vote on a package of financial

The Maudsley is not alone. With National Health Service

expenditure at its highest-even

level in real terms, Mr Kenneth Clarke, Health Secretary, is

Clarke, Health Secretary, is denying claims that patient services are being cut because of underfunding. Staff at a number of hospitals disagree with Mr Clarke. Health authorities are being

required to balance their books

in preparation for next year's restructuring of hospital finan-

easures to eradicate their

because, after years of tight financing, most of the obvious

savings have already been

Managers of the Bethlem Royal and Maudsley Health Authority have to find savings

of £500,000 if they are to stay within their £27.4m cash limit

for 1990-91. However Mr Clarke

describes that process, the staff of the Maudsley call it impos-

ing cuts.

A campaign to oppose the proposals has managers ordering the savings and doctors opposing them in sympathy for each other's positions.

The proposals would affect services including the Maud-

services including the Maud-sley's emergency clinic – the only 24-hour walk-in specialist psychiatric casualty centre in London, services at which would be scaled down during evenings and weekends – the hospital's centre for mentally handicapped children and its National Demonstration Centre for the community care of the

for the community care of the

Doctors campaigning against the proposals have issued

SIR GORDON BORRIE, the ings" in contracts to explain Director General of Fair Trading, has called on the Government to protect the customers of estate agents with

new laws. His recommendations, contained in a report published yesterday, represent a move away from the idea of a voluntary code of practice for estate agents. The report follows a two-year study of the estate

agency industry.

"The best way of helping consumers in the short term is a small but effective package of statutory obligations targeted on specific abuses," Sir Gordon said yesterday. His proposals

• Including "health warn-

obscure terms - such as "sole selling rights." Customers would be advised that they should not sign unless they egreed to the terms.

• The Director General of Fair Trading to be given powers to warn or ban agents who give seriously inaccurate descriptions of properties.

• Estate agents to be barred from telling customers that a higher offer has been received when it has not - a practice igned to push up bids.

 Measures to discourage state agents from pressurising buyers into taking out services with them, and discriminating against them if they refuse to do so. Estate agents to disclose in writing when they, or their associates, have a direct interest in the buying or selling of a

 Information on commissions and other charges to be given in writing. Decisions on whether or not

to ban estate agents from prac-

tising would be able to take earlier offences into account. Sir Gordon has decided not to introduce minimum professional standards based on examinations for estate agents. He believes that most complaints about estate agents concern their ethical standards rather than their professional competence.

Sir Gordon's proposals imply

changes in the Trade Descriptions Act and in the 1979 Estate Agents Act.

Mr Bric Forth, Under Secretary for Consumer Affairs in the Trade and Industry Department, who is in Australia, said sterday he would consider Sir Gordon's recommendations on his return to the UK.

Mr Paul Bown, chairman of Connell Residential Division, said: "I welcome the introduction of all these measures, though some of them may be difficult to police.

"Estate agency doesn't always get the best press and anything which cleans up the 5 per cent which ruins the pro-fession's reputation is good

Borrie seeks estate agent laws | Mood of emergency on the wards Alan Pike looks at the effects of NHS restructuring on staff morale THE MAUDSLEY Hospital in south London is a centre of excellence for British psychiatry. Many of the country's most distinguished names in academic and clinical psychiatry are associated with it. Its international reputation

Dr James Birley: "Most of our work involves long-term patient care"

statements saying that the Mandsley is at the point of providing second-rate care and of being unable adequately to train future psychiatrists. The doctors at registrar and junior level are leading the campaign, but senior staff

campaign, but sentir scale
share the anxiety.

Dr James Birley, a consultant at Maudsley and president
of the Royal College of Psychiatrists, says: "Unlike general
hospitals, much of the workhospitals, much of the year-lowscing under the Government's NHS reforms. The task for overspent authorities seeking here involves the very-longdeficit is made more difficult

here involves the very-long-term care of patients.

"We have three teams who look after a total of 300 people in the community. Under the proposals, one of the three is likely to be withdrawn. We might lose a team but we won't less the retients.— comehow lose the patients - somehow we shall still have to provide

care for 300 people."

Another senior member of the staff is Professor Griffith Edwards, professor of addiction behaviour in the London Uni-versity institute of Psychiatry, to which the Maudsley is attached. Prof Griffith has been associated with the hospibeen associated with the hospital for 31 years and is "not given to marching with banners." He accepts the need for public questioning of the use of money in the NHS, and says the Government has a right and responsibility to seek accountability and put limits on mending

However, he believes some of the financial pressures the Maudsley faces are "cutting into the flesh of the hospital" and undermining morale. "We have reached a point where, for example, if research

Dr Stephen Wolkind: optimism chopped away

shows that local GPs are doing good work with people with alcohol problems, we can't get funding for community nurses to support them. It's like working in some batty industry where you do the research but don't do the The Mandsley is this year introducing a chinical director-

ate system - a structure sup-ported by the Government that involves doctors in manage-ment and budget handling.

Dr Stephen Wolkind, a con-sultant, has become clinical director for the hospital's chil-dren's department. He says his

first act in the job was to warn colleagues that 7 per cent of their budgets was likely to disappear.

Earlier this year we were sitting at meetings making plans for the future. Now all that optimism has been chop-

ped away. It is a terribly frus-Mr Eric Byers, general manager of the health authority and the man responsible for forwarding the £600,000 savings package to Monday's meeting says he accepts that "in one or two areas the proposals will involve a straightforward reduction in services." He believes medical staff

ine il

appreciate that managers can-not go on forever trying to find all the savings in non-clinical

"If you do that, the support services are not in a fit state to support the clinical ones. We are accustomed to scrubbing away at the margin. We have become more adept at this than most organisations. But the frustration is that even if you hold your own there is no money to develop services."

Supporters of the Government's health reforms say cases such as the Maudsley prove the need for the proposed change from the present rigid, cash-limited system of funding to one where hospitals will be paid according to the amount of work they attract. Critics, which have included all the leading medical organi-sations, say it demonstrates that there is simply not enough money circulating in the NHS's system.

The relative merits of the arguments are being discussed by staff at hospitals through-out the country. At the Maudsley, they are currently more concerned about what is going

| Pensions

indexing

expected

Correspondent

By Eric Short Pensions

INVE

Special effects of a conservation area

David Churchill on MCA's planned £2bn theme park in east London

HE FATE of Britain's biggest leisure develop-ment of the 1990s is far from sealed in spite of the recent decision by Havering Borough Council to approve plans for a 22bn film studios and theme park on the out

and theme park on the out-skirts of east London.

The planning application was made by MCA, the Ameri-can parent company of Univer-sal Studios, for a Walt Disney World-style development on a 1,000-acre nature reserve at ern edge of London. The local authority's deci-

sion has angered wildlife and conservation groups because Rainham Marshes is one of the largest wildlife sites in the Unimpressed by assurances

of £16m of conservation mea-sures for the site, conservationists are pinning their hopes on Mr Chris Patten, the Environ-ment Secretary, granting a public inquiry into the project. Mr Patten has until Easter to decide whether such an inquiry should be held. His decision is also awaited

keenly by the chutch of leading UK companies and organisations involved in the project. They range from the Rank Organisation – which plans to take a big financial stake in the project to add to its 50 per cent share in a similar development in Florida – through to several large construction groups that have formed a con-

groups that have formed a con-sortium to develop the site.

In addition, the BBC is expected to be one of many film and television production organisations ready to take advantage of the filming facili-ties acheduled for the site. Soap operas such as Eastenders

Proposed theme park site

(if still running when the stu-dios are planned to open, in the mid 1990s) would be recorded there, watched by as many as 5m visitors a year. Other attractions planned for the studios and theme park are a larger-than-life-size King Kong display, and other rides based on the films E.T., and Back to the Future.

Although backers of the ainham plan are pleased that Rainham plan are pleased that the local authority has supported the first stage of the development, they are still threatening to take the theme park elsewhere if the project is held up by an inquire eld up by an inquiry.

Paris is the likely alterna-tive, especially as the French government has offered special financial arrangements, similar to those obtained by the Euro Disneyland project, if the Universal Studios are built on

There is no doubt that it will be a significant lost opportunity for Britain if the project goes to France," points out Mr Michael Gifford, chief execu-tive of the Rank Organisation. "It will provide a boost not

costs relating to the fallure of

seven firms involving 1.500

investors will take £6.41m of

right for spending and borrow-ing to be less attractive and sav-

ing to be more rewarding - Mr

John Major, Chancellor of the Exchequer, January 23 1990

quarter of 1989.

But before the Chancellor embarks on a course of encour-

agement, he has to ask whether it is sensible to dictate

the need for more savings
- and if it is, whether he can

afford to introduce new mea-

sures in this Budget.
The UK is not the only country with a disinclination to salt

it away. In the US, savings

have been eroded almost as

much. Some economists suggest that global bond yields are rising in tandem with falling

"There are not enough

savings in the world to finance

the boom which is taking place

savings ratios.

only to jobs but also to the film and tourist industries who asingly have to compete

with the rest of Europe."

MCA, however, has other reasons for wanting the project to stay in Britain: it hopes to stop playing second fiddle to the Wait Disney company, which has successfully built on MCA's original concept of capi-talising on the public's fascina-tion with the film industry.

t was MCA in the 1970s

that first drew on this potential audience by developing a studio tour and "themed" attractions at its Universal site in Hollywood. Universal Studios became one of Los Angeles's higgest tourist attractions, taking some of the gloss from another of LA's prime tourist haunts,

Disneyland.

More than a decade ago MCA reportedly decided to build another Universal Studios operation in central Florida, but Disney got in first, opening a Disney/MGM film studio and theme park in Orlando last May. MCA's new Universal Studios development opens

park outside Paris in 1995. It

also has plans for a smaller complex at Long Beach, out-side Los Angeles in California. Mr Ron Dane, MCA's spokes-man for Universal Studios in the UK, insists: "It makes us all the more determined to make sure we get the Rainham project under way as soon as Some leisure industry analysts remain doubtful about

MCA executives are also smarting from the fact that

Disney has managed to get in first in Europe. Euro Disney has announced

it will open another Dis-ney/MGM studios and theme

the project's potential success.

Apart from conservation concerns possibly raising costs and making it uneconomic, the main objection seems to be one of transportation. "There are significant transport problems in getting to and from the proposed site, especially for Conti-nental visitors," suggests one

In contrast, Euro Disney-land's Paris project has been planned to be easily accessible to a wide catchment area throughout continental Europe, helped by the French Government's investment in new high-speed trains.

Nor does the failure of several other British leisure devel-

opments to get off the drawing board in recent years - such as the theme park planned for the disused Battersea power station - augur well for the Rainham project.

Nevertheless, there will be many in Britain's leisure

industry rooting for King Kong to make his mark on down-

Legal aid fees to rise next month

By Robert Rice, Legal Correspondent Pensioners with little income

FEES for criminal and civil. legal aid work are to rise by 7.5 except for invested capital will per cent for solicitors and 7 per have some of that capital disrecent for barristers from April 1, garded when being assessed for the Lord Chancellor announced yesterday. Children, pensioners and

injury cases will benefit from a change in the eligibility rules for civil legal aid from April 9. Children under 16 will no longer be assessed on their per-ents' income, but in their own right. The change will poten-tially affect a further 5m chil-

cases will rise by 16 per cent to 27,000 and the upper capital limit by 33 per cent to £8,000. Eligibility for legal aid is cal-culated according to disposable capital and disposable income (income after all necessary expenses). Broadly, those with disposable income and capital

limits are ineligible, those below the lower limits qualify automatically for legal aid and legal aid.

The upper eligibility limit for disposable income when being those in between pay a contribution on a sliding scale.

It is estimated that since

above the upper prescribed

England and Wales have become ineligible for legal aid, most of them ending up in the litigation poverty trap where they are neither rich enough to go to court on their own account, nor poor enough to qualify for government assis-

(LPI) is expected to be inserted at the report stage of the 1990 Social Security Bill, due towards the end of March. Mr Brian MacMahon, a vicechairman of the National Association of Pension Funds, the trade association of self-admin-

ported the proposals on Thursday at a pensions conference in However, he warned that

schemes relate the starting value of a pension to the employees' earnings at, or near, retirement. But practice varies considerably between schemes on subsequent pension increa

companies to revalue pensions to maintain as far as possible their real vaine, as a matter of good practice, but until now it has opposed legislation. The change in attitude reflects the

The pensions industry has regarded it as illogical to guar-antee pension increases when a scheme is wound up but not while it is functioning.

The Government has been under pressure from Labour throughout the committee stage of the bill to require company schemes to fully revalue pensions to match the prices

Insurers is far more cautious about such legislation, since insured company schemes would be more affected by the

and considered consultation The Department of Social Security would not comment on speculation.

love of cognac

By Philip Rawstome

THE British drank more cognac last year than any other nation in Europe, including France. French exports of cognac to the UK totalled 17.3m bottles, more than a quarter of sales within the

quarter of sales within the European Community.

The UK consolidated its position as the third-largest market in the world, behind the US (29.2m bottles) and the fastest-growing market, Japan, where consumption increased by 44 per cent during the year to 26.5m bottles. French consumption of 10.5m bottles is down by tion of 10.5m bottles is down by 1.7 per cent on 1988.

NOTICE TO THE WARRANTHOLDERS OF THE TOKIO MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

US\$ 500,000,000 31/2 % Bonds due 1993 with Warrants to subscribe for shares of common stock of

THE TOKIO MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED (the "Company")

ADJUSTMENT TO THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE We hereby advise you of the adjustment to the subscription price of the captioned warrants pursuant to the Clause 3 of the Instrument dated 21st September, 1989.

The Board of Directors of the Com-pany resolved by the meeting held on 28th February, 1990, to make a free distribution of shares of common stock of the Company to the shareholders on record as of 31st March, 1990 at the rate of 0.05 share for each share held.

Accordingly, the present subscrip-tion price of the warrants will be adjusted as follows:

 Subscription price before such adjustment: Yen 2,163.00 2) Subscription price after such adjustment: Yea 2,060.00

3) Effective date of the adjustment: 1st April 1990, (Ispan time) 10th March, 1990

THE TOKIO MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, by Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank (Luxembourg) S.A. as Principal Paying Agent

Britons show a | Investment firms face £7.1m levy By Eric Short

ment firms. Compensation in full is provided on the first £30,000 of investment and 90 INVESTMENT authorised under the 1986 Financial Services Act will be required to pay £7.136m to the Investors Compensation Scheme – the first levy on firms to be made under the The levy covers the period from August 1988, when the scheme started, to the end of the current financial year. Compensation payments and

the levy. The remaining £722,000 will cover the scheme's general operating The scheme is part of the financial services regulatory framework to compensate

per cent on the next £20,000. The self-regulatory organisation (SRO) responsible for a part of any claim. The rest of the costs shows the firm in trouble meets the first the costs above that celling will be shared among all SROs, including the Securities and Investments Board, the umbrella regulatory body, but excluding the Life Assurance and Unit Trust Regulatory Organisation (Lautro), which has its own compensation

Fimbra (Financial Intermediaries, Managers and Brokers Regulatory Association) will be required to pay £3.38m, the highest levy. Although its share of the operating costs is low, only £86,600, it is required to fund £3.29m compensation costs in respect of three of its firms which went into liquidation. The SRO has already come under considerable criticism from its members over fe The levy will require a firm with two registered individuals to pay £326 if it is in the lowest category or £1,101 if it is in the top category handling client

operating costs.

In contrast, firms authorised directly by the SIB – the clear-ing banks and building societies – will be required to raise

Welsh arts centre proposed for Cardiff By Anthony Moreton, Welsh Correspondent money.

TSA will be required to pay \$2.75m in respect of the two member firms involved in compensation and £433,000 of the

A NATIONAL arts and crafts gallery in Cardiff has been proposed by the Institute of Weish Affairs, an independent thinktank set up three years ago.

The institute has identified two potential sites; one in the city centre, the other in the heart of a redevelopment of heart of a redevelopment of Cardiff's docklands being

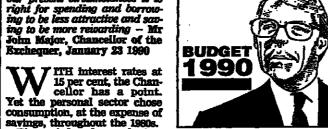
undertaken under the aegis of the Cardiff Bay Development Corporation.

The city-centre site, which would involve buying and converting existing buildings, would cost £5.5m. A figure for the alternative

South Glamorgan council plans to develop an arts com-plex at the dockland location, incorporating a college, stu-dios, galleries and workshops as well as shops and restau-rants. Associated British Ports announced yesterday that it would develop a 40-acre, £150m scheme alongside that site.

investors of liquidated invest-Quest for saving graces of keeping money in the bank

Rachel Johnson considers ways for Mr Major to encourage reluctant Britain to stop spending The undeniable fact is that in our present circumstances it is Saving



consumption, at the expense of savings, throughout the 1980s. Financial deregulation enticed households to borrow capital investment, espe rially in Europe," says Mr Gavyn Davies, UK economist at Goldman Sachs, the US-owned investment house. mostly for houses – and the personal savings ratio col-lapsed. Personal savings fell from 13.5 per cent in 1980 to just 5.5 per cent of personal disposable income in the third During the 1980s, there was a teep rise in debt. However, the

Treasury appears satisfied with evidence that consumers are now borrowing less as a result of the credit squeeze, and the savings ratio in the UK is expected to rise to above 5.5 per cent. ·

Even if it does not, the authorities are sanguine because total national savings as a percentage of gross domes-tic product have remained steady at 20 per cent throughout the 1980s.

Such stability exists because private corporations, and the public sector, have been offsetting the activities of the personal sector by saving more. The Government's commit-

ment to a debt repayment pro-gramme has meant that it has been borrowing less. Countries with balance-of-payments deficits have an ediate dilemma, Profes Mervyn King, of the London 20 School of Economics, argues in school of Recombines, argues in a pre-Budget paper.
He says: "A rise in private saving is necessary if investment is to be financed without-recourse to foreign borrowing and the accompanying balance-of-payment deficits."

ment in favour of tax incentives to encourage savings appears to be a strong one, but as long as the level of total savings continues to hold up, there is little incentive for

wholesale reform in this Bud-Mrs Thatcher is known to be discouraged by the evident lack of thrift in the electorate. The City consensus, however, is that there is little the Chancellor can do about it at the

First, as he has himself pointed out, the Chancellor is starting without a clean sheet. The existing system has been played about with on many occasions in the past. When asked about his inten-tious, Mr Major has cited the tax reforms of past Budgets: personal equity plans (PEPs, tax-exempt investment

rcentage of GDP at factor cost .Company : sector Personal sector 1980 82 84 86 88 ** Nemage of link three quarters Source:CSO schemes introduced in 1987,

designed to encourage wider share ownership) and the independent taxation of wives, announced in the last Budget and due to come into effect this-Second, there may be no more room, in fiscal terms, for

manoeuvre.

The signs are that this Budget will be a neutral one, in which the Chancellor neither increases nor decreases the burden of taxation. The size of the budget surplus in the first 10 months of this year, at £8.7bn, is half the size of the surplus for the same period of last year. That shrinking sur-plus has reduced the chances

However, a few proposals have been put forward and the Chancellor might find some of them workable, even within a tight, neutral Budget.

The Institute for Fiscal Studies (CPS) has a read for an extended for the control of the cont Studies (IFS) has argued for an extension of personal equity plans, which it calls the Expens system. That would exempt all returns on savings from tax, whether they take the form of current yield, or capital gain.
The IFS plan would attack the inconsistency whereby the most used vehicle for savings — bank and building society deposits — are "badly treated"

by the bank system in that they are taxed at source. Prof King of the LSE follows the same tack. Tax incentives for savings are "highly compli-cated and difficult to under-stand" and most households own negligible financial assets, The way to increase savings, he says, is to target low-saving households with the offer of tax-free retirement accounts; in

which £2,500 per fiscal year could be placed.

Prof King argues that "even after five years, the cost of raising private saving by some 20 to 20 years are the less than 20 to 30 per cent is less than the equivalent of 1 point on the rate of income tax."

The Institute of Directors argues that fiscal obstacles to saving should be removed.

Inheritance tax, capital gains tax and stamp duty all combine to "overtax" the saver.

Such sweeping proposals are unlikely to move the Chancellor this year. The plight of UK borrowers and home owners has distracted attention. has distracted attention from

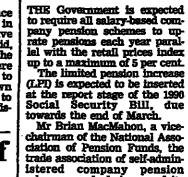
the question of savings

which was last year high on
the pre-Budget list for reform.

If Giles Keating, economist
at Credit Suisse First Boston,
says: "Though fiscal incentives to encourage savings would be a good idea, the savings ratio has gone out of discussion." Many Treasury-watchers have concluded that there will be no hig changes to the taxation of personal savings. The Treasury frowns on the use of what it calls "artificial stimulants" - such as credit con-

It is suspected, however, that there will be a "nod" towards savings, as there will be towards the environment... but not much more than a nod, as a result of the limitations imposed by a Budget surplus and the cost of introducing tax incentives for savers.

Treasury studies suggest that it is almost impossible to devise cost-effective schemes that encourage people to save more, rather than simply switching deposits into differ-ent savings media.



istered company pension schemes, and chairman of its parliamentary committee, sup-

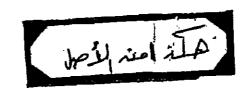
there would need to be an ade-quate phase in period for such revaluation requirements to avoid financial strain on company schemes. At present, many company

Any guarantees of annual increases, which are usually low, may be topped by discre-The association has urged

changing pension environment in the UK, as illustrated by the current Social Security Bill, which will require pensions schemes to provide LPI auto-matically when they are wound up.

The Association of British

cost implications than self-administered schemes. It supports the principle of revaluing pensions, but wants it introduced only after full



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NATIONAL Union of The proposal for an inquiry Mineworkers' leaders yester was put to the meeting by Mr day agreed to an independent Scargill and Mr Heathfield It inquiry into allegations made was agreed unanimously to against Mr Arthur Scargill, the union's president, over the handling of funds during the 1984-85 pit strike. The NUM national executive

agreed to appoint a QC to head an inquiry after a five hour discussion, during which Mr Scargill and Mr Peter Heathfield, NUM general secretary, gave their version of events folowing allegations in the Daily Mirror newspaper and on Cen-tral Television.

Several of the 15 voting members of the executive said after the meeting that they were satisfied the inquiry would establish the truth about allegations, denied by the two men, that funds were received from Libya during the strike and partly used to pay off their personal mortgages and home loans.

Mr Scargill has denounced

as "victous lies" allegations in the Daily Mirror quoting Mr Roger Windsor, the former NUM chief executive, that £163,000 was sent by the Lib-yan Government during the strike and partly used to pay off home loans of Mr Scargill, Mr Heathfield and Mr Windsor.

was agreed unanimously to appoint a five man sub-committee of executive members to ask the Haldane Society, a group of Socialist lawyers; to appoint a QC to head the

inquiry. The executive deferred a decision on whether or not to back libel actions against the two media organisations. Mr Scargill said earlier this week that a decision on legal action would be left to the

Mr Jack Taylor, the Yorkshir NUM president, said the form of the inquiry had been devised to ensure that it was seen to be independent and so that people can't say that Arthur and Peter Heathfield

set it up."
Mr Taylor said that the union executive was faced with a controversy that was not of its own making and it wanted to ensure that it was cleared up to the satisfaction of mine

The inquiry is likely to hear evidence in private in spite of a call from Mr Neil Kinnock, the Labour leader, earlier this week for a full public inquiry into the allegations.

Iveco Ford workers vote to strike over pay offer

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MANUAL employees of Iveco Ford, Britain's biggest truck maker, have voted by a ratio of four to one to strike over a 9.25 per cent pay offer. Their decision yesterday came just a week after the company

announced three day working because of falling demand Union leaders will not announce the result of the ballot until next Friday because 100 postal votes from members of the EETPU electricians' union still have to be received. However it is understood that yesterday's vote among 800 of the 1,100 manual employ-

majority in favour of striking. The vote came at the end of a week in which Ford, one of two partners in the Iveco Ford joint venture, saw the end of strikes by craft workers which have severely disrupted pro-duction at the company's wholly owned operations in the

Unions will see the vote as confirmation of their assertions that workers are looking for pay settlements of at lea 10 per cent to cope with finan-cial problems caused by mort-

review of

By Lisa Wood, Labour Staff

THE Labour Party is considering dropping its proposal for a compulsory training levy on all employers in favour of the French model of funding in company training.

The augustion for a levy, called a Training Investment Cambilbotion, was proposed in Labour's policy review as one of three funding sources along with public expenditure, and European Community funding of a National Training Fund.

This fund was supposed to underpin a range of new programmes proposed in the Party's policy review on training. The idea of a levy on employers was formulated by Mr Michael Meacher, Labour's former, employment spokes THE Labour Party is

former employment spokes-

Mr.Tony Blair, the new shadow employment spokes-man, has been giving further consideration to the training practices of Britain's compet-

practices of Britain's competitors, as well as consulting
with companies and employers' organisations.

Talks with employers have
shown they are worked about
the principle of a national
levy, initially proposed as 0.5
per cent of a company's wage
hill. The money would be collected nationally and distributed to skills organisations.

An alternative being examined is a system based on that An alternative being examined is a system based on that used in France, under which companies are statutorily obliged to allocate a fixed amount towards training.

Those companies which do not meet the targets are fined that amount. In France all companies employing more

companies employing more than 10 people have to allocate 1.1 per cent of their wage bill towards training. Mr Henry McLeish, Labour's

Mr Henry McLeish, Labour's spokesman on training, said the party had no dispute with employers over the objectives of improving the quality and volume of training. But employers were concerned about the bureaucracy of a training fund.

He said many were about

He said many were already spending large amounts on training in their own compa-nies, but wanted "an assault on companies who are free-loaders and offer no training."

Estimates of productivity growth scaled down

EMPLOYMENT in Britain grew faster than expected in 1989 and the Depart-ment of Employment has been forced to scale back its its estimates for produc-

scale back his his estimates in produc-tivity growth.

Officials said the higher growth in employment last year will reduce pro-ductivity growth by up to one percent-age point on the year. This means that the costs of producing Britisin's output of goods and services last year are set to rise by about 10 per cent on the year. The preliminary results of the 1989 labour market survey indicate that it is still buoyant.

On the basis of the full survey, the

Department yesterday issued revised employment estimates for the year to September 1989. These showed that the workforce in employment grew by 784,000, compared with the expected 463,000. Between March 1963 and Sep-tember 1989 the workforce in employment grew by 3.4m, 450,000 more than previously estimated

The survey shows the number of peo-ple in the labour force in the spring of last year was 27.9m people, an increase of 479,000, or 1.7 per cent, on 1988.

However, the underlying rate of the decline in unemployment is slowing, according to the latest figures published The rate of increase in the labour force slowed to 3.5 per cent compared with 3.5 per cent in 1988. This slight fall

may reflect the turndown in economic activity in 1989. The expansion of the female labour force was an "important feature" which reflected increased willingness to recruit and retain women as well as the tightness of the labour market, accord-

ing to Mr Michael Howard, the Secretary of State for Employment.
The 3.5 per cent employment rise boosted the total of people in employ-

comfortably exceeded the expansion in the labour force, with the consequence that unemployment continued to fall.

The numbers in work increased by 877,000 on the year. Unemployment rates fell for both men and women and

in almost every age group.

Total unemployment stood at 2m in spring last year. This represents a fall of 398,000, or 16.8 per cent, since spring 1988. The claimant count fell 630,000 in the same period.

The revised series for September last year showed that the employed work-force has grown by 3.4m since March

Solidarity as commodity: a hard line to sell

John Gapper reports on the first co-ordinated union recruitment campaign in Britain

ing at a bus stop on a midweek afternoon in Trafford Park, Manchester. Mrs Elma Boyce and Ms Michelle Morgan are on their way home from work as catering assistants at Procter and Gamhle's factory on the world's first industrial estate. Neither is in a union. Each is

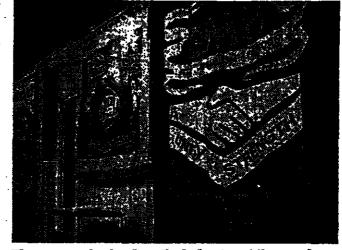
therefore a target of the first co-ordinated union recruitment paign in Britain. Although Mrs Boyce was once a union member, she cannot remember what the union was called. Nor does she think unions are for the likes of her.

"For me, it does not matter whether I join a union because I work part-time and unions are not for part-timers," says Mrs Boyce. It is not a subject Ms Morgan has considered.

The never been in one, so I can't imagine if they are good or not," she says.

Both women are in one of the hardest group of workers for unions to recruit: women part-timers working on sub-contracts. Ms Morgan is employed by a contract caterer hired by Procter and Gamble, while Ms Boyce works for a temporary staff agency.

The difficulty of recruiting such workers is one reason why the TUC picked Trafford Park. The estate has 18,200 full-time employees, compared to only 620 part-timers. Its base of chemical, heavy engineering and food processing arms. and food processing remains despite a post-war decline. The Manchester area also has a strong union tradition and the resources of full-time



The message is aimed particularly at part-time workers

full-time officers are working for three weeks on recruiting up to 5,000 workers at 75 com-

panies on a target list.

Linked to the recruitment drive is a publicity campaign, under the slogan Union Yes, intended to improve the image

As part of this campaign, Mr John Monks, TUC deputy gen-eral secretary, is addressing a meeting of 10 men and two nen in a community centre. Mr Monks is talking about the problems unions face in attracting loyalty from work-ers in companies with favoura-ble employment conditions. He recounts how workers at J. Sainsbury, the supermarket chain, told a union official that

they could see no benefit in

that they will get a good deal from unions, like they get a good bargain at Sainsbury's or The campaign is emphasising individual membership benefits such as health insurance,

as well as pay bargaining.
The Union Yes campaign is the first time that British unions have banded together to co-ordinate recruitment efforts. It draws on techniques developed by the AFL-CIO union federation in the United States, which has used co-ordi-

nated campaigns since 1961. Mr Ronnie Draper, regional organiser for the Bakers, Food and Allied Workers Union is on his way to one of the five companies allocated to the union. It is a small wholesale frozen food distributor called Country Choice Foods (Northern) about which Mr Draper knows little other than its name. He says recruiting members in a company is made much easier when the employer co-oper-

It enables him to tell the workers that they will not only qualify for benefits such as automatic sickness and injury benefit, but will have wage negotiations as well.

The hardest part is getting the agreements, not persuad-ing the workers. We still do sell it on just the benefits if an employer won't listen to us, but it makes the job that much harder," he says.

Mr Draper spends his time driving around in search of members and deals. But with Country Choice, his approach bears no immediate fruit. A director is said to be too busy to see Mr Draper. He learns that the unit is one of seven owned by Country Choice Foods Group, based in Seven-oaks, Kent, so he departs clutching an address to which

One problem in Trafford Park is the size and imperma nence of companies. Three quarters employ less than 25 people, and there is a big turnover of companies. Costly recruitment efforts may be a waste of time if a company closes. Down the road, a bus owned by the GMB general union is parked outside Mattessons Wall's. The union has been recruiting at the com-pany's Trafford Park bakery and distribution centre for two years. Stewards and officials are confident of some success. They claim that 70 per cent

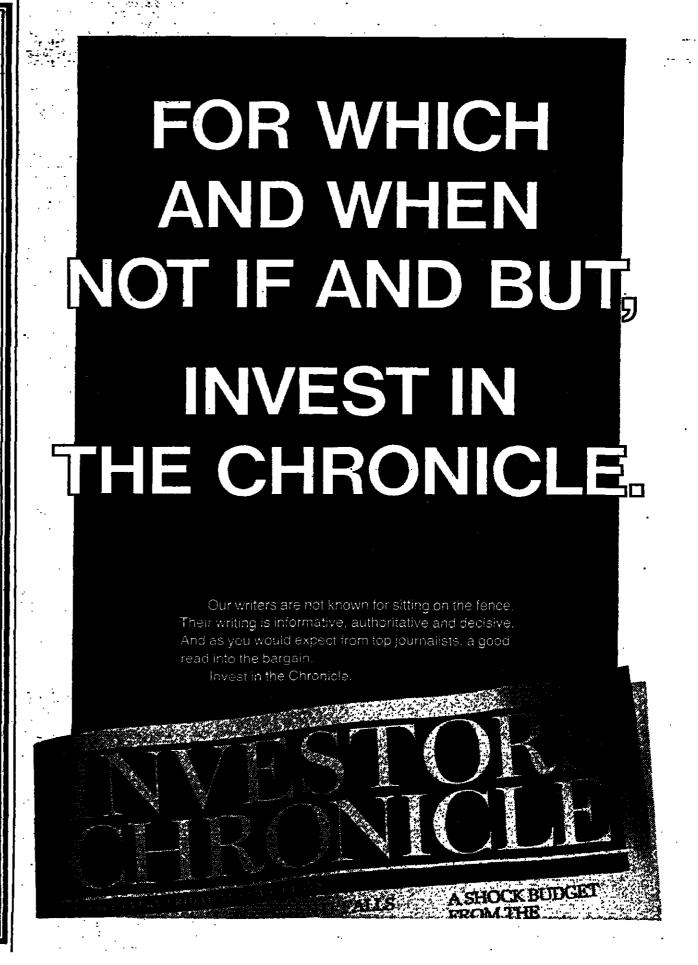


prompted in part by discontent about an employee appraisal scheme and hygiene rules. However, the company says it is not aware of any grievances on these issues. Mr Gary Jones, the union's Stretford branch secretary, says all that is left is to "mon up" workers who have not joined, including the part-timers who have been "a bit distant." Proposals have been made by the union for a ballot to confirm membership

tional in the size and strength of the recruitment drive. But the task is generally frustrat-ing; searching for small companies; talking to workers and employers and hoping they will co-operate and stay. "If we don't get anything out of them, we'll be down here with leaflets and see what that does," says Mr Draper as he drives away. He is pleased with the

gage rate rises and the intro duction of the poll tax. union officials to sustain a ees at the Langley, Berks, recruitment drive. About 200 Financia Mass Guides to Investment & Francial Planning FT Guide to Unit Trusts A Guide to Financial Times Statistics by Christine Stopp Are you getting 100% out of your daily newspaper – or only 75%? The Financial Times provides the best and most comprehensive range of financial and economic data of any British newspaper. And almost 25% of it is devoted to statistics. Why should you become a limit trus unit trust perform better than a building society account? Why unit trusts rather than shares? This guide answers these and other questions and outlines all you need to know to make an informed investment decision about unit trusts. The book provides a detailed explanation of how unit trusts work, how to choose the most appropriate trusts Designed to help you get the most out of the pink pages, A Guide to Financial Times Statistics will help both the lay reader and professional investor This new edition will help you to find the figures you need, to understand how they are arrived at, and how they should be read. Written by FT journalists who are experts in their fields, each chapter has been **Investing for Beginners** by Daniel O'Shea (4th edition) How well informed are you? Do you know a rights issue from a scrip issue? Can you distinguish a merger from an acquisition? Do you know the difference between unk trusts and extensively updated and reorganised to reflect the FT's new approach to its statistical coverage. Published June 1989 UK price £12.95 Investor's Guide to the Stockmarket implexities of the stockmarket from scratch, Investing for Beginners demystifies the basic principles of the markets in a practical and Written for everyone who knows that they ought to look after their savings more seriously, the new and stensively revised fifth edition of investor's Guide to be Stockmarket cuts through all the investor is guide to be stockmarket cuts through all the investor is guide. authorizative way, it examines a range of ies and has been revised to reflect radical changes in new to the stockmarket as well as experts. down-to-earth explanation of how the market works and how to use it for your own benefit. Published August 1988 UK price £9.50 are already managing your own portfolio, investor's uide to the Stockmarket makes essential reading. It FT Guide to Alternative will provide you with all the background information you must have to make the best possible use of your capital. <u>investments</u> by jackie Wullschäger Published November 1988 UK price £9.50 Lavishly Bustrated but definitely not a coffee table Lavishy, sustrained out, deprinting not a consectional book, it is 250 pages of hard information and highly practical advice on how to play the alternative investment market successfully. Not only does it discuss the merits of fine art, furniture and silver; it all **FT Guide to Investment Trusts** by Anthea Masey Investment trusts are one of the best kept secrets of the investment world. This guide has been written to dispel the mystique and provide the investor with clear and concise information on how to move into and maximise This is a book of the incellig I has a 2 dook of the integrate investor. The Investor who knows there is a difference between value and price. Judge from the copious graphs and charts how Socheby's Art Index has performed against the RPI. FTA All-Share index and National House prices. And benefit from a behind-the scenes knowledge of sales room technique, dealers' methods and how to spot a good concise information on now to move into and maximise the advantages of this long established sector of the investment industry. Highly illustrated with tables and graphs, the book gives a step-by-step guide to the various options available for the investor; it explains completions such as discounts and warrants, and gives guidance on how to choose and how to buy shares in an investment trust. Published April 1989 UK price £14.50 Published September 1988 UK price £8.95 **12**01-799 2274 Please return to: The Markating Department, Financial Times Business Information, 7th Floor, 50-64 Broadway, London SW I H 0DB. Tel: 01-799 2002 (Mail order address only). credit card details **FORM** ise note payment must accompany order. Prices include postage and packing. OFFICE USE Please send me copylcopies* of A Golde to Financial Times Statistics (£12.95 UK or £14-50(\$23,00 oversess) Amex Access Visu 4777 0153 Card No. 4637 0213 (69.50 UK or £12.00/\$17.00 oversess) Emply Date 4546 0293 FT Guide to Investment Trusts (£8.95 UK or £11.00/\$16.00 oversess) 4443 0298 FT Guide to Unit Trusts (£8.95 UK or £11.00/\$16.00 oversess) 4649 0258 Investing for Beginners. (£9.50 UK or £12.00/\$17.00 oversess)

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Jaws close on Mr Major

A GOVERNMENT that makes mistakes is usually a government that has run out of luck. Of the present Government's capacity to make mistakes, only the most purblind supporter can be in doubt. Its ill-luck is also increasingly obvious. Developments in the world economy suggest that Mr Major is more likely to be forced to raise interest rates than enjoy the opportunity to

lower them.
It is always difficult to distinguish between courage and foolhardiness, but the apprehension that the poll tax would fall in the latter category has been fully justified. The Government's consolation, how-ever slight, is the behaviour of those involved in the violent protests against the charge. Once more, Mr Kinnock must think that with ostensible friends like these, he needs no

enemies. He has Mr Nicholas Ridley. instead. In his naïve incorruptibility Mr Ridley reminds one of Don Quixote. Regardless of the political circumstances and the inevitable outrage, he con-cluded that no public interest is at stake if a company is bought by people condemned as liars in a report prepared for his own department. However admirable such obtuseness may be, it is more than merely

politically foolish. All this – plus howls of pain over mortgage rates and house prices, and fears of recession and inflation – Mr John Major can certainly hear. Yesterday he could even hear the demial of rumours that his neighbour had resigned. The Prime Minis-ter's position is, as everyone knows, unassailable.

Unkind fate

Nevertheless, Mr Major must wonder what unkind fate has given him so wonderful a job at so inauspicious a time. For the time is not merely inauspicious at home; it is inauspi-cious abroad. World interest rates are high and will probably get higher. In such an envi-ronment, a middle-sized industrial power offering medicare performance on inflation, increasing political risks and a need to borrow (net) an average of £1bn-L5bn a month will

age of fibr-L5tm a month will find life very difficult.

Little wonder sterling lost almost 4 pfennig against the D-Mark yesterday. At 86.6 its trade-weighted effective rate is back to the low levels of the end of last year, 4 per cent below the level just before Mr Lawson's resignation and 12 per cent below its high point at the end of 1988.

Action (or rather inaction) speaks louder than words, as Mr Lawson used to say. Mr Major has made it clear that he has no desire to see interest

rates any higher. Unfortu-nately, he may have no choice, unless he wishes even the figleaf of counter-inflationary pol-icy to fall off.

Look, first, at what is hap-pening in Germany. Even before all talk of German re-unification, the West German economy was growing rapidly and labour market pressures were correspondingly strong. True, the Bundesbank argues that core inflation is still only 2 per cent. None the less, it has felt obliged to make a number pre-emptive increases in

Crowded out

Unification increases the likelihood of higher rates of interest, both short and long term. Since the beginning of the year, interest rates on German bonds have risen by more than 1% percentage points. This increase is an essential part of a process that will reabsorb the West German current account surplus at home. Borrowers abroad will be crowded out of the market for surplus German savings, with profligate Britons among the first to feel the pinch.

This is only a part of the story. Inflationary presures are a worldwide concern. The pub-lic argument between the Min-istry of Finance and the Bank of Japan may be unusual, but its outcome is reasonably clear, since the Bank of Japan is on the side of the markets.

Most Japanese indicators—
asset prices, domestic monetary aggregates and, above all, the yen—argue for higher rates of interest and that is what the markets have been what the markets have been providing. The interest rate on three month bills has risen by more than half a percentage point since the beginning of the year; on bonds it has soared by a percentage point. Here, as in West Germany, the

markets are leading the In the US the situation is less clear. The dollar has been strong and the Administration almost always wants lower rates of interest. The Federal Reserve is unlikely to oblige.

So Mr Major has only one means of escape from the jaws of global interest rate increases that are closing around him. This is the traditional Keynesian solution: a tight budget, justifying an immediate lower-ing in both interest rates and the exchange rate. Such a policy may be a temptation, but it would be a huge mistake. A tight monetary policy and firm exchange rate are what stand between the UK and a really serious inflationary upsurge.
Fiscal fidding is no substitute.
For Mr Major, the world is
inescapably unkind.

Alan Friedman reports from Los Angeles on a week of deals in Hollywood

eals are a dime a dozen in Hollywood and a deal — as every inhabitant of Tinsel Town knows — is only really "done" when it is signed, sealed and closed by the laurence

when it is signed, sealed and closed by the lawyers.

The past week, however, has been more frenzied than most for the enter-tainment industry.

Insiders have been speculating about two potentially important new deals, one in motion pictures and the other in recorded music. Only one has been announced: the latest plan by Mr Kirk-Kerkorian, the secretive billionaire, to sell his legandary MGMIIA film and

sell his legendary MGM/UA film and television studio. The MGM/UA sale proposal - for-

mally unveiled on Wednesday — fol-lows several abortive attempts to sell-the studio by Mr Kerkorian, an obses-sive dealmaker. It would see MGM/UA going to Mr Glancarlo Parretti, a little-known financier from Orvieto in central Italy. Last year he bought Cannon Pictures and renamed it Pathé, after the French studio he controls. Now he has agreed to make a cash tender offer for MGM/UA stock, 82 per cent of which is controlled by

Mr Kerkorian.

The purchase of MGM/UA, with its lion logo and a 1,000-title UA library that includes the James Bond, Pink Panther and Rocky series, would be quite a coup for Mr Parretti. He has received a cool reception in Hollywood, in spite of running the mandatory Rolls and living in a Beverly Hills mansion stuffed with Caravaggios, Picassos and Modigilanis.

Mr Parretti has met with much

Mr Parretti has met with much scepticism about his financial strength, partly because he has a record of announcing deals that have since fallen through. He insists, however, that he will raise the cash needed to pay a \$1.26bn acquisition price and take on MGM's debt burden of \$393m of debentures, plus non-interest bearing debts to suppliers esti-mated at a further \$200m. He brushes saide talk of his past legal battles in Europe — auditing and foreign exchange cases relating to small com-panies he was involved with — stress-ing that he has been acquitted of all

the charges brought against him.

Hollywood is filled with talk of another possible deal. There are negotiations well under way that could see Thorn EMI of Britain acquiring the

Investment bankers have no difficulty finding a rationale for high priced combinations in the entertainment business

Geffen Group, a 10-year-old record label with a string of hits from pop groups such as Guns n' Roses, Aeros-mith, Cher and Edie Brickell and the

Yesterday, these talks were still continuing, although there were rumours that Mr David Geffen might instead abandon them at the last minute, to renew his distribution deal with Time Warner's WEA.
In Hollywood, the tendency is to

dwell on the particulars – and personalities – of each prospective take-over deal without a great deal of attention to industry-wide trends. But Mr Parretti's agreement to buy MGM/ UA – whether it is eventually closed or not - fits into the pattern of consolidation and mergers already under way in the entertainment sector. The same is true of the potential acquisi-tion of the Geffen label by Thorn EMI. both the MGM/UA and Geffen instances, the prospective buyer is not American. Only a few months after Sony's \$3.4bn purchase of Col-umbia Pictures — "a piece of America's soul," as Newsweek put it - it would appear that yet more foreign

Frenzy in Tinsel Town



purchases are being planned Two main issues are raised by the recent and prospective deals.

• Can the fancy prices being talked about be justified by the prospective return? That question springs immediately to mind when considering Mr Parretti's tender of \$20 a share for MGM/UA, in a week that saw the studio's stock begin trading at a price some \$6 less than that. Similarly the price being rumoured for Geffen, some \$700m, is equal to more than three times this private company's annual recorded music revenues. • What does the parade of foreign buyers signify; and is it causing resentment in the US?

The answers are linked. Investment bankers have no difficulty finding a rationale for high priced combinations in the entertainment business. They argue that higher profits can be achieved by a company that links the production and distribution sides of production and distribution sides of the business, and undertakes longer term strategic planning.

The message, having already made converts in US financial markets, is

now being exported. This week, for example, it was being discussed in Tokyo in a packed presentation given by New York investment bankers Wertheim Schroeder.

chairman of Wertheim Schroeder, told a Japanese financial audience that the American entertainment business is unique in that it is a "sunk-cost" business, meaning that the cost of producing a film is a one-time charge which now averages about \$23m per major

feature film. Thus, it costs no more in production terms for 10m people to see that film than it does for 2m peo-ple to see it. This, in turn, means that ple to see it. This, in turn, means that if a company can exercise some control over its end markets, the channels of marketing and distribution—be they cinema chains, home video or television rights—it can influence the amount of final revenues, and profits, that the company takes in from that film. from that film.

As Mr Jeffrey Logsdon of the Los Angeles investment firm Crowell, Weedon, puts it, "Owning end-point distribution is to the advantage of

every entertainment company."

This rationale lies behind the big media mergers of the past few years.

As a result, the Warner Brothers stu-As a result, the Warner Brothers suddio now supplies cable television systems owned by its Time Warner parent; and Mr Rupert Murdoch's Twentieth Century Fox, another major Hollywood studio, provides "product" for Mr Mardock's television-

Further evidence of the yearning for integration comes from Sony's strategic thinking. As a consume electronics company, Sony is a hard-ware producer. Owning Columbia Pictures is one way for it to obtain "soft-ware," in the form of motion pictures. And this may well help Sony to increase the long-term market share of its hardware.

The prospect of Thorn EMI buying the Geffen record label also has to do with the nexus between product, distribution and market share. Last year, the UK company's US distribution business - CEMA - had 9 per cent of the North American record mark Geffen, which is now distributed by Time Warner's WEA subsidiary, would bring it another 8 per cent of the market and allow it to leap from fifth to second or third place.

firth to second or third place.

For the same reasons Thorn EMI last year spent \$375m buying the SBK music publishing business and 50 per cent of Chrysalis Records. Similarly, Polygram, the record distributor owned by Philips of the Netherlands, paid \$300m last summer for Island Records in the US, and more recently spent \$500m for A&M Records.

As the music examples show, the

As the music examples show, the answer to the second question - why foreigners are hidding for Hollywood studies and record labels — is partly provided by the desire to forge stronger links between production and dis-

Mr Parretti, for example, owns 1,000 cinemas in five European countries through his Pathé Communications. He says that by seeking to buy MGM/
UA. he wants to build a "bridgebetween the US and European entertainment markets." Indeed, Mr Parretti may seek to finance a big part of
his MGM/UA acquisition cost by signing a distribution deal with Warner
Brothers, which is keen to get its
bands on rights to the UA library or ds on rights to the UA library, or by selling distribution rights piecemeal to European and Japanese television companies.

A second reason for the wave of

foreign puchases is that the overseas appetite for Hollywood's output is building. Mr Freddie Pields, a veteran

Hollywood producer whose newest film Glory has been nominabel for five Academy Awards, puts it more simply. European distributors, he says, be they cinema chains or taken sion stations, "need enough US product to fulfil demand."

Some 38 per cent of Hollywood movie revenues now come from outside the US; on some films Europe alone accounts for as much as half of

alone accounts for as much as half of

gross receipts.

Hollywood's own bosses are increase ingly turning their sights abroad They are beginning to contemplate plans for joint ventures, co-productions, distribution deals and whatever else they can cobble together outside

else they can cooper together outside the US market, and especially in west-ern Europe and Japan.

The hunger for foreign ventures extends as far as eastern Europe. Mr Steve Ross, co-chairman of Time Warner, the parent of Warner Brothers announced on Tuesday Warner, the parent of warner Brothers, announced on Tussday a \$28m joint venture with the Soviet film industry. The plan is to build US-style giant cinema complexes in Moscow and Leningrad, complete with stereo sound, air conditioning.

video game rooms and popcorn.

There will, of course, always be foreigners who are simply conned into paying premium prices for companies whose bones have already been picked over by US operators. But if foreign distribution lives up to its promise then some of the fancy prices may yet be vindicated.

The issue of resentment at a foreign "investor" is far more emotive. A

"invasion" is far more emotive. A straw poll in Hollywood this week suggests that fear of the Japanese, for example, plays better among ordinary people — and in Washington — than at the top of the Hollywood power

"The movie business," observes Mr Barry Diller, a veteran Hollywood studio boss who heads Rupert Murdoch's Twentieth Century Fox, "is becoming chanvinistic in its middle age. The issue of corporate ownership is irrelevant. What is important is the energy, character and entrepreneurship of the individuals who run the studio. The rest is noise."

Mr Fields, whose films include American Gigolo and Looking for Mr Goodbar, pauses to take a call at his table in the Polo Lounge before pronouncing on foreign ownership of "The movie business," observes Mr

Hollywood's own bosses are beginning to consider co-productions and other deals outside the US market

Hollywood studios. Then, pushing away the telephone and peering through his Gucci sunglasses, he replies that he is not troubled in the

least:

"Look, Sony isn't going to orientalise the movies at Columbia any more than Parrettl is going to Italianise them. This is business and the infusion of new money is exciting. I don't feel any resentment and I don't think many people here do."

Crowell, Weedon's Mr Logsdon says: "Nobody in this town cares. This industry has always been on the peripheral side of the legitimate, not a strategic US sector. It's a capital-intensive business so if somebody else wants to put up money, more power wants to put up money, more power to them. Wall Street isn't going to come up with more capital, nor are the banks. We're running out of big US sources of funds. Besides, they (the foreigners) will never be able to control this town." The more senior Hollywood executives appear to share this insouciance. Mr Fields shrugs once more and delivers the summary: "This is a business that needs lots of financing and that's the bottom line. As for the rest, who cares?"

MEN IN THE NEWS

Michael Cole and Paul Spicer

The first line of attack and defence

By Andrew Hill



n the history of corporate warfare, few people have been as prominent in battle and as well-provided with ammunition — from press releases and pamphiets to paperbacks and newspapers — as Paul Spicer of Lonrho and House of Fraser's Michael Cole, As front-men in the acrimonious battle waged over owner-ship of the department store chain they can claim a rank and importance most press spokesmen would envy: both men are directors of their com-

A glance at the press cuttings is enough to gauge the significance of their roles. At events like this week's publication of the damning Department of Trade and Industry report on the Fayed brothers' ownership of the House of Fraser they are frequently the surrogates of their well-known bosses. Omnipresent when Mr Roland "Tiny" Rowland and Mr Mohamed Fayed are absent, they are eloquent when their leaders are silent.

Paul Spicer is the more experienced of the two. He says he

acts a spokesman merely as a sideline, and has "responsibili-ties for businesses all over the world." By contrast, he says, Michael Cole is simply a *porte*-

In public, Mr Spicer often defers, as this week, to that consummate practitioner of polished PR, Sir Edward du Cann. the Lonrho chairman. But behind the scenes he and his colleagues are tireless. An Old Etonian and keen

fox-hunter, now 62, Mr Spicer joined Lourho in 1970 after 21 years at Shell, and moved up to the directors' table in the aftermath of boardroom strife ate in the middle of that

By turns abrasive and charming, he is one of a group of Lonrho directors who step forward as spokesmen. Accountant Terry Robinson has been the other director in the forefront of the House of Fraser affair. He and Mr Spicer acted as the alternates for Mr Rowland and Lord Duncan-Sandys (Sir Edward's predeces-sor as Lonrho chairman) when they sat on the board of House

of Fraser before 1984. Fiercely protective and loyal to Mr Rowland, Mr Spicer's ability as commander of the first line of defence against probing press inquiries has never been in doubt, although it has often irritated reporters.

As one former Lourho man says: "Tiny likes to be secre-tive; he uses Spicer as a kind of wall behind which nobody can get. But I don't think Spicer is regarded as a heavyweight director on policy." Others say he is shrewd. Mr Spicer himself is modest: "I'm

not in the limelight — all I've done is a job," he says, "and I always ask other people to take a hand." Michael Cole joined House of Fraser as media director in October 1988. He is best-known, to his great regret, for resign-ing as the RBC's court corre-

spondent two years ago after a newspaper story based on Mr Cole's private comments about the contents of the Queen's 1987 Christmas speech. But the court correspondent role, the slightly effete manner (former colleagues say even as a young journalist he had a tendency to address everyone as "dear boy"), the bouldant auburn hair and well-cut suits, all belie the facts of Michael Cole's 20-year television career

and his upbringing - by contrast with Mr Spicer - as the son of a cockney taxi-driver. His time at the BBC was peppered with some particularly gritty foreign assignments in more than 100 countries. He came under fire in the Middle East and was beaten up in Northern Ireland, and won two Television Society

This week has seen Mr Cole back in the front-line. At Wednesday's Harrods press conference, the journalists expecting to grill Mr Mohamed Fayed on the DTI report got Michael Cole instead, reading his own script to camera as in the good old days. Unlike Mr Spicer, the former BBC man clearly nurses a readdnal yearning for the limelight.
There's a man who knows

his sound-hites", remarked one TV professional when the 10and clip duly appeared on Wednesday's evening news. Mr Cole does not seem sensi-tive to accusations that by leaving the BBC nine months

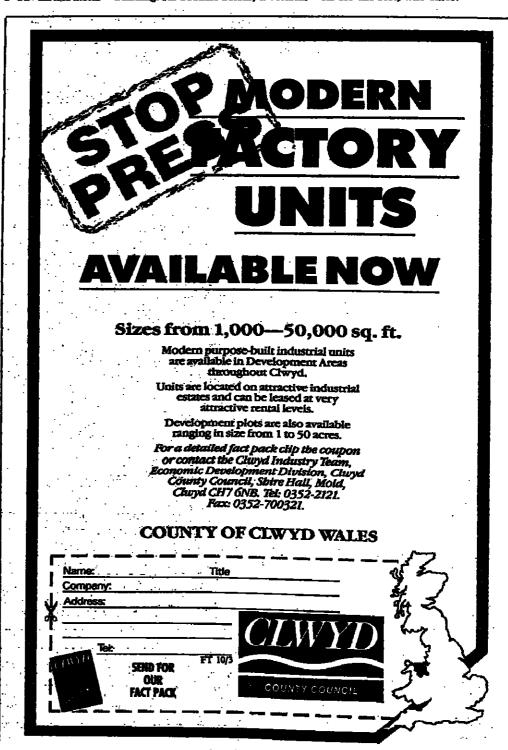
after his resignation as court correspondent and becoming PR to the court of the Fayeds he "sold out." As if to counter the charge, he points out that the litigious Fayeds have issued no writs against journalists since he joined House of Fraser: Mr Cole prefers to talk to his friends and acquaintances on the other side of the PR fence.

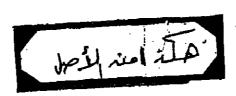
Former colleagues say he enjoys the good life and that this may have been one reason why he eventually accepted the House of Fraser job, having turned it down twice during his last months at the BBC. Now 47, perhaps he wanted to spend more time with his wife



the cause is the mark of a good company spokesman then neither Mr Cole nor Mr Spicer can be faulted. As the latter puts it. "I was born again when I joined Lonrho. Shell was a wonderful place for learning about management but I con about management, but Lonrho taught me about business." On the other side, Mr Cole is ssionate in his defence of the Fayeds, accused by the DTI inspectors this week of telling ated lies in the build-up to the House of Fraser takeover.
Mr Cole says he decided against Lourho well before joining the group's arch-rivals. He came across the international conglomerate in Africa and while he was covering the early stages of the House of Fraser takeover as the BBC's Scotland correspondent seven vears ago. The continuing dispute with

Lonrho now takes up no more than 5 per cent of his time, says Mr Cole. There is no doubt about his allegiance: the Fayeds are "men of tremendous vision, genius and





David Marsh and David Goodhart answer questions on the timing and nature of reunification

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nomic realities. Within the two Germanys, uncer-

tainties about the new order are compounded by a welter of fact, dis-tortion and manipulation accompanying election campaigns in both states. To help you through the mase, here are answers to some of the most important questions.

When will unity take place?

D-Mark as the East German cur-rency — will come sconer, but the date and conditions will depend on complex negotiations between Bonn and East Berlin after the March 18 East German election.

Who has to agree to it?

Not just the German people.
Legally, the four victor powers of the Second World War - the US, Soviet Union, Britain and France still hold the key. The two German states will also be sitting down at the negotiating table.

The first formal talks of the "2

plus 4 group" take place on March 14 in Bonn. But German unification cannot be agreed without a formula which maintains the European security interests of both Washing-ton and Moscow.

A "2 plus 4" agreement will be put to a meeting at the end of the year of the 35 signatory states of the Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe. This could

Where will be the capital?

Eventually, Berlin. For an interim period, a half-way house solution is possible, with Bonn and Berlin sharing functions, but this is not tenable long-term. Bonn however benefits from the advantage of having been capital of a democratic Germany for 40 years – three times longer than Berlin was during the 14-year Weimar Republic which ended in 1983.

Will Germany have a new constitu-

A united German constitution will be modelled clearly on West Germany's provisional constitution – the 1949 Basic Law. A strong body of opinion favours a new con-stitution to be worked out by both states as a sign that East Germany is not being "annexed" unilaterally.
A lot depends on whether the

erman unity is a goal long champloned by the Germans produce a stable government. Roughly 40 parties will be participated in given a proportional representation election system. If a political and economic realities.

March 18 East German elections produce a stable government. Roughly 40 parties will be participating with a proportional representation election system. If a political vacuum arises there may be a move for Rast Germany to accede directly to the Federal Republic, which would avoid the need for a new constitution.

Will Germany be the dominant yes. The Soviet Union will

remain the main military power. But - assuming Europe remains at peace - in terms of economics, technology and even culture, Germany's influence will be stronger. There will not be a "Fourth Reich." In 1970, West Germany accounted In binding form, probably in 1991 for 28.4 per cent of European Community gross nationals product thought possible by Chancellor Helichard on the present 12 members) mut Kohl's closest advisers at the in 1989, the figure was 24.7 per cent. Adding East Germany and the two states' economic, social GNP about one eighth of the Fedsecurity and legal systems are real Republic's) will bring the Germany transparence.

> What will unity cost? Net costs for West Germany are most reliably estimated at between DM 20bn (27.1bn) and DM 30bn a year initially, but falling quickly to less than DM 10bn. The gross burden on public spending is estimated at anything between DM 100km and DM 800bn over the next 10 years, with the highest estimates coming from outside Germany.
>
> The Government will support

the Government will support
East Germany in three main areas:
infrastructure, pensions and unemployment benefit. Dresdner Bank
estimates that unemployment in
East Germany will quickly rise to
20 per cent, costing DMI5on a year
in henefit

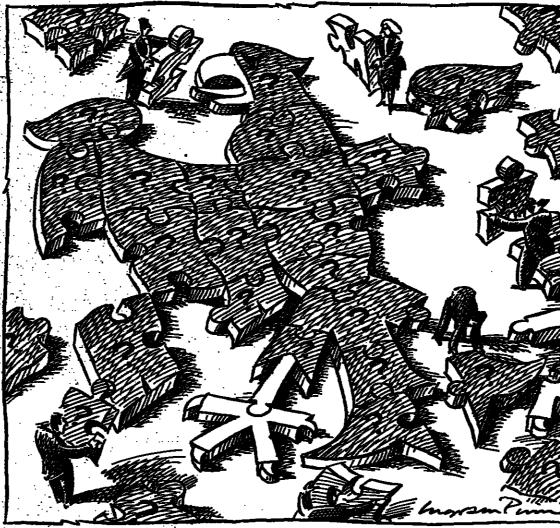
This is rejected as too pessimistic by the Bonn Labour Ministry. The Ministry wants to raise pensions and unemployment benefit to about 70 per cent of East German income levels, so total costs will be dependent on what happens to wages -which are likely to remain well below West German leve There will be offsetting savings; the Bonn Finance Ministry calcu-

lates the cost of division at DM40bn

Will inflation and interest rates in Europe be higher because of Ger-Yes. The uncertainties have

already pushed up West German bond yields by more than a percent-age point this year. This reflects worries that economic reunification will boost inflation, and also about competition to raise funds on the capital markets. Although some of these fears may be exaggerated, the D-Mark, Europe's pivotal currency now carries a risk premium. In other countries, this has already led to upward pressure on interest rates. These may therefore over the medium term be 1 or 2 percentage

Puzzling out a single Germany



points higher than if Germany had remained partitioned.

What will be the D-Mark conversion rate? The basic formula will be one
D-Mark per East German mark,
compared with the unofficial
exchange rate of about 5 or 6 to 1 —
but there will be a hidden catch in the details. East German money supply is about 16 per cent of West Germany's, so full conversion of 160bn East German marks of East German savings deposits would have a clear inflationary impact. The Bundesbank is likely to allow initially only limited amounts of

savings to be exchanged, so the overall conversion rate will be a lot

less generous.

Bringing in the D-Mark will also provide a powerful stimulus for East German companies to improve productivity. If they pay D-Mark wages but keep working practices and machinery unchanged, their products will be priced out of business and they will obtain the product of the products will be priced out of business and they will obtain the product of the priced out of business and they will order to be producted to the priced out of th ness, and they will quickly fall vic-tim to competition from much more efficient West German companies.

Will there be equal partnership between East and West Germany? No. West Germany, with a net foreign credit position of DM500bn,

has the capacity potentially to finance an East German economic miracle. But the likelihood that unemployment, rents, prices and social disruption will all increase in East Germany will make mification increasingly unpopular. The daily 2,000-odd East German émigrés still fleeing to the West are now no longer trying to flee dictatorship; they are seeking to avoid the sweat of five to 10 years work to catch up with West German living standards.

Will other BC countries have to carry some of the costs of unity?
Yes. Mr Martin Bangemann, the vice president of the Commission

of the cost of unity will be carried by the EC mainly through new sub-sidies and regional aid to East Germany. But East Germany already has a GNP per head higher than Greece, Ireland, Spain and Portugal, so the cash demand will not be enormous. One German official has estimated that while East Germany is being integrated Germany as a whole will cease being a net contributor to the EC (currently about DM 12bn per year) and instead its payments and receipts will balance.

Will Germany demand more power in the EC?

Probably not, at least initially. Mr Bangemann says that Germany will not "flex its muscles" in the EC institutions and will not ask for another Commissioner, more votes in the Council of Ministers, or even more seats in the European Parlia-ment. But unobtrusively German influence will increase.

What will happen to Poland? Poland's post-war western boundary (established by annexation in 1945) is likely to be recognised in terms of international law by a joint

German government.

How will Germany change?
Population will be around 78.5m
(62.5m from West Germany, 16m
East Germans). Initially, the left
will probably profit, because of traditional Social Democrat leanings of much of the East German population. This is worrying Mr Kohl and his Christian Democrat party. Although the Chancellor is straining to turn the collapse of East Germany to his benefit, the result, conceivably, could be that the Chancellor of a united Germany will be maverick Mr Oskar Lafon-taine, the Social Democrat candidate in the December West German

elections.
Protestant influence will increase. A total of 39 per cent of East Germans are nominally members of the Protestant Church, against 6 per cent who are Catholics. (In the Federal Republic, Protestants and Catholics) olics each represent slightly more than 40 per cant of the population). Because of the difficulty of welding together two states with strong human common ground but large economic disparities, a united Germany will be a more polarised, disharmonious, and unstable place than the Federal Republic – but, possibly, more interesting.

Is reunification popular? East Germans mostly seem to want it - but are anxious about the consequences. There are similar feelings in the Federal Republic. According to the latest opinion poll, published on Thursday in the weekly Die Zeit, 69 per cent of West. Germans are for reunification and only 11 per cent against - a breakdown which has remained roughly

and the most senior German in constant for several years. A signifi-Brussels, estimates that 20 per cent cantly higher number of younger people have reservations, with 17 per cent of 16 to 29 year olds saying they oppose it. In view of speculation about Bonn needing to raise taxes to pay for unity, 51 per cent said their readiness for sacrifices was very limited. Only 24 per cent said they would be willing to shoulder considerable burdens to achieve

Will a united Germany sweep all the Olympic Medals?

That depends on the Russians. East German performers won 37 golds in Seoul in 1988, second behind the Soviet Union with 55. (West Germany came fifth with 11; the combined EC won 34). With financial rewards, privileges and hormones for East German sports stars likely to be phased out, they will become less high-flying. A fur-ther consolation: East Germany is not very good at football.

What about Nato and the Warsaw

A united Germany is highly likely be a member of Nato. But Nato will have to become a more political institution (fewer soldiers, missiles and tanks). In 10 years time, Nato may disappear altogether, the Warsaw Pact, probably, a lot sooner. Special status will be worked out for East Germany. Complete demili-tarisation is unlikely, as both the Soviet Union and the US want to keep some troops in Germany. At present, there are 14m soldiers and air force personnel (the two German armies, plus allies) on German soil

twice the armed force density of 1938. This figure will fall drastically in the next decade — but the foreign armies will remain, at least for several years, after unification.

Will unity encourage further dis-memberment of the Soviet empire? Self-determination could encourage further nationalist secession from the Soviet Union. Mikhail Gorbachev - who in October 1988 said that "any attempt to erase the bor-der between the two German states would be unacceptable, if not cata-strophic" — is desperately hoping that the possible economic gains a united Germany may bring for Moscow will outweigh the disadvan-

Will the Germans now forget about

No, but if the Führer's monument the division of Germany — disappears, his memory may be less ubiquitous. In East German schools, reunification may actually encourage greater emphasis on teaching Third Reich history, as pupils will have to learn that not all East German street in the metatance. mans were in the resistance.

Noch nicht obligatorisch ... a-

which are the second of the se

Britain's skill shortages: the need for better pay and training

From Mr John Lyons. Sir, James Murphy (Letters, March 3) says educational stan-dards are rising and have done for the last 15 years. He may be right, but the problem facing British industry is not low standards — a British degree remains highly regarded inter-nationally — but of crippling shortages in the supply of young people with technical

and engineering qualifications. My own association has recently published a study of engineering skill shortages (An Engineering Vacuum: How a shortage of engineers and tech-nicians is crippling British industry) which documents the serious effects of the shortage of professional engineers on

manufacturing industry. In February 1989 the Engi-

Speedier share settlement

From Mr Matthew N. Orr. Sir. We are all well aware of the procrastination that has taken place over the specifica-tions and timetable for the introduction of Taurus. Following the excellent pre-cedent set by Abbey National

and the various water authori-ties, should not all companies seek permission to print a Tal-isman transfer deed on the reverse of all share certificates? The effect should be pronounced in terms of cost savings to brokers and would make settling on the correct date more achievable. Matthew N. Ott.

Kilkik & Co., 45 Cadogan Street, SW3 developing new products or raising output to meet increased demand. The most critical shortage identified was of professional engineers.

Moreover, at a time when. demand for engineers is rising, the number of applicants for engineering courses at univer-sities and polytechnics is falling. Indeed, the number of applicants for engineering and technology courses fell by more than 30 per cent between 1982 and 1988. During the same period applicants for other university courses remained relatively stable. By 1988 applicants for engineering courses had fallen to only 9 per cent of

educational system a scapegoat for these problems. They reflect a complex interaction of

many factors - not least the anti-manufacturing tradition in our culture. My association has always been convinced, howeyer, that until enginee properly rewarded with good career prospects, as they are in many competitor countries, the problem will remain unsolved.
John Lyons,
General Secretary,
Engineers' and Managers'
Association,

Station House

estimated that some 5,000 engineering firms were experiencing shortages of skilled staff which prevented them from developing new products or raising output to meet cans. Our output of qualified professional engineers is now Sir, Lisa Wood ("Taking only two thirds that of the US or West Germany, and only school-leaver," March 2) says the idea of giving credits to school-leavers for vocational

school-leavers for vocational training was: "first suggested by the CBI last year" - implying the CBI conceived the idea. In 1977 the Wales TUC, where I was general secretary at the time, published a paper, Into Work. This proposed giving six "into work" credits to all school-leavers. We envisced that each englit would be aged that each credit would be used for a six-month module of education and vocational trainng. School-leavers would be free to choose whether to sam-ple a range of industries and services, or to concentrate their credits in one particular

company or sector. We also suggested that such

extended to allow school-leavers to use some of their credits to gain modular training and work experience in other Euro-pean Community countries. What a pity this particular

aspect was not seized upon British industry would have had a flow of vonnesters with language skills and European work experience. Let us hope the present debate and the CBI's belated conversion to the cause of proper training for our young people is more successful in revitalising our sadly depleted training efforts. George Wright, Regional Secretary for Wales, Transport & General Workers'

Transport House, 1 Cathedral Road,

Why Canadians say their forest is forever

From Mr Donald S. Macdonald. Sir, Robert Taylor and his Swedish forest industry sources are barking up the wrong trees. He is wrong to suggest ("Sweden tends its man-made forests," March 7) that only Sweden and Finland practise responsible forest management by planting more trees than they cut down.

Canada is at the forefront of forestry management and con-servation to ensure that our forests will provide an expanding resource for the benefit of future generations. Since the article appeared, contacts in the Swedish industry have told us they regret its references to Canada: In 1988 over 800m seedlings

This figure will soon be 1bn

annually. Both figures are far in excess of the number of

Canadian forests are managed on the principle of sustained yield so that the annual harvest does not exceed the annual growth of wood fibre. British Columbia, home of Canada's biggest forest industry, stands out; 200m trees were planted there last year, at a rate of more than seven a second, and only 80m harvested. The annual harvest from publicly owned lands in British Columbia is 75m cubic metres - less than 1 per cent of the province's total timber inventory of 9,000m cubic metres. This rate compares were planted across Canada. Iavourably with that of other

producing countries.
In addition, the Canadian forestry industry is committed to high quality as well as quantity. The pursuit of the superior tree continues in industry and government laboratories, nurseries and sample plots across the country where advanced technologies are applied to developing trees that are faster growing, more resistant to insect infestation and disease, and yield better quality fibre.

Canada respects the value of prudent conservation to ensure its natural riches. The forest, as Canadians say, is forever. Donald S. Macdonald. Canadian High Commissioner, Macdonald Hos 1 Grosoenor Square, W1

A matter of background

From Mr Michael Goldm Sir, The reason why so few alcoholic American writers litany of literary binges," Weekend FT March 8) is surely not that Jewish writers would have encountered wine in the home, but that their home background would simply have been inimical to excessive drinking.
The antipathy of Jews of

eastern European origin, that is most American Jews, to heavy drinking probably derives from the age-old association of pogroms with drunken Michael Goldman

1 Lyndale Close, SE3

The financing of local government: taxation and safeguards for independence

Sir, Joe Rogaly is right to say that the Labour Party is evolving a better proposal for local government finance than the poll tax (Revenge of the local councillors, February 28), but one wonders whether the imposition of a national policy on taxation for local government is in accord with the argument he puts forward for greater local autonomy.

Surely the central argument, for a greater degree of autonomy for local authorities is that they are more responsive to their local communities. Each community will have its

Local authorities should have the opportunity to take these into account when determining how to raise revenue. They should be given the power to levy such local taxes as best suit their localities.

It will be argued that irre-

sponsible local authorities will penalise retail and other businesses and make them uncom-petitive. But councils are subject to a series of disciplines: First, they are accountable to local electorates who have an interest in direct local taxes for their own sake and in indirect taxes because of their effect on employment and

• Second, there is the self-interest of securing a buoyant tax base. Local authorities will not kill the goose that lays the online egg.

Third, local authorities will with each

be in competition with each

other to secure investment and to attract population, It does, however, have to be recognised that a degree of core funding by central govern-Where local anthorities provide services on behalf of cen-tral government, they must be reimbursed for such services. Where local authorities want to enhance or provide different services, they should pay by

levying local taxes. Constitutional safeguards

are needed to preserve the independence of local authorities. A first step might be for the British Government to endorse the United Nations Universal Declaration on Local Self-Government and to introduce its concepts in British

Consideration should also be given to safeguarding local government by political repre-sentation at the centre. In France and Germany, local authorities form the electoral colleges for membership of the second chambers of their par-

Britain might stabilise the central-local relationship. Rather than reacting to the

poll tax by handing down from high its own solution to local government finance, the Labour Party's leadership should commit itself to a thorough examination of the constitutional and fiscal relationship between central and local government. Only then will it be able to say that it has an alternative policy on local government rather than a new way of controlling local gov-

Derek Antrobus, 191 Manchester Road,

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UK COMPANY NEWS

When the cocoa market collapsed diversification failed to deliver

Andrew Gowers looks at the colourful career of Ephraim Margulies, the former chairman who stamped his mark on S&W Berisford

SEVERAL YEARS ago, Mr Ephraim Margulies was addressing a meeting of brokers' analysts about the results of his company, then called S&W Beris-

After his distinctly perfunctory presentation, one of those present asked him to comment on the turbulent state of the cocoa market, one of the mainstays of Berisford International's trading operations. With a frown, he turned to the burbles applications with a frown, he turned to the papless analyst and barked: "Mind your

own business. Next question?"

That exchange typefied the business style of the man who stunned the City yesterday by resigning as chairman of Berisford International. For the best part of two decades, the name of Mr Margulies

or "Marg" as he is known to friend and
foe alike has been synonymous with

that of Berisford.

He was at the helm during the company's roller-coaster ride in the buoyant mmodity markets of the 1970s. He presided over its subsequent misadventures into other businesses in the name of diversification. Through it all, he has stamped the company with his own highly personal many would say autocratic - management methods. It is therefore scarcely surprising that, as criticism of the company has mounted, the fire has been directed at Mr Marguliea.

Yesterday's resignation may have come suddenly, but it was the culmination of a string of disasters stretching back to the early 1980s, including ill-considered industrial investments, collapses in the com-modity markets and dealings on the mur-kier side of the City of London. Mr Margulies's story is a cautionary tale of the pitfalls that can face a trader who seeks to broaden his horizons without changing his style.

Trading was always what Mr Margulies did best. The son of poor Jewish immi-grants from Poland, he started trading in groceries while still at school in London's

East End. In the 1960s he developed a reputation as a cocoa dealer, building up his company, JH Rayner (Mincing Lane) from humble origins until it was absorbed at the end of the decade by S&W Berisford, until then a sleepy food and sugar mer-

A squat, normally soft-spoken man with a fierce temper, he was never happier than when sitting in front of a battery of computer screens, pressing a telephone to each ear, and shouting instructions into a squawk box. In the 1970s - boom time in commodities - his skill at second-guessing the fickle international cocoa market became as legendary as Berisford's earn-ings were impressive. On the back of com-pound annual profit growth of 35 per cent, Mr Margulies built a sprawling collection of small and medium-sized trading compa-nies, at one point numbering well over 200. But it was when the commodity markets ran out of steam in the early 1980s that the seeds of Berisford's and Mr Margulies's

troubles were sown. Looking for new sources of profits, the company ventured abroad and into industry. Since then, the news has scarcely been anything other than bad. The disasters include:

• Ill-timed investment in a US steel trading company, Erlanger Tuhular Works, resulting in hefty trading losses in 1962-83 and subsequent inventory write-downs.

• An unanticipated escalation in the cost of Benisford's purchase of British Sugar Corporation, which was delayed by a Monopolies and Mergers Commission

Monopoles and Mergers Commission
Inquiry; and subsequent misjudgement of
the UK sugar market.

The collapse of the world tin market in
1985 following the International Tin Council's default. Rayner, still part of Mr Margulies's empire, was left heavily exposed.

Problem investments in the IIS and Problem investments in the US, nota-bly a failed jewellery business in New York.

The Guinness affair. The current trial at Southwark Crown Court has been told

that Mr Margulies was paid millions of pounds by Guinness in exchange for his support during Guinness's takeover bid for Distillers, although Mr Margulies himself is not among those charged. Mr Margulies's handling of the Guinness

allegations is typical of the man. He has simply kept his own counsel. It was ever thus in his dealings with the City. During the first half of the 1980s, Berisford's accounts were notorious for

their opacity.

Mr Margulies, an intensely private individual, was canable of considerable per-sonal warmth – greeting visitors to his dingy office with an arm around the shoulder. He has spent much of his fortune on unpublicised charitable activities in the Jewish community and on donations to

But he reacted to any hint of criticism with fearsome sensitivity. He would not, say those who have been close to him, brook challenges to his authority, and tended to surround himself with a coterie of yes-men and cronies. Members of the inner core of Berisford directors have long been richly rewarded for their loyalty with an extremely generous profit sharing

The company's management was a logi-cal extension of this prickly personality. As a former colleague of Mr Margulies said: "The question arose of how to manage such a diversity of profit centres. Berisford failed to develop a proper management structure."

"Marg" was never comfortable with City scrutiny and used to cherish the idea of taking his commodity trading businesses private again. Now, with British Sugar on its own worth more than the sum of the Berisford group, he has been finally over-taken by events. Even if the company retains a modicum of independence it will never be the same without this colourful if anachronistic figure at the helm.

B&C sells **Gartmore** to Indosuez

By David Owen in London and George Graham in

BANQUE INDOSUEZ, the ninth largest French bank, yesterday moved purposefully into the UK fund management sector by buying Gartmore Investment Management from British & Commonwealth Holdings for £154.8m in cash. The deal ties in with the

bank's designation of asset management and consultancy services as a "priority growth area" and will serve to reduce B&C's heavy debt. "This deal is incredibly important to B&C", said Mr John Gunn, chairman. "This is a major, major transaction."

The sale, which lifts to some

2300m the amount raised by the group since November, should enable it to realise interest savings of more than

The effect on the balance sheet, furthermore, should be enhanced considerably by the fact that the book value of Gartmore, which ranks 11th among UK pension managers and is the 13th largest unit trust group, is around £20m.
The swing on the balance sheet will approximate to \$260m", according to one indi-vidual close to the deal.

B&C will remain in invest-

ment management through US-based Oppenheimer Man-agement and Stock Group in the UK. We are still majoring in fund management", said Mr Gunn. "We are now free to develop Oppenheimer on an international basis."

Mr Gunn described Gart-more as a "very good" com-pany that could best be devel-oped with the help of the sort of distribution network that

ndosuez could provide.
Included in the transaction is B&C's 37.9 per cent holding in London & Strathclyde Trust, for which an estimated £14.8m of the overall price is earmarked. The precise figure will correspond with 95 per cent of the net asset value of B&C's stake seven days prior to closing, which is expected to take place within a month. Of the £140m paid for Gartmore, £12.3m will go to the company's management hav-ing subscribed £4.2m upon the

full exercise of Gartmore options in their possession. Mr Bernard Simon-Barboux, Indosuez deputy managing director, said that the acquisition would reinforce his group's presence in London, where it had been seeking to expand. Last year, the bank was the unsuccessful suitor for

Morgan Grenfell, the mer-chant bank which was finally taken over by Deutsche Bank. Mr Simon-Barboux added that Gartmore would enhance Indosuez's skills in both UK fund management and asset allocation where the reputation of British managers is

particularly strong.

He singled out Gartmore's pension fund management division, headed by Mr David Watts, which he said was acquiring new clients at a rate of £700m to £1bn a year. The unit has £4.4bn under management and is the most profit. ment and is the most profitable of Gartmore's activities. its worldwide distribution capacity in 65 countries, its fund management expertise in the Far East and continental Europe, and the security of a

stable parent group, he said. It will seek progressively to place the L&S holding, bought as a condition of the sale, with other friendly investors.

At the end of 1989, the bank had \$12.8bn (£7.9bn) under management, including \$1.5bn managed by Daniel Breen, a US investment adviser in which it bought a 40 per cent stake last year.

The acquisition of Gartmore will add some £8.7bn to this total. In the year to December 31, Gartmore's pre-tax profit on ordinary activities was 26.2m. Net assets at that date were £17.7m. as adjusted to reflect a dividend and recapitallsation to be effected prior

Saatchi brothers' £3m entitlement

By Alice Rawsthorn

THE SAATCHI brothers -Charles and Maurice - would each be entitled to receive more than £3m if they left Saatchi & Saatchi, the troubled communications group they

communications group they founded 20 years ago.
Saatchi is now preparing for its annual general meeting in London on Tuesday.
A group of rebellious shareholders — led by Mr Joseph Marciano, a French financial analyst — are threatening to criticise the board for its management of the commany at the agement of the company at the meeting.

meeting.
In recent weeks Saatchi —
which fell into an attributable
loss last year — has been
haunted by stock market
rumours of a power struggle
between the brothers and Mr
Robert Lowis Drawfus Robert Louis-Dreyfus, the French industrialist they

THE TAKEOVER Panel

yesterday effectively barred First Technology, the safety and sensors group, from mak-ing a hostile hid for Ricardo, the Sussex-based engines and transmissions designer, for

three months.

As a result, Ricardo share

holders will consider their company's proposed all-share bid for SAC International, a

Bristol-based engineering services group on Monday, knowing that there is no immediate

chance of an offer from First Technology for Ricardo. The

SAC-Ricardo merger is recom-mended by both companies'

Earlier this week, First Tech-

nology - which is opposed to

the parties involved over the acquisition in July 1988 of

Gilken Contracts following

losses in that shopfitting com-

These pushed the group into the red to the tune of £961,000

in the year ended October 31

1989, against a restated profit of £1.67m. The final dividend is

being passed, leaving the 23p interim as the payment for the

Seacon Holdings, a Third Market specialist shipping and

transportation company, plans to move to the USM. It expects

to be the first company to grad-

a 33 per cent increase in its capital via a £9.2m issue, as

well as three further acquisi-tions for a aggregate maximum

Mosaic is buying from Bunzl, the paper, plastic and packag-

ing products company, CCM, which owns a product which

puts creases in cards and packages. Bunzl is simultaneously

selling to Mosaic CCM's free-

The other purchases are of Money Cooper, which designs exhibition stands and recep-

tion areas, and Hughes, a wheels and tyres manufac-

Mosaic accompanied the

announcement of a placing and open offer at 290p per share with a forecast that its final

dividend for the year to end-

April would be not less than

4.25p, making 7.25p for the

The new share issue will dilute the stake held in trust by Mr Gregory Hutchings and

year, a 32 per cent increase.

turer.

consideration of £16.5m.

By Clare Pearson

The poor results signifi- tial a cantly eroded reserves and a cred.

Seacon plans move to USM

Mosaic acquisitions with

MOSAIC Investments, the expanding industrial holding about 10.5 per cent. Mr Hutchings is chief executive of Tom-

placing and open offer

year, against 5p.

last autumn. Saatchi has Louis-Dreyfus, is paid 2500,000 a year under the terms of his Under the terms of their service agreements, both the Saatchi brothers must be given five years notice if their employment is terminated. This means that Mr Maurice Saatchi, who is paid £25,000 as chairman, would receive 23.12m, if he left the group. Mr Charles Saatchi, who earns the

The brothers' service agree ments were originally signed on March 25 1986. Under the original agreement the Saatchis were each paid £225,000 a year. Their salaries were increased to £625,000 on October 1 1987. This increase later attracted criticism in the

Panel bars hostile Ricardo bid

the SAC deal - muddied the

waters by offering to make a 180pa-share bid for Ricardo if directors would recommend

this. That bought a sharp rebuff from Ricardo, but First Technology said it would

repeat the proposal if share-holders turned down the SAC

Again, Ricardo confirmed that, under these hypotheti-cal circumstances, it would not recommend. It com-

plained to the Panel, saying

that First Technology should

clarify whether it was pre-pared to go ahead on a hostile basis. The Panel executive

yesterday, in the wake of an

Chestergate to sue over Gilken buy

CHESTERGATE Group, the USM-quoted interior designer, is taking legal action against above to raise 21.17m er.is taking legal action against a

appeal by First Technology,

Mr Roger Taylor, chairman of Chestergate, said the action was against the vendors, reporting accountants and auditors, and would be specifi-cally for the recovery of mon-ice paid to the wendors follow.

ies paid to the vendors following the substantial over-valuation of Gilken at the time of the acquisition, and claims for subsequent events. Chestergate's legal advisers were confident that a substantial

tial amount would be recov-

uate from the Third Market

under rules introduced in Feb-

ruary which reduced the trad-

ing record requirement from three to two years.

kins, the industrial holding

group.

The initial payment is made up of a £7m cash element and £1.5m in shares to the yendors

of Money Cooper and Hughes. The deferred payments depend on the fulfilment of profit tar-

Mosaic, which made pre-tax profits of £1.91m in the six months to end-October last

year, describes itself as an

entrepreneurial management

but this was attributed to the

same salary as a director, would be entitled to the same

agreement. His contract — which was signed on December 5 1989 nearly two months after his appointment was announced - runs from December 1 1989 to May 31 Mr Louis-Dreyfus can sub-

scribe for share options worth £2m under Saatchi's share option scheme. If the perfor-mance target is achieved he is entitled to another £2m of options. He is also entitled to an initial bonus payment of 2500,000, conditional on Saatchi achieving a performance target for the present financial year to September 30.

Saatchi has agreed to pro-vide two cars for Mr Louis-

Dreyfus and an appartment in City. the WI area of London, where its headquarters are located. It

the full Panel upheld this

First Technology was given until 4pm to state the terms

of any unilateral offer, and when silence ensued, the

Panel's sanction barring a

unilateral bid for three months came into force.

Last night, neither First Technology nor Ricardo would be drawn on their

saw no present need to

adjourn the event. First Tech-

nology also made clear that it

expects to question the Ricardo board over the SAC

merger plan and urged share-

Meantime, he said, the restructuring at Gilken was now substantially completed.

improved business efficiency and considerable cost savings. Orders had been obtained in

The other group operating companies, said Mr Taylor, had been unable to compensate for

the Gilken situation.

However, 1990 had started well. Chestergate's order

book currently stood at over £28m compared with total turnover of £25m (up 5.4 per cent) generated in 1988-89. Full benefit was unlikely to

be seen until the second half.
The fund raising involves
the placing of 4.48m shares at

26p each, with the clawback ratio being three-for-eight. UBS Phillips & Drew have

become the company's new brokers, so Mr Phillip Step-hens will resign from the Chestergate board as he is

also a director of UBS

Phillips & Drew. Mr Richard Bennett will also leave the

Chestergate board to concentrate on his duties as man-

aging director of Shoralplan, the principal trading subsid-

excess of £14m

holders to attend in person.

pays for the running of the appartment including the gas and electricity bills. Mr Louis-Dreyfus is entitled to terminate his contract with

30 days notice and to receive a himp sum of £1m under certain conditions. These include the appointment of another chief executive without his consent; a "significant reduction" in his powers; or a change in the con-trol of Sastehi, by acquisition or merger.
There are also special provi-

sions in the contract enabling Mr Louis-Dreyfus to leave Saatchi should he be offered the presidency of SA Louis Dreyfus, his family company.

Saatchi has appointed GRC Financial, one of its sub-

sidiaries, to act as its corporate public relations consultancy alongside Broad Street Associ-ates, its long-standing advisers.

Elders sells stake in **Greene King**

By Clare Pearson ELDERS IXL, the Australian

group which owns Courage, has finally sold its 13 per cent stake in Greene King, the UK regional brewer. regional brewer.
With the disposal of the Greene King holding, Elders has rid itself of its two minority stakes in UK regional brewers. Last week it disposed of a 23 per cent holding in Scottish & Newcastle, for which it made expectations over Monday's meeting, although Ricardo's advisers confirmed that they

an abortive bid last year. The sales have come at the same time as Elders has been float off non-brewing busi-nesses around the world and for a hig expansion of brewing interests under its own owner-

ship.

The Greene King holding was said to have been placed yesterday at 355p per share, 9p below the market opening.

Greene King's shares closed

down 6p at 358p.

There have been rumours since the middle of last year that Elders has keen to rid itself of the Greene King stake. but encountering difficulty doing so. The company first took its stake above the 5 per

took its stake above the 5 per cent level in October 1967. Kiders on Thursday outlined a big expansion of its own UK beer interests, Courage, which it plans to achieve via the pur-chase of the four breweries and brands owned by Grand Metro-politan, the food and restau-rants group. On Thursday it announced a £375m cash pur-chase was close to being inched. Elders' Scottish & Newcastle

stake was sold at an estimated loss of £90m.

Scantronic purchase

Scantronic is substantially enlarging its North American market presence with the acquisition of the Arrowhead division of Cerberus Technolo-gies for \$5.5m. Arrowhead

14% in spite of US downturn By Clay Harris, Consumer Industries Editor

Reckitt & Colman

Reckitt & Colman advances

By area

(7.0%)

Latin America £28,26m (12.8%)

£35.38m (16,1%)

£42.28m (19.2%)

RECKITT & COLMAN, the household products, food and drugs group, increased pre-tax profits by 13.7 per cent from £191.3m to £217.4m in the year to December 30, in spite of a 23 per cent fall in trading profits

from North America.

Mr John St Lawrence, chief executive, said the US result had been depressed by heavy promotional spending on Crysialaire, a new non-aerosol air freshener, and by tough compe-tition for its Durkee spices.

Trading profits also slipped in Africa, but grew in all other areas. The overall rise from fig. 3 has overall like their files. The files of files to files of files o

In household and tolletry products, which accounts for more than half of sales and profits, Harpic added to its UK market share in lavatory clean-Pharmaceuticals, the small-est of Reckitt's three core busi-

nesses, benefited in the UK from the flu epidemic near the end of the year.
Reckitt, which carries acquired brands worth £150m in its balance sheet and

expects to add another £450m through yesterday's Boyle-Mid-way acquisition, said it would

Trading profit (1989) By product group Pharmaceutical Other £33.65m (15.3%) activitie £61.58m £18,57m (8,4%) (28.0%) £51,10m & tolletry £116.75m (53.1%)

vigorously oppose the Accounting Standards Committee's proposals that such valuations be written off against profits over 20 years,

A lower tax charge helped earnings per share grow by 16.4 per cent to 94.17p (80.89p). A final dividend of 19.1p raises the total by 16.7 per cent to 29.75p (25.5p).

Most of an extraordinary debit of £17.05m (£7.74m credit)

restructuring manufacturing facilities for Europe-wide sup-

 Standard & Poor's, the credit rating agency, yesterday placed Reckitt & Colman's eurocommercial commmerical paper programmes, currently with "A·1+" ratings, on Creditwatch for a possible downgrading. It will meet management to discuss the implications of the acquisition.

Avena denies

wins Runciman

Avena, the Swedish security

equipment, construction and property company, yesterday

moved to quash speculation that it is planning a break-up of Walter Runciman, the ship-

ping, safes and strong rooms and insurance company for which it has launched a £47.8m

contested cash offer.

Avena said it intended to retain all the businesses of

Runciman substantially in

their present form. It would "apply its highly successful

management philosophy to the Runciman operations and par-ticularly to its shipping and

transportation activities."
The statement followed spec-

ulation in the press and else-

where that Avena might be

under pressure from heavy borrowings to sell off the ship-

ping activities. Tann, a heavy

security company which would fit in with Avena's own inter-

ests, forms the main attraction of Runciman to the Swedish

sell off if it

Economic climate causes sharp setback for Perry

utor, was restricted to £1.24m. That led to the full pre-tax result for 1969 falling by £3.32m

to £5,08m. Mr Richard Allan, the chairman, said there were three principal reasons for the short-fall:- the downturn in retail markets, with margins reduced; high interest rates; and a pension contribution this time of seen con

time of £630,000. Earnings were down from 28.6p to 18.5p, but the final dividend is held at 6.25p for an unchanged 9p total.

The group holds Ford, GM, Rover, Volvo, Peugeot, Toyota, Jaguar, Land Rover/Range Rover, and Iveco Ford fran-chises. It increased the year's turnover by £39m to £343m but

SECOND HALF profit from a matching rise in the cost of was unchanged. That situation was exacerbated by a £2.2m rise in admin-

istration expenses and a £1.3m increase in interest charges. In the current year trading had been reasonably buoyant, particularly in used cars, Mr Allan said. Ford's market share was, however, substantially reduced because of production losses. duction losses.

The parts and service departments - the backbone of the group - were enjoying excel-lent business; controls were tight and financial position strong. Three major capital projects were in hand, and there might be opportunities towards the end of the year to pursue the acquisition policy.

Pegasus rise checked at 3.5%

Pegasus Group, the USM traded software house, lifted its interim profits by 3.5 per cent after allowing for increased development expen-diture and losses in its new acquisition.
Turnover doubled to £7.83m

in the six months ended January 31 1990, and the pre-tax profit rose to £1.34m (£1.3m). In a tough trading climate the software side raised its operating profit 29 per cent to £1.25m, and the supplies divi-sion 40 per cent to £245,000. However, losses of £277,000 in Sphinx, acquired last April,

restricted the operating growth to 6 per cent.
With the exception of

December, Sphinx's trading losses had been consistent ly reduced to near break even

The supplies division showed strong growth with showed strong growth with sales being expanded on a virtually static cost base.

The "green initiative" of recycled paper products was progressing well.

Earnings moved up to 16.1p (15.6p) and the interim divided is raised to 3.5p (3.375p).

company. Enskilda Securities, advising Avena, said yesterday publication of the company's accounts for the year to end-December, which is expected within two weeks, would allay concerns about its indebtedness. The offer document published ear-tier this week showed borrow-

ner this week showed borrowings at end-December of SKr3,214.2m (2320m).
Runciman's shares closed yesterday unchanged at 538p compared with Avena's 520p cash offer.

Reorganised Sphere net assets over 48p

Net asset value per ordinary income share of the Sphere Investment Trust as at December 31 was 48.1p and that of the zero dividend share 52p. The company was reorganised into a split capital investment trust last September but the policy of investment on a global basis has been continued.

Total revenue last year

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increased from £3.94m to 27.89m; of that increase £1.76m arose from securities dealing by subsidiaries. Pre-tax reve-nue increased from £1.99m to £6.87m and after tax of £2.09m (£554,000) earnings per ordi-For 1989 an interim net dividend of 2.24p per ordinary share was paid before the reorganisation. An interim dividend in lieu of a final of 1.25p net per ordinary income share was paid on February 27.

Psion price falls as profits disappoint

PSION, the electronics group specialising in hand-held and portable computers, saw sales grow by 63 per cent for the second year running in 1989. But pre-tax profits at £3.34m were well below market expec-tations and the shares fell 78p to close at 180p.

Earnings per share were 0.1p lower at 10.3p and the directors

are recommending a final divi-dend of 1.4p, an increase of 17

company, focusing on bringing together small young compa-nies in fragmented markets. The initial consideration for Turnover was £31.4m, compared with £19.2m. Pre-tax profits were 21 per cent higher but the City had been expect-Money Cooper, which made pre-tax profits of £438,000 last year, is £2.5m. The payment for ing a figure closer to £3.9m. Psion also pointed out that without the first-time contribu-CCM, which made £962,000, is tion from Dacom telecommuni-£4m while Mosaic is separately paying £1m for its Wellingborcations group, acquired in 1968, profits would have been similar to the £2.76m recorded in ough property.
For Hughes, the payment is £1m; here profits fell from £240,000 to £65,000 last year,

per cent, making a total of 2.4p for the year as a whole. The company's substantial growth over the past few years has been due to the success of its Organiser pocket comput-

Last year it introduced a range of innovative portable computers which are expected to form the basis of its future Mr David Potter, chairman, said profits had been disap-

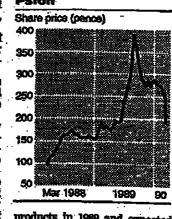
pointing for three reasons. Problems with software had delayed shipments of the new computers from November to December, costing the com-pany some £200,000 in profits. Prices of the semiconductor. chips used in all Psion's products were high in 1989 becaus of the cyclical nature of the semiconductor business.

This was made worse by a steep decline in the value of the pound in the last quarter, reducing gross margin The company said it had now improved its methods for hedging foreign currency expo-

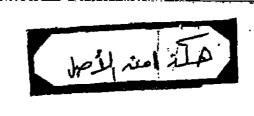
And semiconductor prices were falling which should improve margins through the While Dacom's sales grew

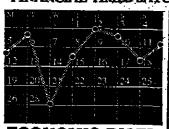
strongly, its profits were disap-pointing because it had diffi-cally matching production to demand Psion was seeking to improve Dacom's engineering skills but warned the company

would face a difficult Mr Potter said that the company had invested heavily in infrastructure for the new



products in 1989 and expected to reap the benefits in 1990. Demand for the new portable computers was strong both in Europe and the US.





ECONOMIC DIARY

TODAY: Meeting in Parts to draft statutes of the future East European development bank (also 11th). Arab League council meeting in Tunis. Mr Barber Conable, president of the World Bank, visits Bangla-

TOMORROW: Second round of elections in Moldavia, Kirghizia and Talikistan. Communist Party central commit-tee meets in Moscow.

MONDAY: Retail sales (February-provisional). Producer price index numbers (February-provisional). Congress of Peoples's Deputies meets in Moscow. European Parliament in plenary session in Strasbourg (until March 16).

TUESDAY: UK balance of payments (fourth quarter). International banking statistics (fourth quarter). US retail sales (February). Financial Times holds conference "Competition, Mergers & Acquisitions in Europe" In London. European Community industry iministers meet in Brussels. Ambulance dispute ballot result. Mr Peter Clowes

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WEDNESDAY: US business inventories (February). South African budget is expected to be presented to parliament. Institute of Directors confer-ence in London on dealing with skills shortages. Meeting of the Group of Thirty at the

Mansion House. THURSDAY: Labour market statistics: unemployment and sional); average earnings indices (January-provisional); employment, hours, productiv-ity and unit wage costs; industrial disputes. Rolls-Royce

FRIDAY: Usable steel production (February). Gross domes tic product (fourth quarter-provisional). Index of output of the production industries (January). Public sector borrowing requirement (February). US housing starts (February). US producer price indices. US industrial production and capacity utilisation OPEC market monitoring com mittee meets in Vienna. Mr Ronald Reagan, former US president, campaigns for centrist alliance of Free Democrats in East Berlin.

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

THE MARKET was buster-yesterday as trading in the FT-SE 100 index and Boote stock options boosted turnover, Other features included Ladbrokes and GEC as trading on the underlying and futures market increased.

E44 (799)

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Total turnover yesterday amounted to 32,006 contracts, compared with 27,614 on Thursday. Yesterday's total was made up of 13,093 calls and 9,913 puts, though the bias towards calls was not said to signify any change in-

The most active contract was the FT-SE 100 index, which accounted for a sixth of total market turnover. Usually it accounts

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Brit, Alma (*295 j	es 190 200 220	22 8 24	24 122 6	- 31 - 26 - 12	91 ₂	6 16 29	. 8 . 77 . 30	<u>,</u>
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SmKi. Be			_				:	
chan A (*520)	500 558 600	努 끄 "	27	48 40 25	10 26 28	17 40 85	22 42 85	 • .
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British Stee (*138 _.)	140	=	7½	. 10	212	. 9	11.F.	-
Bas (*922)	900 950	52 25	80 50	110 80	35	23 45	28 25	
C & Wire (*519)	508 550	-38 14	57 30	- 77 50	12 40			•
Courtestds C368 }	330 360 390	45 21 5	52 36 14	40	15 8 25	. 8 17 33		-
Com, Union (*469)	460 500 550	18 5 2	36 18 8	44 27 14	17 47 18		28 54 100	<u>.</u>
EKN (*407)	990 420	19 8	38 23	45 33	18 32	18 35	29 37	-
Grand Met. (*551.)	550 600	25 7	49 25	64 38	15 50	25 52	30 53	
CITIN CT	1050 1100 1156	57 28 12	109 69 47	119 90	20 47 84	12 12 16	44 67	
(Cagfisher (*294)	280 300	16 7	21 11	29 19	9 22	16 27	17 28	٠
Ladhrola (*267)	290 300	17	25 15	35 25	60 <u>e</u> 17	14 25	16 24	

proportion of trading was due to: traded 4,436 lots against 4,429 on uncertainty over the outlook for Thursday.

Among the stock options, Boots the underlying market.

Among the stock options, coose the busiest, trading 2,160 was the busiest, trading 2,160 put

contracts, against 6,799 on Thursday, and was comprised of 2,221 calls and 3,295 puts. The busiest series was the March 2,250 puts, which traded 1,035 lots.

In the futures market, the difference between it and the cash market changed from a 7 point premium on Thursday to an 8 point discount at vesterday's most widely dealt stock option with 1,700 contracts changing

UK Government's standing and stock, as 1,017 contracts were the decline in sterling had put the traded. GEC saw a total of 200

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						14 27	British Cas ("210)	200 220	115 15	19 9	22 12	1 <u>1</u> 2	# <u>1</u> 3	17 17
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600 650	22 28		68			18 38	Lorde ((*270)	260 280	- 14 31 ₀	30 20	36 26	4 15	11 20	14 22

hands. This total was divided

between 1,034 calls and 666 puts. The July 300 call series, at 711

contracts, was the most active.

GEC was the third busies

Vani Reefs (*\$101) 100 7 16 20 4 12 14 110 3 12 16 11 16 20

360 25½ 33½ 54 2½ 15% 22½ 390 64, 22 37% 16%, 31 37%

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• The Financial Times L	td 199	O. Con	npiled	by the	Fina	ncial T	Imes L	td in c	onjunc	tion w	ith the institut	e of Actuaries	and the Facul	ty of Actuaries
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& SUB-SECTIONS	;	1	Est.	Gross	ESL P/E	Ι	 		Ī					
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per section		Day's Change	Yield% CMax	Gross Div. Yield % (Act. at (25%)	(Net)	xi adj. 1990 to date	ladex No.	index No.	Index No.	ladex No.	196 High	19/90 Low	Comp High	nce lation Low
1 CAPITAL GOOD\$ (202)	850.72	-0.4	13,49	+	+				839.15		1012.97 18/8 /89	775.54 3 /1 /89	1038.07 16/7 /87	50.71 13/12/74
2 Building Materials (27)						0.50	1041.16	1026.85	1025.09	1208.24			1381.08 16/7 /87	44.27 11/12/74
3 Contracting, Construction (37) 4 Electricals (1.0)	. 1395.96					3.69	1400.74	1388.22 2383.88	1394.80	P764.87	1801.66 14/3 /89	1306.13 27/10/89	1951.50 16/7 /87	71.49 2 [12/74
5 Electronics (30),,,,,,,	.2398.32 1839.79		12.49 9.79			10.73	1055 70	2262.86 1856.66	2317,73 1984 61	2011 TO	3040,80 8 9 189 2308,22 19 5 189		3040.80 8 /9 /89 2308.22 19/5 /89	84.71 25/6 /62 1229.01 8 /10/85
6 Engineering-Aerospace (8)			14.32					415.39			495.50 4 /1 /90	1776.44 3 1 89 409.55 6 3 90		409.55 6 /3 /99
7 Engineering-General (43)			12.62						453.75		502.82 4 /1 /90	453,02 23/2 /90		453.02 23/2 /90
8 Metals and Metal Forming (6)	469.70	H	25.09	6.55	4.50					540.54	562.47 19/5 /89	439,27 27/10/89	596.67 9 /10/87	49.65 6 /2 /75
9 Motors (1.6)	356.22	+0.3	14.57					350.07	348.09	320.17	403.90 4 /1 /90	258.24 3 /1 /89	411.42 13/10/87	19.91 6 /1 /75
10 Other Industrial Materials (25) 21 CONSUMER GROUP (177)						3.06	1561.17	1538.09 1200.60	1522.58 1102.73	1575.62		1311.63 3 /1 /89		277.55 15/1 /81
22 Brewers and Distillers (22)			9.45 10.05			657	1302 N7	1387,41	1340 31	1337 00	1417.92 4 <i>[9]</i> [89 1583.71 5 <i>[9]</i> [89		1417.92 4 /9 /89 1583.71 5 /9 /89	61.41 13/12/74 69.47 13/12/74
25 Food Manufacturing (20).		+1.2	10:16					1039.57			1220.42 4 /9 /89	926,04 3 /1 /89		59.67 11/12/74
26 Food Retailing (16)	.12239.90	J -0.9	9.05					2232.65			2722.30 5 /9 /89	1784.64 3 /1 /89		54.25 11/12/74
27 Health and Household (1.3)			6.62					2379.53			2795.49 4 /1 /90	1778.20 3 /1 /89	2795.49 4 /1 /90	175,38 28/5 /80
29 Leisure (31)	1449.36		9.76					1461.00					1845.77 8 /9 /89	54.83 9 /1 /75
31 Packaging & Paper (13) 32 Publishing & Printing (16)			12.70		9.95 12.90			550.56 234.2.24			623.86 4 /9 /89		739.48 16/7 /87	43.46 6 /1 /75
34 Stores (33)	753.85		9.90 11.51				766.25	745 80	758.40	מית מילד	3916.24 8 /2 /89 921.71 4 /9 /89	3236,76 4 [1 89 679,97 3 11 189	1160.58 29/7 /87	55,08 6 /1 /75 52,63 6 /1 /75
35 Textiles (1.3)	4%.82		11.97				496.39			520.57	586,98 21/9 /89	464.71 3 /1 /89	914.52 2 /10/87	62.66 11/12/74
40 OTHER GROUPS (103)			10.88	4.95	11.02	1.57	1146.44	1139.57	1136,42	1083.52	1233.52 3 /1 /90	896 15 3 /1 /89	1233.52 3 /1 /90	58.63 6 /1 /75
41 Agencies (17)	1538.00	+0.1	5.86					1537.30			1630.70 5 /9 /89	1030.84 3 /1 /89	1795.57 17/7 /87	870.35 4 /12/87
42 Chemicals (22)	1406.84	+0.4 -0.9	12.05 10.19					1187.98 1582.98			1370.94 11/8 /89 1819,46 11/8 /89	1026,37 3 /1 /89 1254,94 3 /1 /89	1545.46 5 /10/87 1819.46 11/8 /89	71.20 1 /12/74 975.19 10/11/87
44 Transport (13)	2210 32		11.02		11.55	288	2206.74	2204.02	2208.55	2402.73	2554.69 12/7 /89	1836.25 4 /1 /89		90.80 29/6 /62
46 Telephone Networks(2)			11.16	4.50		0.00	1153,78	1153.87	1152 51	1159.08	1290.72 3 /1 /90	1002.43 3 /1 /89	1290.72 3 /1 /90	517.92 30/11/84
	1944.36 1861.55	-1.4 +0.2	17.92	6.97	6,18	0.00 1.11	1972.20	1964.94	1961.90	0.00	2079.08 16/2 /90	1944.36 9 /3 /90		1944 <i>3</i> 6 9 <i>/</i> 3 <i>/</i> 90
49 DIBUSTRIAL GROUP (482).			9.74	4.42	11.60		192/19	36.36	1002.99	1467.41	2087.06 11/7 /99		2087.06 11/7 /89	60.39 6 /7 /75
51 Oil & Gas (18)		-0.4	10.90	4.56	11.22	233	الججنينا	1106.27	7700./8	1119.91	1273.71 5 9 89		1273.71 5 /9 /89	59.01 13/12/74
. 	2333.17 1212.72	-1.5	10.42	5.17	12.69						2475.71 2 /1 /90		2475.71, 2 /1 /90	87.23 29/5 /62
59 500 SHARE (NDEX (500).		-0.5	10.83	4.65				1208.80			1355.68 5 /9 /89		1369.88 16 <i>[7 </i> 87	63.49 13/12/74
62 Banies (9)	794.00 867.40	-0.7 -0.6	19.40	5.62 6.33	6.74	5.62 13.93	799.42 872.26	793.53 870.52	791,10 869,21	749.90 740.80	869.67 3 /1 /90 918.30 2 /2 /90	670,86 3 /1 /89 657,74 3 /1 /89	896.67 13/10/67 918.30 2 /2 /90	55.88 13/12/74 62.44 12/12/74
65 Insurance (Life) (7)	h281.11	-1.6	-	5.19			1301.66		1263.62		1484.67 3 /1 /90	933.96 5 /1 /89	1484.67 3 /1 /90	44.88 2 /1 /75
66 Insurance (Composite) (7),	654.73		-	6.06	i – I	0.00	661,98	652.15	646.62	600.34	768.11 29/12/89	528.72 3 /1 /89	768.11 29/12/89	43.96 13/12/74
67 (Asurance (Brokers) (6)	1066.87	10.2	6.91	5.91	19.26	0.73	1064,78	1062.28	1061.69	1016.34	1194.74 4 /1 /90	916.68 3 /1 /89	1399.56 17/7 /87	65.86 16/12/74
68 Merchant Banks (8) 69 Property (49)	470.31 1084.06	-0.3 -0.6	8.38	3.83 3.99	- 15.11	0.04	471.64	471.28	476.53 1090 15	345.92 1332 70	502.02 8 <i>[2 [</i> 90 1396.87 5 <i>[</i> 9 [89	318.05 3 /1 /89	547.59 12/10/87 1308 97 5 10 180	31 <u>.21</u> 7 /1 /75 56.01 20/4 /65
70 Other Financial (28)	314.21	+0.5	13.81	6.76	9.56	2.30	312.74	309.86	311.15	コンピン・/8 383.17	391.49 8 12 189	1080,15 6 /3 /90 304,56 16/10/89	1398.87 5 9 189 603.48 16/7 187	33.29 17/12/74
71 Investment Trusts (68)	1151.74	+0.1	-	3.26	-						1323.81 4 /1 /90	922.04 3 /I /89	1323.81 4 /1 /90	71.12 13/12/74
91 Overseas Traders (5)	1364.80	+0,5	9.46	6.70	12.79	30.79	1358.41	1347.34	1341.81		1614.04 3 /1 /90		1614.04 3 /1 /90	97.37 6 /1 /75
99 ALL-SHARE INDEX (687).	1110.85	-0.5		4.76		4.90	1116.74	1107.51	1102.28	1083,32	1226,83 3 /1 /90	921.22 3 /1 /89	1238.57 16/7 <i>[</i> 87	61.92 13/12/74
	latiex No.	Day's Change	Day's High (a)	Day's Low (b)	Mar B	Mar 7	Mar 6	Mar 5	₩ ær 2	Year				
FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEXA				2230.9	_	_					2463.7 3 /1. /90	1694.5 8 /2 /RR	2463.7 3 /1 /90	986.9 23/7 /84
											> ;= ; 70			,- ,,

	FIX	ED I	NTE	REST			ı	AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS	Frt Mar	Thu Mar	Year ago	1989	90
I _								MEDIUM FILOR FILESO	9		(approx.)	High	Low
	PRICE INDICES	Fri Mar 9	Day's change %	Thu Mar 8	ad adj. today	xd adj. 1990 to date	1 2	British Government Low 5 years Coopers 15 years	.] 11.29	11.06	8.95	11.54 9 /3 /90 11.29 9 /3 /90 11.20 9 /3 /90	8,77 9 <i> </i> 2 <i> </i> 89
_	British Covernment] 4	Medium 5 years	12.86	12.68	10.32	12.86 9 /3 /90	9.96 8 /2 /89
	Up to 5 years			113,64	0.31		1 6	Coepers 15 years		11.51 11.07	9.41 8.98	11.79 9 /3 /90 11.37 9 /3 /90	9.21 8 /2 /89 8.85 17/2 /89
	5-15 years			119,05	i –	. 2.41	Ιř	High 5 years		12.80		12.97 9 /3 /90	10.13 8 /2 /89
	Over 15 years			123,52	I –	3.35	8	Compons 15 years	12.07	11.74		12.07 9 /3 /90	
4	Irredeemables	138.54	-1.90	141,23	-	1.51	l 18	25 years	11.61 11.20	11.25 10.96		11.61 9 /3 /90 11.20 9 /3 /90	
5	All stocks	118.10	-0.96	119.36	0.11	2,62	╨		11.20	10,70	0.70	11.20 7 /3 /70	0.00 107
7	Inter-United Up to 5 years Over 5 years All stocks	132.35	-0.58	139.92 133.12 133.52	-	0.94 0.81 0.82	12	Index-Linked Inflation rate 5% Up to Syrs. Inflation rate 5% Over 5 yrs. Inflation rate 10% Up to 5 yrs. Inflation rate 10% Over 5 yrs.	4,11 3.80	3.68	3.45 2.44	4.71 9 /3 /90 4.11 9 /3 /90 3.80 9 /3 /90 3.95 9 /3 /90	1.91 21/8 /89
	Tehenhara & Laura	·98.69		98.65	 	2.12		Beks & 5 years Leans 15 years 25 wars	13.14	13.14	11.32	13.82 3 /11/89 13.14 8 /3 /90	11.47 30/12/88 11.19 1 /2 /89
10	Preference	77.56		77.56	-	1.17		Professor	13.13			13.14 8 /3 /90 11.90 9 /3 /90	10.66 27/2 /89
₽ Op	ening Index 2263.3; 1	0 am 225	3.6; 11 æ	m 2233.5	Noon 2	236.4; 1 p	m 2	237.2; 2 pm 2233.6; 3 pm 2236.	.6; 3.30 pm	2235.7; 4	pin 2233.	9 (a) 9.00am (b) 4	1,25pm Rose value

_	<u> </u>		<u></u>			_			
1	nening Index 2263.3: 10:	un 2253.6: 11 :	am 2233 5: N	oon 2236.4; 1 pm 2237.2; 2 pr	2233.6: 3 nm	2236.6: 3.30	pm 2235.7: 4 pm 2233.9 (a) 9.0	Oam (b) 4.2	25om
-	Emply section or prome			Equity section or group		Base value	Equity section or group	Base date	Base value
En	gineering - Aerospace	29/12/89	486.00	Other Industrial Materials	31/12/80	287.41	Food Retailing	29/12/67	114.13
	gineering - General,		486.00	Health/Household Products.	30/12/77	261.77	lusurance Brokers	29/12/67	96.67
	ater		1968.45	Other Groups	31/12/74	63.75	All Other	10/4/62 31/12/75	100.00
	encies		1114.07	Overseas Traders	31 <i> 12 7</i> 4	100.00	British Government	31/12/75	100.00
	ogiomerates	31/12/86	1114,07	industrial Group	31/ <i>12</i> /70	128.20 128.06	Do. index-linked		100.00
Te	lephone Networks	30/11/84	517.92	Other Financial	31/12/70 29/12/67	128.06	Debs & Loans	31/12/77	100.00
Ek	ectronics		1646.65	Food Manufacturing	29/J <i>2/67</i>	114.13	Preference	31/12/77	76.72
l .		.1.		_			FT-SE 100 Index		1000.00
l tF	lat yield. A list of constitu	ents is avaitable	e from the Pu	bilshers, The Financial Times, N	lumber One, Sou	thwark Bridg	e, London SE1 9HL, price 15p, by p	ost.35p.	
	-				-	-		•	

The Yasuda Trust and Banking Company, Limited

U.S.\$100,000,000 2%% Convertible Bonds Due 2001 U.S.\$100,000,000 11/4% Convertible Bonds Due 2002

U.S.\$100,000,000 2%% Convertible Bonds Due 2003

Pursuant to Clause 7(B) and (C) of the Trust Deeds dated 10th November, 1986, 10th September, 1987 and 26th July, 1988 (collectively the "Trust Deeds") constituting the above Convertible

On 13th February, 1990, the Board of Directors of The Yasuda Trust and Banking Company, Limited (the "Company") resolved to make a free distribution of shares of common stock of the Company to its shareholders as of 31st March, 1990 (Japan time) on the distribution

Accordingly, there will be adjustments to the current Conversion Prices of the above Bonds, in accordance with Clause 7(H) (i) of the Trust Deeds, respectively, as follows:

Conversion Prices before Adjustment Bonds - 2001: Bonds - 2002:

(C) Effective Date of Adjustment: 1st April, 1990 (Japan time) The Yasuda Trust and Banking Company, Limited Dated 10th March, 1990

600 58 724 934 5 104 144 650 20 594 614 264 31 36

The Yasuda Trust and Banking Company, Limited

Sonds (collectively the "Bonds") respectively, notice is hereby given as

¥1,175.30 Bonds - 2003: ¥1,905.60

Conversion Prices after Adjustment ¥1.119.30 Bonds - 2001: ¥2,163.90 Bonds - 2002: Bonds - 2003:

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Drexel UK's creditors 'well placed' for payment

By Stephen Fidler, Euromarkets Correspondent

CREDITORS of Drexel Burnham Lambert's UK securities and commodities businesses should receive significant payments, the administrators appointed to run the companies said yester-

day.

Mr Tim Hayward and Mr
Phil Wallace of KPMG Peat
Marwick McLintock described the position of the unsecured creditors of Drexel's UK securities company as "quite good" and said those of the commodities company should receive a "significant portion" of what was due to them.

Drexel Burnham Trading, the foreign exchange subsidiary which was not taken over by the administrators, had

would pay all creditors in full. The administrators, who said they had largely completed the run-down of the commodities and Eurobond securities businesses, declined to specify their assessment of the companies' assets and habilities.

The main uncertainty concerned loans totalling \$100m made by the Drexel UK companies to Drexel in the US, which sought protection from credi-tors under the US bankruptcy code last month. Some \$25m due to Drexel companies over-seas from the UK companies will be repayable only after unsecured creditors are paid. Staff numbers would be

closed all its positions and 60 by the end of the coming week, and to less than 40 by the end of the month.

The Eurobond business owned about \$90m worth of securities, of which about \$50m have been sold and the rest will be sold over coming months. The commodities business, with gross assets of \$140m, had five divisions. Its cocca book has been sold to Balfour Maclaine, while most of the rest of its positions have been sold.

The co-operation among regulatory agencies and the clearing house which ensured an orderly run-down of Drexel's positions, saved the commodities company at least \$10m, Mr Wallace said.

Allianz reveals DM762m rights

reduced from 100 currently to

By Katharine Campbell in Frankfurt

ALLIANZ, Europe's largest insurance company, has announced a rights issue of one new share priced at DM500 per 10 shares held, plus rights on participating certificates, raising DM762m (\$448m).

The insurer also announced it was continuing its expansion in France by bringing its sepa-rate French subsidiary's operations into the holding company Via/Rhin et Moselle which it set up with Naviga-tion-Mixte, the food-to-finance conglomerate, last autumn.
This would give Allianz a

majority bolding in the com-pany, one of the largest private French insurers, with a prenium income in 1989 of around FFr10bn (\$1.7bn).

Mr Wolfgang Schieren, chief insurance market in East GerThe terms of the Allianz executive, said he expected many "a high priority."

HEINEKEN, the big Dutch

brewer, yesterday reported a 12 per cent rise in 1989 net profit

to F1 325.5m (\$171m), buoyed by

last summer and consequent

higher sales volume.
Turnover advanced by
F1529m or 7 per cent to
F17.82bn, although the com-

pany said the advantage of higher volume sales was "partly offset" by downward

pressure on profit margins as

GOTA, the Swedish financial group, reported a 47 per cent rise in profits before extraordi-nary items to SKr1.05bn (\$170.3m), writes John Burton

SKr3.30 a share.

the warm continental weather

rights issue, at a deep discount to the existing shares which closed at DM2,625 on Friday, is in line with the policy of Ger-man insurance companies to pay their shareholders through occasional rights issues, which are more tax efficient for inves-As expected, the company also announced a DM4 bonus in honour of its centenary celebrations, to add to the planned

DM12 cash dividend for 1989, unchanged on 1988. In addition to the 3.75m ne ordinary shares, which will bring in most of the funds, the participating shares will be eli-gible for rights at 1:10 priced at

DM32.5, raising DM12m.

international competition

stayed keen and marketing costs rose.

more modest 6.5 per cent to

Heineken is pushing into the growing "dry" and low-alcohol segments of the beer business

in several markets, including the US. But it remains under

pressure at home where market share and margins have

Income surge sparks Gota dividend rise

cent to SKr1.2bn. Income from

banking operations improved

by 20 per cent to SKrl.3bn due to higher interest income and

ment bank activities fell 27 per cent to SKr76m, reflecting

cost reductions.

Operating income rose 27 per

Trading profit advanced a

Warm weather boosts Heineken

premium income to reach around DM31.6bn for 1989, an 8.2 per cent increase on the previous year. But during 1990 total premium income is expec-ted to jump to about DM36im, as the French operation is fully

Analysts expect little earnings growth this year, aside from the consolidations, given some DM350m in claims from storm damage already announced by the company, and increased competition in the European non-life market. The company has just obtained permission to open an office in East Berlin, and Mr Schieren termed making a contribution to a functioning

In addition to the introduc-

tion of new products, Heineken has announced plans to lay off

some 700 workers, or 17 per cent of the labour force, in a

reorganisation expected to cost

about Fl 50m from now to 1993. The 1969 result, which corresponds to Fl 10.14 a share (up

from an adjusted F1 9.06 in 1988) exceeds the company's

forecast at mid-year. An unchanged dividend of Fl 3.50 a

tem for its stock brokerage

panies also dropped by 43 per cent to SKr123m, due to nar-

write-off of SKr76m for losses

Income from its finance com-

firm, Heglof & Ponsbach.

near Stattgart to meet the

Petrobras profit tumbles 68%

NET profits of Petrobras, Brazil's national oil company, tumbled 68 per cent last year to \$157m from \$487m on sales down 4 per cent at \$11.9bn.... Mr Carlos Sant'Anna, presi dent, blamed government interference for its troubles. The company suffered a "severe financial crisis due principally to the fact that oil

Cash 670-5 3 months 489-500

Porsche continues

to recovery By Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

on road

PORSCHE, the West German luxury sports car maker, continued on the road to financial recovery in the first half of its current financial year with a sharp rise in turnover and doubled profits.

Pre-tax profits rose from DM38m to DM75m (844m) in the six months ended January 1990, as a result of the sharp increase in business - turnover was 19 per cent higher at DM1.46bn - the continued high level of development work for outside customers. and the impact of its recent

and the impact of its recens-cost-cutting measures.
For the full year, Porsche forecasts "a satisfactory result" after the doubling of net profits last year, when earnings per share totalled DM38 against DM15. It has obversely forecast a rise of already forecast a rise of around 20 per cent to DM3ba in turnover for 1989-90 and says profits should improve by at least the same rate.

The company's dependence on exports, especially to the US where its sales collapsed in 1987 because of the weaker dollar and the impact on consumer confidence of the stock market crash, was further reduced during the first six months

Foreign sales accounted for 71 per cent of turnover against 76 per cent in the previous year, with sales to the US down by 31 per cent to 4,500 units out of total deliveries of 15,300 cars.

Porsche also took on 560 more employees, mostly on the production side, to bring its workforce up to around 8,500.
As well as striving to reduce costs, it has invested heavily in ungrading its models, notably the 911 series for which orders now stretch well beyond the present financial

It has stepped up production in its main Zuffenhausen plant

By John Barham

in Sao Paulo

Barron Hilton plays wallflower

Anatole Kaletsky on the latest rebuff for the US hotels group

hen Conrad Hilton, the flamboyant finan-cier and hotelier, died in 1979 at the ripe old age of 91, his quiet but fiercely devoted son, Barron, fought a "outsiders" gaining control of the family company. Last May, Barron finally settled his lawsuits with the Catholic religious orders that were the main beneficiaries of the Conrad N. Hilton Charitable Foundation and gained voting con-trol of 24.5 per cent of Hilton

Less than a month later he announced that he had asked financial advisers "to explore strategic alternatives, including the possible sale of the company." Asked why he had apparently changed his mind, Barron said he was simply try-ing to act as his father might have done when he saw the huge prices being paid for prime hotels. Conrad Hilton had always been a business-man first and a hotelier second, Barron said. Within minutes of Barron's unexpected change of heart,

Hilton Hotels' share price had

gained 10 per cent, adding \$300m to the value of the company. In less than three months, the price had doubled to \$115. The company, whose total equity had never been worth more than \$2bn, was suddenly valued at \$5.5bn. The only question on Wall Street was how much more Hilton would "really" be worth, once the serious bidding started. This week Wall Street found out the answer. Hilton's shares plunged almost 20 per cent to ing on Thursday morning after the board announced that the



sale. For the arbitrageurs, the reason for the board's U-turn was even more painful and embarrassing than the actual decision. The company had been taken off the auction block because no serious bid-

ders had turned up.
Actually, Shearson Lehman
Hutton, Hilton's investment banker, which had scoured the world for nine months from London to Tokyo to Hong Kong to attract bidders, had managed to dredge up two acquisi-tion proposals. But neither of these offers even came up to the reserve price effectively set

last May when Barron Hilton told a shareholders' meeting that he had "no intention of

ever selling for anything less than \$75 a share." One of the offers rejected this week, from JMB Realty, a Chicago property management group, was said to be worth just under \$75. The other, from Mr Al Cecchi, who last year led the leveraged buy-out of Northwest Airlines, was so uncertain in its financing that nobody was even willing to estimate its true worth. Mean-while, the Japanese and other foreign bidders who had been

confidently expected to offer more than \$120 a share simply

did not turn up.
What had been hyped as the greatest property auction in US history failed for several reasons. Part of the problem was the collapse of the junk bond market last autumn. This effectively put out of action the handful of colourful American buyers – people like Donald Trump and Marvin Davis – who might have been tempted to bid stratospheric prices. But much more serious was

the total absence of foreigners.

Once it became apparent last

autumn that rumoured Japa-nese buyers were standing aside, the writing was on the wall for takeover speculators. But several arbitrageurs did manage to bail out at around \$90 a share before Christmas. Hilton's business in the intensely competitive and relatively slowly growing main-stream of the US hotel market was never a very attractive proposition. The most important reason why Hilton could not in the end find a buyer probably dates back to 1966, when the country to the country of the countr vhen Conrad Hilton appointed Barron as chief executive and let him sell off the company's international properties.
Today, it is the fast growing
and highly profitable European
and Asian hotel markets that excite the interest of investors. But Hilton International now belongs to Britain's Ladbroke Group. And Barron Hilton is eagerly trying to re-establish a new chain of luxury hotels. starting in London, Hong Kong and Monte Carlo. Unfortu-nately he is prohibited from using his family name outside

Investors cool on Elliott's master brew

By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

INVESTORS reacted negatively yesterday to the multi-billion dollar reconstruc-tion of Elders IXL amounced on Thursday, marking its shares down seven cents to A\$2.08 on an otherwise firm

stock market. The fall came despite a cautiously positive view from equity analysts of the Austra-lian conglomerate's ambitious plans to sell off or float its non-brewing assets and become a global entity called Foster's Brewing.

Their cantion springs from

concern that the asset sales might not be completed at acceptable prices, while the weakness of the shares reflects investor suspicion both of Elders and of entrepreneurial companies generally.
In related developments yes-

terday: the company controlled by Elders chairman Mr John Ell-

1512-4 1517-8

iott and senior Elders executives, which currently holds 55 per cent of Elders IXL - would only become cash positive when the whole reconstruction was completed, including Har-lin's own reduction of its Elders shareholding to 40-50 per cent. Harlin moved to its 55 per

cent holding last year as the result of a A\$5.5hn (US\$4.2hm) takeover offer. The reconstruction, apart from "unbundling" a conglomerate as planned, is a result of Harlin's need to meet a restructuring deadline agreed with its financiers. Bankers and brokers said they believed it was still possi-

ble that Grand Metropolitan of the UK would take a stake in Elders, and that the move had only been ruled out for now. The original plan was that GrandMet would acquire 25 per tial offer, preferably after the

But while a stake above 20 per cent would allow it to equity account Elders profits, a stake above 15 per cent would have classed it as a brewer under UK regulations, which would in turn preclude the two com-

panies' pub deal.

The sale of such investments as Scottish & Newcastle and Greene King will fund the first of Elders' two planned 50 cent capital returns to shareholders. The remainder must come from the asset sales. The 42 per cent-owned Elders Resources NZFP offshoot said it would be "business as usual"

while a new buard committee dealt with Elders IXL. Fletcher Challenge, the New Zealand forest products group and a potential buyer of NZFP, fered no comment. Brierley Investments indicated interest. The sale of the remaining involves principally the dis-posal of a property-loans port-

CRUDE Off. (Light) 42,000 US gails \$/barrel

folio, which already has serious buying interest, and a general portfolio. Bankers said that Harlin intended to sell down its full entitlement to shares in Elders Ltd, the new company which will be created through float-

America. But he remains loyal

ing off Elders Agribusiness to Elders IXL shareholders. Harlin would "pass timough" the entitlement to its own shareholders. Meanwhile the search for new long-term shareholders in the business would focus more on financial institutions than other agricul-ture-based groups, the bankers

 Brokers conducting fresh valuations of Elders IXL estimated that the group had net assets per share of A\$2.60-A\$2.70, suggesting that the shares are currently trading at a discount of some 20 per cent.

Chicago

World Commodities Prices

COCOA - Lendos FOX

		କ୍ଷୟ ତ	1989/90	1989/90
\$399.25	-4.25	\$389,25	\$420.25	\$356.5
	-15			\$1394.5
£1641	+95		£1982.5	£1301
2672.5	+ 104	£344,5	2515	£337
\$8250	+575 ·	\$18950	\$19350	\$5887.5
\$1652.5	+120	\$2025	\$2107.5	\$1265
\$6350	+20	£4875	\$10760	\$6210
Σ722	+ 10	£863	2947	£622
2734	+59	£1128	£1270	£572
\$374	+29	\$285	\$381.0	\$235.8
£106.75	-0.35	Σ112.25	£113.85	22.00.95
£113.55	-1.75	£116.75	£121.65	€104.7
79.90c	+2.35	62.35c	84.95c	61.35c
563o ·	+ 15	647p	7100	548p
\$18.85z	-0.45	\$16.875	\$21.975	\$16,125
d. †Unquoted	p-pence/kg_ c	cents ib. z	Apr,	
	314.60p \$1531 £1641 £0672.5 \$9250 \$1652.5 \$6350 £722 £734 £106.75 £113.55 79.90c \$63p \$18.85z	314.80p +5.85 \$1531 -15 \$1531 -15 \$1641 +95 \$672.5 +104 \$1250 +575 \$1652.5 +120 \$6350 +20 \$1722 +10 \$2734 +59 \$374 +29 \$106.75 -0.35 \$113.55 -1.75 \$79.90c +2.35 \$63p +15 \$18.85z -0.46	314.80p +5.85 338.30p \$1531 -15 \$2186 \$1641 +95 \$1885 \$672.5 +104 \$344.5 \$1652.5 +120 \$40.5 \$1652.5 +120 \$40.5 \$1652.5 +120 \$40.5 \$16350 +20 \$4675 \$122 +10 \$20.5 \$2722 +10 \$20.5 \$2734 +59 \$112.8 \$374 +59 \$112.8 \$374 +29 \$285 \$113.55 -1.75 \$116.75 79.90c +2.35 \$2.35c \$63p +15 \$47p \$18.85z -0.46 \$16.875	314,80p +5.85 388,30p 378,15p \$1531 -15 \$2196 \$2810 \$2810 \$1515 \$2184 \$2810 \$1515 \$2185 \$2

London Markets

Crede oil (per barrel FOB)		+ or -
Dubai Brent Blend W.T.L (1 pm est)	\$16.02-6.13 \$16.83-6.87z \$20.70-0.78z	
Off products (NWE prompt delivery per to	onne CIF)	+ cr -
Premium Gasoline Gas Oil Heavy Fuel Off	\$216-218 161-163 \$36-88	-1 -1
Nephina Petroleum Argus Estimates	\$175-176	+1
Other		+ 01 -
Gold (per troy oz) — Silver (per troy oz) — Platinum (per troy oz) Paltadium (per troy oz)	\$399.25 \$11.00c \$506.70 \$131.40	-2.00 -6.00 -0.75 +0.80
Aluminium (free market) Copper (US Producer) Lead (US Producer)	\$1515 123 ³ k-127 46 ¹ 20	+10
Mickel (free market) Tin (Kuela Lumpur market) Tin (New York) Zinc (US Prime Western)	4250 16.73r 292c 704.c	+ 10 -0,09 -3
Cattle (live weight)† Sheep (dead weight)† Pigs (live weight)†	111.88р 223.16р 98.75р	:
London daily sugar (raw) London daily sugar (white) Tate and Lyle export price	\$374,0x \$437.0x £346.0	+8.6 +5.0 -8.0
Barley (English feed) Make (US No. 3 yellow) Wheat (US Dark Northern)	£109.5 £128.25 £131	+0.25
Rubber (Apr)♥	56.75p	+0.5
Rubber (May)♥ Rubber (KL R\$6 No 1 Mar)	57.50p 231.0m	+0.5 -1.0
Coconut oil (Philippines)§ Palm Oil (Maisysian)§	\$390t \$300.0w	-2.5
Copre (Philippines)§	\$267.5	+25
Soyabeans (US)	2188.0	+3.0
Cotton "A" index Wooltops (84s Super)	79.90c 553p	+0.1
C = toons unless otherwise	stated, p-per	nenska.

c-cents/ib. r-ringgit/kg. x-Feb/Mar. t-Mar/Apr r-Jan/Mar. w-Mar. 2-Apr. †Meat Commissio

ENGY	t - Lored	on POX	(\$ per 1
Raw	Close	Previous	High/Low
May	348.00	343,40	348.00 541.00
Aug	346.00	341.00	344.40 339.40
Oct	331,40	329.00	332.00 327.00
Mer	305.20	303.20	307.00 303.00
Walle.	Close	Previous	High/Low
May	435.D	436.5	436.0 431.0
Aug	434.5	436.0	435.0 433.0
Oct	406.0	406.0	405.5 402.0
Mar	386.5	386,5	385.0 385.5
White 2 Paris	1905 (2068 White (Fi) Fr per tonn	ots of 50 tons o): May 2505 ler 2275, May

			g	
Apr	18.9	18.95	19.04 18.88	
May	18.9	19.04	19.13 16.90	
Jun	18.9	19.08	19.10 18.94	
Jul	16.9	19.04	18.92 18.92	
IPE Inc	See 18.9	19.34		
	HET: 11582	(17050)		_
	Latest	Previous	High/Low	-
Apr	160.00	161,50	162.60 159.25	
May	157.75	159,25	160.50 167.00	
Jun	157,75	159.25	160.00 157.50	
Jul	158.75	160.25	160.60 158.50	
Aug	160.60	161.00	162.00 160.00	
Turnov	ਦਾ 5276 (1	2226)lots of	100 tonnes	

SPECESI During the last three months prices for several indonesian spices have gropped by some 30 per cent, reports Man Producten. Cassis: va/ha sticles, spot Fi4. 15 per kg. shipment Fi2.85, kb br/cl spot Fi2.95, shipment Fi2.88. Nutmege: siatuw/ambon quality bwp USS2.980 a tome, shrivels \$3,400, abcd \$4,025, sticce \$5,300. Cloves: Brazil \$2,400 (ob, Madegescar spot \$3,000.

Mar	709	697	714 706	
May	722	713	726 716	
	734	726	739 729	
Sep .	748	740	752 744	
Dec	771	761	774 765	
Mer	791	786	794 788	
May	807	802	809 802	
price 1	indicator	oricen (SDF 859.58 (850	of 10 tonnes is per tonn (44) 10 day	a) . (
COFF	EE Lon	don POX		£/1z
	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Mar	717	- 730	729 710	
May	734	749	750 721	
أباك	706	740	740 698	
Seo	714	700	745 702	
	/ I=	750		
Nov	725	790 780	747 721	
Nov Jan Turnov	725 735 er: 7296 (760 767 9509) lots o	747 721 760 730	
Nov Jen Turnov ICO in Mar 8: 73.57 (725 735 rer: 7296 (dicator pr Comp. da 72.50)	760 767 9509) lots o loss (US c lity 80.41 (E0	747 721 760 730	eve:
Nov Jen Turnov ICO in Mar 8: 73.37 (725 735 rer: 7296 (dicator pr Comp. da 72.50)	760 767 9508) lots of toes (US of toes (US of toes) Hy 90.41 (60	747 721 760 730 4 5 tonnea ents per po 227), 15 day	446
Nov Jen Turnov ICO in Mar 8: 73.37 (725 735 rer: 7296 (dicator pr Comp. da 72.50)	760 767 9509) lots of ces (US or less (US	747 721 780 730 4 5 tonnes ents per pr 127). 15 day	ene ene
Nov Jan Turriov ICO in Mar 8: 73.37 (725 735 er: 7286 (dicator pr Comp. da 72.50)	790 767 9509) lots o loss (US o lby 80.41 (80 FE. Previous 167.5	747 721 780 730 4 5 tonnes ents per pr 127), 15 day High/Low 168.0 166.0	2/k
Nov Jen Turnov ICO in Mar 8: 73.57 (725 735 er: 7296 (dicator pr Comp. da 72.60)	760 767 9509) lots o loss (US o lby 80.41 (E0	747 721 780 730 4 5 tonnes ents per pr 127). 15 day	2/k
Nov Jan Turnov ICO in Mar 8: 73.37 (POTA:	725 735 er: 7296 (dicator pr Comp. da 72,50) roaks — 2 Close 167,5 198,5	790 767 9509) lots o loss (US o lby 80.41 (80 FE. Previous 167.5	747 721 780 730 4 5 tonnes ents per pr 127), 15 day High/Low 169.0 165, 202.0 196	2/k
Nov Jan Turnov ICO in Mar 8: 73.37 (POTA:	725 735 rer: 7286 (dicator pr Comp. da 72.60) ross - 2 Close 167.5 198.5	760 767 9509) lots of loss (US or lity 80.41 (E0 li	747 721 780 730 4 5 tonnes ents per pr 127), 15 day High/Low 169.0 165, 202.0 196	2/hc
Nov Jen Turnov ICO in Mar 8: 73.57 (POTA: Apr May Turnov	725 735 rer: 7286 (dicator pr Comp. da 72.60) ross - 2 Close 167.5 198.5	760 767 767 767 768 768 768 768 768 768 767 767	747 721 780 730 4 5 tonnes ents per pr 127), 15 day High/Low 169.0 165, 202.0 196	£/hc

	198.5	202.0	202.0 196.6	_
mov	er 514 (92	9) lots of 4	O tonnes.	
	_			_
DYAS	TAN ME	AL - BPE	2 to	nne
	Close	Previous	High/Low	_
)ct	127.50	124.00	127.50 128.50	
шточ	r 35 (75)	lots of 20	0/1088.	_
				_
القطفا	II PUTU	- OF	\$10/Index po	olnt
	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Aer .	1639	1640	1645 1637	_
pr of	1844 1386	1653 1388	1656 1641	
XX	1479	1481	1483	
Ħ	1629	1622	1629	
שיטווווי	w 109 (⁵⁴	η		
FAIK) — BEF		£/ton	nne
TAK	Close	Previous	E/ton	me
ihoet iar	Close 111.00	Previous 110.65	High/Low 110.80 110.85	nne
fheet far fay	Close 111.00 113.55	Previous 110.65 113.35	High/Low 110.80 110.65 113.75 113.30	miner —
floort tar tay un	Close 111.00 113.55 115.30	Previous 110.65 113.35 115.20	High/Low 110.80 110.65 119.75 118.30 115.35 118.30	nne
lboat	Close 111.00 113.55	Previous 110.65 113.35	High/Low 110.80 110.65 113.75 113.30	
floori tar tay un tarley	Close 171.00 113.55 115.30 Close	Previous 110.65 113.35 115.20 Previous 108.00	High/Low 110.80 110.65 113.75 118.30 115.35 118.30 High/Low 108.75 106.60	
floot tar tay un arley lay	Close 171,00 113,55 115,30 Close 106,75 103,50	Previous 110.65 113.35 115.20 Previous 106.00 103.60	High/Low 110.85 110.65 119.75 118.30 115.35 118.30 High/Low 106.75 106.50 103.75 103.75	
hoet ar ay in arley ay ay	Close 171.00 173.55 175.30 Close 106.75 108.50 113.00	Previous 110.65 113.35 115.20 Previous 106.00 103.60 112.90	High/Low 110.80 110.85 119.75 118.30 115.35 118.30 High/Low 108.75 108.50 103.75 103.75 113.00 112.90	ne -
floor tar tay un tarley tay op tar	Close 171.00 173.55 175.30 Close 106.75 103.90 113.00	Previous 110.65 113.35 115.20 Previous 108.00 103.60 112.90 231 (225), 1	High/Low 110.20 110.85 113.75 113.30 115.35 113.30 High/Low 108.75 108.50 103.75 103.75 113.00 112.90 Barley 18 (50),	
r y riey y	Close 171.00 173.55 175.30 Close 106.75 103.90 113.00	Previous 110.65 113.35 115.20 Previous 106.00 103.60 112.90	High/Low 110.20 110.85 113.75 113.30 115.35 113.30 High/Low 108.75 108.50 103.75 103.75 113.00 112.90 Barley 18 (50),	

Previous High/Lov

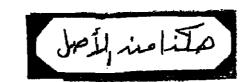
119.0 118.5 119.0

119.5 119.0 119.0

	Cests 3 months	9290-800 8975- 9000	8850-90 8700-60	8,000/9 9100/8
enne	Tin (\$ per	tonne)		
_	Cash 3 months	6340-80 6480-70	6310-25 6430-40	6370 6490/6
	Zinc, Spec		le (\$ per to	
	Cesh 3 months	1650-65 1549-50	1655-65 1540-2	1655 1560/1
	Zinc (\$ per			1300/1
	Cash	1600-5 1590-600	1640-50	·
) for	March 30	1580-800 ng £/\$ rete:	71550-10	1460
rage	SPOT: 1.61	65	3 months	r: 1,5889
crime				
_		oz) 5 price		quivalent
	Close Opening	400 ¹ 2-401	245	1 ₂ -247 1 ₂ -245
	Morning fit	x 399.70	240	L616 L178 - ·
	Day's high	40012-401		.179
	Day's low	397 4-397		
<u>OTHER</u>	Coins	\$ price		quivalent
	Mapieles! Britannia	410-415 410-415	253	-256 -256
	US Eagle	410-416	253	-256 -256
	Angel Krugemand	410-415 398-401	245	-247
	Naw Sev. Old Sev.	93-94 93-94	हर-। 57-1	
point	Noble Plat	508.15-610	312	.90-317.85
	Silver fix	p/fine cz	US	cta equiv
	Spot 3 months	314.60 326.60	510. 521.	
	6 months	339.10	582	.80
	12 months	363.85	555	
	TRADED O			
	Akminion	(·•)	Calis	Pub
		\$ tonne Ma		day July
me	1500 1550	· 45		55 52 38 75
	1800	26	45 8	0 105
	Copper (Gr		Calls	Puts
	2500 2550	135 107		73 118 73 140
	2600	82		6 166
•	Colleg	Mas	/ Jul · A	4aty Jul
	700		84 2	3 29
	750 800	81 15		8 51 2 81
	Cocce	Mes		day Jul
	650	75	. 4	
p/kg	700	35	-57 1	
_	760	15	31 4 	4 48
	Breat Crude	'Арг		or May
	***		39 8	7 35
	1900	91	18 9	
	1950 1950 2000	21	18 2 7	

76	00-1	1898-7	67,	63 lots	Oct Nov	20.70 20.67	20.76 20.78	20.85 20.80	20.66 20.60
		· Ring		8,850 torine	Dec	20.63	20.70	20.80	20,52
	0-2	ane e			Jen	20.69	20.68	20.78	20.69
- 46	<u> </u>	503-4		ist lots		٠.	:		•
-	76-200	···	WI WAS	1,158 tonne	HEAT	BIG OIL 4	2,000 US g	ulls, centra/L	IS gells
8	75-800	8978-900	7,00	4 lots	_	Latest	Previous		
		A A	g iumove	r 620 topne	Apr	549Q.	5534	5570	5460
63	80-70 80-80				May Jui	5975 5940	6451 5364	5490 6420	5380 5310
_04	60-80	6470-80		4 lote 0,225 tonne	Aug	5360-	5440 5554	6480	5400
-10	65-6	nag i			Sep	5505 6570	5554 5624	5580	5 <i>5</i> 00
	47-6	1550-2		iots	Nov	56 0 0	5894	8670 5760	5670 5690
		Ring	turnover	1,050 tonne	Dec	5735 5780	5764 5769	5820 6860	574 0
	80-800 80-70	, , , , , , , ,	17.4	43 lote		0.44		-	5780
10				KAB					
6 m	onthe: 1.5	B11 .	9 mo	ither 1,5385	-		Personal		
					W	Close	Previous	High/Low	<u> </u>
ŧε	w Y	ork			Mar May	1100 1073	1125 1098	1105 1090	1007 1057
				<u>·</u> _	Jut	1084	1107	1100 -	1080 - 1093
, CL		02.; \$/troy (-	Sep Dec	1095 1120	1117 1145	1112 1138	1093 1118
	Close	Previous	High/Lox		Mer	1140	1165	1150	1138
der i	396.0 401.6	400.0 . 401.9	398.0 401.8	398.0	May	1163	1178	1106	1152
wn .	407.2	407.5	407.3	404.3				••	
wg Act	412.5 417.0	412.7 417.9	412.5 417.0	409.8 416.5	COFF	SE "C" 37	,500lbs; e#	nis/lbs	
)ec	422.8	423.1	429.3	421.D		Close	Previous	High/Low	
eb	427.5	428A	427.5	425.8	Mar	95.18	102.50	101.00	96.25
LAT		oy az; \$/tro	y oz.		May	95.85	102.17	106.90	96.75
	Close	Previous	High/Lov		Jul	97.85	103.65	102.00	. 97-65
ρ·	503.5	506.6	508.5	499.0	Sep Dec	99.00 190.96	104,98 106,50	163.60 104.75	99.00 100.50
ùl Xet	509. <u>5</u> 518.1	511.2 517.2	509.5 613.7	506.0 512.0	Mer	102.60	106.60	106.00	102.80
	519.4	528.7	519.4	Q.	May Jui	104.75 109.25	109.00 114.50	107.00 110.00	0
pr	526.0	530.3	526.0		-				-
J.Y		oy oc; cent		<u>·</u>	-	-		100 lbe; cera	
_	Close	Previous	High/Lou	<u>, </u>	800				
ler pr	509.0 611.8	511.2 518.8	510.0 0-	506.0; · 0·		, Close	Previous	High/Low	
lay	515.6	617.8	517.0	614.5	Jul	15.75 15,58	15.82 15.86	15.76 15,80	15.55 15.40
ul	524.5 533.0	526,1	\$25.5	522.5	Oct	14.93	14.77	14.97	14.82
ep eo	543.0	534.8 648.3	634.5 546.0	532.0 ·· 542.6	Mar	18.92	13.84	14.02	13.83
بها	557.0	558.2	557.0	Q	May Jul	13.81 · 13.77	13.58 13.60	0 5 .	D.
1	572.0	574.7	572.0	<u> </u>			:		•
GH		OPPEN 25,0					<u>. · </u>		
	Close	Previous	High/Lov		COTT	OH 50:000	; cents/lbs		
er Pr	122.20 117.70	121.20 117.80	123.10 118.00	122.10		Closs	Previous	High/Low	
μπ İqy	115.10	115.90	117.95	117,70 115.00	May.	72.90	72.37	72.47	71,80
un.	113.90	112.70	114.30	113.90	Jul	72.80	72.73	72.78	72.15
ul ep	111.30 106.30	111.60 107.60	113.20 108.80	110.90 108.30	Oct • Dec •	67.20 65.75	67.23 85.80	67.20 85.90	66.75 65,32
8C	104.20	104.00	104,50	104.20	May	67.00	67.10	67.05	67,00
			-		Jul	67.30	67.45	67.30 .	
165	ICES	-							
	TERS (Be	ec Septem	ber 18 193	1 = 100)	ORAN	GE JUICE	15,000 iber	cente/lbs	
_	Mar 9			o yr ago		· Cłose	Province	High a	
	1919.5		1773.0					High/Low	
~				2005.5	Mar	190,50 190,50	190.25 192.60	191,20 191,95	189.00 190.05
-	• #### ################################	Sese: Dec.			Jul .	188.25	190.25	189.85	187-20
DOI		66 *	math a	Oge Ty Ogo	Sep .	184,50	184.30 .	184.60	183.10
DOI	Mar 8			7. 4.	7 Dece	177 471			
Spor	Mar 8	132.96	126.13	137.81 141.61	Nov Jen	177.50 172.00	178.00 172.50	177.00 171.80	176.50 171.50

SOYABEANS 5,000 bu min; cents/60th bushel 587/2 601/0 614/0 616/0 616/0 622/0 633/4 643/4 581/4 594/4 807/4 812/0 812/0 618/6 628/6 839/0 587/4 601/0 614/0 616/6 616/6 623/0 632/4 643/4 581/0 593/6 606/4 611/4 612/0 616/0 627/4 Close Previous High/Low 22.30 22.40 22.37 22.12 21.90 21.60 21.45 21.80 AL 100 tons; \$/con Close 243/0 260/0 254/6 254/4 254/0 280/0 383/6 353/6 340/6 346/0 359/0 367/8 364/0 855/2 341/4 348/0 359/4 367/6 **CATTLE 40,000 lbs;** (Previou High/Los 77,62 72,52 72,52 73,80 74,25 74,25 77.27 72.30 72.07 73.80 74.22 74.10 77.32 72.25 71.97 73.55 74.05 HOG5 30 51.92 56.47 55.97 53.75 48.12 48.67 48.05 45.85 51,75 56,20 53,77 53,70 47,95 48,45 48,05 46,85 K BELLIES 40,000 lbs; cents/fb 50.95 51.82 52.10 50.56 56.15 56.50 52.27 53.25 53.42 51.80 57.27 57.50 62.90 53.90 54.30 52.50 57.30



CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Sterling comes under pressure

in nervous trading the pound fell 240 cents to \$1.6185 at the London close, and weak-

Y247.75. Its index shed 1.1 to

A STRONG dollar continued to dominate the foreign exchanges yesterday with sterexchanges yesterday with star-ling sufficing from heavy sell-ing pressure and losing ground, in spite of active infer-vention by the Bank of England. The Japanese yen also remained out of favour and was supported by the Bank of Japan for the eleventh straight trading day.

The pound started to lose ground about a week ago, fol-lowing disappointing UK trade figures. It has continued its Y247.75. Its index shed 1.1 to 86.6.

The dollar was underprished by a larger than expected rise of 372,000 in February US aoniarm payrolls. A gain of affout 225,000 was forecast, but the strong figure was largely the result of special factors, including the re-employment of faid off car workers and maid weather keeping more construction workers employed during the winter. Impact on the currency market was,

figures. It has continued its decline as the British Government has suffered from a series of setbacks and declining popularity, according to opinion polls. It is not clear whether a wave of violence, in protest at a new local taxation system will cause more damage to the Government or opposition Government or opposition Labour Party, but the uncer-tainty is contributing to rumours about Mrs Margaret Thatcher's position as Prime Minister and has increased the

CURRENCY RATES

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

\$\frac{\xi\}{7691.20}\cdot\frac{20}{21.3770}\cdot\frac{21}{21.3790}\cdot\frac{4780.00}{31.655}\cdot\frac{4780.00}{21.3770}\cdot\frac{21.379}{31.655}\cdot\frac{131.75}{36.8965}\cdot\frac{55.564}{36.755}\cdot\frac{41.000}{36.035}\cdot\frac{24.355}{34.355}\cdot\frac{99.80}{31.6200}\cdot\frac{199.80}{31.6200}\cdot\frac{42.900}{31.6200}\cdot\frac{708.80}{31.695}\cdot\frac{42.90}{31.695}\cdot\frac{23.6000}\cdot\frac{23.6000}{31.695}\cdot\frac{23.6000}{31.695}\cd Singaport ... S. Af (Cas) ... S. Af (Fp) Tatuan U.A.E.

سب شنان

FORWARD RATES AGAINST STERLING Spot 1 3 6 12

MONEY MARKETS

London rates firm

INTEREST RATES rose on the London money market yester-day as sterling came under further pressure on the foreign exchanges. Three-month inter-bank firmed to 15%-15% from 15 15 15 16 per cent, and 12-month money rose to 15%-15% from 15 15 15 per cent on increased nervousness about the pound and the UK political

Trading in short sterling was active and nervous on Liffe. The June contract opened weaker at 84.32. This was almost the day's peak, and

UK clearing bank base leading rate 15 per cent trom Ostober 5

from there short sterling fell sharply to close just above the day's low at 84.67, on fears of a possible rise in bank base rates if pressure on the pound

continues. Day-to-day credit was in fairly short supply, and the Bank of England did not appear to provide enough help to fully relieve the situation. The authorities initially forecast a shortage of £800m, but revised this to £850m at noon, and to £750m in the afternoon. Total assistance of

£645m was provided. Before lunch the Bank of England bought £488m bills outright, by way of £257m bank

bills in band 1 at 14% per cent; 29m Treasury bills in band 2 at 14% per cent; and £222m bank bills in band 2 at 14% per cent. In the afternoon another £157m bank bills were purchased, in band 2 at 14% per cent. Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late

assistance and a take-up of Treasury bills drained 5578m, with a rise in the note circulation absorbing £470m and bank balances below target £95m. These factors outweighed Exchequer transactions adding £440m to liquidity. At the weekly Treasury bill

tender the average rate of discount for 91-day hills rose to 14.5884 from 14.4945 per cent. The £500m bills on offer met applications of £1.047bn, down from £1.89bn last week. The average rate of discount on £200m of £182-day bills rose to 14.2288 from 14.0470 per cent. These received applications of £349m, against £591m last week. Next week a total of £700m 91-day and 182-day bills will again be on offer.

In Frankfurt call money edged up to 7.85 from 7.80 per cent, as hanks increased their reserves before large seasonal tax payments drain funds from the money market next week. Reserve holdings for the first seven days of March averaged DM63.5hm, but it is too early to judge the likely figure for the whole month. expire in August 1991, was denied by the White House and also had little impact on the

effect to DM2.7575 from DM2.7950. Sterling also declined to FFr9.3275 from FFr9.4450; to SFr2.4475 from SFr2.4775; and to Y245.00 from market. The yen was weak, with the dollar rising above Y151.00 again. In Tokyo the Bank of Japan sold around \$500m as the dollar rose to its highest level since August 1987.

In London the dollar improved to Y151.80 from Y150.80. It also advanced to DML7040 from DML7020; to SF1.5115 from SF1.5065; and to FF1.7625 from FF15.7500. The dollars index climbed to 68.3 from 68.1.

The lira stayed at the top of the European Monetary Sys-tem, but finished within its agreed limits against the weaker members, including the

therefore, muted. weaker members, including the A US newspaper report that French franc.						ing the				
the Bush Administration is dis- Average currency values										
	pleased with the Federal against the dollar in February Reserve's refusal to cut inter-were: sterling 1.6953; D-Mark									
		l not re-ap-								
		eenspan .as		: and	French	franc				
Fed ch	altman wix	m his term	5.6892.			•				
	1 1 1 1 1 1			· · ·	<u> </u>					
DOLL	AR SPOT	FORWAR	D AGAII	IST	THE DOL	LAR				
Ner,9	Dig's spread	Close	Om month	96	Tissee Months	92				
DK)	13160-16625	1,6780-1,6190	1.09-1.01com	7.36	2.68-2.65mm	5.59				
irelandy	1.5625-1.5690	1.5636-1.5645	0.48-0.43mm	3.49	LSI-L/Ober	3,91				
Carrade Netherlands .	11750 - 11815	11790 - 11800 19185 - 19195	0.50-0.53eds	5.21	1.33-1.356s 0.20-0.256s	4.60 -0.53				
Belghan	XX-59	35.40-35.50	3.00-9.00cds	049 204 451 028 834	12.00-22.00ds	-125				
Domail's	6.503 -6.53	6.51 5 - 6.52	2.35-2.55 grads	. 451	6.05-6.55ds	-3.86				
W. Germany	1.6960 - 1.7065	1,7035-1,7045	0.05-0.03pma	0.28	0.03-0.01	0.05				
Portugal Soals	150.00 - 150.35 169.05 - 109.45	150.10-150.20 109.20-109.30	97-107cfs 61-68cfs	-814	310-3304s 172-182-8	-8.52 -6.47				
Haly	1252 - 1259	1238 - 1259	4.00-4.30imds	-7.08 -3.96	13.00-13.504k	122				
Norway	6.554 - 6.584	6.574 - 6.584	2.05-2.50mm8s	-3%	5.25-5.6545	-331				
France	5.731 5.761	6.574 - 6.584 3.76 5.76 1	1.02-1.07cds	-3% -218	3.10-3.20fk	. 219				
Service	6154-618	6.264 - 6.264	3.21-3.36creds	弧	9.65-10.00m	-537				
Japan	11.945 - 151.45	151.25 - 151.35	0.15-0.13ypm 0.20-0.65cds	糊	0.30-0.35mm 0.80-2.10ds	0.98				
Switzerhand .	15030 15125	1510 15120	0.07-0.10:44	0.68	0.23-0.30ds	0.76				
ECU	11950 - 12030	11980-11990	0.25 0.24444	245	0.75-0.7244	245				
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US	2600-26925	-16380-16390	1.03-1.07com	7.56	268-265em	659				
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Ketherlands.	30%-3125	310-311	2-1 - com	7.48	43-45	_ <u>411</u>				
Sergiana	57.05 - 57.80 10.544 - 10.592	57.30 - 57.40	32-21mm	255 252		446				
Denmark	m-24-4 - 10-24-5	10.541 - 10.551	3-21-corees	اعبد	8-6 3 100	2.76				

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

DM Yes P.Fr. S.Fr. B.Fl. Lies CS BFr. 245.0 151.3 9.328 5.762 2.448 1.512 3.105 1.918 738.6 8314 0.363 4.082 0.587 6.608 3.382 38.07 0.885 1.126 12.67 9690 2079 7771 2341 2.041 61.48 8.778 23.43 1.7% 0.561 2,624 3.329 1.268 2184 832.1 1.072 0.408 2.957 1.127 器 10. 3,820 78.90 120.3 3.004 4.579 0.788 1.202 1.524 0.850 2.823 1.449 4.809 128.7 4.899 427.2 15.27 1.286 4.289 Yen per 1,000; French Fr. per 10; Liza per 1,000; Beigian Fr. per 100.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING (11.00 a.m. Mar 9 3 months US dollars 6 mentis US Dollars offer 84

MONEY RATES NEW YORK 830 7,87 8,24 8,31 8,44 8,71 Mar.9 810 8.2 101-102 84-87 860-870 71-12-5 101-103 8.15-8.30 170-8.05

LONDON MONEY RATES Three Months Six Months 내왕 9 Qpe Year 151 뚭 描 냻 밿 14% 144 145 141 151 144 152 144 153 103 103 뜷 8.75 95 95 114 114

FINANCIAL FUTURES AND OPTIONS

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92.20 92.23 92.11

column 5,351 Total Open Interest 9,006

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BANK RETURN

£ 14,553,000 53,722,857 1,657,076,826 1,990,818,642

3,716,171,32

632,208,464 1,978,656,742 5,588,819 213,400

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BASE LENDING RATES

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hers rate. § Demand deposit 9%.
Mortgage 15.2% - 15.95%

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increase or decrease for week

5,313,463 11,884,766 136,225,715

130,657,065

370,938,535 349,648,450 3,478,745

155,423,944

13,476,745 3,476,745

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28,718,455 18,718,455

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126,633

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LONDON RECENT ISSUES

EQUITIES

issae Price Clasics Price Padd 100p 98.94

RIGHTS OFFERS Amount Paid up Latest Herent Date Price 13pm 6pm 4pm 25pm 10pm 14pm 70pm lepen 11-pen 1pen 21-pen 11-pen 11-pen 34-pen 21220 200 200 200 200 1120 1120 3400 sed on latest assemi earnings, Mi Divident and yield based on prospectus or other official ext which and yield based on prospectus or other official extinates for 1969/90, Q cross, T riddend,cover and pile attick based on prospectus or other official extinates, W Pro Forca Rigerts.

TRADITIONAL OPTIONS Mar 5 Mar 16 June 7 invicts Sound, Central & Sheer wood, Aviva Pet., Eurotunne Warrents, Premier Cons., Robert

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11 APRIL 1990

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343 295 Ass. Brit. Ind. Orosaw.

38 19 Armitage and Rhodes.......

210 149 Bardoe Group Cr Pref (SE).......

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE: Dealings

Details of business done shown below have been taken with consent from last Thursday's Stock Exchange Official List and should not be reproduced without permission.

Details relate to those securities not included in the FT Share

Unless otherwise indicated prices are in pence. The prices are those at which the business was done in the 24 hours up to 5 pm on Thursday and settled through the Stock Exchange Talisman system they are not in order of execution but in ascending order which denotes the day's highest and lowest dealings.
For those securities in which no business was recorded in Thursday's Official List the latest recorded business in the four previous

days is given with the relevant date.

Rule 535(2) and Third Market stocks are not regulated by the International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic

‡ Bargains at special prices. • Bargains done the previous day.

Corporation and County Stocks No. of bergains included 8 London County 21/16 Cons Six 1920(or after) - 223 (6M/r90) Greater London Council 61/16 Six 50/92 - 296 ½ Karasington & Chelsea(Hoyal Borough) 11.15% Red Six 2006 - 290 (2M/r90) Liverpool Corp 25/16 Red Six 1923(or after) - 220 (6M/r90) 3% Red Six 1942(or after) - 225 (6M/r90)

intend(Borough of) 11%% Fied S& 18 – 298% %

UK Public Boards Agricultural Mortgage Corp PLC8%% Deb Six 82/34 - £76 (7M/90) 6%% Deb Six 85/90 - £95 (7M/90) 7%% Deb Six 91/93 - £92 (7M/90) 10%% Deb Six 91/93 - £98 Chide Port Authority3% knd Six - £24

(8M/90) 4% byd Stit — £25 (8M/90) ort of London Authority3;%% Stit 49/99 -£50 (8M/90)

Commonwealth-Government No. of burgsins included 1
Jersey Sectricity Co Ld6% Gtd Stit 2000

Foreign Stocks, Bonds, etc-(coupons payable in London) No. of bargains included:38 Hungary (Republic of) 7%% Stg Bits(Ased Lon 1968 Sett) – 265 (SM/90) Anglo Group PLC9%% Chy Bits 1999 (Reg) – 2101 ASDA Group PLC4%% Chy Bits

#SUA Group PLC4*% Cnv Bds 2002(Br21000425000) - 2101 Barclays Bark Finance Co_Llersy/Ld 10%% Sec Daposit Nts 1985 - \$105% % (2Me90) Blue Circle Industries PLC6%% Subord Cnv Bds 2002 - 233% 9 9 Boots Co PLC9% Bds 1997 (Br35000&10000) - \$86% % Boots Finance Ld6% Cnv Cap Bds 2005 (Br) - 238

90015 Finance LG% CRV Cap Bds 2005 (BY) - 236 British Gas Inti Finance 8V8% GtdNts 1999(British 1000, 100004 100000) - 283540 British Telepom Finance 8V8% Gtd Bds 1989 (Br\$500082000) - 2855, 58 90% Gtd Sde 1998 (Br\$5000850000) -

His 1983 (erz 100,1000a/1000) - ES9.15
Costain Finance NV7.5% Gadfied Covent 2003 21 (Certs to Br) - 85% Finance RV7.5% Finance RV7.5% Finance RV7.5% Finance RV7.5% Gad Red Cove Pri 2004 - E211 1 (Salf-90) General Motors Acc Corp (INC) Fin PLC 11% Nts 1991 - 594% 5% (Balf-90) Grand Metropolitan PLC 61% Subord Cre Bels 2002 (Br55000) - E91% (BM-90) Hickson Capital Ld 7% Cre Cap Ede 2004 (Pleg) - 92% 7% Cre Cap Bels 2004 (BV2100610006) - 282% 3 8

7% CRV Cap Bids 2004 (Br210006 10006) - 592% 3 8 (Bradown Hidge PLC4%% CRV Bids 2002 - 594% % (GMr90) International Bank for Rec & Dev 10%% Nts 1994 - 591% (224/50) musicors in inclusiny Int'l BV 10% Gtd Nts 1983(Br25000) - 288% % inty(Republic of)8%% Nts 1994 - \$67.03 42

.42 19%%, Ris. 1998 — \$101.2 .4 10%% Bds 2014 (Br210000850000) — 284% (SN090) (Ban Development Bank 9%% Gtd Nts span Development Benk 9 % % Gtd Mis 1993 — £87% (2Mr90) actroise Group PLC 5 % % Subord Cnv Bds 2004(Br21000&5000) — £94% 5%

(7Mr90) and Securities PLC9%% Bds 2007 -572% (7Mr90) 6%% Cay Bda 2002 - 579 % % % (7Mr90) w Zaalar nd9%% Bds 1995 - 284%

(SM:90) Noida Corporation Warrants to sub for Free Pid Shs — FMS.051888 5.1 (8M:90) CTUM FIG SIZE - PARSIJETIESS 5.1 (BM/PG) Ottowe-Careston/Reg Mun of) 5%% Debs 15/5/96 - \$C85% (BM/PG) Peninsular & Orienta Steson Nav Co4 %% Cmr Bds 20/2 - 236 (7M/PG) Hedlend Finance PLC Zero Cpn Mts 1982 - 272/3 (2M/PG)

8%% RedCnvPtf 200321(BrSns10008.10000) = 295 (SA450) Sainsbury (J) (Caphal) Ld5% Cnv Cap Bds 2004 (Br25) = 2104% 5 % (SA450) Sottlish & Newcastle Breweries PLC9%% Bds 2006 = 275% es PLC6% Cnv Bds 2003 -ENDY 7 Smith & Nephew Associated Cos PLC4% Chv Bds 2002 - 295% (6Mr90) Smith & Nephew Finance N.V.8%% Chd Rad Chv Pri 2004 (8p) - 2103 Swedenfungdom of)5%% Bds 1994 (8rY1000500) - 193.91 8% 8 ds 1988W-2500188000 -

\$98%, 9.3
Tesco PLC4% Crv Bds
2002[8:£100085000) -- £115 (714/90)
THORN EMI Capital NV5/NV6 Gtd Red Crv
Prt 2004 (8/25000) -- £103%
Tratisiger House PLC 10%% Bds 2006 -£90% %
United Kingdom/Fitg Rase Nts 1996
(Br3100008500000) -- \$98.88 (714/90)
United Newspapers Capital Ld 9% Gtd
Exch Prt Stre -- £122% 9-39

Sterling Issues by Overseas Borrowers No. of bergains included 36

Asian Development Bank 10%% Ln 8k 2009(Reg) - 286% (6Mr90) Australe(Commonwealth of)9%% Ln 8t 2012(Reg) - 277 (5Mr80) 11%% Ln 8k 2015(Reg) - 291% 5Mr90) Sh c0)9%% Ln Sta (BMr90) 13.5% Ln St. 2010 - £108 (BMr90) Credit Foncier De France 10% *KotdSerLnSt(2011,12,13,14(Reg) - £85%* 14%% Gad 1.n Str. 2007(Reg) - £118 % ½ (2Mr90) ig(Kingdom of) 13% Ln Stik 2005 – 2102 Bectricite de France 1214% Ged Ln Sik 2003(Reg) – 2103 1114% Ged Ser Ln Sik 2009/12(Reg) – 236% (7Mr90) European Innantana

236% (/Air80) sropesn investment Bank 9% Ln Stk 2001 (Reg) – 278% % % % % % % 9%% Ln Stk 2009 – 280% % % % % 70) 10%% Ln St. 2004(Reg) - 286% 11% Ln St. 2002(Reg) - 289% % 90% 11% Ln St. 2002(Reg) - 138% % (7Mr90) (7Mr90) Finland(Republic of) 11%% Ln St. 2009(Reg) - 294% % (7Mr90) Hydro-Queboc 12.75% Ln St. 2015 - \$100%

15% Ln Stk 2011 - £116% (2M/90) land(Republic of)14%% Ln Stk 2016 -2106 (874:90) Inco Ld 15%% Line Ln Sik 2006 \$ Rep Opt nco Ld 15 % Lins La Str. 2006 \$ Rep Opt — £195 (7hife)
nter-American Development Bank9 % Ln Str. 2015 - £81 % International Benk for Rec & Dev 8 % Ln Str. 2010[Reg. - £80 % % 1 % 1 % 1 .5 % Ln Str. 2006 - £93 % (8hife) — £99 % (8hife) — £ (6M/90) New Zeeland 11 %% St. 2008(Reg) =

291% (7Mr90) 11%% Stk 2014(Reg) - 292% 3% ova Scotia(Province of)11%% Ln Stk 111% Six 2010/1009 - 2010 111% Lin Six 2018 - 292 % 2011 - 2126% 7 (7Mr90)
7011ga(Rpp) cip 9% Lin Six 2016(Reg) - 272%
700/1006 de Quebec 121% Lin Six 2020 - 298% % (2Mr90)
Spein(Vingdom of) 111% Lin Six 2010(Reg) - 255% (8Mr90)
Sweden(Vingdom of) 95% Lin Six 2010(Reg) - 255% 68Mr90)
Sweden(Vingdom of) 95% Lin Six 2010(Reg) - 250%
2010(Reg) - 250%
13.5% Lin Six 2010(Reg) - 2105%
X

United Mexican States 16%% Ln Stk 2008(Reg) - 2107% 8 (5Mr90)

Banks and Discount Companies

Anebacher(Henry)Hidgs PLC9% Crw Subord Lin Sik 1998 – 570 (2Mr80) Australia & New Zosland Benking GpNew \$A1(50% PdBRkg 50% Div Till 30/9/80) antigues rooming 50% bit in supersty - 147 (24/190)
Bank of InsentigCovernor & Co off?% Ln Sik 8897 - 1288 (24/190)
Barcleys PLCADR (4:1) - \$37% 8 (64/190)
Barcleys Bank PLC7%% Une Cap Ln Sik 8891 - 2890 88:91 - 259**0** 8%% Uns Cap Ln Stk 88:93 - 282% %

12% Uns Cap Lo Sik 2010 - 593% Cobriles Warburgi DM10 - DM50 Kyowa Barik LdShs of Com Stk Y50 -Y1485.59

Y1485.59
Midland Bank PLC7%% Subord Uns Ln
Stx 63/95 - 280 2% (7M90)
10%% Subord Uns Ln Stx 93/98 ~
522%
Missubish Trust & Bending CorpShe of
Com Six Y50 - Y89© 90© .20 1© 20
2213.34©
180cmal Measureman. 2213.340 kational Westminster Benk PLC7% Cum Pri £1 – 61 2 9% Subord Uns Lri Sik 1983 – £84% %

12%% Subord Uns Ln Stk 2004 -71 % na PLC8%% Una La Sak 97/2002 - 275 (5Mr90) - 175 (200794) bindard Chartered PLC 12%% Subord Unii Ln Stk 2002/07 - 191% % % (7Mr90) TSB Group PLC 10%% Subord Ln Sik

2008 - 233% TSB Hill Sempel Bank Holding Co PLC8% Uns Ln Sitt 89/94 - 232 (58/670) Warburg (S.C.) Group PLCCnv Dtd 25p -227/9 22/79 7%% Cum Pri £1 - 70 % (7Mr90) Wells Fargo & Company Shs of Com Sik \$5 - \$76.15 (6Mr90) Breweries and Distilleries

Alleo-Lyons PLC-ADR (1:1) - \$7% Alleo-Lyons PLC-ADR (1:1) - \$7% Cum Pri 21 - 47 52 (7Mr30) 71% Cum Pri 21 - 68 (6Mr30) 31% Red Deb Ski 88/83 - 21/40 71% Red Deb Ski 88/83 - 252% (8M-90) (6Mr90) New 9%% Deb Stk 2019 – 279% 11%% Deb Sik 2009 - £94% 5 %

11%% Deb Six avas - 247.
(7M:70)
51% Uns Ln Six - 243 (2M:90)
51% Uns Ln Six - 248 (5M:90)
71% Uns Ln Six 8986 - 275
Bess PLC7% Com Pri 21 - 61 (5M:90)
81% Deb Six 67/92 - 266 7%
10%% Deb Six 2018 - 283% %
45% Uns Ln Six 82/97 - 275
Bess investments PLC7%% Uns Ln Six 82/97 - 275
Bess investments PLC7%% Uns Ln Six 82/97 - 275 Pass Investments PLC79% Uns Ln Stic 92/97 - E74

Boddington Group PLC99% Grev Uns Ln Stic 2000/05 - E138% 9 41

Butmar(H.P.)Midge PLC99% Cum Prf 21 - 90 (2h4/90)

9% 2nd Cum Prf 21 - 83%

Greenali Whitiey PLC9% Cum Prf 21 - 80 (7M/90)

67% 200 Cum PT 21 - 83%
67eenatil Whiteley PLG9% Cum Prf 21 - 80
(7Mr90)
10% Deb Six 2014 - £30% % (Sairs0)
7% inrd Uns Lin Six - £30 (7Mr90)
8% Inrd Uns Lin Six - £30 (7Mr90)
8% Inrd Uns Lin Six - £36
Heavitree Browery PLC11 % Cum Prf 21
- 116% (SMr90)
International Displains & Virginers Lid 4%%
Deb Six 2012(77 - £49 (2Mr90)
8%% Uns Lin Six 67/82 - £36
Maccionald Marrian Displaines PLC18* Ord
259 - £19% (2Mr90)
Manafield Browery PLC0rd 21 - 466
Merstan, Thompson & Purprised PLC4%%
Red Deb Six 1992 - £78 (6Mr90)
800tileh & Newcastle Browerines PLC4.6%
Cum Prf 21 - 57 (7Mr90)
7% Cum Prf 21 - 55 (7Mr90)
7% Cum Prf 21 - 180 2 3
7.1% 138 Mag Deb Six 55/90 - £96% 7%
(7Mr90)

7.6% 1st Min Deb Sik 89/94 - £82% (Green Suppliers PLC 12%% Deb Stik 2012 — £97% (6Mr90) 289 (5MigO) 10.78% Deb Sok 2019 - 284 % % % %

10.75% Lego Set 2010 - 291 % % (7Ms90)
11 % Deb Set 2010 - 291 % % (7Ms90)
Vebrey, Mann & Truman Hidge PLCS%% Ind Deb Set - 220 (2Ms90)
4% % Red Deb Set 88/98 - 275
9% Red Deb Set 88/98 - 280 (7Ms90)
9% % Red Deb Set 88/98 - 282%
106% Red Deb Set 88/98 - 282%
106% Red Deb Set 88/98 - 282%

(SM:90) 5%% Uns Ln Stk - 240 (5M:90) 8%% Uns Ln Stk - 280 (5M:90) Writbread & Co PLCB Ord 25p - £122 (7M/90) 4%% 2nd Clum Pri Sik E1 -- 40 (6M/90) 4%% Red Deb Sik 99/2004 -- 256% (5Mr90) 61/76 Red Deb Six 87/92 - 286 (7Mr90) 57 % Kins Ln Sit 86/951 – 286 (74/95) 7 % Kins Ln Sit 86/99 – 299 72 7 % Uns Ln Sit 96/99 – 299 72 7 % Whis Ln Sit 96/2000 – 272 10 % Uns Ln Sit 2000/05 – 290 % Pri 7 Cum & Co'r Brevery PLC9% Cum Pri 21 – 85 (2M/90)

Commercial, Industrial, etc No. of bergaine included 13297 NO. Of Dergalina Included 13:237

AAH Hidgs PLC4.2% Crum Prf 21 - 52
ABB Kent PLC8% Une Ln Set 89:83 - 283%; (2Ak/90)

ABI Leisure Group PLCOrd 10p - 122 8
ADT Ld Com Site \$0.01 (Restricted Transfer) - 21.9 1.92

ADR (10:1) - \$511 1/4 2/6 A

AEC! Ld5%% Cum Prf R2 - 25 (SMr90)

AMEC PLC 16% Uns Ln Set 1992 - 2100 (SMr90)

(SMr90) Albright & Wilson Ld8% Deb Bisk 87/82 — 284% (SMr90) Alcan Aluminium LdCom Shis of NPV — \$20.95 nders Hidgs PLC9½% Cum Pyf 21 -Alexanders Hidgs Paragram (RMs90)
Alexan Group PLC825p (Net) Chr Cum
Red Pri 10p – 99 100
Allied Putrership Group PLC10% Cum
Chr Red Pri 21 – 125 (SMr90)
Anglo United PLCChr Red Pri 10p – 87
Arcoleotric(Pldgs) PLCChr 5p – 105
RMs90) (SMF90) sectioned British Engineering PLC4.9% Curn Pri St - 38 8 (SMF90) sectioned British Foods PLC6% Curn Pri

21 - 52% 5%% Une Ln Sak 87/2002 50p - 28 sn're Ore Ln Sat 8/1/2002 Sup - 28 (SM/90)
75% Une Ln Sat 87/2002 Sup - 36
Associated Fisheries PLC-44% Cum Pri 21 - 47 (7M/90)
84% Uns Ln Sat 91/96 - 279
Atheroods (Finas In Sat 91/96 - 279
Atheroods (Finas In Sat 91/96 - 279)
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Atheroods (Finas In Sat 91/96 - 279)
Atheroods (Finas In Sat 91/96)
Atheroods (Finas In Sat 91/96)
Automated Security(Hidga) PLC5% Crv
Cum Red Pri 21 - 158 (SM/90)
6% Crv Cum Red Pri 21 - 122 %
(SM/90)

utomotive Products PLC3.5% Cure Pri £1 - 41% 21 - 41% Ayrshive Metal Products PLCOrd 25p - 87 B.A.T. Industries PLCADR (1:1) - \$12% % 3.02 % .1 % .135 B.A.T. Investments PLC 10% Uns Ln Stx 9095 - 259 (7M-90) 10%% Uns Ln Stx 9095 - 291 % % BBA Group PLC 10% Deb Stx 89/94 - 288 (7M-90) (7M:90) BhS PLC5%% Mig Deb Sik 88/94 - 272

(2M/90)
714 May Deb Stx 94/98 - 271 (7M/90)
BICC PLC 6% 181 Cum Pri Stx 21 - 54
55% 2nd Cum Pri Stx 21 - 52 (2M/90)
7% Deb Stx 85/90 - 290
7% Deb Stx 85/90 - 200
BM Group PLC-4.8p (Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 20p - 129 BOC Group PLC-ADR (1:1) - 88% 12% W Una Ln Stk 2012/17 - 294% % 5

(SMr90) BPB Industries PLC7X% Deb Stk 66/91 -10 k/h Oob 9th 97/2002 - 292 (714/90) BS Group PLCOrd Sik Sp - 375 90 (EMI-90) BTP FLC7.5p(Net) Cav Cum Red Prf 10p 8TP PLLL Approvery

- 102%
102%
Sematt Developments PLC6%% Une Lit
Six 92/97 - 298 (536/90)
Betteye PLC 10% Curn Pri 21 - 90
Beaster PLC 9,97% Curn Pri 21 - 71% (7M=90) 8%% Crw Uns Ln Sik 2000 – 2103

Beliway PLC9.5% Cum Red Pri 2014 21 - 709 d Cuelcast PLC7%% Une Ln Sik STAZ - 224 (SMF) Ung LT SIX 57/2 - 224 (SMF) (CT) - \$14%, Blue Circle Industries PLC58% 2nd Deb Six 1994/2009 - 255 Blundel-Permolexe PEdgs PLC7% Ung LT Six 90/5 - 255 (SMS) Boots Co PLC7% Uns LT Six 88/93 -2017/4-00

280 (7Mr90) conster industries PLC4.35% Cum Prf £1 - 54 (7Mr90) - 54 (714/90) Bowthorpe Hidgs PLC7% Uns La Str 50/95 - 200 (214/90) Braithwaite PLCCav Prf 50p - 60 Bridon PLC6% Deb Str 88/93 - 283

Bridon PLC6% Deb St. 8893 - 283
(String)
Bristol Evening Post PLC10%% Mag Deb
St. 91/95 - 2844
British Airways PLCADR (10:1) - \$32%
British Airways PLCADR (10:1) - \$30
St. 201 - 280
Fri St. 21 - 43
St. 2nd Cum Pri St. 21 - 57 (2Mr90)
British Shoe Corp Hidge PLC6%% Cum
Pri £1 - 58
St. Cum 3rd Pri £1 - 54 (8Mr90)

PT 21 - 58 65% Cum 3rd Pri 21 - 54 (6Afr90) 7% Uns Ln Sik 85/90 - 503 https://discourses.com/sik 85/90 - 294 % (6Afr90) https://discourses.com/sik 97 7 % % ,882 8 8 % %

% % .882 8 8 % %

ADR (10:1) ~ \$22.73484 % % %

British Sugar PLC 10%% Red Deb Set
2013 ~ 2837469

British Syphon industries PLCOrd 20p ~
166 (24490)

Brown & Jackson PLC 10.75% Cnv Cust
Prf £1 ~ 90 (8M/90)

Brown (10:04) PLC 50%% Sea Ln Set 2003 ~
205%

Brown B C 224 6 ~ Bunzi PLC7% ÇAY Uns La Sik 96/97 -2/U 2 Burndams Investments PLC18% Une Ln Sik 2007/12 - 2102 (SM/90) Burton Group PLC Wile to Sub for Ord Sits 1891 - 5

8% Cnv Una Ln Stk 1996/2001 - 279 % 80% 2
CRT Group PLCOrd 10p - 73 (7Mr90)
Cadoury Schweppes PLC8k% Uns Ln Stk
94/2994 - 278 (2Mr90)
Carld Group PLC7p Gum Grw Red Prf
2009 10p - 118
Carnadian Overs Pack Industr LgCorn Nov
- R25k (7Mr90)
Carnadian Pacific Ld4% Non-Cum Prf
934n MRD - 554x MRA-67a

Canacien Pacific Ld 4% Non-Cust Pri 258g NPV - 35% (8Ms90) 4% Non-Cum Prifiniero Transit) 258g NPV - 35% (8Ms90) Caparo Industrial PLC8.75p Dividend Cre-Cum Red Pri 20p - 13049 Carbon Communications PLCADR (21) -Cum recommendations re-\$23% 4 Categories incisive of Com Stit \$1 — \$35,181816 (7M/90) Channel Turnel Investments PLC5p — Charter Consolidated PLC2p(Br) (Cpn 51)

Charter Consolidated PLC2p(Br) (Cpn 61)

426 (Sale50)

Chopstoni Racecourse PLCOrd 25p =
215% 16% (20rhi0)

Chydeion PLC2R%(Net) Cnv Cum Red Prf
£1 = 195 8

Costs Patons PLC4%% Uns Ln Six
2002/07 = 246 (7Mr90)

61% Uns Ln Six 6002/07 = 256

71% Uns Ln Six 6005 = 277

Cohen(A) & Co PLCNon.Y "A" Ord 20p =
625

Coolson Group PLC7% Cum Prf £1 = 63 cas Codison Group PLC7% Cum Pri £1 - 63 (84/90) Cooper (Frederick) PLC6.5p (Net) Chy Red Cum Pig Pri 10p - 80 Courseids PLC7%% Deb Stx 89/94 - 281 Sourised's PLC7%% Deb Six 8978 - 231 55% Uns Ln Six 9476 - 258 65% Uns Ln Six 9476 - 2724 3 7%% Uns Ln Six 94756 - 276 7 7%% Uns Ln Six 200705 - 256 Courisudes Cothing Brands Ld7%% Cum Pri Six 21 - 80 (50/20) Courised Courised Six 94760 Courised Group PLC Warrants to sub for

Countwell Group PLCWarranta to sub for Crd - 2 % % % 10.75% (Net) Criv Cum Prf 21 - 68 9 72 Craig & Rose PLC5% Cum Prf St; 21 -43 (Sake) Crode international PLC5.9% Cum Prf 21 - 71% 8.5% Cum Prf 21 - 30% Crosby Woodsield PLC 10% Cum Prf 21 -80

Crystalste Hidgs PLC8%% Crw Une Ln Sct 2008 – 269 SAX 2003 - 256 DAKS Simpson Group PLCOrd 25p -\$18.2 (2Mrg0) DRG PLC7%% Une Ln Six 88/91 - 295 (SMr90) Daigety PLC4.85% Cum Prf 21 - 58 (7Mr90) (7M/90) Daverport Knitweer PLCOrd 10p - 400 (8M/90) Debenhune PLC7%% 2nd Deb Stit 91/96

- 273 55% Uns Ln Stk 86/91 - 280 (88/90) 7%% Uns Ln Stk 2002/07 - 284 Delta PLC4.2% Cum 1st Prf 21 - 50 (28/69)
7% Deb Six 85/90 - 293/40
10% Deb Six 85/90 - 293/40
10% Deb Six 85/90 - 291/24/740)
Dowly Group PLC7% Criv Curi Red Pri
21 - 97 % % 9 .09
7% Urs Ln Six 85/91 - 290
EMAP PLC7% Deb Six 86/91 - 2920
EMAP PLC7% To Deb Six 86/91 - 2920
Egerton Trust PLC7% Criv Curi Red Pri
21 - 120 (6M/90)
Filichtical PLC7% Criv Curi Red Pri
21 - 120 (6M/90) Elictics / PLL: 79 Law Season Section 93 85 (Shifted) Elswick PLC8% Cav Cum Red Pri 92/94 £1 - 170 (Shifted) Estyline Stores Group PLC9%% Deb Six 94/99 - 283 (Shifted) Euro Disneyland S.C.A. Shs FR10

uro Disneyland S.C.A.She FR10 (Depositary Receipts) - 10.3 10.82 10.35 10.35 10% 10.4 10.45 10.47 \$ 17.22 17% She FR10 (Br) - FR98.15 .2 % % 9 and PRIOUSING — PHERITS 2 % % 9 Europeen Home Products PLC5K% Chv Cum Red Pri 2008/11 21 - 70 Eurotunnel PLCFEurotunnel SAUnits (1 EPLC Ord 40p & 1 ESA FR10) (Br) — FR56 (7M/90) Units (Skowem Inscribed) — FR54,7225

Evered PLC11.25p Com Red Pri 2005 10p Evode Group PLC8% Cnv Uns i.n Sik 0306 - 2127 (\$406 - £127 PaherAbert@roup PLCADR (10:1) - \$18k Psons PLCADR (4:1) - \$21.15 % (7\kr90) 5\% Uns Ln Stk 200409 - £56 (7\kr90) Pluor Corp.Com \$0.625 - \$43.2959 Potel international PLC6% Uns Ln Stk 80\%3 - £76 (\$3\kr90) Polices Group PLC0rd 5p - 85 Poleco PLC6\% Cnv Red Cum 2nd Prf - 120 (\$1\kr90) ert)Group PLCADR (10:1) -

Foseoo PLCS % Cnv Red Cum 2nd Pri -120 (SAF90) 10% Cnv Uns Ln Sk 9995 - £120@ Priendly Hotels PLC4%% Cnv Cum Red Pri 51 - 100 (SAF30) 5% Cnv Cum Red Pri 21 - 177 (SAF50) 7% Cnv Cum Red Pri 21 - 104 (SAF50) GKN (Unised Kingdom) PLC10%% Gad Deb Sik 9095 - £91%@ General Electric Co PLC7%% Uns Ln Sik 87/92 - 285 7%% Uns Ln Sik 88/98 - £55 Gestating Hidson PLC Non-Intiffer CH 8

87/82 - 285
7% Uns Ln Stk 88/98 - 285
Gaststrer Hidge PLC Nontetting CULS
Units 1800/NIPG-284/90) - 24 5 5 6
10% Cre Uns Ln Stk 90/95 - 21 10
Gisco Group Ld 7%% Uns Ln Stk 85/96
500 - 38% (SM/90)
Geynwed International PLC10%% Uns Ln
Stk 94/99 - 237 8 (7M/90)
Goodwined Group PLC7% City Cum Red
Prf £1 - 90 (7M/90)
Goodwin PLCOrd 10p - 24 %
Grand Metropolitan PLC5% Cum Prf £1 - 90
Grout Universal Stores PLC5% Cum Prf £1 - 46 (5M/90)
8%% Cum Prf £1 - 50 (5M/90)
6%% Red Uns Ln Stk - 254 (7M/90)
8%% Red Uns Ln Stk - 254 (7M/90)
8%% Red Uns Ln Stk - 254 (7M/90)
8%% Red Uns Ln Stk - 254 (7M/90)
9%% Red Uns Ln Stk - 254 (7M/90)
Hamis PLC11% Cum Prf £1 - 95 (5M/90)
Hewitt[J.] & Son(Festion) PLC10% Cum Prf £1 - 47 8% (5M/90)
Hewitt[J.] & Son(Festion) PLC10% Cum Prf £1 - 88 (5M/90)
Hewitt[J.] & Son(Festion) PLC10% Cum Prf £1 - 88 (5M/90)
Heissdown Hidge PLCADR(4:1) - 817%
(5M/90)
Honds Motor Co Ld Ste of Com Stk Y30 - Y1683.21 .88 70 4.98
House of Fraser PLC8% Uns Ln Stk
exists - 975 (8M/90)

11003-21 .58 70 4.96 House of Fraser PLC5%% Une Ln Six 53/98 - 275 (5M/90) Howerd & Wynchem PLC18% Une Ln Six 75/91 - 268 Hunterprint Group PLC6X% City Cum

Harterprint Group PLC697% ChV Cum
Red Prt 21 — 44 (74890)
Hunting PLC4.2% Cum Prt 21 — 50
(84890)
lealand Propen Foods Hidge PLCCnv Cum
Red Prt 20p — 78 % % 9% % 80
Hingworth Montis (Satistive) L17%
Non-Cum Prt 50p — 30%
Jenners, Princes Street, Edinburgh Ld 10%
Cum Prt 51 — 95% (868490)
Cum Prt 21 — 95% (868490) Cum Pri 21 - 95% (6Mr90) Johnson & Firth Brown PLC11% Uns Ln

Johnson & Frank Brown PCC11% Ura Un Str 9288 - 584 5 Johnson Group Geeners PLC7.5p (Net) Crv Cum Red Prl 10p - 112 (7M/90) Johnson/Matthey PLC6% Crv Cum Prl \$1 - 520 (6M/90) on Group PLC 10% Cum Pri £1 s,Stroud(Hidge) PLC10% Cum Prf £1 - 50 Kayser Bondor Ld 8% Red Cum Prf Sitc £1 - 55 (BMr80) Keppel Corporation Ld Ord \$51 -\$57 297144 .35 .39042 Kymenere Corporation Shs FM20 (Unrestricted) = FM117 (6M/90) actoroke Group PLCADR (1:1) = \$4.48

(SMr90) 8% Gtd Uns Ln Stk 90/92 - 200 % Laports PLC55% Curn 2nd Pri Stk 21 -

47% 10%% Deb Sik 94/99 - £90 (204/80)

Lewis(John)Parsnership PLC6% Curn Pri 8th 21 - 45 (7M/90) 7% Curn Pri Sth 21 - 65 (254/90) Lex Service PLC6%% Curn Pri £1 - 57 (814:90) 8%% Une Ln Str 92:97 - 281% (214:90)

Life Sciences International PLCS% Cum City Red Prf £1 - 205 5 12 (SM/90) Lockheed Corporation Site of Cost Stk \$1 Lockneed Corporation Sits of Cent Six \$1 = \$35% (SMe90)
London Park Hotele PLC10%% 1st Mig
Deb Six 2000/05 = 289% 90% (SMe90)
London Park Hotele PLC10%% 1st Mig
Deb Six 2000/05 = 289% 90% (SMe90)
London PLC7%% 1st Mig Deb Six 86/91 = 283 (2Mrs0) 103 % 1st Mg Deb 3tt 97/2002 - 297 Looket PLC8% Cnv Cum Red Prf 21 -78 (3Mrs0) Low & Boner PLC6% 3rd Cum Prf 3tk £1 - 45 (5M/90) Low(Wm) & Co PLC6.75% Cum Cnv Red Pri £1 - 152

PTI ET - 152
Lowe(Robert H.) & Co PLCS7.8% (Not)
Chr Cure Red Prf 10p - 38% (7Mr80)
Luces Industries PLC10%% Une Ln Six
8297 - 252 (6Mr90) McCarthy & Stone PLC7% Cmy Uns Ln Skt 93/04 – 248 Magnet Group PLC7.5p (Net) 1st Red Pri 50p – 6

Maries & Spanoer PLC ADR (8:1) - \$19.97 (7Mr96) 7% Cum Prf 21 - 80 (5Mr90) fortey PLC 11 %r6 Deb Stx 2009 - 292% % 3 (5Mr90) fembrallo PLC 10%-Cum Prf 21 - 92

A o Coursell
An o Coursell
An o Coursell
An o Coursell
Annuals PLC 10%-Cure Prf 21 - \$2
(SM/S0)
11%% Deb Sak 2014 - 288% % % Mecce Leistere Group PLC7.25p (Net) Cav
Cum Red Prf 20p - 35 % 6 2 86
11.5% Deb Sak 2011 - 287% (SM/S0)
Medeva PLC Warrants to sub for Ord - 65
70 (SM/S0)
Mercales(John) PLC9% Cum Prf 21 - 35
Mediands Radio PLCOrd 10p - 165 70
Metales(John) PLC9% Cum Prf 21 - 35
Mediands Radio PLCOrd 10p - 165 70
Metales(John) PLC9% Cum Prf 21 - 35
Mediands Radio PLCOrd 10p - 165 70
Metales(John) PLC9% Cum Prf 21 - 35
Mediands Radio PLC9% Cum Prf 21 - 35
Mediands Cum Str. 20 - 288%
Mount Charlotte Investments PLC10%%
1st Mix Deb Six 214 - 284% 1st Mig Deb 8tk 2014 - \$84% NGR Corp.Com 8tk \$6 - \$89.69265© 70.58612©

NAMC Group PLC Wismants to sub for Shs - 78 85 90 NSM PLC8.5p (Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 10p Next PLC7%"A" Com Prf 21 - 57 (9Mr90) 7%% 1st Mag Dub Stk 87/92 - 283% 7%% 1st Mag Deb Six 87/92 – £83% (BAr90)
Normans Group PLC8%% Cav Uss Ln Six 9904 – £98% (7M/90)
Norsk Deb ASCless Et (Non Vig) NK26 – NK42549
Northern Engineering Industries PLC8%% Une Ln Six 88/85 – £93 4
Owen & Robbisson PLC85% (Net) Cav Cam Reb Pri £1 – 80 (SM/90)
PG Modgson Kenyon Ind PLC6.75% Cnv Pri \$1/2001 100 – 78 (SM/90)
Parlida Group PLCWarmins to sub for Ord – 1%
Preservert Consummissions Inc Core Six

Peramount Communications Inc Core Stk \$1 - \$27% Perided Group PLCCum Red Pri 2010/13 Parkland Group Publican man 1 ... E1 - 82 Parkland Textile(Hidga) PLCOrd 25p - 240 (716/90)
Paterson Zochonis PLC 10% Oum Pri 21 –
95 (206/90)

65 (2M/90)
Pavilion Leioure PLCOrd 10p - 55 60 2
Pearson PLC5.678% Una Ln Str 88/93 - 220 (5M/90)
6.975% Una Ln Str 88/93 - 270 (5M/90)
6.975% Una Ln Str 88/93 - 270 (5M/90)
Piter Bectrical PLC75% Una Ln Str,
86/91 - 288 (7M/90)
Piterd Garmar PLC9%% Cum Pri 21 - 85 ((3490) (73490) Portals Hidgs PLC9%% Cav Una Ln Stk 94/2000 - 2195 74 5% (84490) Powell Duffryn PLC4%% Curn Pri 50p -20 20
Powerscreen Interruptional PLC 13%. Criv
Uns Ln Skt 1995 - 2875
Custons Most Houses PLC 10% % 1st kitg
Deb Skt 2020 - 250% % (7Mi/90)
REA-High PLC 9% Cum Pri 21 - 78
12% Cav Une Ln Skt 2000 - 275

(SM/90) PH Ld4%% Una Lit Sik 2004/08 – 230 (2M:90) 9% Uns Lri Stk 99/2004 - 274 tachi Bectronica PLCADR (2-1) - \$7.18 .2 o Telecom PLCAOR(19:1) — \$61% Organisation PLCAOR (1:1) — \$12% lank Organission Patrick (174/69)
Lanks Hovis McDougall PLC9% Cum "A"
Pri 21 – 54 (SMr30)
SW% Une Ln Sk; 90/94 – £82%
SW% Une Ln Sk; 91/95 – £82 %
Swanners PLC8.25p (Net) Cutr Cmv Pri
12.5p – 539
Ramers Group PLCADR (8:1) – \$11.5

amers Group PLC/AOR (8:1) - \$11.6 (2Mr90) 6.75p Chr Cuss Non-Vig Red Prf 20p -97 % 8 97 % 8
ecitit & Colmen_PLC B% Cum Pd £1 _____
40 (7Me50)
eciend Phasoc M/Br Was to sub for Ord
of Redisand - £495 (8Me50)
eed international PLC 5% Cum Red Pd 21 - 49 (7Mr90) anold PLC7%% 2nd Deb Six 92/97 -271 (6M/90) 8% 1st Deb Sik \$1/86 - 278 9 (7M/90) Richards PLC5%% Cum Pid 78p - 30 (7M/90) Rociovare Group PLC7.25% Criv Cum Rud 2nd Pri 21 – 81 (7M/90) Find 2nd Pri 21 – 81 (7M/90)

Ruberoid PLC10%% Uns Ln Sik 99/95 — 529 (2M/90) Rugby Group PLC6% Uns Ln Sik 93/98 — 580 ESU
RedPri - 70 (7/hts0)
SCScorpShs of Com Six of NPV - \$39.2750
SD-Scoon PLC6.5% Chv Cum Red Pri £1 - 130 (8/hts0)

Warrants to sub for Ord = 18 easthi & Seesthi Co PLCADR (3:1) = \$7 .124783 % 8% Criv Une Ln Sek 2015 = 238% .124783 %
6% Crv Wrs Ln Sik 2015 - 238%
(7/M*90)
Sendarson Marray&Eder(Pidge) PLCOrd
50p - 190 (2Mr90)
Sentrorio Hidge PLC5J75% Crv Curn
Fidel Pf 21 - 207 10 (2Mr80)
Scape Group PLC4% Uns Ln Sik 88483 272 (5Mr90)
Sears PLC75% Curn Prf 21 - 65 (5Mr90)
125% Curn Prf 21 - 55 (5Mr90)
125% Curn Prf 21 - 55 (5Mr90)
125% Curn Prf 21 - 100 (5Mr90)
7% "A" Curn Prf 21 - 55 (5Mr90)
125% Curn Prf 21 - 100 (5Mr90)
5% PLC75% Curn Prf 27 - 270 (5Mr90)
Senior Engineering Group PLC9L8% Uns Ln Sik 91985 - 238 (5Mr90)
Shoprite Group PLC75% Uns Ln Sik 2003/88 - 251 (5Mr90)
Sixon Engineering PLC9% Curn Prf 21 - 50 (5Mr90)
7.75% Curn Red Prf 92/97 21 - 65 95 (5Mr90)
Sixon Engineering PLC9% Curn Prf 21 - 36 (5Mr90)
Sixon Engineering PLC9% Curn Prf 21 - 36 (5Mr90)
600 Group PLC3L8% Curn Prf 21 - 36 (5Mr90)
600 Group PLC3L8% Curn Prf 21 - 36 (5Mr90)
Sixon PLC75% Curn Prf 21 - 465 (5Mr90)
Sixon PLC3L8% Curn Prf 21 - 36 (5Mr90

1 (3MP3U) 8% Red Deb Stk 87/92 — 281 (2Mr9U) mith/Gine Beechem PLCADR (6:1) —

Smithtline Beechem PLCADR (6:1) — \$42.52
Smithkline Beechem PLC7Smithkline ADR (1:1) — \$39%
Smithkline Beechem PLC7Smithkline ADR (1:1) — \$39%
Smiths Industries PLC11 %% Deb 8tk 95:2000 — 288 (6Mr90)
Smuthkliefterson)Group PLC9%% Cnv Urs Ln Nts — \$200 207
SparetijCA/Speciel Agency)Ord 50p — 2:15% (7Mr90)
Sterling Industries PLC1st Prif5%%
Cumpt; — 40
Storetouse PLC9% Cnv Urs Ln Stk 1992 — 2:88 9%
Summer International PLC18% Cum Red i Iemational PLC:18% Cum Red Pri £1 - 90 (6M/90) Subdiffe,Speakinge PLCWarrants to sub Success, speakings PLC warrants to sell for Ord - 100 (7M:90) 9%% Rad Cure Pri 21 - 83% Symonds Engineering PLC Ord Sp - 37-(SM:90) T & N PLC10.1% May Deb Stk 90/95 -288% (646-90) 11%% Mig Deb Sak 95/2000 - 298

114% Mig Deb Sik 95/2000 - 235 (84/90) - 235 (84/90) - 235 (84/90) - 235 (84/90) - 235 (84/90) - 235 (84/90) - 235 (84/90) - 236 (SM:90)
Teltos Hidge PLC Warrants to sub for Ord = 113 (SM:90) - 113 (6M/90) 9% Cure Prf £1 - 80% (6M/90) Tesco PLC4% Une Deep Disa Ln Sik 2006 - 240% % (6M/90) THORNE BAI PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 190 5 % (7M/90)

- 190 5 % (7M*90)

Taling(Thomas) PLC4.55% Cum Prf 21 - 61 (2M*90)

525% Cum Prf 21 - 65 6 (7M*90)

5% Date Six 85:90 - 295% (5M*90)

5% Date Six 85:90 - 295% (5M*90)

Thotale Group PLC115% Une Lri Six 91:96 - 290% (5M*90)

Tiphoole PLCUnits of 420p of CULS

1990(Ply Pd)(Plot) - 162 2 4 5 %

Tootal Group PLC9% Cum Prf 21 - 41

41% Perp Date 33% - 291 (5M*90)

71% Date Six 85:90 - 292 (2M*90)

71% Une Ln Six 88:94 - 270 5 80

Towles PLC-M* Non-V-Ord 10p - 93

(SM*90) (SM/90)
Trafaiger House PLC7% Uns Deb Stk 21
-84 - 84 8% Line Lr. St. 9489 - 277 (Star 90) 9%% Line Lr. St. 2000/05 - 280% 105% Line Lr. St. 2001/06 - 288 (Tar 90) Transport Development Group FLC4-2% Cum Pri 27 - 83 (Star 90) 81% Line Lr. St. 95/2000 - 281 (251/90)

xuse Porte PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 67 10.5% Mig Deb Sik 91/96 - 293 % (8M/19) (8M/19) 17% Une La St. 95/2000 - 275 (7M/19) Unigete PLC5% Une La St. 91/36 - 2850 65% Une La St. 91/36 - 272 Uniderer PLCADR (47) - 225.300 \$ 420 55% Une La St. 91/2008 - 255 7 (714/90) 8% Uns Lin Stk 91/2005 - 288 70 % % Inten International Co PLC 6% Cum Pri

Union International Co PLC 6% Cum Pri Stk 21 - 51 7% Cum Pri Stk 21 - 60% Unisys Corp Com Stk 35 - 29,212121 9,316182 (7M/60) United Siscuits(Hidgs) PLC 6% Deb 6% 98/98 - 278 United Scientific Hidge PLC5.5% Cmr Cust Non-Vity Red Prf 21 – 51 (Shir90) Upton & Southern Holdings PLC-Ord 25p – 18 25 (Sair90) Violents PLC5% Prf(Non-Cum)Stk 21 – 48

5% Cutt(Tax Frae To 30p)Pri Stk £1 -63 (6Mr90) 63 (8M/90).
Wagon Industrial Hidge PLC7-25p (Net)
City Ptg Prf 10p - 98
Walter & Staff Hidge PLCOrd 5p - 160
Walter/Inomes) PLCOrd 5p - 47 (8M/90)
Warner Holidays Le6%% Curn Prf 21 - 50
Warner-Lambert CoCom Sik S1 \$104.87 (6M/90)
Watmoughs(Hidge) PLC8%% Curn Red Prf
2006 21 - 81
Wayerley Cameron PLC7-2-Waverley Cameron PLC7.5p (Net) Cnv Curn Red Pri Sp – S3 (6MrS0) Wambley PLC7.5% Cnv Una Ln Stk 1999 – 2999

and Group PLCWarrants to sub for OTE - 43 71% Criv Cum Pri 21 - 147 71% Deb Six 87/82 - 285 Whitecroft PLC4,1% Cum Pri 21 - 82% Widney PLC8/76% Criv Cum Red 2nd Pri Widney PLC3.75% Cnv Cum Red 2nd Pri 2000 27 - 56 Wilkinson & Riddell(Hidge) Ld5% Cam Pri Stk £1(Tax Free Yo 200) - 57 (684:90) Wotseley PLC10% Deb Stk 90/95 - 250% 1% (534:90) Wright (John)(Weaving) Ld4%% Cum Pri 21 - 38 (834:90) Wyndhan Group PLC9.375% (Net) Cum Cnv Red Pri 21 - 100 (634:90) Xerox Corp Com Stk \$1 - 232.651515 (7M:90)

(7M:90) Yule Catto & Co PLC11%% Cum Red Pri 1988/2003 21 -- 100 (5M:90) Financial Trusts, Land, etc. Authority investments PLC8% Cnv Uns Ln Six 2006/11 – 240 7 (7M/90) Ballie Gillord Technology PLCWarrants to sub for Ord – 11 (6M/90) British & Cocartonweelth Hidge PLC105% Uns Ln Six 2012 – 252 3 (64/90) Daily Meli & General Trust PLCOrd 50p – 257

EFT Group PLCWarrants to sub for Ord -F & C Enterprise Trust PLCSer B Warrants to sub for Ord - 6 Warrants to sub for Ord - 16 (SMr90) st Deberature Finance PLC11.125% Severally Gtd Deb Six 2018 - 287% First National Phases Corp PLC 10% Subord Uns Ln Six 1992 - 299© Five Arrows Chile Fund Ld Ptg Shs \$0.01 - 59% (Skir90)

- \$8% (6Ms30)
Wernanta to auto for Ptg Sha - \$8% Wernanta to auto for Ptg Sha - \$8% Wints (5 Ptg Sha 6 1 Warrant) - \$67 oreign 8 Coll Reserve Asset Fund Ld PtgRedPri \$0.05 Cd CUSS Bonds) - \$13.047 (5Mr80)
PtgRedPri \$0.05 Cd Ett Starting Bonds) - #11.015 Profeser S0.05 CI III.

- E11.0138
- E11.0138
- E13.0382
- E3.32582
- E3.32582
- Profeser S0.05 CI M(US Equities) 8 (GM:190) Chile Growth Fund LdOrd \$0.01 —

G.T. Chile Growth Pund LdOrd \$0.01 — \$394 (7Mr90)
Units (5 Ord & 1 Warrant) — \$394 1014
Greece Fund Ld'Shis \$0.07 (IDRs to Br) — \$1850 1850 (2Mr90)
Depositary Warrants to sub for Shs — \$175 (2Mr90)
Guirnass Flight Global Strategy FdPtg
Rad Pri \$0.07(Global Strategy FdPtg
Rad Pri \$0.07(Global Strategy FdPtg
Rad Pri \$0.07(Global Sond Fund) — \$25.55 (Bairs0)
Ptg Rad Pri \$0.07(US\$ Bond Fund) — \$21.83 (Bairs0)
Pto Rad Pri \$0.07(US\$ Bond Fund) — \$21.83 (SMr90) Pig Red Pri \$0.01(Global Equity Fund) — \$61.73 (SMr90) Hatala Holdinge A/SWis to sub for "A*2*5"

Hatnia Holdinge A/SWis to sub for "A-21 - 212 IBI Girbal Funda LidPig Red Pri 50.01(Sharing Sha) - 219.6 Pig Red Pri \$0.01(US\$ Sha) -220.03023 (Sharin) Pig Red Pri \$0.01(Managed Sha) -520.63 ,63 ICO MIM PLCWIs To Subscribe for

Ord - 32 5 (SMr90) choope PLC5X% Oven Red Prf 90/92 Et — 79 (SMr99) 10%% Ung La Sik 90/95 — £88% (SMr90) (3N99V) 1244 | Ins I n Sek 95/58 _ 987V, 98V. Inti Stock Exchange of UK&Rep of IrLd 7%% Mag Deb Sak 90/95 - 275 %

(7M/90) Nory & Sime Adias Fund Shis of NPV(Japan Portfolio) — 89.8 (2M/90) Shis of NPV(Sterling Portfolio) — 21,087 Koree-Europe Pund LdShe(IDR) to Brj \$0.10 (Cpn 3) - £3375 8500 3625 Ld Pig Red Pri 1p - 162.6 (5)4:90) IBM Britannia Jersey Gilt Pund Ld Pig Red Pri 1p - 15.57

Prf 1p - 15.57 fetaysian Smaller Cos Fund (Cayman) Ld Ord \$0.01 - \$9% 10 10 10% (7M/90) Cri 90.01 – \$9% 10 10 10% (/kirdő)
Warnanta to sub to Ord – \$4% (Sukr90)
Manila Fund (Cayman) Ld Pig Red Pri
\$0.01 – \$8
Mercusy international liny Trust Ld Pig Red
Pri 10 (Reserve Fund) – \$49.5813©
Meszasina Capitalikac Tat 2001 PLC inc
Sins £1 – 122 3 (Zukr90)
Netional Homa Louas Holga PLC Ord 18p
– 116 % 6 7 20
7.5% Cav Pri £1 – 80
Old Court Currency Fund Ld Pig Red Pri
\$0.01(Deutschammi) – DM40.951
(Zukr90)

(2M/90)
Cld Court International Reserves LdPig. Red Pri 90.01(USS Sha) – \$47.783
(SM/90)
Practical Investment Co PLCOrd 10p – 100 (6M/90) uedrant Intercontinental Fund LdSha \$0.10(European Sha) - £1.779104

(SMr90) Shs \$0.70(ind Bond She) - 20.561194 She \$0.70(ind Bond She) - 20.561184 (RA/50)
Royal Trust Government Secs. Fund Ld Prig Red Pri 10 - 62.63t (SM/60)
Schroder Japanese Wernink Fund Ld She \$0.01 - 53%. Scotlish Adam Investment Co Ld Warrante to sub for Prig She - \$4%. Seconds Mariest Investment Co PLC2%%. Criv Une Ln Sik 1994 - 294 (SM/60)
Ship Mortgage Finance Co PLC3% Red Oeb Sik 91/83 - 290 (SM/60)
Sec Smaller Companies Fund Ld Ord \$0.01 - \$97.18 (SM/50)
She Mortgage She Principle Fund Ld Ord \$0.01 - \$97.18 (SM/50)
She Ship Mortgage Finanche Fund Ld Ord \$0.01 - 297.18 (SM/50)
She New Court PLC12% Subord Une Lin Sik 2001 - 272
The Worklands Strategy Fund SicevShe

TR Worldwide Strategy Fund Sicev Sha NPV (North America Fund) – 124.73 (NP greater remaining (SMr90) She NPV (UK Special Opportunities Purol) - 98.398 She NPV (Muts-Currency Bond Fund) 118.9 (2Mr90) Thai Investment Fund LdPlg Red Pld

Thai Investmen \$0.01 - \$12 \$0.01 - \$12

Thei Prime Fund LidPig Red Pri \$0.01 - \$25.481469 25.517089

Theiland International Fund LidPig Sha \$0.01 (RDR's to 87 - E17% 18 18.1

Thompson Clive Investments PLGOrd \$0p

Thompson Pacific Investment Fund SAP1 - \$100.00

- 1230
Thomson Pacific investment Fund SA£1 - 10140
3 PLC714" "A" Deb Six 8892 - 283%
74% "A" Deb Six 91/94 - 279% (20/100)
9% "A" Deb Six 91/94 - 256 (76/100)
York Trust Group PLC6.75p (Net Red Cum Criv Pri 20p - 58 (76/100)

Insurance No. of bargains included 472 Alexander & Alexander Services Inc.Site of Class C Com St. \$1 - 215% (SM:90) Commercial Union Assertance Co PLC-5% Cum Red Prf 88/2009 \$1 - 48 (28/490) General Acc Firebilife Assc Corp PLC 75% Uns Ln St. 87/82 - 28/49 73% Uns Ln St. 92/97 - 275%49 Guardian Roys@cchance AssurancePLC

Guardian RoyalExchange AssurancePLC 7% Curn Red Pri 21 - 88 7% Une Ln Str. 86/91 - 288 Scottish Life Assurance Co 714% Uns Ln Str. 97/2002 - 288 (284/90) Investment Trusts Abtrust New Dewn Inv Trust PLCOrd 26p - 121 % Warransi to sub for Ord - 799
Abrust New Europeen Inv Trust PLCUnits
(5 Ord & 1 Writ (Fp/AL-21/9/10) - 488
BZW Convertible Inv Trust PLCOrd 10p -

98
New Ord 10p (Fp/LA-8/8/90) - 990 90
Ballie Gilford Shin Nippon PLC Warranta
to sub for Ord - 880
Bankers investment Truet PLC 10%% Deb
Sit 2016 - £84.1 (2Mr90)
Beta Global Emerging Miss Inv Tet PLC
Ord 10p - 900 10
Warrants to sub for Ord - 25 Ord 10p - 900 10 Wastants to sub for Ord - 25 British Empire See & General Trust 10%% Deb Six 2011 - 279% 80 (7M/90) British Investment Trust PLC 11.125% Secured Deb Six 2012 - 289% (6M/90)

C.S.C.Investment Trust PLCOrd 25p - 240 (SMc90)
Capital Geering Trust PLCOrd 25p - 510
Children's Medical Cherity Inv TstPLC Ord 21 - 72
City of Oxford Investment Trust PLCOrd Inc 5p - 48 (SMr90)
Edinburgh Investment Trust PLC11%%
Deb Sit 2014 - 291%®

Ord 25p - 138 7 8 F.& G. Pacific Investors ent Trust PLC F.S. C. Pacific Investment Trust PLC
Warrants out for Ord - 100
High Throgoporton Co PLC-725% Crw Uns
La Sitz 2003 - 295%
First Spenish Inv Trust PLCWerrants to First Speniati hw Trust PLCWerranta 20 auto for Grd = 40 1
Foreign & Col invest Trust PLC4X% PBPD Deb Sit. = 238 (84/30)
Garrisone Enterging Pacific hiw Tat Wierrants to sub for Ord = 23
Garrisone Value Investments PLCZero Dividend Pri 10p = 53%
German Investment Trust PLCOrd with WestSoc & 1999-9998 = 44/4000.

Dividend Pri 19p = 53%
German Investment Trust PLCOrd with
WhetCord & WartyFpPRLA-44/90) =
98% 9 % 100
German Smeller Co's the Trust PLC
Wartands to sub for Ord = 148
Glasgow Income Trust PLCWartants to
sub for Ord = 4 (7Mr90)
Globe Investment Trust PLC10% Deb Stk
2016 = 281% 0
111% Cre-Uns Ln Stk 60/95 = 2875
Govet Strategic hiv Trust PLC3% Deb
Stk 2017 = 278% % (7Mr90)
Handerson Highland Trust PLC3% bet
Wis(SOrd & 1Wr0(Fp/AL-23/350) = 99
Hangerian Investment Co LdOrd \$0.01 =
\$102 (7Mr90)

Hungsirian Inves \$102 (7M:90) yruc (rMrst0)
Wastests to sub for Crd = 215
Ervestors Capital Trust PLC5%% Cum Prf
Sit = 250 (2Mrst)
Keystone Investment Co PLC11%% Deb
Six 201075 - 267
azzard Salator Investment

ask zururia – 197 szerd Solect kreetment Trust LdPig Red Pri 8.1p U.K. Acilve Fund – 210.81 Pri B.1p U.K. Active Fund - E10.31 (Mer30)
Leveraged Opportunity Trust PLC-Zer Cpn Cnv Uns Ln Sit 95/99 - 2500 London American Ventures Trust PLC-4% Deb Sit Red - 234 (6Mr90) Marin Currie European Inv Tat PLC-Units (5 Ord & 1 Wirt (RLA-22/390) - 503 10 Merchents Trust PLC-4% Peep Dab Sit -236 (6Mr90) Merchin Int Green Inv Tat PLC-Ord 25p - 82 Mortes Investment Trust PLC-11% Deb Sit

2 Scales Investment Trust PLC11% Deb Sik 2012 – 286% 7% (SMr90) Iumay International Trust PLC4% Deb Six – 230 (2Mr90) Iew Guernady Securities Trust LdCrd 25p - 80

Fiber Piete & Gen Invest Trust PLC4%

Deb Set tird - 236 (#Mr80)

Scottish Cities Inv Trust PLC9M Set 259

- 660

Scottish Eastern Inv Trust PLC9M% Deb
Set 2220 - 278 (#Mr80)

Scottish Mongage & Trust PLC6-12%

Stepped Int Deb Set 2026 - 232

(5Mr80)

Scottish Medional Trust PLC6% Com Pri
21 - 60

Scottlet National Trust PLC6% Cum Pri 21 - 60 10% Deb Six 2011 - £34 (834r90) Shires Investment PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 40 3 (634r90) TR City of London Trust PLC111% Deb Six 2014 - £3814 9 90% (534r90) 7.T. Finance PLC11 5/16% Gid Deb Six 2014 - £284% 5% (534r90) Trogmenton Trust PLC12 5/16% Deb Six 2012 - £255 (534r90) Tribuna Investment Trust PLC91% Deb Six 2012 - £272% 16 (734r90) Varinge Securities PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 71 Waten Investment Co PLC9% Deb Six Waten Investment Co PLC9% Deb Six

to: Ord — 71 Witten Investment Co PLC8% Deb Stk. 56/98 — 27449 61/% Deb Stk 2016 — 269% **Unit Trusts**

M.S. G. American Smaller Co's Funding Units - 59; M.S. G. European Dividend Funding Units - 52.1 Accum Units — 51 (64/490)

M.S. G.gold & General Funding Units —
55.7 (74/490)

M.S. G. International Income Funding Units
— 72% 6.7

Accum Units — 88.4 (684/90)

Mines - Miscellaneous Amalgamated Financial Inve PLCWarrants to sub for Sits - 0% 1 (6M/90)
Asiatro IncCom Sit NFY - \$29% Blaich Mining PLC 100 - 33 (6M/90)
Botawara RST LdPu2 - 30 (7M/90)
De Beers Consolidated Mines LdDrid R0.05 (87) (2018) - 213.8 \$22% 22.8 22% 22.9 22.95 22 23% 23% SIS SIS 54.65 54.65 54.9 35 El Oro Mining&Exploration Co PLCOrd 10p - 390 (6M/90)
Europa Minerale Group PLCOrd 20 - 79

Europe Minerale Group PLCOrd 2p - 79 Northchart Investments Ld R 0.10 - 20.085 (7)A:905... RTZ Corporation PLCS.225% "A" Cum Prf £1 - 42 21 - 42 3.5% 16" Cum Prf 21(Reg) - 40 (7M/90) Mines - South African No. of bargains included 68 Berneto Exploration LdOrd A0.01 - 40

(234/50) Coronation Syndicate LdR0.25 - 19% East Rand Gold & Uranium Co Ld'S' Ord R0.50 - 22% (234/50) Johannesburg Cone Invest Co LdR0.10 -28% % .65 9 is Gold Mining Co Ld Ord RO.01 - 30 (214/90) Off No. of bergains included 1599

Aliantia Resources Lud Coatt She of NPV — 40.1934 .1951 (Shir90) British Petroleum Co PLCWerrants to purchase ADS — \$5% (Shir90) 8% Cum 1st Pri £1 — 72 (Thir90) 9% Cum 2nd Pri £1 — 80 Burnels Of PLC9% Cum 2nd Pri £1 — 80 Burnels Of PLC9% Cum 2nd Pri £1 — 85% 55% 7%% Cum Red Prf £1 ~ 66

3% Cum Pri \$1 - 73 (7Mr80)
LASMO PLC10%% Deb Sk 2009 - 282%
Shall TransportSTransingCo PLCOrd Sha
(3r) 25p (Cpn 184) - 455 (8Mr80)
Texaco international Financial Corp 8%
Sigs Corp Gid Ln Sik 81/69 - 2120
(5Mr80) Property No. of burgains Included 488 PTOPORTY No. of burgains included 488
Allied London Properties PLC103% 1st
Mig Deb 5k 2025 - 281%
Bradford Property Trust PLC103% Cum
Pt 21 - 100; 12; (8M*80)
Bridden Estate PLC8.50% 1st Mig Deb Sik
2028 - 273% (7M*80)
10%% 1st Mig Deb Six 2012 - 284%
10%% 1st Mig Deb Six 2012 - 284%
10%% 1st Mig Deb Six
2012(PolAL-21890) - 284 (8M*80)
Capital & Counties PLC874% 1st Mig Deb
Six 2027 - 277%
9%% Unit Ln Six 91/86 - 280
Centrovincial Estates PLC85% Unit Ln
Six 88/83 - 279 (Six 80)
10.50% 1st Mig Deb Six 2017 - 278%
Danse Estates PLC7.75% Cnv Cum Red
Pt 21 - 72 .8. 9 3 .2.5
10 K% 1st Mig Deb Six 2012 - 278%
South Brotesty Cop Six 2012 - 278%

% English Property Corp PLC9%% 1st Mig Deb Skt 97/2002 - 2000 Estates Property Investment Co PLC10% 1st Mig Deb Skt 9011 - 278% (20490) Greet Portland Estates PLC8%% 1st Mig Deb Skt 9005 - 279 (80490) 9.5% 1st Mig Deb Skt 2016 - 276,97 7% % (20490) 7% % (2Mr90)
Greycoat PLC9%% Cum Red Pri 2014 21
- 81 (7Mr90)
Hassmarect Prop Inv&Dev Corp PLCOrd
250 - 717
Land Securilies PLC6% 1et Mrg Deb Set
8805 - 281% (SMr90)
7%% 1et Mrg Deb Set 91:65 - 274%
9% 1et Mrg Deb Set 96:2001 - 277 % 8
9 9
68/% Uma Ln Six 92/97 - 274% (20/49)
85/% Uma Ln Six 92/97 - 252
Law Land PLC68/% 1st Mig Dab Six
82/94 - 274/4/
75/% 1st Mig Dab Six 85/91 - 259
LondonaRprov Shop Centree(HighPLC
10% 1st Mig Dab Six 2026 - 277% % (7M:90) (7M:90) MEPC PLC9%% 1st Mig Dab Sik 97/2002

- 232 (7M/90) 10%% 1st Mig Deb Six 2024 - 295% 8% Une Ln Six 2000/05 - 286 8 8% Uns Ln Stk 2000/05 - 286 8 10%% Uns Ln Stk 2082 - 277% % Mr90) Say Securities PLCCup 20p - 118 Mikitay Securities PLCCup 20p - 110 (64/90)
Martin International Properties LidCust Rad Cay Prf 21 - 32 Mucidow/A & J. Group PLC 71/5% 1st Mitg Deb Sitk 90/95 - 272 (6M/90)
P & O Property Holdings Lid5% Une Ln Sitk 97/99 - 272(6M)
Peel Hidge PLC 10% Cure Prf 80p - 48 5.25% (Ned City Cure Non-Vig Prf 21 - 48 9%% 1st Mig Deb Sik 2011 - 277% ... sal South East Ld 10% 1st Mig Deb Sik 2025 - 275% % (SMr90) 11.625% 1st Mig Deb Sik 2018 - 287% 8 % (5M+90) Power Corporation PLCNew Ord 1/20,10 -1780
Property Security Inv Trust PLC9% Cum
Pri St - 90 (Sukr90)
Regis Property Hidgs PLC9%% Ged Uns
Lin Six 1997 - 276 (7M99)
Socilish Metropolism Property PLC10%%
1st Mitg Deb Six 2016 - 279%0
Shield Group PLCOrd Sp - 22 (7M40)
Tops Estates PLC10%% 1st Mitg Deb Six
2011/18 - 278% % % (Sukr90)

10%% 1st Mtz Deb Sik 2021 - 278% 9% (5Mr90) 9% Cav Una La Sak 95/2000 - £183% (7Mr90)

Plantations No. of bargains included 11

Anglo-Eastern Plantations PLCWerrants to sub for Ord – 23 129% Uns Ln Six 95/99 – 290 (2M/90) Beradin Högs PLC5p – 25 (7M/90) Chillington Corporation PLCDrid 25p – 75 Warrants to sub for Ord – 33 (6M/90) 91/96 Cure Red Pri E1 – 80 7 (6M/90) 91/96 Cure Red Pri E1 – 80 7 (6M/90) 91/96 Cure Red Pri E1 – 80 7 (6M/90) 8% City Una Ln Stk 1999 - 225'44 whop Plantations Ld 8% Cum Pri 21 - 55

(8M/80) Inch Kometh Kajang Pubber PLC10p = 23½ (6M/90) Padang Sarang Hidge PLC10p = 70 Singepore Para Rubber Estates PLCStk 6p = 45 (5M/90)

Shipping No. of bergains included 291 Bergesen d-y AS*B* Non Vig She NK5 --NK418% 9 20 20 NFC PLCVer Vig Ord 5p -- \$3.8 p 232 3 4 X 7 ** / A principal Steam May Co5%
Cum Ptd Six - E47 (BM/90)
Warrants to purchase Did Six - 120
(BM/90)

Utilities No. of bargains included 23 American information Tech. Corp.Shs of Com Sit: \$1 - \$50%@ CESC Ld Equity Pu.10 - 37 (6Mr90) PPL Group Ing.Shs of Com Sit: \$0.01 -\$32,5169@ STE Corporation Corn Stk \$0.16 -SS1.47902 (2Mr90) Mersey Docks & Harbour Co6%% Red

Deb Sitt 96/99 - E70 (64/r90)
US WEST, Inc Site of Cost Sit of NPV - \$890 70.067690 Water No. of bergeins included 805 Mid Kent Hokinge PLC Warrents to sub for Ord - 60 (714/90) Bristol Waterworks Co

for Ord = 50 (7M/s0)
Bristol Westerworks Co
4.9%(Finity*Mikes)Cores Ord Six = 2400
(2M/s0)
East Anglian Water Co.3.5%(Finity
5%(Cores Ord Six = 2550 (8M/s0)
East Worcestershire Westerworks Co
2.5%(Finity 4%) (1941)Pri Six = 2320 2
Essex Water Co 10% Deb Six 22/34 = 290
(2M/s0)
Folicestore & Disartci Water Co.5% Perp
Deb Six = 233 (5M/s0)
Mid-Southern Water Co.2.45%(Finity
35%(Perp Pri Six = 2320/2)
North Surray Water Co.9.% Red Deb Six
94/86 = 282% (6M/s0)
Flickmensworth Water Co.3.5%(Finity
5%(Core Ord Six = 21200 (5M/s0))
Sixfondard Water Co.3.5%(Finity
5%(Core Ord Six = 21200 (5M/s0))
Sixfondard Water Co.3.5%(Finity
5%(Core Ord Six = 21200 (5M/s0))
Sixfondard Water Co.3.5%(Finity
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Sixfondard Water Co.3.5%(Finity
5%(Core Ord Six = 21200 (5M/s0))
Sixfondard Water Co.3.5%(Finity
5%(Core Ord Six = 21200 (5M/s0))
Sixfondard Six Casse A = 2700 South Sufficionality Waterworks Co 4.9% (Finity 7%) Ord St. Class A – 2700 (GM:90)

York Welerworks Co Cons Ord Six 4.9%(Finly 7% Max) — £1200 (6Ms 5% Deb Stigland) — £30 (7Mr90) Miscellaneous Warrants Mitsubishi Finance Ind PLCFT-SE 100 Index Warrants 1991 - E4204.4 (SMr90) Selomon Inc HKSCeRWis to purchOrdShe HK Telscom Ld - \$H1.41

USM Appendix

No. of bargains included 795

ADG Group PLCOrd 5p - 15 % 1/2 %1 6 6

AmShrit Infarmational PLC9% Chv Uns Ln
Six 1996 - 232 (SM/80)

Adjuritic Resources PLC9% Chv Uns Ln
Six 1996 - 232 (SM/80)

Adjuritic Resources PLC9% Tentrants to sub
for Ord - 1

BLP Group PLC5p (Net) Chv Cum Red Prf
10p - 68/49

Berta Holdings PLCOrd 10p - 1679

Beckenham Group PLC Warrants to sub
for Ord - 23% (734/90)
9% Red Cum Non-Vig Prf £1 - 88
(234/90)
9% Red Cum Non-Vig Prf £1 - 88
(234/90)
9% Red Cum Non-Vig Prf £1 - 88
(234/90)
9% Red Cum Non-Vig Prf £1 - 88
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9% Red Cum Non-Vig Prf £1 - 88
(234/90)
9% Red Cum No

8.75(h)et) CavCumRedShs of Pid Stic \$0.10 - 1050 Ross Group PLCNew Ord 10p - 1300 Sevage Group PLCS.5% (Net) Cum Red Cav Prt £1 - 480 Select'Y PLCOrd 1p - 12 Steldon Jones PLCOrd 25p - 90

Vistac Group PLCOrd 1p = 12 2 .487 % Wyorale Gerden Centres PLCS.5% (Reg Cnv Cart Red Pri 21 - 148 (8M/80) Xira-Visión PLCOrd Irtio.65 - IED.88 p 84 8

The Third Market Appendix No. of bargains included 122 Kramagraphic PLCWarrants to sub for Crd of Sp = 1 (SM/90) Poddington PLCOrd Su = 67 ½‡ ½‡ 8 8 % % 1½* 568 9 9‡ % ½‡ 70‡ %\$

Rule 535(2)

No. of bargains in

No. of bargains accused by 19 - 20.13
African Gold PLCOrd 1p - 20.13
Amalgamented Metal Corp PLCS.4% Clum
Pri St - 20.35 (5Mr90)
Arsenal Football Club LdOrd St - 234000
Auctioext PLCOrd 1p - 20.13 (6Mr90)
Berrytural PLCOrd 1p - 20.03 (5Mr90)
Bicasdale Computer Systems PLCOrd 1p - 20.0175 - 50.0175 Church Housing Association Ld2%% Ln Sox - £12 (63490) Dolphin International LdOrd 10p. - £0% (7M/90) mcan/Watter) & Goodricks PLC21 -2129, 31, (5Mr90) estbourne Waterworks Co 2.8% Into Pri E5 - E13 (5Mr90) E5 = \$15 (5Mr90) coleciastical incurance Office PLC2.8% Cum Pri \$1 - \$0.23 (7Mr90)

Cum Pri \$1 - 52.23 (7M/R0)
Exchem Pri \$1 - 52.23 (7M/R0)
Exchem Pri Cord 50: - £1.9 (5M/R0)
Flightspares PLCOrd 10p - £10% (7M/R0)
G.R.J. Electronics PLCOrd 10p - £10.4059
Gander Rivor Resources PLCOrd 50 - £3.14 (2M/R0)
Greeneter Hotels PLCOrd 10p - £0.58
Guernesy Gas Light Co LdOrd £1 - £6.1
(7M/R0)

....

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211

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3.24 IM Britannia International LdJapan Income & Growth – \$2.098 anchester United Football Club LdOrd 11 - 225 (2M/90) Merrati Hidgs PLCOrd 10p - \$1.41 Merrat Hogs record reg (TM:90)
Musterlin Group PLC9%%(net) Cum Pri 21
- 50.72 (2N:90)
North West Exploration PLCOrd 20p - 28
Paramount PLCOrd 2.5p - 50.205 (TM:90)
Park Estates(Liverpool)(L011 - 13.42
(6M:90)
Pittensoriel PLCOrd 10p - 21.2 1.22 (SMASS)
Rangers Football Club PLCOrd 21 - 265
Saprote Group PLC 10%% 2nd Cum Prf
21 - 20,82 0.85 (7Mn90)
Sanon Hawk Group PLCOrd 21 - 20% 0%
5% Criv Prf 21 - 20,3 0.3
Southern Newspapers PLCOrd 21 - 21,340
Thesitise/(Sec

Timelies(Danielj& Co PLCOrd 25p - 22.5 2.85 (SMr90) Weetabix Ld*A* Non.V Ord 25p - 18 (7Mr90 (786790) ynnstay Properties PLC25p - \$1.65 1.65 1893 Brcs Wine Lodges PLCOrd 25p -

Bulle 535 (4) (a)
Bargains marked in securities where principle market is outside the UK and Republic of Ireland. Quotation has not been granted in London and dealings are not recorded in the Official List. Aust. Foundation Inv AS1.515 (5.3) Boral Ord Sik AS3.639 (6.3) City Developments £1.0825.553.34451 (7.3)

Boral Ord Six Ass. 10825, \$\$3.3465, in City Development \$1.0825, \$\$3.3465, in Cors. Mobertonteins \$0.97
Emu Hill Gold Kines A\$0.0667
Futuris Corp \$15.29, 16.256 (5.3)
Hexel Corp \$15.9, 16.256 (5.3)
Higheeld Steel & Vanadium R16.5
Kevitone International \$24, 1256 (7.3)
Kitlinghall Tie (Kialaysia) Berhad Ord M\$3.4
(5.3) Kulim Malaysia Ord 436 (6.3)
Kulim Malaysia Ord 436 (6.3)
Lawter (necrositional S12.75 (2.3)
Malaysian Airline System M99.5472 (7.3)
Malaysian Plantations 306 (6.3)
Murray & Roberts Hidgs R256R24.5 (5.3)
Matronel Electronics (Coscolidated) 3.46 (2.3)
National Electronics (Coscolidated) 3.46 (2.3)
National Energy (1.4)
Nicora Computers \$153.75, DM262.5 (5.3)
North Flinders Mines AS3.1248
Oll Search 34.950.797, 0.8
Ollmert ASD.21 (7.3)
Oversess Chinges Raysian Computers Signature (1.3)

Olimet ASO.21 (7.3)
Oversex Chinese Banking Corp SS13.35
Rea Gold Corp £1.45 (6.3)
Rea Gold Corp £1.45 (6.3)
Sclangor Properties MS3.08305
Slopanore Land £4.7,5514.6
Sky Line Explorit £1.998 (7.3)
Tal Chenny Propertie 28 (5.3)
Vattype ASZ.761.04.2,764576 (5.3)
Vistas Milnerals ASZ.051.6.3)
Westlield Minerals 67970

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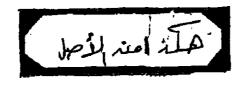
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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Share prices decline with the pound

A FALLING pound, seemingly reflecting wider international concern with the UK Government's electoral prospects in the face of increasingly riotous public opposition to changes in local taxation, brought a sharp reversal of fortunes on the UK stock market yesterday. Early gains were wiped out as sterling came under pressure and UK Government bonds extended the day's losses to 1%

at the longer end. Political concern was for tered by a report in a British newspaper that some Cabinet Ministers had considered ousting Mrs Thatcher, the Prime Minister. The rumours were firmly denied, but not before a

Berisford

higher on

bid talks

Berisford International, the

sugar and property group, jumped almost 30 per cent yes-terday following an unexpected

announcement that it was in talks which could lead to a hid.

The market was given a fur-ther surprise when Mr

Ephraim Marguilies, Berisford's chairman, announced he had resigned.

Berisford was already 8

higher before the announce-ment, and then jumped a fur-ther 25 to close 34 up on the day at 149p, having traded an unusually high 5.7m shares.

One analyst said there was a

1989

spicton in the markets that

Mr Larry Goodman, the Irish businessman, had been increasing his stake. There was

also talk that another Irish

institution or company had been building a Berisford

Speculation as to who Berisford is talking to focused on its main stakeholders. A. B. Foods, which holds 23.0 per cent, was

one possibility though the more likely candidate was thought to be Mr Goodman,

who has 11.8 per cent. Analysts thought that the departure of

Mr Marguilies may clear the way for Berisford to finalise

talks and was a further bullish

piece of news for the market. They estimated that a success-

ful bid would have to be at

least 140p per share. Some reports suggested that a Euro-

pean sugar company might be interested. A. B. Foods closed

14 higher at 400p, having traded a light 850,000 shares.

An unexpected \$1,250hn US acquisition by Reckitt and Colman, and the accompanying \$200m convertible capital bond

rights issue, left the company's

the day.
But the stock staged a steady

recovery against the trend for

hares sharply lower early in

R and C US move

Jan'90

Berisford Inti.

Share price (pence)

100 Oct 88

	st Dealing	Dates
Trut Deutlage: Feb 28	Nac 12	Mar 26
Pilon Gecleral	loge: :-	
Mer 6	May 22	Apr 8
Mer 9 -	Mar 23	Apr 8
Mar 19	Apr.2	Apr 17
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spate of bogus reports in the City that the Prime Minister had resigned. Equities opened firmly on the back of a £45m buy pro-gramme and a sizeable buy order left overnight by a US mutual fund. But a 13-point Pootsie gain was swiftly translated into a 17-point fall as ster-

FT-SE 100 Index

the rest of the session as ana-

lysts looked closer at both the

results — in line with expecta-tions — and the agreed pur-chase of American Home Prod-

ucts' household products

Their conclusion was that

this is the kind of energetic deal that Reckitt should be doing. The shares clambered

back from their low of 1112p to

finish near the day's best at 1120p. The eventual net decline

of 9 was in line with the wider

market, and turnover was above average for the stock

Three factors contributed to

one of the biggest rises of the day among FT-SE 100 stocks from ICL First, dealers reported buying by income funds ahead of Monday's excitvidend date. Second, the

company said earlier in the week that it wanted shareholders' approval to buy back up to

10 per cent of its shares, so

sellers were few and far between Finally, the weakness of the pound against the dollar encouraged dealers in London to mark prices higher to keep

up with New York where a sig-nificant proportion of the

MEW (EGHS (19. BRITISH FUNDS (1). ELECTRICALS (2) M

Property to a section of the section

Corps. Dom. & Foreign Bonds

108

104

102

100

although Seaq volume jumped to 549.1m shares from Thursday's 436.7m, traders said that selling pressure was not heavy. Share prices were falling on nervousness as international stors backed away.

The UK market tried to rallyagain towards the close but was discouraged by a dull opening on Wall Street. The final reading showed the FT-SE Index with a day's fall of 15.7 at 2,234.3, which represented a return towards the lower end of the current trading range of

Yesterday marked the close of the current equity account

Sterling index

shares are traded.

Sterling's weakness under-pinned other internationally

traded stocks such as Unilever

better at 649p and 809p respec-tively, and Reuters, a penny to

the good at 1038p. Currency factors also helped

Glaxo and Smithkline Beecham, although both were

dditionally boosted by other

factors. Nomura changed its recommendation on Glaxe

from hold to buy on the grounds that the growth in sales of its best selling drug Zentac was holding up better than expected. "Losec, the

major new competitor, is

clearly gaining market share at the expense of Smithklins Bee-cham's Tagamet and not Zan-tac." said Nomura. Analysts

there also raised their forecast for next week's interim figures but said that the gain would be

wined out in the second half. Smithkline benefited from stories saying that the latest

tests on a genetically engineered competitor to its heart drug, eminase, showed it not to have significant advantages. Claro added 12 at 712p while

ίτ (#) TI

O₆ Rises 152 12

1.421

673 118 5

825 1,479 2,988 4,127 7,576

Falls Same 293 4 36 8

2.262 4.293

907 137

1,937

and BAT Industries, both 4

period which spans Budget Day on March 20. This week has seen the Footsie Index shed 20.5 points (0.9 per cent). The downturn has mirrored the fall in sterling (see chart) sparked off by poor showings by the Thatcher Government in UK public opinion polls and then by the display of public opposition to the government's local taxation proposals. The equity market has not always following sterling's progress slavishly, but it has seldom been able to ignore the pound's progress over any protracted

don market remain relatively bullish, with UBS Phillips & Kleinwort Benson, notably bearish on the UK market in Drew this week predicting that the FT-SE Index will reach 2,500 by mid-year. contrast to many other securi-

Smithkline's "A" shares firmed

The recovery in the water stocks was halted by the general weakness of the equity market. Even Severn Water,

which at first moved up to 146p

as investors continued to recognise the company's lack

of involvement in the North Sea dumping problem, ended

the day 5 lower at 140p.

Thames Water, exposed to

higher capital costs to meet the North Sea curbs, came under

pressure again as sterling's fall

restrained European investors, slipped 5 to 148p. Northumbrian Water fell to 149p on similar considerations and

North West Water (149p) also

80 to £1543.

both compan

1200

1150

400

200

The Water Package suffered

Buying ahead of Monday's

dividend payment put STC up 8 to 272p on turnover of 5.3m

shares. The shares also continued to benefit from a Kit-cat & Aitken buy note.
Unitech climbed 8 to 392p on speculation that Dr Tito Tetta-

was adding to his stake in the company. Pressac rose 10 to

73p after the resignation of its

Both Racal Telecom and its

sister company Racal Electron-ics lost ground early in the ses-sion as several brokers down-

graded profit expectations for

James Capel shaved expecta-tions for the year to March 1990 to £208m (£215m) for Racal

filectronics, and £164m (£174m) for Racal Telecom. Mr Stephen Owen at James Capel said he had cut his forecast "due to the

increase in cellular retailing

costs" which would affect both companies. But, he added, "in

the long term this is favoura-ble as the costs are due to an increase in subscribers." The

FT-A All-Share Index

Equity Shares Traded

Turnover by volume (million)

ersal of fortune, dipping

shares later rallied with James Capel reported to have been doing the huying Racal Tele-com closed a net 2 down at 371p while Racal Electronics closed 3 off at 211p.
British Gas fell again after cautious press coment on its proposed Canadian acquisition

and as analysts at BZW trimmed their profit forecast for the current year in response to the warm weather. Gas slipped 4 to 210%p.

An early seller of Enterprise
Oil set dealers' tongues wagging over the perennial subject
of ECFs likely sale, sconer or later, of it 25 per cent stake in the company. The seller failed to find a buyer, said one trader, and the price fell 17 to 599p as a consequence.

Kingston Oil and Gas was one of only two stocks in the oil and gas sector to show a rise on the day – it addded 2 at 143p – after presentations at two securities houses.

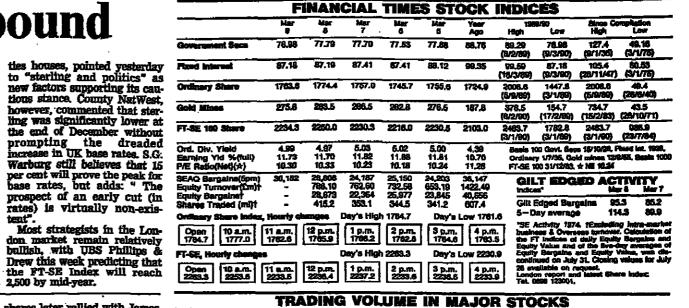
Vickers continued the previous day's rise the shares adding 6 to 220p, as the market awaited further developments about the future of Rolls-Royce motors, which 18.2 per cent stake holder IEP Securities has proposed be demerged from

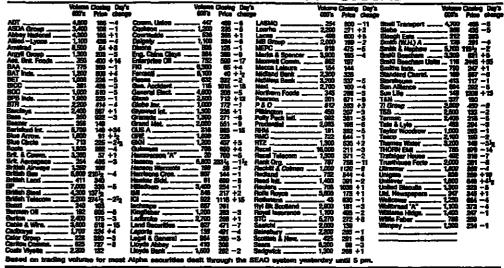
Rolls-Royce added a penny to 175p, helped by buyers ahead of next weeks results. "New-time" buyers were attracted to FKI on speculation that GEC was about to bid for the company. The shares firmed up 4 to 65 as 6.3m shares were traded, including a block of 1.5m shares which was part of the programme trade. The company's directors were said to have been in the mar-

Perry Group lost 11 to 154p as the company reported a 40 per cent profits setback to 25m. Mr Sandy Morris at County NatWest said: "the figures

ket shopping for stock earlier

in the week.





were a clear indication of the difficult trading conditions being faced by motor distribu-tors."

Hartwell were wanted and the shares edged forward a penny to 156p, just above the 155p of the James offer. James Capel representing the Jameel group was said to have been in he market shopping for stock but dealers said other investors were coming in ahead of the offer's close on Monday to benefit from the dividend payment promised if Jameel wins control. One trader said: "This will

be a close run thing."

Talk of a switch out of Nat-West into Midland weak west into minimum weatched the former 5 to 837p and left the latter unchanged at 328p. Volume in NatWest and Abbey National, unchanged at 194p. was boosted by an overnight programme trade.

Among the merchant banks S. G. Warburg was down 9 at 449p, as worries persisted about the slower pace of UK

mergers and acquisitions.

Trading in P & O returned to re normal levels after a line of almost 5m was placed on Thursday. Some 612,000 changed hands as the shares recovered part of the week's losses to 583p, an improvement on the day of 3.

ADT continued to suffer from the poor reception given to the annual figures on Thursday. The shares lost another 4

A gloomy statement included with the company results weakened USM listed Psion. The shares dived 68 to 185p. The company reported an increase in full year profits from £2.6m to £3.3m this

the trend, rallying 6 to 387p on market theories that the shares were due a bounce after recent

News that the company had received a number of proposals which might involve either the injection of new equity or could lead to an offer being

made gave some comfort to holders of troubled stockbrok-ing concern Parrish. The shares moved away from their all-time low, established earlier this week following speculation of a possible hid of 20p a share, to close 3 up

Authority Investments jumped 10 to 78p as Mr Geoff-rey Grantor increased his total trustee stake to 5.2 per cent.
ASB Barnet Kinnings, which ASB Barnet Kinnings, which is quoted on the third market, tumbled on the warning of a trading loss for the year to December and probable omis-sion of a dividend. The company and its spousor are dis-cussing various proposals involving the introduction of further capital which will enable it to expand the busi-

ness within the current struc-ture. The shares ended 19 down at 43p.

> **■**Other Market statistics including the FT-Actuaries Share Index, Page 11, Traded options, page 13.

LEADERS AND LAGGARDS

Percentage changes since December 29 1989 based on

Water+	0.19	Motors
Packaging & Paper	0.83	Gold Mines Index
Conglomerates	1.55	Telephone Networks
Apencies	1.82	Building Materials
Metals & Metal Forming	1.87	Consumer Group
Banks	2.27	Electricals
Food Retailing	242	Brewers and Distillers
Merchant Benics +	2.45	Contracting Construction
Electronics	3.90	Other Industrial Materials
Oil & Gas	3.94	Food Manufacturing
Chemicals	4.22	Insurance(Brokers)
Engineering-General	4.50	Insurance(Life)
Stores	4.50	Investment Trusts
Other Groups	4.79	Property
Transport	5.B1	Health & Household Products -
Textiles	6.34	Lelaure
500 Share Index	6.03	Engineering-Aerospage
All Share Index	7.30	Publishing & Printing
Industrial Group	7.48	Insurance(Composite)
Financial Group	7.78	Overseas Traders
Capital Goods	7.87	

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COMMODITIES

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1989/90

RISES AND FALLS

88

WEEK IN THE MARKETS

Lead and zinc prices set the pace Before the Southern Peru LEAD AND zinc prices set the pace on the London Metal problems have worsened." The

Exchange this week as concern about tight supplies consoli-dated the recent strengthening in market sentiment. The dramatic rise in the cash lead price – up more than £120

in the preceding two weeks -had been expected to attract substantial deliveries into LMR warehouses and an increase of about 2,000 tonnes in exchange stocks had been projected. So Monday's announcement of a stocks rise of just 750 tonnes prompted only a £3 fall in the cash price to £565.50 a tonne and the three months delivery price rose £7 to £455.50 a tonne. With the 8-month closure of and 84,000 tonnes-a-year Nuova Samim smelter in Sardinia and other smaller supply disruptions continuing to discourage sellers the trend for the rest of the week was clearly bullish. The cash price closed yester-day at a 10-year high of £672.50 tonne, £104 higher on the week, while the three months price was up £51 at £499.50 a tonne, an 8%-year high. Shearson Lehman Hutton's

London metals team still sees some mileage in lead's bull "Most of the factors behind the recent rally are still with us," it says in its latest Metals and Mining Weekly Review. "Indeed, the supply

review points out that Asarco has joined the list with the announcement of production losses at its Glover plant in Missouri during December and January. Shearson also notes rumours of production problems in Morocco.

Supply worries were also esponsible for this week's \$120 jump in the cash special high grade zinc price to \$1,652.50 a tonne and the widening of the premium over the three months delivery price from \$49 to \$1.03 a tonne 7 42 from \$49 to \$103 a topne. LME stocks remain below 55,000 tonnes (compared with 80,000 tonnes at the beginning of the year) despite a modest rise last

A further fall of 4,475 tonnes to 78,875 tonnes in LME copper stocks last week helped to lift the cash price to a 3-month high on Monday. That level was gradually trimmed back until the announcement on Thursday afternoon that workers at Southern Peru Copper planned to start an indefinite strike on Monday. That news served to wipe out most of Thursday's cerlier fall and yesterday it set the market firmly back on the upward course. By the close the cash quotation was at £1,641 a tonne, up £56.50 on the day and £95 on the news Shearson's review had suggested that "speculative fervour is likely to push the price higher in the short run, although we continue to expect producer forward selling to limit the upside - unless there is a major supply disruption." At the London bullion mar-

ket the gold price sank gently to the bottom end of this year's trading range. At \$399.25 a troy ounce it was down \$3.75 on the week, but still above the support level around \$395 an Dealers said investment

interest in the precious metal had slackened, while the firmer dollar and higher equity prices were also weighing down the market. Silver followed gold down and the spot bullion market

price was fixed at a 41/2-month

low of 510.85 cents an ounce, down 6.15 cents on the day and 2.15 cents on the week.

London's leading soft commodities markets all gained ground this week, with sugar reaching a 3%-month high. cocoa a 4%-month high and

coffee a 5 month high. Unrest in the Ivory Coast has caused nervousness at the London futures market as that country is the third biggest producer, after Brazil and donesia, of the robusta type

change in market sentiment had been apparent before that

Every piece of bullish infor-mation has been slezed on," commented one analyst. Things that people were ignoring two months ago now seem important."

Ivory Coast worries also influenced the cocoa market where the May futures position ended £10 up on the week at £722 a tonne. The uptrend was set in New York, where technical factors strengthened the

Sugar's upsurge lifted the London daily raws price by \$29 to \$374 a tonne. Expectations of increased Chinese buying had been encouraging the rise and a late boost was given by a forecast from F.O. Licht, the West German sugar statistics agency, of a 99,000-hectare rise in European plantings this season, well below the 150,000hectare rise that had been talked of earlier.

But traders were not ready to start talking of a possibl sugar price boom. That would require at least one more big consumer, such as the Soviet Union, to step up imports or another big supplier to have a reduced crop, they said.

APPOINTMENTS Homer has been appointed sales and development

Mr Heinz Starke has been appointed treasurer of CONOCO (U.K.) and elected a director of the company. He was director of finance for Du Pont de Nemours Italiana, Milan, and replaces Mrs Susan Stalnecker who has returned to Wilmington, Delaware, as director, business services division, agricultural products department of Du Pont. Conoco is a Du Pont subsidiary.

Conoco UK

company

treasurer

m Mr Mike Hensman has been promoted from managing director to vice president UK operations at COGNOS, a subsidiary of Cognos Inc. US.

 Non-executive directors appointed to NORWEB in anticipation of privatisation are Mr Philip Birch, chairman of BZW Covertible Investment Trust, Mr Alan Cockshan chairman of AMEC, and Mr Jock Green-Armytage, joint chairman and chief executive of Kelt Energy. Mr Neville Root, chairman of seven subsultaries of Walker Greenbank, will become a director of Norweb.

Mr Roger C. Witts has been appointed director of finance for NORTH SEA ASSETS.

■ LOWNDES LAMBERT GROUP HOLDINGS has appointed as directors: Mr John Bartington, Mr Brian Rlackshields, Mr Michael Caley and Mr David Margrett,

■ THE ACKERS JARRETT GROUP, Wednesbury, has promoted Mr Tony Bowen rom chief accountant to group financial director. Mr Geof

director. He was a director at Chart Services, and succeeds Mr Neil Stanley who retires, but continues as a consultant.



Mr Simon George (pictured) has been appointed group finance director of GST HOLDINGS, Cambridge. He was financial controller with ma international.

■ ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL'S automotive operations has appointed Mr Harold Kriven as vice president of its on highway products - Europe organisation, based in London. He was vice president aftermarket parts and services for on-highway products in North America responsible for axle, brake, clutch and transmission products. Mr Kriven, who becomes responsible for Rockwell products from England, Italy, Germany and Turkey, replaces Mr William Laule who becomes vice president and general manager for Rockwell's plastic products businesses in Troy, Michigan

Mr Chris Davies has been appointed director of network services at DATA NETWORKS,

part of the Sema Group. He was services manager for IBM's information network.

director, APOLLO METALS, becomes chairman and managing director of subsidiary Apollo Metals (UK), and Joining the board are Mr Keith Ingle, Mr Bruce Maggs and Mr John Stark, Mr Denis Cassidy, a

non-executive director, has been appointed chairman of FERGÜŜON INDUSTRIAL HOLDINGS, succeeding Mr Denis Vernon who becomes a non-executive director. Mr Michael Saint, group finance director, has been promoted to group managing director. Mr Jack Clegg, president of Empery Corporation, a US subsidiary, has joined the main board.



PHILIPS has appointed Mr Barrie Mead (pictured) as group managing director for consumer electronics in the UK. He was commercial manager, overseas division, Kindhoven, and replaces Mr Robert Mertijnse who has moved to Eindhoven to take over a senior project managment role in the digital recording group.

■ Mr Taysir A. Sharaf, general manager, Jordan International Bank, has been elected chairman of the ASSOCIATION OF BRITISH CONSORTIUM BANKS, and Mr Gerard Legrain, managing director, International Mexican Bank, becomes deputy

Testmical Date/ATLAS Price Sources

■ Mr Mike Thorn has been appointed managing director designate of GALILEO UNITED KINGDOM from April 1. He will succeed Mr Paul Nolan who returns to British Airways later this year, Mr Thorne is vice president Thorne is vice pres marketing for Galileo International, Swindon, ■ ASSOCIATED

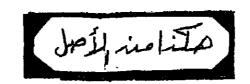
NEWSPAPERS has appointed Mr Kiran B.S. Malik as financial director to succeed Mr Stuart Martin. Mr Malik was financial director of the Daily Mail. Mr Keith Harris has been appointed managing director of Angex, consumer exhibitions arm of Associated Newspapers Holdings, which runs the Ideal Home Exhibition, He succeeds Mr Derek Allison who has resigned for health reasons.

■ GALLIFORD has appointed Mr Chris Wardley as managing director responsible for its main civil engineering and building activities. He was north west regional director, Wimpey Construction U.K.

■ Mr David Richards, general manager, Mr Geoff Wilkinson, chief engineer, and Dr Barrie Coles, manager of the business development group, have joined the board of WARWICK INTERNATIONAL

■ STANSELL, Taunton, has appointed Mr Michael Foden as managing director following the retirement of Mr Dennis Mattravers.

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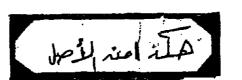
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(2174 38th 1574 38th 1674 38th 921.5 423.4 134.0 114.3 144.6 145.3 183.8 80.4 191.6 171.6 97.8 155.7 77.3 241.9 213.6 229.2 124.8 167.3 G1-549 3381 | Company | Comp Section 1 and 1 decreases and sections are all and a section 2 3 170.5 -2.5 | 18.3 | 17.5 | 18.3 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 1 1977-9-9-1-1972-| 033-655 6003 | Contracted Fil 1994 | 61.2 | 64.4 | 64.2 | 10.74 | 65.2 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5

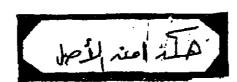


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Services Inti SA m, Smitzerland 224051 10.236 10 +237 nrg) SA ng 8103524046461 | Constraint | Fall | Constraint | Constraint | Fall | Constraint | Constrai ### 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1. 製造 Money Market **Money Market Bank Accounts** \$408.79 1l -Places International Ltd Spling Vice Hes. 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World Stock Markets

Equities ease as employment figures surge

AN UNEXPECTED surge in February's employment figures sent US bond prices sharply lower but had much less impact on the Wall Street equity market, writes Anatole Kaletsky from New York.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average opened a few points down and stayed in negative territory for most of the morn-ing, but losses were confined to bout 10 points. The market's relatively small setback, which came after a 26.58-point advance on Thursday, was seen by many analysis as evidence that Wall Street's rally had not yet run its course. By 2 pm, the Dow stood 13.06 points lower at 2,683.11. Volume was moderate, with 103m

shares changing hands by Jones Capital Markets Report. ever, pointed out that Janulunchitine and the salling was . To make matters worse, Jan-ary's job figures were reduced fairly widespread as declining uary's job gains, initially by 97,000 because of these lay-stocks outnumbered gains by reported as 275,000, were offs. Taking the two months lunchtime and the salling was fairly widespread as declining stocks outnumbered gains by about eight to five.

The equity market's resilience was something of a sur-prise considering the big losses before the opening bell. The Treasury's benchmark long bond fell by % immediately after the publication of the Selection of t February employment figures and continued to languish with big losses throughout the day. The hond market's concern was understandable, since the

employment figures were much stronger than expected Non-farm payroll employment increased in February by 372,000, compared with a consensus estimate of 268,000 published on Thursday by the Dow

revised upwards to 332,000. The figures for average hourly earnings were also distressing to bond investors, since they showed an 0.5 per cent jump in February, compared with a gain of only 0.1 per cent the

month before.

Many analysts were pre-pared to dismiss the February figures as an aberration, as they included big distortions connected with auto industry lay-offs and the effects of unusually warm weather on construction jobs. In fact, 97,000 of February's jobs gains were due to car workers returning from lay-offs the

together, therefore, the auto distortions had no net effect on the picture of very robust

But while bond investors tried to analyse the job figures, equity traders showed little reaction to any of these arguments. The only obvious beneficiary of the strong jobs fig-ares was Navistar, the heavy tracks manufacturer, which gained \$% to \$4% in exceptionally heavy trading, motivated partly by the company's extreme sensitivity to the US economic cycle. Other automotive stocks were narrowly mixed, with GM up \$% to \$46, while Ford fell \$% to \$47%.

of the heaviest trading was in Philip Morris, which fell \$% to \$37%, and IBM, which fell \$% to \$106%. John Deere gained \$1 to \$71% after a meeting with Wall Street analysts. USX declined \$1/2 to \$361/4 as

arbitrageurs adjusted their holdings after Thursday's news of a possible spin-off of the company's steel operations. NCNB fell \$2% to \$41% in response to an analyst's con-cern about possible losses in its big Texas business.

THE weakness in bonds following the release of the US employment figures pushed stocks in Toronto down in light trade in the morning session. The composite index fell 12.8 to 3,739.2 on volume of 11.5m

Individual issues and sectors provide interest

ket welcomed Thursday's news of its purchase of RJR Nahis-co's Asia Pacific businesses. Pengeot had a quieter day, as Fiat said that it had no com-INDIVIDUAL stocks and sectors attracted interest yes-terday, but the overall markets were little changed, writes Our

Markets Staff.
PARIS ran out of steam after a strong and active opening, with the CAC 40 index closing at 1,921.11, up 3.12, after rising to 1,941.17. The index gained 3.3 per cent over the week. The downturn in the after-

noon came as Wall Street copened lower. One observer said that investors were uncer-tain about whether the French market was currently in a technical rally or a genuine upswing. Turnover was believed to be less than Thurs-day's busy FFr2.9bn. Raw material stocks contin-

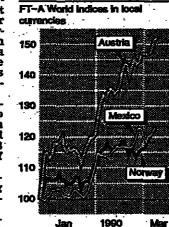
ued to rise, with Metaleurop rising FFr4.10 to FFr217.10 on rising lead and zinc prices and CMB Packaging gaining FFr3 to FFr181 in active trading of

Profit-taking sent the oil sec-tor lower, with Total losing FFr26 to FFr602 and Elf Aquitaine falling FFr22 to FFr616. Navigation Mixte, the holding company, rose FFr9 to FFr1,939 after announcing higher profits. Beghin-Say, the sugar producer, gained FFr23 to FFr806 on rising commodity prices and on Thursday's news that Navigation Mixte's sugar subsidiary was buying a stake in Sucre Union.

BSN, the food group, picked up FFr14 to FFr746, as the mar-

ment to make on talk of a link-up between the French and Italian motors groups. Peo-geot lost FFr? to FFr828 as vol-

Year's top performers



ume shrank to 184,350 shares. SEB, which owns Rowenta the West German household electrical goods maker, made one of the day's higgest gains, rising FFr47 to FFr1,195. One observer said that this was on its prospects of sales to East Germans; another that the

stock was catching up with the rest of the market. FRANKFURT hit the key 1.860-1.885 resistance level on the DAX index and bounced back to close 2.18 lower at 1,858.74, 2.2 per cent up on the week, after a 7.07 rise to 1,867.99 in the first 10 minutes

The session was muted, punctuated by a midsession close for the FAZ index of 779.14, up 2.8 per cent on the week but down a barely measurable 0.07 points on the day, as volume fell from DM7.8bn to

There were prominent individual stocks, including Volkswagen, up DMS at DM562 on a 10 per cent rise in worldwide car deliveries in January and February. In engineering, KHD forecast a 150 per cent rise in 1990 operating profits and rose another DMS to DM278, up 9.6 per cent on the week. per cent on the week. Allianz, the insurance group, rose DM40 to DM2,626 for a

DM186 rise on the week. The company celebrated its hun-dredth birthday by adding a DM4 bonus to an unchanged DM12 dividend for 1989 and making a deep discount, one-for-10 rights issue to raise DM762m against the DM1hn cash call expected by

AMSTERDAM was little changed in quiet trading, in spite of some further corporate results announcements. The

CBS tendency index rose 0.4 to 111.9, a rise on the week of 4.7 per cent.
Heineken, the brewer, closed Fl 1.90 down at Fl 109, but

recovered from a low of F1108, our recovered from a low of F1108 after reporting a 12 per cent profits rise, higher than analysts' forecasts. Ahold, the retailer, which reports on Tuesday, advanced F13.60 to F1112 80

BRUSSELS closed the week on a bullish note in strong vol-ume, with the cash index up 76.2 at 6,040.5 for a gain on the week of 5 per cent. Institutions were again

active, focusing their buying on blue chips after the Beigian central banks shaved shortterm interest rates for the first time since last summer. OSLO continued to rise and closed at a record high, as it has done every day this week, with the all-share index up 2.19 at 635.98, a gain since last Fri-

day of 3.9 per cent. Turnover was active at NKr598m. Christiania Bank free shares rose NKr3 to NKr173. The bank, Norway's largest, announced that it will take over Summoersbanken which has been under the control of the country's financial authori-ties for restructuring.

MILAN saw the Comit index

up 3.12 at 666.25 in thin trading, for a 1 per cent rise on the eck. Retailers led the way, with Rinascente, up L135 at the official close, adding another

ZURICH came off early highs and, after scattered profit-taking in the chemicals sector, the Credit Suisse index fell 2.7 to 608.4 in slack trading, to register a 1.4 per cent rise on the

week.

MADRID had a better session than of late, with the general index up 2.26 at 273.44 in improved volume, ending the week 0.8 per cent higher.

VIENNA finished the week steadily, as dealers took profits following a week of process. following a week of record highs. The bourse index fell 0.22 to 722.26 for a rise since

the previous Friday of 2.7 per

ATHENS closed at a record in beavy trading, bolstered by positive company results and foreign interest. The general share index rose 20.8 to 675.84. STOCKHOLM gave up early gains to end another quiet day marginally down, with the Affarsvärlden index 0.9 lower at 1,157.5 to finish a dull week with a loss of 0.5 per cant.

SOUTH AFRICA

NEXT WEEK'S Budget, unrest in the black homelands and a fall in the gold price combined to create a mood of caution in Johannesburg, where the JSE index fell 42 to a preliminary close of 3 120. Navartheless close of 3,120. Nevertheles the index gained 1.6 per cent

Black market in ostmark beats W German equities

Katharine Campbell on some curious developments

non-convertible currencies, the East German mark (ostmark) has been reacting vigorously to the prospects of currency union with the West, as speculators go about their devious ways to accumulate the rather flimsy and undersized notes.

Black market rates in West Berlin have risen in a straight line, from 16 ostmarks for one Deutsche Mark to five for one Deutsche Mark to hve for one in recent months. The First Austrian savings bank in Vianna is regularly emptied of marks in the first bour of business. Before the border opened, 100 ostmarks cost Sch63 (\$5%). Now the price is about Sch175. The Hungarian central bank is known to be worried about the level of purchases; East German customs officers have a massive haul of ostmarks which people had attempted to take out of the country illements this transmit.

gally this year. The progress of the West German stock market, still overshadowed by events in the East, has not been so gloriously uninterrupted in recent weeks. An air of caution, particularly among overseas investors, has crept in; and East Germany's first free elections next weekend could increase the nervousness over

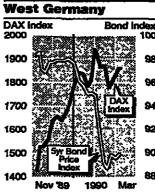
the next few days.
In general, however, the pat-tern established since the beginning of the year has in no way altered. The basically enduring festive spirit in the equity market, with a rise of 2.2 per cent in the DAX index this week, continues to be mirthis week, continues to be mirrored by a persistently weak bond market; bond yields, as measured by the Bundesbank's average index, slightly improved this week at 9 per cent. This relationship, while out of kilter from a historical perspective is unlikely to

perspective, is unlikely to change quickly. Last month, Frankfurt stock exchange participants had become quite agitated at the persistently downward tenden-cies of the bund futures market on Liffe in London, openly accusing futures traders of ignorance of the Bundeshank's poli-cies. They criticised what they regarded as excessive nervousness at the inflationary conse-

quences of monetary union

N THE curious world of The free fall of bond prices was beginning to curb the effortless rise in stock prices, and they felt that things were rapidly getting out of hand. Since then, there has been a

measure of reassessment, and a sense of increasing scepticism about the series of wild estimates of the cost of reconstructing the East German economy. Much the same has applied to the inflationary con-sequences of union between the two German currencles.



This has so far knocked a few basis points off the steep bond yields, and the stock market is continuing its upward path, although with rather more twists on the route. refocus on the improved pros-pects for German companies. The size of the monetary overhang in ostmarks which might be converted and pumped into a largely West German economy is unknown But it is possible that a portion of these potentially inflationary savings might be frozen for a while, or reorientated into reconstruction bond funds, rather than being released overnight for a wholesale con-

sumer binge. "Currency reform in West Germany after the war was also a process of feeling one's way forward; again no one really knew the size of the overhang then," says Dr Her-mann Remsperger, chief econo-mist at BHF Bank in Frankfurt. This all makes the risk premium in the bond market particularly excessive.

So the parting of the wavs

between bonds and equities which first manifested itself almost immediately after the border was opened, is thought likely to continue. This defies the argument that historically high, inflation-adjusted yields should have a dampening effect on German companies long before the benefits of a new market in the East make themselves apparent in the profit and loss account.

However, the foreign inve

tors who have whipped the equity market along may be a little less enthusiastic. The vul-nerability of the D-Mark, particularly to short-term political uncertainties, is one item on the distaff side; and some foreign appetites may have abated slightly, because even the portfolio managers who were origi-nally slow to boost their weightings in German stocks have had time to catch up. British investment into Germany, for instance, is thought to have slowed in February and, from a short-term perspec-tive, the British market looks

like an attractive home for funds in search of a measure of diversification within Europe. t the same time, the A Japanese, who have accounted for the largest foreign flows by far into the German market, do not appear to be pulling in their horns in terms of international investment in general and Germany in particular, as a result of the recent Tokyo market break. Rather, events have for the first time in years vindicated the arguments of the interna-tionalists among the Japanese portfolio managers who have called for less dependence on

Net flows into Germany in December ran to \$536m, representing about half the total for the entire year, according to the latest figures from the Japanese Securities Dealers Association of a sample of institutions. There is no sign of this trend abating significantly. Anecdotal evidence suggests that a figure of about \$1.5bn had been committed to the German market by the end of January by just half of the Japanese brokerage houses, and it is thought this has probably not been fully invested.

the home market.

Investment trust buying helps lift Nikkei

Tokyo

UNDAUNTED by a weak yen, investors gave free rein to their bargain-hunting instincts yesterday, and share prices rose strongly on broadly-based buying, writes Michiyo Naka-moto in Tokyo. Index-linked buying sup-

ported an early sharp rise of more than 600 points in the Nikkei, which broke above the 34,000 level at the morning 34,000 level at the morning close; it lost momentum later and finished with a gain of 302.23 to 33,933.12, just 0.2 per cent lower on the week. The day's high was 34,319.81 and the low 33,724.09.

Advances outnumbered declines by 548 to 427 with 160 unchanged. Turnover improved from 604m to 664m shares. The Topix index of all listed shares rose a meagre 3.35 to 2,539.89 and, in London, the ISE/Nikkei 50 index edged up 0.25 to 1.835.76.

Investment trust and individual buying of issues that track the Nikkei index were the main support for the mar-ket. Because the March stock index futures contract expired on Thursday, there was less fear of massive selling on the

"The technical factor [of arbitrage selling] that had put pressure on the market has been removed for the time being," said Mr Hiroaki Hanao

tricals, which had risen on strong earnings prospects, fell out of favour: Ploneer lost Y110 to Y6,590 and Victor fell Y50 to

at Daiwa Securities. "But this does not mean that the market is relieved of all its worries."

Specialised investment trust funds will be aiming to realise profits before the end of their business year later this month. There is concern that, with the market's recent volatility, there could be a considerable fall in the number of new active funds coming to market. Yesterday saw some return of interest to big steels; Kobe Steel gained Y8 to Y743. Elec-

Among individual features, Nippon Mining saw a surge of interest on rumours that it had discovered a new vein of gold in Hokkado, Japan's northern-most island. It was second in volume with 8.9m shares and gained Y61 to Y980.

Y260 to Y3,310. Roundup BARGAIN-HUNTING vied with

NEW ZEALAND ended lower in spite of increased activity. The Barclays index slid 7.18 to Issues supported by strong domestic demand were

cash market by arbitrageurs favoured in Osaka, where the 1.795.61 Heavy trade in Brierunwinding their futures OSE average advanced 298.11 ley investments, with 3.5m ther from Thursday's 101m shares to 104m. The laggard chemicals sector stood out, with Nihon Chemical rising

> profit-taking in the Asia Pacific region, leaving markets mixed. AUSTRALIA was boosted by AUSTRALIA was boosted by stronger markets abroad and domestic bargain-hunting after Thursday's slide. The All Ordinaries index rose 8.7 to 1,579.2 after position-squaring before the weekend brought it off its high of 1,584.9. Overall, the market gained 0.7 per cent in the week, which was dominated by pre-election caution. Elders IXL was a focus of attention. Yesterday 4.48m shares were traded following Thursday's announcement of Thursday's announcement of the group's restructuring. The market had anticipated much of the asset sales news, but viewed the overall plan with some scepticism. Elders IXI, fell 7 cents to A\$2.08.

ums to 9.3m from 7.5m on Thursday, Brierley fell 2 cents to NZ\$1.66 after Thursuay shalf-year profit announcement.
HONG KONG slipped as investors took profits after an early advance. The Hang Sang index eased 3.06 to 2.912.67, for a fall on the week of 0.9 per cent. Turnover grew to to NZ\$1.66 after Thursday's cent. Turnover grew to HK\$1.1bn from the previous day's HK\$998m.

Hang Seng Bank gained 30 cents to HK\$24.70 after Thursday's late news of an 18 per cent rise in net profits, in line with expectations.
SINGAPORE saw demand

SINGAPORE saw demand for blue chips from institutions lift the Straits Times industrial index by 10.20 to 1.586.18, 2.2 per cent higher on the week. Other shares were mixed, but trading was active, with 128m shares exchanged compared with Thursday's 82m.

SEOUL made a small rehound after recent declines. rebound after recent declines as rumours, including talk of a Cabinet reshuffle, spread around the market. The composite index rose 4.93 to 852.70, for a decline over the week of 3.5 per cent. Turnover shrank

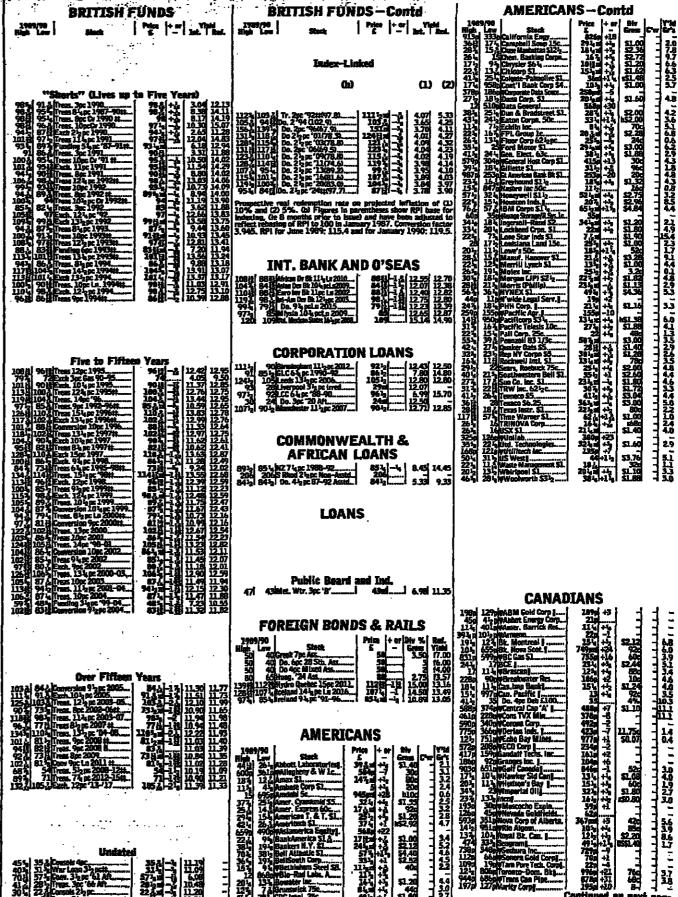
to 187.5bn won from 204.5bn.

were FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and County NatWest/Wood Mackenzie in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

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LONDON SHARE SERVICE



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FINANCIAL TIMES

Weekend March 10/March 11 1990



Ridley to tackle Soviet late payments

MR NICHOLAS RIDLEY, Trade and Industry Secretary, is to ask the Soviet Union to deal with the growing problem of late payments by Soviet enterprises to British exporters during a five-day

visit to Moscow that begins today.

His decision to take up the matter follows general representations from several exporters as well as a request to act in "three or four specific cases," DTI officials said yesterday.

The failure of some Soviet enterprise

to meet payments due on foreign goods, although not widespread, has already put upward pressure on the cost of its short-term trade borrowings. The country previously had an impeccable record for meeting its foreign obligations on time.

Mr Ridley will be anxious to determine whether the Soviet authorities intend to correct the problem or "whether it's the thin end of the wedge," the DTI officials said. He will

meet Mr Stepan Sitaryan, the Soviet Union's top trade official, and senior officials from the Bank for Foreign Economic Affairs (VEB), through which Soviet trade is normally financed.

Among leading exporters, Courtaulds said yesterday that it had experienced delays of up to 60 days, although the log-jam was being cleared. Imperial Chemical Industries said it had experienced enced some recent delays, but they

The Export Credits Guarantee Department said there were problems "with individual Soviet buyers." It said

these were not widespread enough to affect the availability of cover.
Exporters say they believe the problem of late payments, which also affects suppliers in other Western countries, reflects deep confusion in the Soviet bureaucracy following the decentralisa-tion of foreign trade rather than a fun-damental shortage of foreign exchange. The rapid expansion of the number of enterprises allowed to engage in foreign trade as part of the Soviet economic restructuring has long been seen as adding to the risk of doing business there, because the newly-independent enterprises are also responsible for rais-ing their own foreign exchange.

Some bankers in the City say the VEB is attempting to discipline the new enterprises by withholding foreign exchange allocations to those which run short because of failure to manage their position properly. Yet exporters say the late payments affect even traditional trading organisations, and some are on short-term trade debt with a VEB guarantee.

Mr Ridley's visit, which was planned before the payments problem arose, created an opportunity to clarify the situation at top level, the DTI officials said. It will help determine whether a more needed. Similarly, he will be seeking information on the full-scale review of joint venture rules under way in

The Soviet Union is openly disap-pointed at the failure of joint ventures to bring more manufacturing invest-ment and there is now thought to be a backlog of more than 700 venture appli-

cations waiting for registration.

In spite of the uncartainty surrounding Soviet trade, the list of companies accompanying Mr Ridley on his mission shows that interest in Soviet business is still high. Besides those with long-standing interests there, the list includes Royal Insurance, British Aero-space, which is discussing civil aircraft deals, GEC, which is seeking railway signalling business, and APV, which has been looking for contracts in the

food processing sector.
Gatt upholds Japanese complaint against EC, Page 2

The Sultan of Brunei: has no evidence Fayeds used his funds in takeover

By David Barchard

THE SULTAN of Brunei yesterday denied having any part in the Fayed brothers' acquisition of the House of

Fraser, owner of the Harrods department store in London,

and said he had no knowledge of the 2500m used to finance the deal.

The statement, issued

through a London public relations company, was the Suttan's first public comment since the publication of the Department of Trade and Industry report on the Heuse of France on Wednesday.

of Fraser on Wednesday.

that the funds with which the Fayeds bought the House of

Fraser in 1985 came to them through Mr Mohamed Fayed's

association with the Sultan of

Brunei, Mr Fayed held a power of attorney on behalf of the Sultan in 1984 during his purchase of the Dorchester, one of London's most famous hotels.

"His Majesty has no evi-

dence that the Fayeds used the power of attorney granted in

ter hotel to further their busi-ness interests," the statement said.

It added: "If they did so.

either in connection with the

House of Fraser negotiations or any other context, they did

so totally without his Majes-

ty's authority."

The DTI inspectors said in their report that the Fayed brothers had been consistently

unable to provide a credib explanation for the "vast wealth" under their control

from the summer of 1984 which was used in the House

The report concluded that while there was no sign the Sultan had known what had

happened during the purchase, the evidence pointing to Bru-

nei was very strong and the inspectors had conveyed their findings to the Sultan.

Philip Stephens, Political Editor, writes: Mr Nicholas

Ridley, the Trade and Industry Secretary, yesterday faced fur-ther criticism of his handling

of the report as Conservative
MPs joined the Opposition in
demanding an early parlismentary debate on the issue.
In a Commons motion tabled
by both Labour and Conservative MPs, Mr Ridley's state-

ment on Wednesday was described as "inadequate." MPs called for an early debate

on a "matter of serious con-ceru to honourable members

Downing Street sought to

on all sides of the House."

of Fraser purchase.

The markets vote against sterling

THE LEX COLUMN

Last month, sterling seemed to be one of the strongest curren-cies in the world. This week it has gone back to being one of the weakest and the suddenness of the change is unnerving. All it takes, it seems, is for the UK government to hit a rough political patch and sterling can plummet by 4 per cent in a fortnight, long gilt yields head for 12 per cent and foreign investors lose their nerve. In this hostile environment, equity prices find it difficult to move ahead, even though a weaker pound should be good for the corporate sector.

It is a measure of the fragility of international confidence

in the UK economy that the slightest hint of political trou-ble and the attractions of 15 per cent-plus interest rates quickly fade. One-year interest rates have risen by close to 100 hasis points, to 15% per cent, since the start of the year. But the foreign exchange markets sense that the UK authorities are not going to jeopardise their increasingly alim chances of winning the mid-Stafford-shire by-election by raising

UK equity prices are being buffeted by conflicting forces. This week's results from the likes of GKN and BICC show that the heartland of British industry remains in better industry remains in better shape than many suspected. Meanwhile, Wall Street has been holding up surprisingly well. However, the more than 150 hasis point jump in long bond yields since the start of the year is making UK equities look increasingly expensive. Unless the steady rise in glit yields is reversed, the equity market is not going to move ahead and indeed could move lower, it is all a matter of confidence and this is something fidence and this is something

Beristord

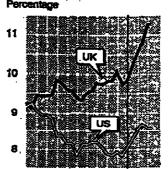
that is in short supply.

If anybody genuinely wants to buy Berisford International, now that its former chairman mow that his former charman Mr Ephraim Margulies has at long last shambled off the scene stage-right, then good luck to him, or her. If there are any hidders, they will need some luck because behind Berisford's 2717m of market capitalisation lies a mass of question marks about how much it is really worth. The lion's share of Berisford's value has to be made up of its main asset, that colossus of the East Anglian beet-fields British

operating profits last year and worth, at a stretch, £1bn.

attract one of the continental

FT Index fell 10.6 to 1,763.8 Long bond yields



Mar 1989

European sugar companies, which London's rumour mill was naming last night as possible buyers, given that Beris-ford's largest shareholder ABF

is apparently not interested. The snags hink with Berisford's group-wide net borrowings, standing at some 2446m at the last halance sheet date, and its tangled web of loss-making US real estate interests. Given that Berisford itself has been trying to heat a strategic retreat from those areas, a bidder will have to do so too, at who knows what cost.

Taurus

Things are looking up at the Stock Exchange when a white paper on the new high-tech Taurus system for processing share transactions can be understood fairly easily by somebody who is neither an IBM salesman nor somebody with a PhD in company law. The first good point about yes-terday's Stock Exchange plans terday's Stock Exchange plans for eradicating the securities industry's back-office paper mountain by the end of 1983 is its lucidity. The second is that, at last, the Exchange is not fudging the financial questions about the long-overdue Taurus system.

Cynics will say that the Exchange and its consultants, Coopers & Lybrand, are giving hostages to fortune in specifying £50m as Taurus's likely development bill and then forecasting the securities indus-try's likely cost savings at about £53m annually. It is a welcome development, though, when the Exchange is prepared to make a stab at estimating, for instance, that Taurus could save institutional stockbrokers £11.5m per amoun, and institutional investors £5.2m.
It would be still better if the

Exchange had a clear idea whether any savings would

flow through to private inves-tors, who have missed out on post-Big Bang dealing-cost reductions enjoyed by institu-tions. The best hope for this will be if Taurus gives a short in the arm to mass retail brokers, like the clearing banks. Yet one thing is clear. Intellec tually, the Tauras report kills stone dead the dotty notion harboured by some Stock Exchange member firms that they should dominate decision-making about settlement. The issue is simply too important to be left just to securities houses, rather than to the financial and business commu-

Reckitt & Colman

Reckitt & Colman already Reckitt & Colman already own a hotch-potch of brands, so buying another mixed bag, including everything from bar-becue lighters to depilatory creams, probably seems a sen-sible strategic move. But per-haps the idea that there is a skill called brand management, which can be amplied across a which can be applied across a wide range of products, ought to be more rigorously ques-

Reckitt is paying 22 times historic earnings for the Boyle-Midway division of American Home Products which, in an age when brands are defied, is not particularly excessive. However, the group's target of a three percentage point improvement in group margins through integration economies sounds somewhat ambitions, whatever Reckitt's previous success in swallowing Airwick. Indigestion seems just as likely an

The deal certainly illustrates the stakes involved in the current arguments on accountancy standards. If £150m can be raised from disposals this year, gearing will fall to 55 per cent. But that is only on the basis that one allows Reckitt to capitalise £450m worth of trademarks and to treat £200m of convertible capital bonds as equity. Taking the accountancy authorities position on goodwill would push the gearing up to 125 per cent; a Sastchi-style plunge in the share price which threatened the likelihood of conversion would move the ratio into the stratosphere. But the latter seems unlikely since the conversion premium is only 12.7 per cent on last night's close hardly a challenging target for shareholders can take comfort from the fact that interest covered in 1991.

Gorbachev faces double challenge

By Quentin Peel in Moscow

MR Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, celebrates his fifth anniversary in power this weekend embroiled in two political battles, which involve die-hard conservatives in his own ruling Communist Party and nationalists bent on inde-pendence for the Baltic repub-lic of Lithuania.

The Lithuanian Supreme Soviet, in which the nationalist movement Sajudis commands a two-thirds majority, meets today committed to demanding

independence.
In Moscow, Mr Gorbachev
has summoned an extended plenary session of the Commu nist Party central committee, for the second time in a month, to endorse his candidacy to become executive president. the party's strategy for next week's emergency Congress of People's Deputies, the supreme constitutional body, which is to decide on the extent of the new presidency's powers and to abolish or amend Articles 6 and 7 of the Soviet constitution, entrenching the party

The meeting has to approve

monopoly on power.

The moves seem certain to run into a fresh wave of opposition from party bureaucrats who saw evidence of the deep seated popular antipathy to their position in last weekend's republican elections in Russia, Ukraine and Belorus-

Mr Gorbachev has taken a calculated gamble that the pop-ular backlash will force the

conservatives on to the defensive and allow the presidency to be created by default. How-ever he also faces an equal challenge from radical support-ers of democratic change who say he is creating a new ver-sion of authoritarian rule before adequate democratic

controls have been created.

The Inter-Regional Group in the Congress of Deputies, led by Mr Boris Yeltsin and other reformers, will meet today to decide on ways of blocking Mr Corbobarta providential countries. Gorbachev's presidential ambi-tions. They need to prevent a two-thirds majority in the Conress, which might be possible nationalists, reformers and some conservatives were to join forces.

However Mr Gorbachev has

past week, which would give the Supreme Soviet - the standing parliament — power to overrule his presidential veto with a two-thirds majority, very similar to the provi-sion in the US constitution. The threat of Lithuanian

cession, deliberately brought forward to precede Mr Gorba-chev's election as president next week, is another factor certain to fuel the conservative revolt. The first meeting of the republic's parliament will be asked to reaffirm the declara-tion of an independent Lithua-nian state, first made in 1918, and from then on to consider

Sultan 'took itself as an independent entity. Lithuania lays plans for freeno part' in acquisition of Harrods

that the ISE would be seeking debt financing for the development costs. Any loans would be repaid out of the estimated £35m. More detailed costings

The ISE has also presented its prospectus at a committee meeting to discuss the possible formation of a single clearing house in London. Mr Peter Rawlins, ISB chief executive said he would welcome a wider direct involvement in UK set-

ment, Page 4

Taurus system expected to save £255m

LONDON'S International Stock Exchange estimated yesterday that the introduction of Taurus, the planned paperless set-tlement system for UK equities, will save the securities industry up to £255m over 10

to faster and more efficient set-tlement, will cost about £50m to develop over the next four The ISE announced detailed timetable for the

implementation of a settlement blueprint.
Mr Andrew Hugh Smith, are presenting a framework for the future of UK settlement. In

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lels with other international An ISE document, A Pro-The system, which will lead

order for London to retain its position as a leading equity market in the European time

Saint Louis ..

CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

WORLDWIDE WEATHER

An ISE document, A Pro-spectus for Settlement in the 1990s, published yesterday, gave the fullest description to date of the measures by which Taurus will be introduced, starting in September this year, when full documentation will be issued to users. It outlined target dates for

completion of the main settle-1993 as the deadline for the complete removal of paper from the settlement process. The proposals anticipate that private clients will receive doc-

.. 530 .. 3099 .. 1502

zone, it is imperative to uments indicating their holddevelop a settlement service which is not only perceived to ings akin to bank account statements instead of share involve minimum cost and risk, but which also has paralwhen a sale is made. The prospectus confirmed

that the introduction of rolling settlement would be delayed at st until October 1992, meaning the existing fixed two-week account trading system will remain until then. Rolling set-tlement will involve a continuous cycle for clearing bargains, with all trades eventually settling after three working days. In a separate project, the ISE is developing a trade matching em to reduce risk in the UK equity market. The system will be directly linked to Tau-rus, ensuring that trade infor-

mation will not have to be

keyed in more than once.

annual revenue stream of for Taurus users are still being prepared and should be announced in mid-April but the ISE stressed that Taurus will be cheaper than the cur-

Sterling Continued from Page 1

ness within the parliamentary called on the party not to lose party over the Government's its nerve. He denied claims prospects for recovery. Ministers immediately rejected suggestions that there was any plot to unseat Mrs Thatcher, a message repeated by Mr Michael Heseltine, the former Cabinet minister, who

is increasingly regarded as a likely successor. Mr Heseltine said there was no leadership contest and no prospect of one. He denied suggestions that he had been ear-marked by other MPs as the next leader.

Sir Geoffrey Howe, the dep-uty prime minister, acknowl-edged that the Government was currently unpopular and no relief for its problems.

that the possibility of a change in the leadership had been discussed at Cabinet level. However, the possibility that Mrs Thatcher might not

remain in Downing Street if the Government's fortunes do not begin to improve is being discussed among a growing number of Tory MPs. In spite of the Government's counter-offensive on the poll

tax and some limited success in using the outbreak of town hall violence to deflect some criticism towards Labour, ministers yesterday acknowledged that the last week had brought

Kinnock Continued from Page 1

were forming an "unholy alli-ance" with right-wing minis-ters against those intent on ceful and legitimate protest. Mr David Hunt, Local Gov-ernment Minister, said that each day brought new evidence of Labour's association with

the violent scenes. Sir Geoffrey Howe, Deputy Prime Minister, last night attacked the call from Mr Tony Benn, the left-wing MP for

test, claiming that left-wing Chesterfield, for a Labour gov-"toy-town revolutionaries" ernment to offer an amnesty to ernment to offer an amnesty to people refusing to pay the tax as "absurd and dangerous." Talks between Environment

Department officials and local government leaders to decide the 1991-92 budgets for local authorities began yesterday.
The discussions, which should be concluded by July, will help determine poll tax levels in what is likely to be general election year. Council leaders want an extra £3bn.

Margulies continued from Page 1

sells sugar under the Silver Spoon brand.

ABF is not the party in talks with Berisford. Although its

£767m takeover bid in 1987 won

One candidate is Goodma

based, for example, in France, which has a sugar surplus,

dispel speculation that Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, was anxious to distance herself from Mr Ridley's decision not to disqualify the Fayeds as directors. She made it clear in the Commons that the decision had rested with him, but yesterday officials stressed that she had full con-

fidence in his abilities. Other senior Conservatives. however, made no secret of their dismay and there is speculation among colleagues that he may be forced to retire from the Cabinet before the

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THE RESOURCES TO LOOK CLOSER.



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Berisford shares jumped 34p to close at 149p, to give the company a market value of £717m. The only part of it which would interest most suitors is British Sugar, which dominates the UK market and

Some analysts value it alone at more than £1bn, more than the group as a whole, because of the fears of further losses which may arise on the planned disposal of property, financial services and commodities trading businesses.

shareholders, it dropped the offer after the October crash. International, the privately-owned Irish agribusiness group, which was yesterday adding to its 11 per cent stake before the announcement. But any of several continental European companies could also

be interested. Any takeover of British Sugar would be contentious, particularly if the bidder was because of the potential to undercut Tate & Lyle, the UK cane refiner. Mr Sclater has been a direc-

next general election.

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SECTION II

Weekend March 10/March 11, 1990

HERE WAS a knock on the door. "Come in," I called it was the moment for which I had been waiting. He was slightly shorter than I had signtly shorter than I may expected but no less imposing, with long hair, now mainly grey, and a beard. His complexion was rather darker than I imagined.Of course, I thought: "The old Moor."
I offered him a seat, thanking him for
making time for the interview. He shrugged his shoulders, looked at the tape recorder with some puzzlement, and

waited for me to begin.
"Mr Marz, you wrote in the Communist
Manifesto, on the ene of the 1848 revolution,
that: 'A spectre is haunting Europe, the
spectre of communism.' The spectre hauntting Europe now looks more like
capitalism."

capitalism."

I began to explain what had happened in 1939, but he interrupted with some impatience. "I know, I know I have been following events, I don't sleep while I am in the Reading Room." Of course, I thought, seat G7. As he seemed well up with the news I hastily revised my interview.

"What do you think of 1989. Is it the end of communication."

"Exact pating." A remarkable year. In

"Fascinating. A remarkable year. In some respects it is like 1848. An irresistible popular movement in so many countries popular movement in so many countries all at the same time. But this time the revolutions will probably survive. They are revolutions for democracy. I think 1989 is the end of 1917. It is the end of the era of the Russian Revolution. I am afraid it has

failed."

I was taken aback by his willingness to jettison so much of what, after all, was done in his name. "But," I responded, "from the late 1860s you yourself looked to Russia as the most likely candidate for revolution."

"I also wrote with Engels that a Russian Revolution might "give the signal to a proletarian revolution in the West, so that both would complement each other [preface to a new Russian edition of the Communist Manifesto]. That nearly happened. There was almost a revolution in a number of European countries in the years ber of European countries in the years immediately after the First World War, not least Germany, of course. But it was not to be. And then Russia was on its own, a country with a very small proletariat and no democratic tradition. It was a recipe for a cruel anthoritarian regime. And that is exactly what happened. We envisaged socialism in terms of emancipation, self-management and the overwhelming majority. But in fact it became the opposite. It was socialism in the name of the people, but in the hands of a small minority." But it was done with your ideas, in your

"So what," he replied. "Marxism became many different traditions. This was one, and at first it looked a goer, The problem was that it became the Marxism. It became the official line. All other schools, like those of the Second International, were cast into outer darkness, were excommunicated. As a consequence Marxism, which had grown up in the West, became indelibly associated with the East, with backwardness, with despotism. Socialism was otism. Socialism estranged from democracy. That was a

tragedy."

I was surprised by Marx's frankness. But then, perhaps he was a philosopher first and a partisan second, in spite of what it says on his grave in Highgate Cemetery. I pushed him further. "But surely you must take some responsibility for what was done in your name, surely there was an incipient authoritarianism in your own outlook?"

"In our stress on the laws of history and the inevitability of socialism, we gave tra-

the inevitability of socialism, we gave cre-dence to a certain self-righteousness, an élitism, the idea that the end justified the means. But you can't seriously hold me responsible for what happened under



'A glass of red, Mr Marx?'

Martin Jacques, the Editor of Marxism Today, presents the interview of a lifetime

Stalin, for God's sake." SHILL, IN GRUS SAKE."

But didn't your own style of debate and polemic set a rather bad example to your followers? It was marked by a degree of intolerance which was imitated by many, including Lenin."

Many locked assembly Control of the control

including Lenin."

Marx looked amoyed. Gesticulating vigorously, he said: "It was the culture of my time, especially in the refugee circles in London. Anyway, I can't be blamed for the behaviour of others whom I never met."

"In your writing you saw socialism as the inevitable consequence of capitalism. If you said it once, you said it a housand times. You wrote with extraordinary insight about capitalism, such that today many people who would never dream of calling themselves Marxists are influenced by your ideas. You wrote much about revolutions, ideas. You wrote much about revolutions particularly 1848 and the Paris Commune And yet you wrote precious little about socialism. When the Bolsheviks took power, they inherited little more than a blank piece

of paper."
"I suppose we assumed that when the moment arrived, it would be relatively clear what needed to be done. We were guilty, I guess, of a certain utoptamism. It would be all right on the night. The other reason was that it never seemed like the main priority. It always lay somewhere in the future. Understanding capitalism was always more important than dreaming about socialism. *OK, then, let's talk about capitalism.

You made two predictions. First, capital toould become increasingly concentrated, that the private nature of its appropriation would become more and more manifest. And second, the industrial proletariat would grow to represent the vast majority toould grow to represent the vast majority of the population, and thereby become the central agency of a new society, socialism. Now the latter just hasn't happened. The industrial proletariat is now contracting tapidly. And the working population, far from becoming more homogeneous, has in fact grown increasingly heterogeneous."

"Let's be clear about the history first. After I faded from the scene, the industrial proletarist continued to grow with great meed right across Europe. This was true speed right across Europe. This was true until after 1945. It was only in the 1950s

that the industrial working class began to decline as a proportion of the workforce. Moreover, it had become steadily more organised, more class conscious, just as we "Your account is valid for Europe, but not so much elsewhere — the US, for example."
"True. But we didn't get the US right more generally. Anyway, that aside, I accept that since the 1950s or thereabouts, the prediction about the growing preponderance of the industrial protectain began

to come unstuck. It is now clear that the growth of the proletariat was the charac-teristic of a specific era rather than a permanent trend. Now it is in decline. By

the end of the century, it will comprise

less than 20 per cent of the working population in this country."
"Exactly. Which means that while for a period you were right about the centrality of the working class as an agency of change, that era is over. The working class is in decline. Your historic agency of socialism is no more." "I agree. This was our greatest mistake.

For a period we got it right. In fact we got it right for some 70 years or so after I bowed out. That was no mean achievement. But no longer, history has even caught up with old Marx. What is more, I fear it means our concept of socialism needs rethinking. What does socialism mean without its central agency? I guess it's back to the drawing board."

Again, I was struck by Marx's willingness to look fucts in the face, even when they struck at the foundations of his thought. I said as much to him, and he reminded me of his favourite motto: De omnibus dubliandum ("You must have doubts about everything"). It was time for some lubrication. I recalled he was partial to a little red wine. He responded enthusiasticulus expression mild survives that the tically, expressing mild surprise that the Weekend FT couldn't afford a better vin-

He continued: "We have only discussed one of my two predictions. It seems to me the other was remarkably accurate. What-ever the tendencies towards decentralisation within companies, there has been an enormous concentration of capital. Look at the great global companies. Furthermore, I always insisted that capitalism was a revo-

always insisted that capitalism was a revo-lutionary system. I never suggested that it had exhausted its potential, though I admit even I am surprised by its vitality in the second half of the 20th century.

"It is my turn to quote my writings to you. The bourgeoiste cannot exist without constantly revolutionising the instruments of production, and thereby the relations of production, and with them the whole rela-tions of society. Constant revolutionising of production, uninterrunted disturbance of production, uninterrupted disturbance of all social conditions, everlasting uncer-tainty and agitation distinguish the bourgeois epoch from all earlier ones. All fixed, fast-frozen relations, with their train of ancient and venerable prejudices and opinions, are swept away. . . all that is solid melts into air.' Not had, eh? And I wrote that in 1848, well before my work on Capital. That's not a bad description of the last

"There is no doubt you were remarkably accurate about the dynamism of capitalism. Indeed, you, more than anyone else, have influenced how people think about it today. At the same time, though, you completely underestimated its capacity to adapt, to bring about an ever rising standard of liv-ing. More, you didn't really think it was capable of reform, of becoming something far more humane than it was when you

Marx leaned forward, poured himself another glass of wine, paused for a moment, and then began: "Certainly I underestimated the capacity of the working class, by collective organisation, to counteract the tendency for its income to stagnate or decline. That is clear. But I slightly contest the second point. Already, slightly contest the second point. Arready, well before I took my leave, mass independent socialist parties, generally describing themselves as Marxist, were taking root, and were making some headway in terms of reform. Engels and I both recognised the fundamental importance of universal suffrage. Are you familiar with Engels' introduction to my Class Struggles in Prance which he wrote in 1885? He in France, which he wrote in 1895? He argued that universal suffrage had rendered obsolete the insurrectionary meth-

dered obsolete the insurrectionary methods of 1848 and the Paris Communa. Further, he suggested that the state itself could be reformed from within."

"Nevertheless, the reforms that have been achieved in Western Europe surely go well beyond your wildest dreams. In the latter years of your life, you certainly came to recognise the value of piecemeal reform, indeed you saw it as the best hope at that time, but it was always in the belief that at some point there would be a revolution. Locking back on it was a would now be sum. some point there would be a revolution. Looking back on it now, would you be sympathetic to one of your followers, the revisionist Eduard Bernstein, who became a powerful advocate of gradualism, of seeing the process of reform as rather more important than the ultimate goal, the revolution?"

Marx seemed unsure how to respond. He passed his hand through his heard, then said: "In retrospect, I think I was right until the failure of the revolutions in Western Europe in the early "Ms. That marked

ern Europe in the early 20s. That marked the end of the possibility of revolution in the advanced capitalist countries. The best option then was the path of reform. The parties of the Second International, like the German Social Democrats, probably offered the best long-term model."

"So, do you see your legacy in terms of the Soviet Union or, for example, Sweden?"
"Both are part of the legacy. But now it is clear that the first has run its course, has failed. On the other hand, the social democratic tradition remains full of historical running." Marx pulled his pocket watch from the left hand fob of his waistcoat. "I must be on my way," he said. "I have to meet someone at Maitland Park Road." [His former home].

"Briefly then, one or two final points. Where does all this leave Marxism at the

"Let's be clear, I never subscribed to Marxism. Remember what I said: "All I know is I'm not a Marxist." But I cannot deny now that there is a Marxist tradition. It seems to me that the meaning of 1989 is that the umbilical cord that linked Marx-ism to 1917 is now broken. Marxism finally becomes pluralistic, it becomes Marxisms. At the same time it loses its exclusiveness. It takes its place alongside other traditions in a position of equality rather than predominance. After more than a century, that's how it should be."

"But what is left?"

"I think we have answered much of this already. I would only add that capitalism is alive and well, and so, therefore, is inequality and injustice. It is all around

Do you have any regrets about you Why should I? To quote Hamlet Sure, he, that made us with such large Looking before and after, gave us not That capability and godlike reason,

I looked up and he had gone. I rubbed my eyes. Was this a dream, or the exclu-sive to end all exclusives?

To fust in us unused . . . "

The Long View

Bond downturn stirs unhappy memories

WHERE THE bond markets go, the equity markets will follow in due course. That is what I was taught during the gruel-ling 1970s; and although life might not be so straightfor-ward in the 1990s, the international bond markets have started the decade with a sharp hirch down.

The most disturbing recent parallel is with the events of the summer of 1987 when bond markets worsened but, for a while, stock markets carried on upwards regardless. That episode ended with the October crash, and the lessons learnt then are causing serious misgivings among equity investors It is true that the Japanese

stock market has staged a mini-crash already but, with Japanese government bond yields up from 5 to 7 per cent within the past six months, the stock-bond yield relationships are still out of line. So are they in Germany, where bond yields have reached an extraordinary 9 per cent but share prices are only just off their February

Traditionally, there are lags between the movements of the bond and stock markets. The global bond market can be said to have peaked out around the end of July last year but equi-ties, as measured by the FT-Ac-tuaries World Index, did not reach a high point until the beginning of January 1990. Bonds are tuned-in much more directly to the economic fundamentals, especially monewhiff of rising interest rates or burgeoning inflation upsets fixed income securities, whereas investors in stocks are distracted by corporate sector fundamentals; remember that profits, dividends and even output are all lagging indicators. From a British perspective, however, bonds have gone right out of fashion. Long-dated glit-edged became over-priced hopelessly in 1989, as I pointed out several times dur-

ing the year; this was, perhaps, inevitable in a year when the Government bought back or redeemed £18bn of its bonds and institutional investors sold eagerly on a 9 per cent yield sis. Now, the return on longs is well over 11 per cent, although this increase does litthe more than keep track of what has happened oversess. look at France, where govern-ment bond yields are over 10 per cent but inflation is 3.5 per With British inflation

thought generally to be heading towards 9 per cent, the long gilt return does not address the UK's inflationary problems fully, let alone the question of where yields might go if the Government were to become an active seller again. In these unpromising circumstances, the average pension fund now has only 4 per cent in sterling bonds whereas so-called "halanced" pension fund managers used to run substantial bond portfolios amounting, as recently as 10 years ago, to something like 30 tary developments. The first per cent of their investments.



Traditionally, equity markets respond only slowly to bond market distress but they will come into line

unless bonds are giving a false alarm In the 1970s, the British bond

and stock markets were, therefore, linked very closely. When the Grand Old Duke of York was given his command to lead interest rates up the hill, and down again in short order, the two markets moved in parallel. But that applies no longer. The linkages remain closer in the United States and, certainly, there has been no reduction in the flow of new Treasury paper. But progressive specialisation of professional investors is taking place; this is the era of niche tors who concentrate on bonds or equities but not on Moreover, decisions to invest

in bonds by investment institutions in the US are made increasingly on the basis of asset/liability modelling rather asset/hability modelling rather than on investment criteria. That is to say, fixed income securities are used to fund fixed liabilities, with no account being taken of the inflationary risk being borne by, say, a pension plan beneficiary, or of the opportunity cost of passing in what would cost of passing up what would probably be a higher return in equities. Institutions, therefore, do not respond quickly to changes in the relationship between bond and stock mar-

The possibility that an inefficiency has developed in this respect has not, of course, passed by the vigilant and ingenious US investment community completely. One curious phenomenon of the post-crash period was the temporary vogue for computer-driven tactical asset allocation models, which acquired a sudden retrospective appeal on the basis of simulations. Alas, like all such auto-pilot devices. they do not always work well

in unfamiliar territory. In any case, the US has been rather on the sidelines during the recent global market turmoil. A quiet period for the US economy has meant that Treasury bond yields have risen lit-tle, given also the flight to quality after the junk bond debacle and the present "safe haven" status of the US dollar. The relative buoyancy of Wall Street, still within about 6 per cent of its peak, fits in with

It is Germany and Japan in that pose the problems. Indeed, German government bonds now yield more than those of the US Treasury, which last happened in 1978. Meanwhile, the proportional rise in Japanese bond yields has been especially sharp and has put tremendate pressure on central. mendous pressure on capital values. In both countries, equi-ty-bond yield ratios have moved way outside their his-torical trading ranges.

There are three possible out-comes. Perhaps the bond mar-kets will realise that the panic has been overdone and yields will retreat again. Second, the ontlook for growth and profit-ability might be so remarkably good as to justify a shift to a higher valuation basis for equi-ties. Or, third, prices of stocks may fall by another 20 per cent

The answer does not have to he the same for both Germany and Japan: the former is facing major structural change, the latter merely the correction of monetary excesses. So far, Japnnese stocks are having the tougher time. In both countries, though, equity investors will ignore the warning from bonds at their peril.

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FINANCE & THE FAMILY: THIS WEEK

Scrip dividends: beware the hidden costs

Scrip dividends, where you receive shares instead of cash payments, are becoming increasingly popular. But are they really a good idea, asks John Edwards. Page III

Uncovering the faceless men

Sara Webb finds the fund managers who matter most to investors in unit trusts while David Barchard reports on "phantom transactions" from cash dispensers. Page VIII

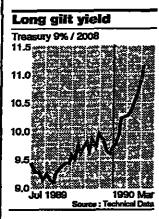
BES: from cradle to grave

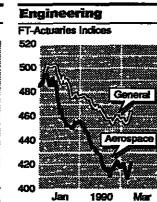
Heather Farmbrough takes a look at the latest Business Expansion Scheme offers, which range from nursery schools to nursing homes. Eric Short sifts through a pile of junk mail and finds that it is well-named. Page VI

Minding Your Own Business

Roy Hodson continues his series on banks for small companies with a look at Lloyds, which is finding success with its Small Business Centres. Plus how a gardening fan found happiness with a one-man company. Page VIII

BRIEFCASE: Make the best of tax changes: Page VII





UK Government bonds show poor returns

UK Government bonds have proved an exceptionally poor investment over the last eight months as long-term interest rates have climbed rapidly from their July low point to the level last seen in 1983. With the rise in rates and the consequent fall in prices, the benchmark Treasury long bond is currently showing a capital loss to investors of around 13 per cent since the middle of last year, while its

yield has risen to 11.2 per cent. The steady increase in yields at the end of 1989 was driven by the increasing strength of inflationary pressures; since then, rates have been propelled more rapidly upwards by fears that the Government may soon switch from buying in gilts to selling new government stock. They have also been influenced by the general increase in rate worldwide. Terry Dodsworth

Engineering sector gains

Good results, and positive statements forecasting growth prospects, from GKN and the TI Group lifted share prices in the engineering and aerospace sectors on the London stock market this week. Shares in these sectors have languished for most of this year on the combined effect of the eventual cost of the high interest rates and political developments in Eastern Europe, since many of the leading companies are suppliers of defence equipment. The continuing strike at British Aerospace has also played its part in dampening enthusiasm. Attention is now focused on next week when the big guns, Rolls-Royce and British Aerospace, are due to report results. Also reporting is T and N, and Glynwed International. Joel Kibazo

More gloom on house prices . . .

House prices came under renewed pressure in February, according to the latest figures issued by the Halifax building society; it said the annual rate of house price inflation in the UK fell to 1.6 per cent last month, compared with 3 per cent in January. New house price fell by 0.4 per cent in February and were virtually unchanged on a year ago. Prices paid by first-time buyers were slightly more buouyant; they rose by 0.4 per cent last month and were 7.1 per cent up on a year ago. The report comments that the recent rise in mortgage rates confirms "our view that house prices will remain depressed in 1990 but a firm recovery in 1991 is still expected." John Edwards

. . . and on mortgage arrears

Around 50,000 people in the UK are between six and 12 months in arrears with their mortgage repayments, hit hard by high interest rates. As a result the number of properties which have been repossessed is increasing, according to the Law Society, which urges those people in financial difficulty to act promptly rather than ignore their problems. It advises people who have fallen behind in their mortgage payments to contact their lender as soon as they find it difficult to meet the repayments, if possible to negotiate reduced payments or an extended loan period. However, the Law Society warns against remortgaging without first taking independent professional advice, and advises people not to take on further borrowing as this could result in a commitment to high interest rates on a larger sum for a longer period of time. Sara Webb

New shares service set up

Gavin Oldham has left his post as chairman of Barclayshare, the sharedealing arm of Barclays Bank, to set up his own business in Tring, Herts. Called the Share Centre, it will explore ways of introducing Improved and more competitive sharedealing services for small

LONDON

Revolt in the shires, gloom in the City

IN 1381 it was probably the value of the groat and the price of wool which suffered; in 1990, another "peasants' revolt," this time against poll tax, is taking its toll on privatisation stocks,

sterling and glits.

This has been a vintage week for political brouhaba, with a ferment of discontent in the English shires and, in the City, the latest and most exciting episode of the House of

The Department of Trade and Industry report into the ownership of the department store chain was published on Wednesday. Among other things it suggested that we should perhaps rely a little less on the sound advice of City banks and brokers. So what should one make of analysts' suggestions that the FT-SE 100 index is unlikely to drop below 2,200, and that Footsie might recover to more than 2,500 by the middle of the year? The argument against a

FT-SE 100 Index

Abbey National

Baggeridge Brick

British Telecom

Reckitt & Colman

Synapse Compute

Warburg (S.G.)

WALL STREET continues to give an excellent account of itself in the face of all kinds of

adverse developments. The rai-

ly's momentum grows and the

extremes of pessimism still being recorded by surveys of investor sentiment continue to

act as a prop for the market each time that prices start fall-

each time that prices start failing. In every temporary
retreat, it seems as if the bears
have placed their bets already,
and there is not much more
additional pressure they can
apply to send the market

In fact, to judge by yester-day morning's trading, a

breach of the 2,700 barrier on

age cannot be far off. A

decline of less than 10 points in the Dow by lunchtime was

certainly a mild response to the 34-point fall of the bond

market after the Labor Department disclosed stronger than expected employment figures.

Of course the bond traders

may have been over-reacting, as usual, to one month's

severely distorted statistics.

But there was plenty of other bad news for equity investors had they been in the mood.

There was, for instance, the strongest indication yet of the intensifying rows between the Federal Reserve Board and the

White House when the Los

Angeles Times reported that President Bush was consider-

ng sacking Alan Greenspan

when his current term ends in

Angust next year.
The story was, of course, immediately denied by the White House, but the mere fact that it was placed by Bush Administration officials in a

respected publication was pre-sumably intended and another

warning shot fired across the

Fed's bows. The fact that the market

proved so robust in the face of

such news items strongly suggested that a breach of

2,700 in the days ahead. Of

course, as we have often noted, it will be the behaviour

August next year.

s industrial aver

TI Group

Vickers

Higgs & Hill

BICC

Price y'day

195

428

110

157

407

387

317

1120

277

450

220

27412

+812

+25

-17

-110

-18¹2

+22

-20

-23

-25

+28

-60

+ 14

+17

2550

-29`

breach of the 2,200 level is not so much psychological (remen ber how easily the last mind-barrier of 2,300 was flattened in the rush four weeks ago?) as arithmetical. When equities reach a yield of nearly 5 per cent, say analysts, even the most bearish shareholders begin to look for reasons to accumulate stocks, albeit slowly. Yesterday the all-share ge was some 4.74 per cent and rising.

Investors did cast a tentative plumb-line towards those depths early this week, but hauled it up short at 2,216 on

Poor old sterling, by contrast, seems to have no such support, psychological or otherwise. Where the FT-SE 100 managed to end a turbulent week only 20.5 points down at 2234.3, the pound slumped nearly 8.5 pfennigs against the D-Mark and almost 3.5 cents against the dollar, fruishing at DM2.7528 and \$1.6165 respec-

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE WEEK

1782.8

134

385

109

150

24212

291½

263

241

Sterling weakne

Profits warning.

Good results.

Good results

WALL STREET

A step nearer

the minefield

Dow Jones Industrial Averages

January 1990 February

of investors above 2,700 that

will determine the longer term fate of the market's advance.

The Dow has been above 2,700 three times in the past and each time the 2,700-plus area has turned out to be a minefield for investors: first in August 1987, when the Dow

peaked at 2,722 six weeks before the Black Monday crash; then in October 1989, when the Dow hit 2,791 just before the United Airlines

mini-crash; and then again in

January this year, when the Dow briefly surged to 2,810

before collapsing 250 points in the next three weeks. In view of this experience,

investors are bound to tread more carefully this time, and this is precisely what the sen-timent surveys tell us. The

regular surveys of investment

Bid hopes fade.

299 Fears for Nat West contract

909 Acquisition and rights issue.

Compass Group bid.

First-half trading loss

277 Fewer bids and mercers.

EP wants R-R decrerges

Fears of re-nation

Fevourable results

Far Eastern, Institutional buying

Market cuts profits estimates.

High

2463.7

195

561

219

350

316

476

466

411

1323

470

290

491

525

25712

On Monday it was continued concern about German unification and a possible rise in Japanese interest rates which drove investors into the safe haven of US currency. Yesterday, with the pound slipping more than 4 premigs against the D-Mark on the day, the concern was more obviously domestic. The market was even prepared to entertain, albeit briefly, a vague rumour that Margaret Thatcher had been forced to resign.

It may appear parochial for global market-makers to pay so much attention to demonstrations outside provincial town halls, but everybody now has an eye trained on the next fortnight: on March 20, the Chan-cellor will deliver his Budget; 48 hours later the Government will fight a crucial by-election in Mid-Staffordshire on the same day that the February trade figures are published. It must seem like an awfully

Dec '89 slow clock ticking in John Major's office as sterling declines. Mrs Thatcher ruled out an early cut in interest rates on Tuesday; her Chancel-lor must be hoping he isn't forced to announce an early

Shares in the newly-privatised water companies were a notable casualty of the week, hit by the double misfortune of political uncertainty and the Government's announcement that the dumping of raw sew-age in the North Sea would be curbed, loading the extra cost of treatment on to water comnies and their customers The water package - a weighted selection of shares in weighted scientist of analysis in all 10 privatised companies — lost nearly 8 per cent of its value during the week, closing yesterday at £1,543, down £132, while some individual stocks

cent on the week.

Nonetheless it has been a frustrating week for bullish investors, because if you have the self-discipline to ignore the political uncertainty, corporate news in the last five days – particularly from the heavier end of British industry – has been relatively encouraging. It may at least have gone some way towards dispelling fears that investors would only reap a harvest of bad news during the company results season. On Wednesday, both GKN, the automotive and engineer-ing group, and BICC, the cables group which also owns

most US investors remain decidedly upbest and in the long run there is still far more room for disappointment than for unexpected good news. Another sign of the times, especially interesting to overseas investors, has been the latest internationally-oriented fad on Wali Street.

Late last year, the rage was in the single-country natual funds which let investors pour their money into foreign mar-kets, especially Germany, without having to learn the name of a single foreign stock. But in the last two months, the disl of fashion has turned 180 degrees. While Germany Fund, New Germany Fund, Austria Fund, Spain Fund and all the others, have fallen sharply back towards their net asset values, the new issues calendar is dominated by a bearish financial concoction.

These are long-term put warrants, which enable inves-tors to bet on falls in foreign stock markets not just over the times to six-month terms available in conventional put options, but for three years or more. A slew of these put warmore. A stew of those put war-rants on the Japanese Nikkei Average was launched with brilliant serendigity in Janu-ary, just in time to benefit from the plunge in the Tokyo market.

This week, Salomon Brothers launched the first such instrument based on Lon-don's FTSE-100 Index. In don's FISE-100 index. In exchange for an investment of about \$3.50, Salomen will pay the holder one cent for every point the FTSE falls below 2,232 anytime between now and March 3, 1993. Sing life cently however, no one has cantly, however, no one has yet issued a long-term put warrant on the Standard &

Poors 500 or the Dow. 2649,55 ~ 19.81 2676,90 + 27.25 2669,69 - 7.21 2696,17 + 26.58

Anatole Kaletsky

1200 1100 Mar

Water Package Units

Share price (E)

1700

1600

1500

Dec '89 the Balfour Beatty construction company, announced rises in profits of more than 20 per cent in 1989. GKN was up 21 per cent to £215m, while BICC made £201m. an increase of 29 per cent. Their good news was followed on Thursday by a 31 er cent increase in profits from TI Group, the specialist

ing 33 per cent growth in 1989

engineering company which made £111.5m last year. In a different sector Ladbroke, the leisure group, increased profits by 20 per cent in 1989 and shows no desire to reduce its expansion programme. Also on Thursday, ADT, the Bermuda-registered security and motor auction company, declared its confidence in the equity market — or part of it — by raising its stake in Christle's International, the UK auction house, while at the same time revealwere down as much as 12 per

> Imperial Chemical Industries, meanwhile, implied that investors were being unduly pessimistic about its share price when it announced on Monday that it would seek powers to buy back up to 10 per cent of its shares — the latest in a line of British companies to make such a move. Companies have also been eager to demonstrate that they are not disillusioned with the climate for deal-making. On Thursday Grand Metropolitan, the food and restaurants group, and Elders IXL, the Australian owner of Courage,

Mar said they were close to agree ment on a deal which would shake up the British brewing industry. They envisage transferring GrandMet's breweries to Courage and injecting the UK group's pubs into a joint venture with the Australian-

FT-SE 100 Index

2400

2300

owned brewer. Yesterday British household products and food group Reckitt & Colman broke a long drought in transatlantic takeover activity by agreeing to buy the household division of American Home Products, the big US pharmaceuticals company, for £1.25bn.

This was the week in which the owners of Britain's best-known department store, Harrods, were branded as liars, while House of Fraser in turn accused the DTI inspectors of dishonesty. However, anyone requiring further evidence of the fact that it is becoming difficult to know whom to believe need only talk to Government

They came up with the most bizarre excuse of the week on Monday, when they laid part of the blame for what they called "artificially high" January figures for consumer borrowings on the pre-Christmas 'flu epi-demic. Administrative problems had distorted the statis-tics for the last two months, they explained, as bears lapped up the evidence that high interest rates are still not

Andrew Hill

men

JUNIOR MARKETS

A Lazarus that failed to revive

IN THE twilight world of long-suspended shares, suc-cessful resurrections are rare indeed. For the past few-months, though, Access Satel-lite — a scaffolding company which has been suspended for four years - seemed set to buck the trend. After a merger with another US building

equipment company, it planned a comeback onto the Unlisted Securities Market. Its promise as a corporate Lazarus was short-lived. Last week, Access admitted defeat in its attempt to raise, through a placing, the £4.5m needed to seal the deal. The Stock Exchange ruled that too much time had elapsed since the company last produced any audited accounts to permit the placing to go shead. In any case, the company found that institutions were not enthusiastic about the deal.

Part of the problem was the

company's chequered history. It reversed onto the USM in 1984 on a lofty historic p/e multiple of 30 amid claims that its system of movable work platforms would make traditional scaffolding obsolete. But the construction industry did not share this enthusiasm.

In 1986, Access became embroiled in a legal dispute with its US distributors and the shares were suspended "pending clarification of the company's financial position." Shareholders heard little until Bill Waiman took over as chairman in 1968 with the help of City & Westminster Finan-cial, the ill-fated financial services group.

cash injection paved the way for a reverse take-over by the Spider Staging Corpora-tion, a US maker of aluminium gondala cradles which were thought to complement the Access platform business. That deal, though, depended on the London placing; so now, it seems, matters are back to equare one.
Yet another cancelled flota-

tion, albeit in rather different circumstances, was that of Lister Drew, an architectural firm. It was on the brink of joining the USM earlier this year but the turbulent state of the stock market, together with some poor results from rivals, have made it postpone its flotation indefinitely. According to finance director Mike Denison: "It boiled down to a question of appetite for the ahares. As [the float] got closer

and closer, the expections of the p/e went down and down and the yield went up and up." In the end, he says, it seemed as though the company would pay more in dividends than it was saving in interest charges. Lister Drew remains optimistic about its own prospects but it has decided to consolidate some of its recent acquisitions and wait until more friendly times. This makes an interesting

contrast to the debut made ear-lier this month by ADG, which is in similarly unfashionable areas of advertising, recruitment and office interiors. The market's lack of enthusiasm a rock bottom prospective p/e of 4.7 per cent

of 4.76 per cent. But even if the USM new issue scene is somewhat sub-dued, the morale of the market is holding up well to judge by the general revelry at its awards dinner this week, an annual ceremony organised by the USM Magazine and Coo-

The prize of USM company of the year was carried off by the Ashtead Group, which boasts an open and innovative

Despite this speedy rise, he puts an emphasis on slow and steady growth. "It takes time and patience to build genuine assets, to show genuine earnings growth and to control all of this with a committed team" he save

maker of cast-iron cooking equipment which joined the market last July, won the award of USM overseas company of the year. But the runner-up, Borland International, a US software company, had a generous consolation prize. The success of its Quattro Pro software pushed the shares

The other high spot of Tues-day's festivities was an auction

IIIK 8

British Gas looks to new frontiers for expansion

found something to do with the money rolling in from its 17m customers. It has decided to buy Consumers Gas for C\$1.1bn (£563m). Consumers Gas is Canada's largest local gas utility and operates in southern Ontario, western Quebec and northern New York State, across the US border.

The acquisition is part of British Gas's ambition to become the world's first "global gas" company. It is cer-tainly possible to question the industrial logic of this strategy - there may be a good reason why other companies have not gone down this path. But this deal has a clear financial logic. With the UK gas market maturing rapidly and competi-tion increasing, British Gas needs to find other ways to earn money if it is to keep growing.

Consumers Gas is not a mini-British Gas, which is a big integrated company han-dling all aspects of Britain's gas business, from production

in the North Sea and long-distance transmission, to local deliveries, plus a network of appliance sales shops — well head to burner tip, as British Gas likes to put it. Consumers Gas is just a part of that business. It is a highly-regulated local gas distribution company which takes gas off the main high-pressure pipelines and delivers it to its residential, commercial, and industrial consumers.

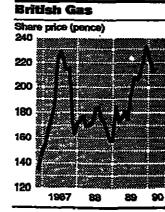
In recent years, Consumers Gas has lost its monopoly on sales of gas, much as British Gas is losing its on sales to industrial customers. Although Consumers Gas maintains a monopoly on delivery in its geographic area, last year nearly half the gas transmitted through its pipelines was purchased directly by end users from other suppliers, who paid Consumers Gas a fee for trans-

The UK stock market reaction to the acquisition was muted, at best. British Gas shares did not budge, and have since moved with the broader

market. "The most bullish thing you can say is that it is not something worse," says Chris Rowland, at Barclays de

Zoetz Wedd.
The "something Worse" reflects broad scepticism about British Gas's previous expan-sionary moves. Its bid to buy Bow Valley Industries, a Canadian oil and gas exploration company, ran foul of a thicket of regulation which kept Brit-ish Gas from assuming management control. Attempts to buy Petrocorp in New Zealand floundered amid mutual recriminations with the Wellington Government.

Many analysts believe that British Gas paid too much for the international oil and gas assets of Tenneco, the US pipeline group, although it appears to have come out better with its acquisition of Acre Oil and the North Sea assets of Texas Eastern, over the last two years. But the broader question is whether the management culture required for a dozey gas distribution utility fits well with the high-risk



business of oil exploration and production. Indeed, a number of the US gas transmission companies recently have been getting rid of their oil and gas production. The bid for Consumers Gas

does not raise these questions. But it does raise others. British Gas shares have risen strongly since November, when the company amounced a more generous dividend pol- most likely gruelling, process

icy. However, some of this strength may have derived from expectations in the pro-fessional investment community that something more dramatic may have been on the cards. British Gas had told analysts

March

advisory services — cockeyed seers whose wrongheaded col-lective wisdom is followed avidly by market professionals

avidly by market professionals

- have shown some of the
sharpest swings from optimism to pessimism on record.

Some hopeful analysts are
tempted to conclude from this
parallel with 1982 that a major
new bull market will unfold in
the second half of 1990, perhaps after a further period of
churning and consolidation.
But it would be misleading to
confuse the natural anxiety

confuse the natural anxiety about the market's short-term

outlook – among traders who have had their fingers burnt three times in a row – with the deep-seated caution and even despair which normally precedes the start of a major bull market.

The longer-term views of

precenes und bull market.

that it had at least looked at the question of whether to buy shares back from shareholders, much as ICI is planning. There was further speculation that some other way of making a big payout to shareholders might be under consideration. and that helped buoy senti-ment about the shares. But, having decided to spend more than half a billion pounds on an overseas acquisition, these other sorts of moves now look out of the question for British Gas, and this could affect the short-term share performance. "There is some synergy, but it is fairly minor," says Row-land. "But I'm a bit surprised.

that they are so keen to take on another regulatory system in another country." British Gas is facing a long,

of negotiations with James McKinnon, the official industry watchdog, who has begun a review of the entire regulatory regime. The formula governing British Gas's prices is to be rewritten in about two years and McKinnon is sympathetic to doing this on a rate of return basis, which could change the profits outlook of

the business.

It is against this background that British Gas is buying an overseas business in its own complex regulatory environment. British Gas appears to be counting on continuing to best the rate of return standard of 18% per cent, and match consumers Gas recent performance of 15 per cent performance of 15 per cent return on investment. With Consumers Gas rates up for review this summer, it remains to be seen whether the Ontario Energy Board will look so favourably on a foreign owner, and set conditions that make that kind of performance

Steven Butler

exceeded by the forecast yield

pers & Lybrand Deloitte.

management style. Its entire work force has the same right to pensions, holidays and life assurance and all take part in a monthly profit share scheme, which is linked to the perfor-mance of their depot. Tom Harrison of Norfolk House, a developer and manager of roadside service stations, was voted USM entrepre-

'USM's morale is holding up well to judge by the revelry at its awards dinner'

neur of the year. He founded his company in 1983 and has seen profits rise to £8.7m in

team," he says. Le Creuset, the French

up a further 8 per cent this week, meaning that the company (which made a loss in 1988) has risen in value by 64 per cent over the past year.

and raffle of a new Scimitar SST sports car and the famous USM 1 number plate, donated respectively by Reliant, the car and plastics moulding business and Alan Paul, the hair and beauty chain. The event raised more than \$220,000 for the more than £120,000 for the National Society for the Pre-vention of Cruelty to Children.

Vanessa Houlder

the impression that BP is offer-ing shareholders the chance to use their dividend payments to buy shares at 25p when in real-

ity they are bought at the mar-ket value, currently around

around 335p, ex-dividend. BP says that it started offer-ing the share dividend alterna-

tive three years ago for each separate dividend and

separate dividend and extended it to an annual basis

a year ago. Now it had decided to switch to the "evergreen concept," already adopted by some other companies, follow-

ing pressure from some share-holders for it to be put on a permanent basis. They had not

received any complaints about being misled by using the 250 "face" valuation figure, which was primarily used to identify the category of the ordinary

sufficiently to invest in it, there is obviously an incentive

there is coviously an incentive to acquire extra shares at the lowest cost in the hope that the capital value will rise. It is also a form of enforced saving, if

you don't get the cash payment

It is a matter for each indi-

vidual investor to decide. Nev-

ertheless, Edinburgh stockbro-kers, Torrie & Co. in a recent

memorandum on the subject concinded that "In most cases we suggest the disadvantages [of scrip dividends] will out-weigh the advantages, so shareholders should NOT nor-melly set to take the scrip divi-

mally act to take the scrip divi-

For BP shareholders the decision is more important this

year in that under the new

share dividend plan you give a mandate for all future divi-

m you don't spend it.

John Edwards warns of potential problems with 'paper' dividends

The scrip share tax trap

SCRIP DIVIDENDS, where you receive shares instead of cash payments of dividends, are becoming increasingly popular. But are they really a good idea

The question is particularly timely for shareholders in British Petroleum, who have until March 22 to decide whether to take a new share dividend plan that will mean committing all their future dividends to pur-The attraction of scrip dividends is that they provide a means of increasing the size of your existing shareholding in a company without having to pay commission, dealing costs

There is also a serious down-side that may not be fully appreciated by many investors.
Instead of saving you tax, as
many investors mistakenly
believe, scrip dividends may result in tax losses and can create considerable confusion when you come to sell or try to calculate your capital gains tax liability.

It may be thought that by not taking cash payments and buying shares instead you can avoid, or possibly defer, pay-ment of income tax on your dividend. That is not the ca Income tax at the standard rate is automatically deducted from the dividend and the remainder is used to purchase shares. And the non-taxpayer actually suffers a real loss. For example, if your gross

dividend is worth £100, the amount of shares credited to you would be worth £75 (calculated at current market value on the stock exchange) after deduction of £25 to meet the standard tax rate commitment. If you took the dividend in cash form you would receive a tax credit voucher for £25 that non-taxpayers would be able to reclaim from the Inland Revenue. But you cannot reclaim this 25 per cent tax deduction if the dividend is used to buy shares. So non-taxpayers effectively receive 25 per cent less when choosing the scrip divi-

NETS

reviv

If you are a 40 per cent tax-payer you are still liable to pay a further 15 per cent, on top of the 25 per cent tax already deducted from your dividend. That extra payment has to be receiving a series of certifi-with the habit of quoting made, out of income even cates for small numbers of shares at their nominal "face" though you have not received the cash dividend.

While there is no income tax saving, and indeed a loss for non-taxpayers, scrip dividends can involve a potential capital-gains tax problem or loss when you come to sell your shares. London stockbrokers, Killik & Co. warn that investors are often in danger of paying tax twice. They point out that, in theory, every time you receive a scrip issue of shares, as. replacement for a dividend, you should value the new

shares that can go astray.

Killik points out that there is

a further problem if you decide to sell your share holding ex-dividend, which with BP spalles to a substantial period of the year. If you have not received the certificates in respect of your scrip shares, you are faced either with delaying your sales or selling only your existing holding and only your existing nothing and subsequently being left with a tiny number of scrip shares which might be difficult, or very uneconomical to sell. BP has gone a step further



market value) at which they were bought. This can involve a lot of time and effort (BP pays four dividends a year), which, if done by your accomtant, can be an expense that is not justified by the small number of shares involved. There is an inclination to

hump together the new scrip shares with the original "core". holding for capital gains pur-poses when deciding to sell your holding. For example, if you held 500 BP shares, and receive 10 further shares under "scrip" issues, you will be inclined to use the same base purchase price for the whole of the 510 shares when calculating capital gains tax liability rather than bothering to find the different purchase price for only 10 share There is also the bother for mes offering scrip dividends in asking its shareholders to com-mit all their future dividends into buying shares, unless they decide otherwise; a long-term commitment that may not be clear to many shareholders, especially as the terms of cancellation are not spelled out.

Additionally the BP explana-tory letter about its above dividend plan can give the wrong stion about the cost of buying the shares. It states: "For some years now the com-pany has offered shareholders (including BP employees who are members of The BP Group Participating Share Scheme) the opportunity to take Ordinary Shares of 25p each, credited as fully paid (New Shares) instead of cash dividends." To small new investors not many private investors of used to market jargon, and

A fund for couples value rather than their current market price, this could give

GARTMORE is joining the growing number of unit trust groups offering a "cash" fund that has special appeal for mar-ried couples seeking to benefit from the new system of inde-pendent taxation.

CashTrust, as the fund is called, has a minimum invest-ment of 2500, no initial charge and an annual management fee of only 0.5 per cent. It will be aged by Gartmore Money Management, which already han-dles about £650m of cash on deposit, and should be in a strong position to get a high rate of interest in the money markets not available to small investors. The estimated yield on Monday last week, for example, would have been 14.1 per cent gross (equivalent to a compound annual rate of

Tax at the standard rate of 25 per cent is deducted at source, and top rate taxpayers are liable to pay a further 15 per cent. So the fund's main appeal is to non-taxpayers, who will be able to reclaim the tax, unlike the composite rate tax deducted from bank and building society accounts

Monthly statements showing the interest accumulated will be provided to investors and can be used to reclaim tax. Gartmore has gone a bit over the top in its promotional material, claiming that the fund guarantees that the "value of the investment can only go up." A strange claim for a group that is normally only too eager to point out that shares, rather than cash depos-

its, provide the only real pro-tection against inflation.

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Bargain time for savers

IT'S BARGAIN hunting time if you have some spare cash you want to put into a bank or building society to earn the best interest. Abbey National's recent move to put up mortgage rates, quickly followed by most of the other lenders, has also triggered a ral increase in the interest paid on deposits

that is now coming through. The rises in rates offered to savers vary widely according to the minimum amount deposited and the length of time for which you are prepared to put your money away. But there are traps for the unwary. Lambeth

Building Society, for example, offers the highest rate for deposits of over £40,000 at 13 per cent, which with half yearly interest payments is equivalent to a compound annurate (CAR) of 13.42 per cent. But there is a catch. All withdrawals are subject to 60 days notice and no interest is earned on the amount being withdrawn during the notice period. The effect of this loss of interest varies according to how long you wait before withdrawing your money, but over a year it would cut the effective rate to 10.83 per

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cent. National Countles Building Society adopts a similar policy on its top account, with 40 days loss of interest.

In many other cases too, you suffer a severe loss of interest if you withdraw money before a specified period.

The table shows the best buys available (as on March 10) in three categories —

immediate, three months and one year withdrawals — for different minimum deposits. Stroud and Swindon building society plan to increase the rate on its one year capital bond at a board meeting on Monday. You can check on the latest rates by looking at Blay's MoneyMaster, which is available at larger reference libraries. Not included in the table is Cheltenham

& Gloucester's London Share account which pays 12.25 per cent net on deposits of over £2,500, but is a postal service only. Scarborough building society is paying 12.50 per cent on deposits above £100,000 with only 90 days notice of withdrawal.

John Edwards

Dumenil payment set

UNFORTUNATE investors in of dividends, that lead to the the fact that the part of the dramatic decision to suspend been denied the use of that funds last November, have finally received at least some of their money back. The two trustees, Coutts and Midland Bank, announced this week that an initial payment had been made equal to the bid (selling) price of the units quoted on November 6. This follows the decision in February to wind up all the Dumenil UK funds and return the 233m invested to the 12,000 unithold-

A further payment will be made to cover any investment gains made by the funds, which continued to be managed in spite of the suspension of dealings, once the liquida-tion of the assets has been completed. There may also be another payment if the November 6 bid prices, on which the initial payment are based, turn out to be incorrect. Touche Ross, the accountancy group originally called in to investigate what went wrong, is now also working on a complex reconstruction of past pricing to try and establish the correct protestions for November 6.

quotations for November 6. gnotations for November 6.
But investors need not worry. If the bid price on that date is found to have been too low investors will be compensated accordingly, but they will not have to pay out if the bid price is found to have been too high.

It was the failure to establish

It was the failure to establish proper prices, and constant problems with the administra-tion and in particular payment funds; an unprecedented step by a unit trust company.

The pricing reconstruction report should be completed within a few weeks, but no one is certain yet how long it will be before Touche Ross com-pletes its investigation on what went wrong and who is to

Meanwhile some investors are still very unhappy about the situation, in spite of getting their money back.

For example Brigadler Mears of Hythe in Kent, who wrote a letter of protest to the FT in Neuron has in force melling. November, is far from molli-fied. He describes it an "absointely disgraceful" episode. He claims that this week's pay-ment was the minimum possible, simply returning money to investors they already owned; there was no compensation for

But what really angers him was that the trustees, who were supposed to protect the interest of investors, were apparently going to get away scot free, without being publicly reprimanded by the regu-

latory authorities. He says the trustees appeared to have done nothing, except draw their fees, in spite of clear evidence during the summer months that the Dumenil funds were beset with

Brigadier Kenneth Mears said he would never invest in a unit trust again, since small private investors in these funds seemed to have no rights at all and were kept completely

IN BRIEF

A CHARANTEED income bond that pays 11.6 per cent lly, net after deduction of basic rate tax, for a five-year period is being offered by Hill Samuel. Closing date for the offer is March 19 and the minim investment is £5,000. Colin Jackson, of aronworth (Investme

Services), Ilford-based to five year periods. The highest rates are paid for iaries, is sweet the pill still further by rebating half of the 1.5 per

cent-commission he receives tent-tennisman no receives to investors.

He claims that guaranteed income bonds, which are issued primarily by smaller insurance companies to utilise unused tax, allowances.

provide particularly good value at present if you believe They range from one year

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FINANCE & THE FAMILY

The Week Ahead

BTR focuses on currency fears

WHEN BTR, the industrial conglomerate, announces its full-year results on Wednesday, much attention will be focused on the impact of currency fluc-tuations on overall perfor-mance. The group has significant exposure to movements of both the US and Australian dollars versus sterling. There are concerns too about the extent of its vulnerability to the Antipodean economic

downturn. Nonetheless, analysts expect that pre-tax profits will comfortably break through the £1bn mark at about £1.09bn an increase of 33 per cent. Other points of interest would include further information on both the group's plans to float off its US activities and BTR Nylex's intentions for the proceeds of its recent capital-tais-ing exercise. Kohlberg Kravis

COMPANY NEWS SUMMARY

TAKE-OVER BIDS AND MERGERS 178°\$ 370° 113° 305° 450° 163°\$ 960 153 578 112 244 268 161 843 120 104 225 34 50 128 472 117 60 150 249 36 42 135.27 245,65 32.02 57.92 13.30 8.24 184.00 55.0 122.55 49.75 17.32 21.06 5.77 10.5 nder (W.) e Dev.i Franschedic
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	PRE	LIMIN	ARY RE	SUL	rs		
_	Year	Pre-f	ax profit		ninge*		iends*.
Company	to		tece)	<u>. </u>	(n)	•	sere (p)
ADT	Dect Dec	290,000 25,500	(219,000) (21,800)	29.0 72.2	(25.5) (53.3)	13.3 17.0	(11.5) (13.0)
Antologasta Baynes Charles	Dec	4,100	(21,600)	3.06	(1.83)	1.0	(0.5)
BIĆC	Dec	201,000	(156,000)	46.3	(38.4)	19.0	(18.0)
Blegden Indust. Burjord Holdings	Dec	11,460 2,290	(10,360) (1,280)	17.6 1,1	(18.0) (1.6)	9.1 0.65	(8.4) (0.5)
Capita Group	Dec	1,300	(746)	10.4	(6.65)	25	(1.5)
Clinton Cards	Jan	3,440	(2,510)	17.1	(12.8)	4.23	(3.53)
Coats Viyelia Cowie T	Dec Dec	137,400 16,110	(135,200) (25,132)	15.1 10.8	(16.1) (16.5)	9.0 4.2	(9.0) (5.2)
Cresta Holdlags	Dec	6,660	(3,310)	12.2	(120)	1.8	(1.5)
CRH	Dec	80,570	(63,350)	22.1	(17.2)	5.25	(4.5)
Cussins	Dec Dec	2,750 41 FOO	(2,730) (29,200)	26.2 30.7	(25.2) (22.5)	9.25 32.04	(8.25)
Daily Telegraph Dares Estales	Dec	41,500 9,100	(12,500)	21	(4.14)	1.5	(1.3)
De Beers	Dect	3,840bn	(2,870bn)	-		2.8	(2.0)
Dickie James Electronic Mach.	Oct Sept	180 L 51	(340 L) (68)	0.89	(1.67)	1.0	(1.0)
Expannet Intr'i.	Dec	13,600	(10,310)	21.3	(17.1)	10.0	(8.75)
Fairey Group	Dec	12,530	(8,770)	24.7	(17.5)	7.4	•
Fisons Forward Tech.	Dec	169,000 2,270	(132,100)	22.3 5.9	(19.5). (6.0)	6.2 1.8	, (5.0) . (1.8)
GKN	Dec	214,800	(3, <i>27</i> 0) (177,800)	50.0	MAA IN	20.0	(17.0)
_Gregge	Dec	6.890	(6,210)	39.8	(35.9)	12.0	(10.1)
Hampden Home Heywood Williams	Dec Dec	1,500 31,030	(1,410) (30,340)	7.6 32.8	(9.11) (32.7)	21 125	(2.0)
bex Holdings	Dec	1,950	(2,001)	10.8	(11.2)	3.8	_
Inoco	Dec	2,700 L	(2.290)	-	(1.60)	•	(0.23)
Instern	Dec	885	(681)	129	(9.7)	2.5	(2.5)
Invergordon Jourdan Thomas	Dec	14,700 2,110	(10,200) (2,870)	8.47	(12.4)	5.6	(5.6)
Kode Interstl.	Dec	1.460 L	(409)	•	(4.8)	7.5	(0.01)
Ladbroige	Dec	302,200	(252,300)	24.2	(19.9)	9.79	(8.16)
· Lewis John Life Sciences	Dec Dec	110,100 9,030	(131, 500) (6,130)	6.2	(4.4)	23	(1.6)
Mersey Docks	Dec	4,940	(6,500)	8.22	(10.7)	4.16	<u>.</u> '
Metal Bulletin Microvitec	Dec	1,410 1,280	(1,300) (1,760)	10.1 3.1	(9.7) (4.2)	6.0 1.5	(5.3) (1.75)
More O'Ferrall	Dec Dec	13,100	(9,500)	35.8	(25.5)	13.2	(10.0)
MTL Instruments	Dec	3.080	(2,305)	11.3 31.2	(8.57)	24	(2.0)
Nichols JN	Dec Dect	8,150 708	(6,550).	31.2 14.0	(22.5)	10.0 6.0	(8.6)
Pacer Systems Pentiand Group	Dec	71,450	(719 L) (59,867)	11.8	(10.2)	0.0	(5.5) (0.4)
Pentos	Dec	12,500	(11,000)	9.7	(8.8)	22	(1.8)
Persimmon	Dec	32,550	(29,550)	27.3	(26.5)	6.5	(5.0)
Pickwick Group Ransomes	Dec Dec	4,400 14,400	(3,315) (13,230)	12.6 17.0	(9.8) (15.6)	4.25 6.15	(3.25) (5.5)
Robinson Thomas	Dec	25,000	(18,010)	14.2	(11.8)	4.0	(3.0)
Serco Group	Dec	3,610 518	(3,705)	25.6 3.4	(27.0)	9.5 1.55	(5.0)
Singapore Rubber Sumit	Dec	513 593	(564) (534)	7.7	(3.04) (6.9)	5.2	(1.55) (4.5)
Suter	Dec	34,800	(39,000)	20.4	(22.3)	8.4	(7.0)
Sutton Water	Dect	308 63,790	(196)	34.6		13.0	
Templeton 17 Group	Dec	111.500	(48,860) (85,400)	49.0	(26.7) (38.1)	17.5	(11.0) (13.5)
TLS Range	Dec	1,034	(776)	5.2	(5.2)	1.8	<u>.</u> '
Ultremer Unidere	Dec	102,200 4,120	(48,400) (5,810)	27.9 22.6	(19.1) (38.1)	9.0 13.6	(7.5)
Utd. Plantations	Dect	7,120 774 L	(0,610) (1,510)	<u>-</u> 22.0	(9.8)	3.75	(12.7) (5.0)
Victaulic ·	Dec	8,780	(7,560)	28.8	(25.2)	9.75	(8.5)
Wates City Watenoughs	Dec	10,220	(10,020)	7.16	(16.8)	3.39	(3.08)
Woodchester inv.	Dec	10,160 26,400	(6,800) (18,000)	36.6 15.1	(26.7) (12.1)	10.25 2.5	(8.5) (1.87)
WPP Group	Dec -	75,040	(40.320)	73.0	(54.3)	24.2	(17.8)
Wyevele Garden	Dec _.	1,635	(1,427)	13.3	(15,9)	5.4	(4.5)

IN	TERIM S	TATEM	ENTS		
Сополиу	Half-year to	Pre-tax profit (2000)		interim dividends* per shere (p)	
Balley Ben	Dec	1,050	(712)	0.5	(0.5)
GALA	Dec	3,000	(3,600)	1.15	(1.05)
Chelsea Man	Dec	703	(674)	0.8	(0.8)
Domestic & General	Dec	1,460	(1,040)	3.5	(2.75)
Galillord	Dec	4,070	(3,920)	0.95	(0.85)
Gandali Technology Gent SR	Jan ◆	3,180 L	(47 L)	1.25	
Hagges John	Dec	1,360 487	(1,020) (1.060)	1.0	(1.0)
Haye	Dec	27.300	(24,100)	1.15	(1.0)
Intereurope Tech.	Dec	638	(604)	2.0	(2.0)
Interlink Express	Dec	3.580	(3.420)	4.12	(3.75)
Lawtex	Dec	83 L	(218)	0.5	0.5
Lincat Group	Dec	602	(423)	1.8	(1.5)
Mucklow A&J	Dec	5,17 0	(4,110)	2.23	(1,85)
Polypipe	Dec .	5.080	(3.780)	1.1	(0.92)
Raine industries	Dec	11,250	(10,192)	20	វីស៊េ
Regentcrest	Oct	9,100 L	(2,390)	-	
Sincial: William	Dec	1,450	(1,119)	1.5	(1.25)
Sunset & Vine	Dec	330	(320)	1.5	
Synapse Computer	jan	249 L	(463)	-	-
Thorntone	Jan	7,180	(6,880)	1.1	(0.82)
Tor investment Trust.	Jan '	682	(598)	16.0	(8.25)
Waterman Partnership	Dec '	2,450	(2,410)	2.2	(2.0)
Westminster & County	Oct	96	(331)	1:0	(2.0)
Whitney Mackey-Lewis	Oct .	150	(386)	1.8	(1.6)
(Figures in parentheses 'Dividends are shown indicated, L = loss.♥ I period.♦ Second quart Figures in South Africa	net pence Figure for 1 ter Sigures. En rands d	per share 12 week pr 4 Figure 1 cents:1	e, except vertod. A Figures in	vhere c pure for punts 2	8 month
cents. Includes once	(07-80) ap er	AR 017198	uu or 24p.		

		S ISSUES			•
Life Sciences inter shares on a one-k	metional proposes i	o raise \$29,8m	by a right	lasue o	4 38.5
				٠.	

OFFERS FOR SALE, PLACINGS AND INTRODUCTIONS

Roberts' interest in the com-pany has become rather less of a hurning issue with the leveraged buyout market in such bad odour. The US LBO spe-cialist filed for permission last August to buy up to 15 per cent of BTR.

Claro's continued buoyancy is Simon Engineering, the diver-sified engineering group, which last month won a £5m contract to build part of

edvance on the previous year's £32.4m. water and sewage treatmen

business propositions. British Aerospace will be reporting its 1989 annual earnings on Wednesday which are expected to show a sharp gain in pre-tax profits totalling more than £300m compared

cial gain from the sale of stakes in Daf and Istel. Some malysts also expect a possible

All the second

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Legal & Go

RITERIOS DIV

Dividends are shown not pence per share and are adjusted for any intervent crip issue.♥ Figures in South African cents.↑ Figures in US cents.↓ Seco warter figure.♠ Figures in Malaysian sen.♠ Figures in Irish punts & pence.

Glazo, Britain's biggest drugs company, which is ranked fourth in the world, is due to report its interim results on Thursday. The group is expected to make a strong showing, increasing pre-tax profits from £460m to 2550m. Analysts are expecting that strong underlying revenue growth will be boosted by currency gains. The company has increased its international presence in recent year's and only about 12 per cent of the company's sales come from the

Earlier this year, in what was thought to have been the first move of its kind by a UK industrial group, Glavo appointed a Japanese business-man, Hiroshi Kinoshi, as a main board director. Followers will be intrigued to know whether this signals the start of a concerted push into the Japanese market.

One of the beneficiaries of Clayo's continued buoyancy is

Glaxo's effluent treatment plant in Ulverston, Cumbria. Simon is expected to report pre-tax profits of just short of Mum in 1989 showing a healthy

The company's extensive interests have acquired an added lustre since water privatisation and the amouncement of plans to spend heavily on infrastructure projects. But analysts will be keen to hear from Simon how quickly these plans are turning into firm

with £235m in 1988. However, the latest pre-tax profits will include a £35m spe-

additional pension benefit. Before exceptional items, analysts are forecasting pre-tax profits in the range of £237m-2255m. While an acceleration in BAc's big Al Yamamah Saudi Arabian contract is expected, the company is also expected to outline its strike recovery plans, its relations with the Airbus consortium,

prospects for Rover and the military market. Rolls-Royce will report its annual figures the day after BAe on Thursday with higher pre-tax profits expected to range between \$210m-\$220m compared with £168m in 1988. Strikes, however, are expected to have cost the aero-engine group between £15m-£20m in lost profits. While the outlook for the military engine business is more or less stable, the

company continues to be buoyed by the strong demand

Sir Hector Laing: leaving United Biscuits in May

for jet engines in the commercial aircraft market. Analysts expect the company's NEI acquisition to contribute about 235m to 1989 pre-tax profits. United Biscuits (Holdings)

makes half the biscuits sold in Britain and is the second larg-est snacks maker and frozen est snacks maker and frozen food supplier manufacturer. Pre-tax profits will come in just on the top side of £186.5m, compared with £170m in 1988, when it reports on Thursday. UB may also have news on its search for additional partners in continental Europe.

The figures will include the final nine months of the res-

final nine months of the restaurant business - mainly

8.75 3.5 0.75 0.76 0.96 1.45 2.8 5.3 0.5 1.17 1.0 3.0 1.35 0.94 1.45

1.0

23 50 25 45 1.5 28 3.5 0.528 3.0 2.0 4.9 1.0 4.0 4.0 4.0

RESULTS DUE

Wimpy and Pizzaland - which was sold to Grand Metropolitan for £180m. Ross Young's the frozen and chilled food arm, will make its first full-year contribution, compared with eight months in 1988.

The results will be the last to be announced under the chairmanship of Sir Hector Laing, who bows out in May after 45 years with the company.

A wide range of forecasts have been made for George Wimpey, one of the UK's biggest construction companies as analysts grapple with the likely size and cost of the company's borrowings and the magnitude of its property prof-

Forecasts for 1989's pre-tax profits, which will be announced on Tuesday, range from £135m to £170m, compared with last year's total of £144.5m. An unusual amount of uncertainty hangs over the results of Beazer, the interna-tional housebuilder, building materials and contracting group, which is due to produce its interim results for the six months to the end of December

on Wednesday.

A difficult-to-predict increase in interest charges and the beleaguered state of UK housing will drag down the results although they will be flattered. S by comparison with last year when French Kier made an 28m loss. Most analysts expect a small increase in interim pre-tax profits from last year's £54.5m, aithough full year forecasts generally predict a

The long-awaited dismantling last summer of the National Dock Labour Scheme has overshadowed every other factor affecting the fortunes of Associated British Ports during the year to end-December, on which it reports next Thurs-

The scheme's abolition will have given rise to a chunky one-off redundancy payment. But analysts believe ABP has in the last six months found the benefits of breaking free from the shackles imposed by it even greater than it had hoped. These come not just as efficiency gains, but also in provided the background for diversification plans, such as last year's £37m acquisition of the Red Funnel ferry group, and for development of port

land.
Much of this is for 1990. Last year, depending on how much of the redundancy cost is taken below-the-line, pre-tax profits should have risen from \$46.5m to about £53m. Property profits will have put in about half of

Hillsdown Holdings, the food, property and furniture group, is expected to unveil pre-tax profits of around £195m to £200m when it reports fullto Extend when it reports this year figures on Wednesday. This compares with just over £150m a year ago, but the apparent advance is partly due to the Premier Foods acquisition in May, and the earnings per share improvement will be much more modest. Analysts estimates range around 8 to 9 per cent. Inevitably, some attention may focus on non-food interests like furniture and property, but the City also expects news of a happier sec-ond half on the poultry front.

TR looks to the East for gain

TOUCHE REMNANT launched a Far East Opportunities fund this week which will invest predominantly in the ASEAN (Association of South East

Asian Nations) countries.
The fund's manager, Michael
Watt, who heads TR's Far Eastern team, believes that the
countries in the region will continue to provide interesting investment opportunities during the 1990s. "A good many of them are showing rapid deregulation and liberalisation," he

Says.

Malaysia and Thailand will account for between 40 and 60 per cent of the portfolio initially, with Singapore and Hong Kong accounting for a further 10 to 20 per cent each. Watt expects economic growth and corporate profits to remain strong in Malaysia and sees the expected new privatisations as an additional attraction.

He is less enthusiastic about

He is less enthusiastic about the is less enfhusiastic about the current investment conditions in South Korea, Taiwan, the Philippines and Indonesia, and expects to keep his holdings in these countries rather low initially.

TR warns that the Far East should only represent a "modest proportion" of an investor's overall portfolio.

The minimum investment in

The minimum investment in the fund is 2500 and there is an initial charge of 5.25 per cent. The annual management charge is 1.25 per cent.

Sara Webb

FINANCE & THE FAMILY









Sara Webb finds the fund managers who matter most to investors

Uncovering the faceless men

THERE IS something very impersonal about the unit trust industry. To the outsider it appears to be run by faceless fund for their European managers in grey suits whose names rarely crop up in conversation, let alone in

How many of these chaps could you actually put a face and name to? When was the last time you read about your fund manager in a gossip column or watched a television series based on the action-packed life of a unit trust adviser? There is a very good reason why inves-tors might like to know a bit more detail about the individual fund managers and the performance of their funds. For if a manager has an excellent track record, it would be worth following him should be

decide to move to another group. Equally, if his performance is lousy, you know to avoid his unit trusts like the plague.

There is also a very good reason why most unit trust groups like to play down the personalities of their fund managers; they are frightened that a man or woman who is hund as the group's supersiar. who is hyped as the group's superstar, singlehandedly responsible for its excellent performance, will be offered a golden hello by one of their rivals. Far safer to tell their clients and the press that the investment of the fund is a "team effort" and keep their managers faith, anony. and keep their managers fairly anonymous, even if it means sacrificing what

might be a useful marketing ploy.

How concerned should you be if your fund manager jumps ship? Should you stick with the fund management group or withdraw your money and put it with whichever group he joins? Of course it depends who she or he is. If you ask around in the City you find that certain fund managers are considered well worth following and their names crop up again

The most widely praised - at least by his rivals - is Anthony Bolton, who runs ridelity's European fund and Special Situations fund. "He's easily the best fund manager in the City" says Brian Tora, of James Capel. He's widely regarded as a European guru — and one who is unlikely to switch house as he helped to set up

Other fund managers widely respected for their European expertise include Barfor their European expertise include Bar-ings' Crispin Odey, who runs the Baring European Growth Trust, and GT's John Legat. Save & Prosper also has a strong reputation on the European front. Michel Legros manages S&P's Europe fund, Euro-pean Growth fund and European income and Growth fund, while Steven Bates manages the recently-launched Smaller Euro-pean Companies fund.

when it comes to Far Eastern/Japanese funds, fund managers regard Thornton as having a good reputation, particularly Peter Everington who runs the Thornton Tiger Trust. Abtrust's Hugh Young is also well regarded after his fund, Abtrust Far East Emerging Economies fund, ranked as the top performing unit trust for two con-

the top penorung unit trust for two consecutive years (though one rival wondered whether this simply could be attributed to "very good luck").

In the UK market, the fund manager most frequently praised by rivals is James Shillingford of M&G. Shillingford runs the M&G Dividend fund and Capital fund. He used to look after the Midland and General Trust, which had a strong track record under his management.

So much for the gitterati of the fund management world. But who should you avoid? Fund managers show a surprising lack of bitchiness on this subject, even about their rivals. The most tactful reply is to avoid groups when they are going through a phase of uncertainty over their ownership — as Gartmore has done

ecently. What investors might appreciate is more specific information about which funds have been affected by a change in man-ager. Alan Kelly of Grant Thornton Personal Financial Planning has compiled a guide called Unitrends for intermediaries which attempts to pick some of the best fund managers in the industry. Kelly is an accountant: he made his selection by first picking the fund management groups whose funds have an above average perfor-mance and trying to match individual fund managers to the periods of strong

"Managers vary enormously - some are very active and buy and sell quite rapidly, others are much slower: some adopt a top-down approach, choosing a country, then a sector then a company, while others go straight for the stock and only then look at the sector and country. What emerges is that there is no right or wrong method,

says Kelly.

While he is fulsome in his praise ("capable", "very able", "considerable experience". . it reads a bit like a school report) the epithet of "exceptional" is reserved for only a few, including:

Nils Taube, chairman of Bishopsgate Progressive who manages their five funds, although only the International, Progressive and Special Situations unit trusts are highlighted by Grant Thornton. "Exceptional ability".

Guy Libby of Capability Trust (which is owned by Capel Cure-Myers — CCM). He manages the Glenfriars Assets Trust and Glenfriars Higher Income fund. "Outstanding investment ability".

ing investment ability".

Peter Pleydell Bouverie of Fidelity

Japan Special Situations Trust. Thomas Walford of John Govett Unit management, UK Progressive Income fund and UK Small Companies fund. "Outstanding investment ability."

Leonard Klahr of CCM who has run Key

Fund Managers' Income fund and Smaller companies fund since 1983, and will con-

companies fund since 1983, and will continue to do so now that Key has been taken over by CCM. "Exceptional ability".

Derek Childs at Merlin Julier who runs their Income fund and International Growth fund. "Exceptional ability".

With an annual subscription of £1,960 the guide is probably wall beyond the reach of most private investors. However, Kelly hopes that fund managers will aspire to get on the listing if it becomes established as a "who's who" in fund management (notable for their absence in the first report are MIM Britannia). The report will be updated quarterly, providing news will be updated quarterly, providing news of changes in manager where this is thought likely to affect a fund's perfor-

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TOUCHE

REMNANT

David Barchard discovers that phantom transactions do happen

Haunting the hole in the wall

DO PHANTOMS exist — or are they just dreamed up by over-imaginative bank customers wanting to excuse their own shortcomings? Until recently, I was one of the sceptics. Then, last December, I suddenly found that I seemed to be a phantom malignly haunting the bank account of someone

had never met. The phantoms concerned are not, of course, the supernatural kind, but something almost as uncomfortable: cash machine debits from customer accounts generated spontaneously by the system. Banks and credit card companies deny that phantom transactions can ever occur, although consumer groups and officials in the Office of Fair Trading seem to

believe that they do.
In at least one case, the Banking Ombudsman has ruled that a phantom transac-tion probably occurred. Banks and building societies are not convinced, arguing that there are usually strong reasons for thinking that the disputed withdrawal was made by an

illicit user of the card.

My own experience as a phantom came totally unex-pectedly on a dark and drizzly afternoon in a backstreet of Istanbul at the New Year. British banking friends had

warned me against foreign cash machines. One credit card specialist had told me: "The signal passes through an awful lot of places, and whatever they may tell you about encryption and security, per-sonally I would be hesitant about using my plastic card in one of them."

This thought came to me as I stood with my debit card in



front of a local cash machine carrying the Visa logo. It was ble of conversing in several languages as well as addressing me by name. After one or two tries, and an extremely long wait, it gave a sort of a cough and delivered

My disappointment at dis-covering that I had only got half the money I had asked for rapidly turned to joy when I realised from the transaction slip that it had given me money drawn from someone else's account, in fact a Turk-

siness account. This is precisely the thing that all banks tell the world that ATMS can never do.
I decided to report it to the branch staff, and after 20 minutes or so managed to attract their attention and tell them what had happened. As I did so, I added grandly that I was the credit card correspondent of the *Financial Times*. Perhans this was a bit conceited. At any rate, I was swiftly punished. The cash and the trans-action slip vanished from my

"They are the property of meone else." the girl at the

"Excuse me, they are my only proof that this disputed transaction took place." I said. But it was very clear that I was not going to get them back.

At this stage there seemed nothing else to do except ring up the bank's general manager whom I am in the happy posiion of knowing personally

because of my job.

Armed with head office backing, I returned to the branch and this time drew my cash less excitingly but also less riskly on a Visa voucher amid smiles on all sides and offers of the and bisentials.

tea and biscuits. The cash machine's internal records were examined by the branch staff and I was assured that the transaction had not been processed and no money taken out of my UK account. This, also, proved not to be the case. My next bank state-ment showed that the money had indeed been deducted.

fellow who collected it? Or did it just stay somewhere in the system? We shall never know. I was not unduly worried because as soon as I drew the situation to the bank's atten-tion, I got an immediate refund en made a gain of a few pennies on it, thanks to exchange rate movements. Is this a unique experience? Does it happen often? What should customers do in such a situation, especially if it hapclosed or the customer is not in a position to pursue his rights? What should one do if (as happened in my case) the transac-tion slip is promptly confis-cated by bank staff for bureaucratic reasons?

The Istanbul bank wrote me a long and highly technical let-ter which, if I understand it correctly, seems to say that neither themselves nor Visa International were to blame. The problem, apparently, is that cash machines, or the computers controlling them,

Visa International were much less helpful. They wrote me a two-line reply saying that they trusted I was satisfied with the explanation I had got from the bank. I wasn't. I had been hoping for some enlight ent from them.

In their international cash machine transactions it is after all, the Visa logo to which the card holders are respond-

Visa sets the rules for inter national credit card operations by member banks and one would hope it would be more sensitive to what is a fairly important consumer protection question.

I am, however, assured by other banks that my phantom experience was probably unique and needn't worry other travellers.

Just as well then, that is happened to a credit card jour-nalist who happened to know the general manager of the bank concerned.

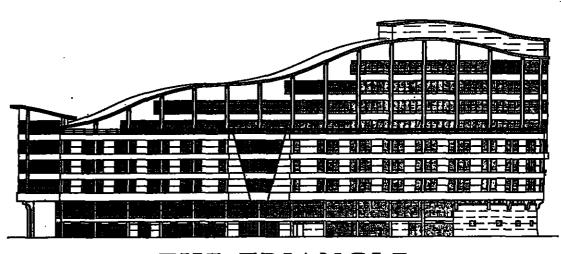
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THE COMPTROLLER and Auditor General, John Bourn, last week announced that he was qualifying the accounts of the National Insurance Fund for 1988/89.

One major cause of his disquiet was that many employers were deliberately evading National Insurance contributions and the problem of tracking down offenders was getting too big for the Department of Social Security

to handle Unfortunately this has serious implications for employees too. Under the present system, the employer acts as the agent of his employees, both in calculating the amount of NI contribution due from employees and in paying the contributions ugh the PAYE system.

Check on your employers

pension and any Serps (State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme) benefit depends on paying sufficient contributions. In addition, the ultimate amount of Serps benefit depends on the DSS having

the employees' earnings information. So what happens to those employees whose employer has deliberately evaded NI contributions or has calculated them incorrectly?

How would they know the contributions were not being First, at the end of a tax year, the DSS contacts an

employee if it finds there is a deficit in an employee's contribution record. Secondly, when an employee makes a benefit claim the DSS

checks out his or her contribution record - a check that should reveal whether or not contributions have been

Third, in the case of the employer becoming bank-upt or going into liquidation the DSS would investigate contribution payments.

The DSS accepts that where a employee assumed, in good faith, that his or her employer was paying NI contributions

then he or she should not suffer if those contributions were not paid.

In these cases, contributions are deemed to be paid, providing the employee can produce evidence of such good faith, usually by producing the relevant payslips which show a NI contribution deduction from earnings.

The annual P60 summarises payments over a tax year.

If an employee has not kept
the P60 it is more difficult for the employee himself to provide the necessary proof. In such cases, the DSS does investigate further, using its own and Inland Revenue records. But this could take

their NI payments in any way should contact their DSS office

- Eric Short

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FINANCE & THE FAMILY

Pension decisions loom

MANY people making their own pension arrangements through personal pensions leave the decision as to how much to invest until the final weeks of the tax year.

They will shortly have to start considering what action to take and life companies are in the process of providing advice that will help you make efficient use of the tax concessions available, whether you are employed or self-employed. One piece of advice from Sun

Alliance Life is aimed at those

with very high earnings. High earners are now discovering the squeeze that has been applied on their tax-free pension contributions by last year's Finance Act. While the new provisions announced in the Budget substantially lifted the contribution rates, at the same time the Chancellor introduced a maximum ceiling on contributions that could be made tax-free. This has effec-tively reduced the scope for high-earning individuals to cut their tax bills by running up

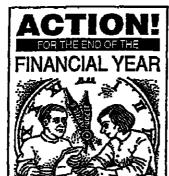
hefty pension contributions.
Although these changes apply to the current tax year, 1989/90, Sun Altiance reminds 1989/90, Sun Alliance reminds these high fliers that they may still have a final opportunity to contribute to a personal pension without suffering the

effects of the £60,000 cailing. This arises under what is known as the carry back provision, which enables an investor paying a contribution this year to carry it back to the previous tax year and set it against the allowances for that year. The 250,000 ceiling is not applicable for 1988/89, so contribution can be stepped up for that year, subject to the old limits. The

following example is provided by Sun Alliance: A man aged 52 earned £130,000 in 1988/89 and expects to earn £150,000 in 1989/90. His maximum allowable con-tribution under the new rules

this year is 30 per cent of £60,000, or £18,000. But for 1988/ 89, although his maximum permitted contribution was only 20 per cent, it was allowable against his full salary of £130,000, making a total of

Inteed by James Capel & Co. Limited, 7 Devembire Square, Lendon BC284 44/EJ. A member of TSA, the International Stock Burinage and the A.F.B.D. The carry back provisions to 1988/99 can be applied by anyone taking out a personal pension before April 5. But action must be taken before the end



of the tax year or the facility to carry back to 1988/89 is lost. At the other end of the spec-trum, Sun Alliance Life has responded to a challenge from the Labour Party which suggested that employees who have used personal pensions to contract-out of Serps (State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme) might in some cases

be better off back in. Sun Alliance is planning to start sending each year, to each holder of its contracted-out personal pension plan, an illustration of the relative merits of rejoining Serps or remaining contracted-out. A copy of the illustration is also sent to the individual's financial adviser.

These illustrations have to be prepared in accordance with the rules of the Life Assurance and Unit Trust Regulatory Organisation (Lautro) in respect of the personal pension

The method used should provide realistic comparisons, but Sun Alliance is using the pres-ent Serps benefit structure, which the present Government has drastically cut.

Yet it looks increasing likely that the next Government will be Labour, which has pledged to restore Serps to its former glory. So it would have been more helpful to the policy holder if Sun Alliance had also shows the Serps hereoff on the shown the Serps benefit on the restored basis.

Finally, Scottish Life is mailing all personal pension policy holders asking whether they wish to increase their contributions or top them up, where they have a rebate-only con-

At the end of the day, an individual providing for his or her old age through personal pensions will only have an adequate income in retirement if they have made adequate con-

Rebate-only personal pensions, on their own, will not provide an adequate income in retirement.

From cradle to grave in the BES COLIN IS a reasonably wealthy lawyer who pays 40 per cent more income tax than he would like. He is quite astuta, financially, but he can't be bothered with the ins and outs of complicated tax planning. of complicated tax planning. After all, he pays his accountant to do that. Every year, got shorter because so many though, the accountant tells new ones have been set up.

him he really ought to look at the Business Expansion Scheme (BES). Colin's response is that the BES was swamped by the introduction of assured tenancies two years ago and he hasn't got the time or patience to read 50 prospectuses, all offering much the same deal.
Only two arguments are likely to tempt him into the BES. It would be gratifying to get back some tax from the Inland Revenue - notably, 40 per cent of the cost of his investment in the first year. The other is to invest in some thing more interesting, and with a higher risk/reward ratio, than dull, modern flats in purpose-built developments. So, he agrees to let his accoun-

tant draw up a short list of non-assured tenancy issues. He is not sure what to make eworld Nursery Schools, the first such issue under the BES. It has a prospectus that looks well researched and pres-ented, and the people who will be running the schools seem to have plenty of experience. The argument in favour of the issue is well known: demo-graphic factors will encourage more mothers to go back to

JUNK MAIL is now part of our lives. And certain life compa-nies have become increasingly active in this direct mail mar-

Even so, it came as a sur-

prise when my wife recently

prise when my wine recently received a circular from Norwich Union, one of Britain's largest life companies, promoting a non-profit whole-of-life policy. It certainly does not fit in with the image which Norwich Union tries to project — that of a forward-looking traditional life grown leading the

tional life group, leading the with-profits field, and specialis-

ing in all types of pensions as well as life assurance savings

Given the record pension

business achieved last year, it seems strange that Norwich Union should seek to sell a non-profit life policy.

Stranger still is the product

work and more women want careers after childbirth, so creating more demand for nurseries. In London, certainly, there is an acute shortage of nursery places for the 0-5s, but waiting lists for some nurseries in the provinces have actually

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Colin, however, questions the profitability of running a nursery. Official guidelines say there should be one person to care for every two children under two and one for every four children under four, so

Angela Flowers Gallery ... Wolsoley Fine Arts Johnson Fry Premier

labour costs are high. Few

nurseries make much money, since many parents cannot afford high fees and have to be subsidised heavily. Colin decides to wait to see if the Budget includes any concession allowing the cost of nursery care to be set against increase the set against a fairly united to the set against and the set against and the set against and the set against and the set against ag

income tax - a fairly unlikely

Classic Cars issue, mentioned in last weekend's FT, but

notices that several other com-

panies seem to be jumping on a bandwagon that could run out

He is more interested in the

of steam. Prospectuses for Classic Cars can be obtained from the sponsors at 27 Kes-wick Road, London SW15 2JA. Alternatively, Mostwood plc of Sunbury-on-Thames (0932-784-041) is offering a Clas-sic Cars for investment BES

Heather Farmbrough examines non-assured tenancy issues and their prospects

Colin is quite taken with the idea of Angela Flowers (01-739-8790), an established art gallery which has concentrated on contemporary and British artists. The drawback is that costs are fairly high at 9.6 per cent of the maximum subscrip-

Telephone Closing date

concluded that, in real terms, shares and property go up and down but art and antiques just tend to go up. Colin's accountant has just

put his mother-in-law into a nursing home and is very bullish about the whole idea of BES schemes in this sector. The nation, he argues, is get-ting older and will continue to do so. In the next 10 years, the 85-and-over age group is expec-ted to increase by nearly 50 per

Johnson Fry Premier Nursing Homes (01-321-0220) intends to buy existing homes which it can develop and expand. These will be managed by another BES company, Associated Nursing Homes (ANS). The latnutsing riones (ANS). The lat-ter intends to buy each Pre-mier company at the end of five years. Matrix Healthcare (01-495-4909) will run along sim-ilar lines. Its homes will be managed by Independent Care Ltd, which also says it intends

to buy out the company.

Neither issue appeals to
Colin, though, particularly Premier's preferential share agreetion; but the company has a strong and experienced board, the best known member of which is Robert Heller, the for-mer editor of Management ment with ANS. Should the ment with ANS. Should the shares perform exceptionally well, ANS would gain up to 49.9 per cent of each company. So, ANS would get a large shareholding at a more favourable price than the other shareholders. On the other hand, should ANS over-stretch itself and not want to buy out Pre-Wolseley Fine Arts (01-274-8788) also appeals to him. The company's main objective will be to buy and sell 20th century paintings, drawings and sculptures. To keep costs down, the company won't have its own gallery but will sell through loan short ventures and other deal. and not want to buy out Premier, it might be difficult to joint ventures and other dealers. As he gets older, Colin has find another purchaser. And Matrix, he feels, doesn't pro-

IN REAL TERMS, THE PAYOUT WILL BE

YOU PAID IN.

HALF OF THE PITTANCE,

uct in meeting these objec-

A monthly premium of £14.95 secures a benefit of

£2,970 for a man aged 60 - a benefit that is doubled if death

In no way can this be described as even an adequate

benefit level in a proper per-sonal financial planning exer-cise. Yet the literature states

that: "For less than £15 a

month, you can give your fam-

occurs by accident.

vide enough information in the prospectus about Independent Care's record.

Being slightly bearish on property prices, and reasoning that house prices and nursing home prices tend to go together, he dislikes the strong property element in both nurs ing home and sheltered housing schemes. Both markets, he thinks, are in danger of being flooded. Indeed, established sheltered housing builders, like McCarthy & Stone, are finding it hard to sell to elderly people who can't dispose of their own

Colin is still not convinced he hasn't missed the BES boat. Due to exceptional circumstances, last year was a bumper year for the BES, with more than £350m invested in new issues. This year is unlikely to be the same.

According to Anthony Yad-garoff at BEST BES Advice, 74 companies are trying to raise £260m this season. Only £25.5m has been raised so far and he thinks the total will fall short of £150m.

The most successful issue is Airways II (01-582-6389), which had raised £3m earlier this week, followed by Johnson Fry's Waterside Collection (£2.2m) and Kerrington Developments (01-486-7171) with £2m. Among non-assured tenancies the most successful issues were Broad Oak Pharmacies (£306,000) and Centurian Furni-ture and Angela Flowers (both

Just ditch junk mail

being promoted. Under a nonprofit contract the benefits, guaranteed by the life com-pany, are fixed in money terms. But inflation has, to a large extent, made non-profit contracts obsolete. The guarantee becomes less and less important as inflation depreciates the real value of the bene-

This is particularly so with whole-life contracts paying benefits on death — an event that may be many years ahead. Many major life companies have taken such contracts out of their product range. They found it was expensive to update and maintain the required systems to service the very few non-profit contracts being sold. The new style, unit linked universal life policy

is a far more appropriate con-Norwich Union no longer markets non-profit contracts, other than term assurances and annuities, through inde-pendent financial advisers or through its tied agency force. So why is it promoting this type of contract through its

direct mail operations?

Patrick Smith, the group's direct marketing manager, said that products offered by direct mail have to be straightforward so that they can be understood by the recipient. Furthermore, the cost must be

This product is certainly simple. But the promotional material is misleading with phrases such as "benefits that never decrease", "low cost premiums that never increase". miums that never increase", and "what is particularly spe-cial is that this peace of mind protection lasts your whole lifetime — guaranteed."

Such language does not fit in with the image that Norwich Union likes to promote of itself as a straightforward, fair dealing life company with a reputa-tion for consistent high level

investment management and value for money.

There is no mention in the literature of the effects of inflation on the "real" value of the benefits, and no explanation that the premiums appear low because the ultimate benefits themselves are low.
Potential buyers are lured

with such phrases: "Are your loved ones adequately provided for?" "Do you want adequate secu-rity for your partner when you're no longer here?" Have you covered all the es your death will inevi-

tably bring?" "Or perhaps you would like to leave a nest egg for your grandchildren?" How successful is this prod-

ily the security of thousands for the future." The life expectancy of a man of 60 is 17 years. Over that time, he will have paid £3,049.80 in premiums for a benefit of £2,970 in money terms, but worth only £1.296 in today's money terms if infla-tion is only a modest 5 per cent

Even worse, if he decides to surrender the contract after five years, he will get back only £335 after paying £897 in premiums.
One statement in the litera-

ture that can be justified is that a person taking out this contract gets immediate acceptance, since no medical evi-dence, let alone a examination. is required.

Smith defends the policy offer on the grounds that it provides an opportunity to get some life cover for people who otherwise would do nothing.

Nevertheless it is difficult to see why Norwich Union does not offer a with-profit contract, even though Smith claims that these products are more difficult to sell through direct marketing. keting. The non-profit contract looks attractive only to a person who is terminally ill, and even on early death there are snags. The policy only pays out the

full sum assured if death occurs after two years. The benefits if death occurs during the first two years is the return of the premiums paid,

Why don't the regulatory authorities question such misleading literature - the Financial Services Act was supposed to end this type of marketing, My advice to people reading the offer is that if you decide you need life cover, consult a financial adviser. There is no such thing as cheap life assur-

on which of the 90 issues to choose For independent BES research, and company ratings, coll Allenbridge Group PLC FINBRA 01-409 1111

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Now Saints puts a £2,400 punch in your PEP.

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Saints (or The Scottish American Investment Company PLC) is a publicly quoted company with a wide spread of international investments. Managed by Stewart Ivory and Company it has over 14,000 investors and has outperformed the FT Ordinary Index by 1490 in the last 10 years (to 31st Dec. 1989).

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We monitor our choice closely: meeting the managers, visiting the principal sites, and forming judgements on their ability, as management and strategy are crucial to our long term investment decisions.

The annual management charges

together with an initial charge of 396. Altogether, this package could really add a powerful punch to your PEP but bear in mind that the value of shares and income from them may fluctuate, and you may get back less than you invested.

Act Before April

If you'd like to take advantage of the new PEP regulations, please complete the coupon below, and send it to us at Soewart Ivory and Company in Edinburgh. In return, we'll send you the Saints PEP brochure with full details of the scheme.

The final date for investment in this tax year is 29th March 1990.

To: Stewart Ivory & Company Limited 45 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh EH2 4HW Telephone 031-226 3271. Please send me more details on ars PEP, including the application

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Eric Short on car insurance

their car with a Lloyd's of London syndicate can now arrange this by picking up a telephone and dialling a num-ber in Bradford, West York-shire (9274-621-888). No longer do they have to go through an insurance broker with access to Lloyd's, either as a member or via an umbrella arrangement with a Lloyd's broker; under the new arrangement, they can go direct and, possi-bly, obtain a more competitive

Selling personal insurance direct to the public has increased substantially in recent years, particularly motor insurance where the method accounts for 15 per cent of business. The attrac-tion is that you can arrange your insurances from the com-fort of an amechair or the comvenience of an office desk,

quickly and easily.
You provide the required details over the telephone and the insurance is issued auto-matically if the information given is satisfactory.

Lloyd's motor syndicates have lost out in this latest development. They have been expanding their marketing outlets beyond the traditional Lloyd's broker channels - but not fast enough to stop their share of the private motor market declining from 15.9 per cent in 1985 to 14 per cent in

Now, 10 of them have banded together under the umbrella of Baillie Longstaff, an associate firm of Lloyd's broker Richards Longstaff (Insurance), to offer a direct response service called Motor Line Pins. The underlying administra-

tion systems are crucial to the success of a direct response insurance operation. Baillie Longstaff already has developed such systems in running in-house motor insurance schemes for the employees of

Motorists using the service telephone the Bradford office of Baillie Longstuff, when they will be asked to provide all relevant details of their motoring history, the vehicle to be insured and so on. Baillie Longstaff will then view the policies being offered by the 10 member syndicates and recommend the most suitable.

Up to now, the direct esponse services operated by insurance companies have tended to restrict cover to good risks — the family or middle-aged motorist with a clean driving and claims record. Motor Line Pius will consider insuring virtually consider insuring virtually any motorist who applies.

Cover notes are provided on the spot. Motorists will then complete the usual proposal form to confirm the information provided over the telephone.

Bathle Longstaff has authority to issue the full documentation required under the Road Traffic Act. The service offers a 24-hour recovery ser-vice and car hire after an acci-

dent, plus an uninsured loss

recovery service.

The acid test of any insur-ance operation is, however, the claims service. Motorists making a claim notify Balllie Longstaff but, after that, the motorist deals directly with the syndicate. Baillie Longstaff is, however, prepared to represent the interests of the motorist should problems

arise over any claim. Here, motorists considering insuring at Lloyd's need to remember that the cover provided for a particular risk varies between syndicates. Lloyd's policies tend generally to have more exclusion those issued by insurance companies. So, motorists need to check that the Lloyd's policy recommended meets their

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Applications to subscribe will be accepted only on the terms and conditions contained in the prospectus. To obtain a copy of the prospectus, please fill in the compon below and return it to the address shown.

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It should be noted that investment in unquoted companies carries higher risks than in quoted companies and intendinvestors should therefore consult their own professions

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Make the best of tax changes

investment dividends) is a small pension. My wife receives a larger pension and, until now, I have been able to transfer all my spare income tax allowances to my wife. This has almost cancelled out her income tax deductions. After reading form IR82 about the new tax system, we understand that all my inter-

spare allowances are calculated. Would it pay us to put all our investments in my

W Yes, you have understood the IR82 pamphlet correctly. You do not want to leave yourself with an income less than the basic personal allowance in future years, because the unused part of that basic allowance would be wasted. Your basic personal allowance will depend upon your age, of course, as mentioned in pamphlet IR81.

If you decide to give some of your investments to your wife, it is important to ensure that none of the income can flow back to you, even indirectly, or you will risk it being deemed yours.

A costly

Poll tax poser

I AM A practising veterinary surgeon with a wife and a five-year-old child. I own two free-hold properties. The first is a surgery with a flat above. We lived there until spring 1968 when we bought a house, when we brought a house,

where we live now. My wife and I use the flat seven days a week, as we both-work in the surgery. On aver-age, I spend two nights a week there when I need to stay with

est, although taxed at source, will be classed as income and added to my pension before my

and premises."

If I declare that this property is empty, I will presumably have to pay the standard community charge. Could I declare that I live there, thereby saving the equivalent of one community charge? I would, of course, have to de-register from the house, leaving my wife still registered there.

If seems from what you say that the house is the main residence of you, your wife and your child, and that the accommodation above the surgery is not a main residence of gery is not a main residence of

that all three of us lived there (assuming that the surgery premises would be subject to

the business rate). I was sur-prised to receive another poll

tax form for the "surgery home and premises."

any of you.

If that accommodation is included in the ascesament for business rates of the surgery, you might be able to argue that no standard community charge is existable; but, if not, it would seem that you can be it would seem that you can be required to pay the standard charge on that accommoda-

mistake

DUE TO A mistake in my employer's pensions office, the contributions of 15 per cent of total emoluments to pension provision allowable by the years been under-calculated. It has now been established that other taxable benefits I received can be added to salary in order to calculate the 15 per

The result is that myself and several colleagues who are reaching retirement have not made AVC contributions to the maximum permissible level, and we are told that the tax-When I received my poll tax man will not entertain any form for the house, I stated suggestion of making up back

employer. Would an approach to the Revenue on an individ-ual basis solve the problem? Regardless of the chromstances, there is no chance of the Inland Revenue permitting you to back-track over the years and pay arrears on AVCs. You can only pay 15 per

cent taxable remuneration from your employment for the present period. Taxman is watching

MY WIFE owns a small terrace house which has an elderly tenant. The house was bought 11 years ago for £1,500 and should now sell for about 230,000. In view of the new tax laws, should this house be owned jointly between us? She is obviously going to pay cani-tal gains tax and we assume joint ownership would save us

some tax.
Second, both of us lost money on shares after Elsck Monday in 1987. If the house is put in joint ownership, can we both claim capital gains exemption and can we both off-set losses on shares against set losses on shares against gains on the house value.

The Inland Revenue will be on the look-out for taxavoidance devices like the one your wife has in mind, so it is fairly unlikely to be successful. Since the services of a solicitor will be required for any conveyance into toint solicitor will be required for any conveyance into joint names (as tenants in common, as distinct from Joint tenants), your wife might wish to consult the solicitor as to the chances of her scheme to avoid part of her potential CGT hability being attacked, or frastrated by, specific legislation in the 1990 Finance Bill. At the same time, she wight wish

the same time, she might wish to obtain an estimate of the

payments, even though one's market value of the house pension will be reduced (subject to the tenancy) as at because of an error by our March 31 1982.

March 31 1982.
Your wife's allowable losses on shares etc. will be available to be set against her chargeable gain on the sale of the house, so far as we can tell from the limited data provided. Similarly, your own allowable lossess would be available against your own chargeable gain if the scheme were successful. Husband and wife will

indeed each receive an exempt amount for CGT purposes in future years, but it is unwise to assume that exempt amount will be as high as the present figure (25,000). Ask your tax inspector for the free pamphlet CGT15 (1989) — Capital Gains Tax: A Guide for Married Comples. Couples.
If you could move into the

If you could move into the house for a little while before the sale contract, this could reduce the prospective CGT hill without producing the unacceptable potential CGT bill upon the sale of your present home.

Insurance wrangle

I AM IN dispute with my insur-ance broker and/or the com-pany he chose to insure me. I seek to know whether the broker is my agent or the agent for the insurance company. The broker arranged a home contents insurance for me and I paid a premium. The insurance company then repudiated the contract because, some years ago, I refused to pay an unreasonable charge for what they termed "time on risk." It was, in effect, only a few weeks.



recover my additional costs

from my broker or from the original insurer who repudi-ated the contract. Which should I sue? a The insurance broker is your agent, although he might also be an agent of the under-

also be an agent of the under-writing company for some pur-poses. If the reason assigned by the insurers for repudiating the contract was not known to the broker, your claim is likely to lie against the com-pany alone. Otherwise, you might want to sue both.

Looking for a lawyer

ONE OF your correspondents asked recently if it would be possible to change his house ownership to a tenancy in common with his wife; and if the first to die should leave his/her half to a discretionary trust so as to avoid inheritance tax. My husband and I have no experience of this sort of thing. We are salaried earners with no investment outside a build-ing society, but we find our house is worth over £300,000. What you described sounds rather a complex manoeuvre, needing to be carried out by an experienced and highly competent tax lawyer. Could you rec-

was, in effect, only a few weeks.

My new insurers require a considerably enhanced premium and certain other modifications to the house such as a burglar alarm. I seek to commend a solicitor or advise out you can obtain a list from the Law Society. The which is willed to his wife and then to their two sons after the changing a joint tenancy to a control of the should state in the should state with his wife by means of the "equalisation of estate" method.

My father owns the house, which is willed to his wife and then to their two sons after the should state in the should state in the should state with his wife by means of the "equalisation of estate" method.

tenancy in common - requires only an informal letter from one spouse to the other giving notice to sever the joint tenancy, and need not involve a solicitor.

Change of will

YOU HAVE in recent years printed several cases of the use of a tenancy in common by husband and wife to reduce inheritance tax. My wife and I are tenants in common and have made wills bequeathing our half shares in our resi-dence absolutely to our two sons. In addition, the wills state that no sale of the prop-erty shall take place during the lifetime of the surviving spouse without his/her consent in writing. Would you recom-mend a slightly different

approach? approach?

Wes. First, it might be preferable to bequeath to your sons rather less than a full half share in the equitable interest: say 40 per cent, with 10 per cent going to the surviving spouse.

Second it is preferable not to make a provision such as

make a provision, such as your consent to sale provision, which could be construed as creating a life interest. Any such arrangement should be made separately from the will, as a collateral bargain or family understanding, as the case may be.

Best way to avoid IHT

MY FATHER has been advised that to avoid inheritance tax on his house, valued at about 2200,000, he should share his estate with his wife by means of the "equalisation of estate"

avoiding inheritance tax?

• Your father's will is not in the most tax-efficient form. It would be preferable for him to make an outright gift of, say, 45 per cent of the equity in the house to his sons, leaving some 55 per cent to his wife.

Refunding deposits

charity organisations request that non-returnable deposits that non-returnable deposits must be paid when bookings are made for day trips and tours. If these become overbooked, is it legal for them to retain the deposits for the unsuccessful applicants?

The question of whether such deposits may be returnable depends on the precise terms of the agreement made at the time of the deposit. If no express conditions are attached, a case can be made out for the deposit being refundable if the cancellation is the fault of the operator or promoter rather than the cus-

Don't spare that tree

THERE IS an ash tree 6 ft from my front garden wall and hedge. It overshadows the house; leaves clog the gutters; windswept broken twigs have scratched windows; and the TV serial had to be raised because of transmission interference. One local council official has

One local council official has told me the height would be reduced by 10 per cent in line with policy although another official agreed that a full reshaping was needed.

Can I require the authority legally to sever the branches where they overhang my wall and also reduce the height?

Can I claim for the cost of clearing gutters and, possibly. clearing gutters and, possibly, re-glazing?

m Unless the tree is dangerous you cannot require the council to act, although you might persuade it to do so. There is, however, no reason why you should not rely on the general law of nuisance and trim back the tree, provided that it is not the subject of a preservation order. It is doubtful if you could recover the cost of clearing gutters or re-glazing your windows.

Going to the dogs

I LIVE IN an isolated position except for one house about a quarter-mile away. The own-er's mother runs a kennel business and the dogs' persistent barking is affecting severely the enjoyment of my home and garden. How can I protect my

pollution? ■ You might be able to get some assistance from the envi-ronmental health department of your local authority. The department has powers to abate a statutory nuisance, or to prosecute, under the Control of Pollution Act 1974. Some authorities are reluction to invoke these powers, though, so you might need to use some persuasion.

No case for argument

I RECALL reading somewhere that it had been decided that a briefcase is now an allowable expense and can be set against income, even if the claimant is not self-employed. Is the Revenue right in rejecting my claim?

M Yes. The Revenue were quite correct in rejecting your claim and we must advise you that There is no authority to support the contention that the cost of a briefcase is now an allowable expense to set

INTEREST RATES: WHAT YOU SHOULD GET FOR YOUR MONEY ₽.. Deposit account 5,000-9.999 10,000-24,989 25,000-49,999 1-250:000 9.00 9.75 10.25 10.51 11.30 11.83 NATIONAL SAVINGS 12.50 12.00 7.50 7.50 5.01 9.93 9.00 7.50 7.50 5.01 7.94 7.20 7.50 7.50 5.01 2,000-25,000 100 min. 25-1,000 MONEY MARKET ACCOUNT 10541 10.43 8.32 11,81 11,72 9,98 10,08 10,84 8pc Treesury 1991 8pc Treesury 1992 10.25pc Exchequer 12.68 13.03 11.68 9.75 10.60 10.06 "Lloyds Bank Histifax 90-day; Immediate access for balances over £5,00 \$Source:Phillips and Drew. \$\$Assumes 5.5 per cent inflation rate. 1 Paid at Paid gross. 3 Tax free. 4 Dividends paid after deduction of basic rate tax.

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You have only until 27th March to invest this tax year's allowance in a Personal Equity Plan with no income tax or capital gains tax to pay on your investment.

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Lloyds rings the (small) changes

UNTIL QUITE recently, you might have thought twice before popping into a branch of Lloyds bank for advice on how to start such unusual small businesses as, say, a beauty therapy service, a driving school or a freelance writing service. But those are just three occupations I have chosen at random from a list of more than 100 for which the new small business centres (SBCs) at Lloyds can assist.

At the touch of a button, the centres produce excellent guidance sheets containing basic facts about the market, potential customers, competition in the sector, start-up costs, marketing the product, qualifications and training, and legal requirements for each chosen business.

All this shows that Lloyds is taking the

small business market very seriously indeed. While it does not aspire to be the biggest bank in Britain, it does regard as sential the provision of a vigorous service to people starting up in business on

This is part of its efforts to outstrip its rivals through the sheer quality of what it provides. In Lloyds' own parlours, you don't hear much about the bank getting bigger - but you do hear a lot about it

getting better To quote its mission statement: "The bank's objective is to create shareholder value by achieving a sustained superior

Lloyds has about 2,000 British branches and 300,000 small business accounts. Even

when drawing the parameters of a small business, it takes a different view from most of the other banks. They define a small business as one with a turnover of anything up to £1m but Lloyds draws the

Businesses with a higher turnover usually are seen as the responsibility of one of the network of commercial service offices that exist separately from the traditional

Lloyds' small business customers can

By the end of this year, the bank will have 400 small business centres

bank with one of the 328 SBCs to be found inside selected branches. By the end of this year there will be 400 of them and the target is 500. "The emphasis is upon that word 'small'," says Roger Bardell, head of small business services, who has been putting the bank's strategy for this sector into action for the part three years.

action for the past three years.

Lloyds started in 1987 by assembling a range of "products" - to use the jargon of banking - which, it decided, would help budding business people get on their fest. The SBCs were the result of hard thinking about how to deliver those products to the

customers in the most efficient fashion. The bank actually paved the way for its new initiative as far back as 1986 when it introduced a standard business tariff, making clear the basis of its charges. That proved helpful to small businesses in their planning.

Another innovation, a "managed rate" overdraft facility, proved popular because it removed some of the uncertainty from the financial management of small businesses. For instance, when the bank rate changed 15 times within nine months in 1988, the rate to customers using that facility changed only once.

Another new product has been fixed-rate lending to small businesses. The bank borrows a chunk of money — say, £100m — on the money market and lends this in packages of up to £15,000 at the fixed rate, usually over three years.

Some people may have seen the SBCs 22 were opened in January alone - as being an expensive "bolt-on" to the Lloyds branches where they are installed. But Bardell says: "In fact, they are more than earning their keep by boosting the incre-mental income of their branches." Up to three bankers manage each SBC

and each centre handles up to 350 small business accounts. That compares with an average of 150 small business accounts handled by an average Lloyds' branch. The senior person on the SBC team is an assistant manager and the others are at bank officer level. The job is proving popu-

life-style.

there are a good many disappointed garden-owners

in west London. For Bernard,

in west London. For Bernard, as he is always called, has become a popular figure who is valued highly.

Whenever he parks his old Volkswagen van to do a job, he can be certain that notes requesting his services will be tucked under his windscreen winer.

windscreen wiper. Bernard seems to be that

rare animal — a truly happy man who has created a way

of living that suits him. He

is a very good gardener who also has the building skills

eded to put walls, fences

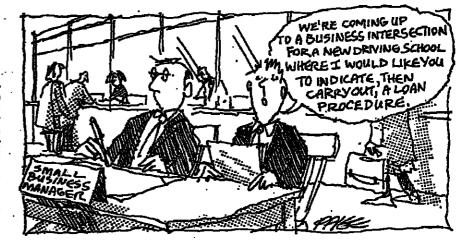
lar. Young employees see the small business specialisation as a handy leg up through the snakes and ladders of the promotion system while older staff feel they get more opportunity to deal with people and their problems — as well as being rescued from some of the drearier chores of routine banking. To start the considerable task of re-

training 700 staff for the centres, Lloyds called in expert outside help. A research group, Project North East, provided the

SBCs provide a place where you can get quick answers to varied questions

bank with its library of profiles of business opportunities for individuals. These are stored at the SBCs on IBM machines. The Manchester Business School did the ground-work (operating from a Lloyds' specification) of preparing a course designed to give bankers an understanding of small business and enable graduates to "get under the skin of small business operators," as Bardell puts it.

Once the professional trainers in each region had done the course, they began training fledgling business bankers. The



spin-off is that some SBC staff are moving on to other jobs in the bank and taking their small business expertise with them. The SBC staff do not have any greater lending powers ("discretion," to the trade) than the managers of their branches. But they do have a range of skills that can be particularly useful to a business in its

What is probably more important to the average small business person is that the SBCs provide a focus - somewhere to go within the bank to get quick answers to varied questions. And Lloyds knows that the whole art of banking for small businesses will evolve, with customers growing more sophisticated at comparing the services of rival institutions.

Recently, the bank ran a pilot scheme in Dorset, providing advice for small busi-ness people on a telephone hot-line. The

number of calls proved to be related directly to the degree the service was advertised in the local press.

At its peak, hundreds of calls were ded every evening by an advice team of a bank manager, an accountant and a solicitor. The service proved expensive to run. But it is a small indicator of the way the big banks are thinking about their relationship with small businesses.

The economic climate for starting a business is less favourable now than for several years. Lloyds is very conscious of the rising number of small businesses that are falling for various reasons.

The positive side is that the bank opened 55,000 new small business accounts last year and expects to open as many, if

Roy Hodson



centred around the ever-so-slightly eccentric King's and Fulham Road districts. He says: "These are very special people and I do love them. They give me tough nuts to crack. They want a maintenance-free garden but, evertheless, a garden with

As a small busine Bernard is successful — although his success lies in terms of job fulfilment rather than an impressive income. But it has taken him years of hard work — and some disappointments — to get

a heart."

He and his girl-friend of 29 years' standing, Kirsten, are West Berliners who came to London in 1975. They found a flat in Fulham and she soon

capital, he accepted a paving job for a family house in Battersea. The idea of working

on his own, and for himself, appealed immediately. Showing a streak of and plumbing but was not keen on doing similar work in London. When his money Germanic thoroughness, h visited the Small Business ran out; he went to the local
Job Centre where he was told
that a company called Garden
Construction in Chelsea was Advisory Council. "They told me more about the difficulties of starting a small business than the ways to overcome those difficulties," he recalls, looking for labourers.
Bernard, employed at £30
a week, proved a harder
worker — and one more able ruefully.

Bernard then made a quick trip to Berlin and picked up his second-hand, left-hand to learn gardening skills — than any of his colleagues. drive van for £250. He had it Two years later, be bought half the company and the managing director became sprayed, and his name painted on it, for another £200. Apart from a modest outlay As someone employing as many as 25 people at busy periods, he admits now that he always was uneasy. After a couple of years, he sold out

on tools from time to time, the van has been his total capital investment. He does not have an office: an answering machine in his flat

His only marketing has been bis name and address in the Yellow Pages so that clients who lose his number can find

him again. Bernard has now been running his one-man business for nearly five years and has reached the happy position of being able to select his own customers. His philosophy of pegging his income below the VAT level means he always has time to stop in the street to gossip with an old customer or a potential new one. If he has been earning too

much, he simply takes a few days off to redress the balance. But garden construction is hard manual work and Bernard, now aged 48, realises the time is approaching when he would prefer to be indoors as English winters rage. He has a plan. He is collecting contemporary paintings and intends, in precisely six years'

and paving to rights. But he is not devoted to ard Richter . . . his customers are his real interest MINDING YOUR OWN BUSINESS

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A copy of the said Petition will be furnished to any such person requiring the same by the undermentioned Solicitors on payment of the undermentioned source.

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time, to open a small gallery, probably in Chelsea, to exhibit "unknowns."

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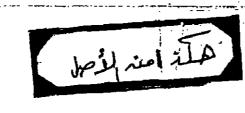
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Luangwa: where romance collides with ugly reality

NTIN, THE intrepid journalist created by the Belgian illustrator Herge', had a habit of tripping Herge', had a habit of tripping over the little white dog who accompanied him on all his journeys. On a recent journey of my own, I found myself clumsily tripping over not a little white dog, but enormous piles of elephant droppings. Otherwise it was just like jumping into the brightly-coloured pages of the cartoon adventure Tintin in the Congo.

In those tropical wanderings, like Tintin, I enjoyed all the romantic African cliches the armchair traveller dreams of.

cliches the armchair traveller dreams of. There was the bush, trackless and simmering under a vast African sky. There were long days of trekking, with a line of barefooted, half-naked porters snaking through green jungles with heavy loads on their heads. There were gibbering monkeys, brilliant blue butterflies and startled herds of antelope.And in the long evenings in camp, the roar of bearby lions, and the nervous and sudden gint of white eyeballs in dark, campline lit faces.

Vital to all Tintin stories, of course, is

the ever-present threat of cunning and dangerous men who will stop at nothing to achieve their ends. And here, as I learned on my trek with an anti-posching unit on patrol in Zambia's South Luangwa National Park, is where the romance of the African bush collides with some of its

For over a decade, determined and well-armed poachers have waged a rathless war against the wildlife of the Luangwa valley, part of the once fauna-rich Rift system. They have poisoned water holes where vast numbers of buffalo drink, machine-gunned herds of elephants for their ivory and mown down rhinoceros for their borns. With more than 100,000 eletheir horns. With more than 100,000 elephants ten years ago, the Luangwa Valley had the highest single elephant population in the world. Since then, poachers have slaughtered 75,000 of them; if the poaching doesn't stop, conservationists say there will be none left in five to ten years.

The area used to have about 4,000 rhinos. No one is sure how many are left today. In one area of dense bush where they have taken refuge, park warden Daudi Chambali has seen 14.

Hunting by local tribal people has gone on for hundreds of years with no ill effects — only what was needed for food was killed. Today a strong hunting culture con-

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'N TWO months we will be

wild buttercups, cuckoo-spit and perhaps a few remaining fields of cowslips. May is the month when mead-

ows are seductive: why not

transplant the idea back home?
We now see wild flowers on
stands at the Chelsea Flower:
Show: most of Britain's old turf
has vanished since 1950 and

gardeners have rallied to the

idea of saving what farmers

have been destroying. Why not give Mother Nature her head?

meadow-gardening once told me that he would sum it up in

me that he would sum if up in a sentence: "Treat mother nature as you would treat the au pair." What he meant, I now realise after experience in both departments, is "be firm with her, limit her scope for run-

ning wild when your back is turned; above all, point her in the right direction in the first

place." He is absolutely right. If you want to recreate a bit of

lots of problems for gar-deners as we leave this stormy winter behind and

Nature, however, is head-

and, as traditional food providers, hunters retain a respected postion in the community. But the economic equation has thanged. The late 19th century arrival of Arabs who came to hunt hippos for the manufacture of hippohide whips started an open season on the valley's wildlife. The Arabs were joined a little later by white hunters who began shooting elephants for the ivory trade.

When over-exploitation resulted in a ban on elephant hunting in the 1920s, illegal

on elephant hunting in the 1920s, illegal posching established itself on a moderate



Nicholas Woodsworth on Zambia's latest attempt to win the war against poachers

level. It only took on epic proportions in the mid-70's with the conjuncture of four events — the rocketing of ivory and rhino horn prices in oriental and middle-eastern markets; a rapid decline in the Zamhian economy and growing desperation of its citizens; increasing levels of corruption and inefficiency in the national parks service observed with protecting wildlife, service observed with protecting wildlife. vice charged with protecting wildlife, and the sudden availability of lethal automatic weapons recovered from the region's

numerous liberation wars.

In spite of the efforts of such organise tions as the World Wildlife Fund-sup-ported "Save the Rhino Trust," the rhino was not saved. Victim of a large and well-organised network of ivory and rhino horn traders, the rhino was no match for the large numbers of poachers armed with Chinese M59 automatics, NATO FN rifles or the renowned Kalashnikov AK-47. New efforts to bring things under con-

trol were initiated last year with the trol were initiated last year with the Luangwa Integrated Resource Development Project (LIRDP), a scheme designed to show local commercial poachers that they stand to gain more from protecting animals than by destroying them. By putting the economic control of wildlife in the hands of local people, by allowing them the right to shoot controlled numbers of animals — including elephants — and then to market the products, a strong incentive is given for conservation. In its short existence, the project has been short existence, the project has been remarkably successful.

remarkably successful.

I spoke to an ex-poacher, Kunda Bulaya, who since last year has been a driver for the LIRDP. Using automatic weapons and ammunition covertly purchased from Zambian army personnel, he slaughtered almost 1,000 elephants and 200 rhinos during a career lasting 16 years. In the late 70°s he was paid about US\$1 a kilogram for ivory; rhino horn was simply slung into the same sack along with the tusks and paid for at the same rate.

By 1986 the incantive to noach had

By 1986 the incentive to poach had grown much greater; Bulaya was then receiving \$25 a kilo for ivory, and \$2,500 for the horns from one rhino. In one three-week trip into the bush with his AK-47, Bulaya could earn \$8,000, a fortune

by Zambian standards.
It is estimated that a sum equal to well over half Zambia's \$900m debt to the IMF has left the country in the form of illegal wildlife exports. With these kinds of rewards it is evident that poaching remains difficult to stop. It is not only the poacher himself who profits - LIRDP director Richard Bell estimates that more than 100 people are involved in the killing of an elephant. At the logistical level, par-ticipants can range from arms suppliers in the Zambian military and police to local manufacturers of primitive muzzle-loading manufacturers of primitive muzzle loading weapons to the man in the village agricultural co-op who steals nitrogen fertiliser to make ammunition. The peacher does not go into the bush alone; he is accompanied by large numbers of locals employed in carrying ivory out to main roads.

While peaching in the 13,000 square km LIRDP area has been significantly reduced, in other areas in the valley a



ichers have slaughtered more than 75,000 of the 100,000 elephants that lived in Zembla's Luangwa Valley ten years at

full-scale war continues. Warden Daudi

full-scale war continues. Warden Daudi Chambali talks of regular mass invasions of up to 300 poachers and porters in the poorly policed North Luangwa National Park. Most of these men are not after ivory or rhino horn, but the meat from once enormous herds of buffalo.

Finally, higher up the marketing ladder, are the financiers, middlemen and exporters of illegal wildlife products. Many poachers are pre-financed for the cost of arms, ammunition and porter's wages by Zambian businessmen. West African, Malawian and Somali entrepreneurs domi-Zambian businessmen. West African, Malawian and Somali entrepreneurs dominate as primary, in-country purchasers of ivory and rhino horn. But according to Dr Bell, among those most active in the export trade are members of foreign embassies. These include, he maintains, US and British diplomats.

One of the greatest obstacles to bringing matters under control is the Zambian National Parks and Wildlife Service itself. It is according to one foreign aid official

It is, according to one foreign aid official attached to the LIRDP, "rotten from top to bottom." One example of the kind of corruption involved is the case the game war-

den of the Mpika area adjacent to the Luangwa Valley. He was recently arrested for confiscating a poacher's guns, only to re-issue them his own stable of poachers. Daudi Chambali, one of the few commit-ted men in the wildlife service, is frus-trated at the lack of honesty and motivation. "It's more than annoying when all your colleagues are out boozing, if we don't pull up our socks soon, our wildlife

will be all finished inside a decade."

The service may soon have its socks pulled up for it; President Kenneth Kaunda, who is highly sensitive to Zambia's poor conservation image internation. ally, will soon initiate a thorough investi-gation of Parks and Wildlife. Predictions are that many heads, including senior

My own walk, in a densely-covered area where rhino have been recently sighted, was uneventful; the LIRDP have mounted agency Norad to finance infrastructure poaching efforts will be receiving \$200 per sq/km a year, compared with the \$2.50 per sq/km the country's wildlife areas received in 1987. In the meantime, material for the scouts is scarce. The leaky tarpaulin we used as a tent could only be pitched when one of the unit removed his bootlaces to use as a guy-rope. Medical supplies are not in great evidence — thorns are backed out of porter's bare feet with a panga, the African machete. The food, maize meal and dried fish, is unvarying, and the scouts complain of not even enough money for tea or sugar. Arms were not more sophisticated or numerous than two 12-guage shotguns and an ageing Winches-ter rifle. And the miles covered each day

on patrol are long and difficult.
Nonetheless, it seemed to be the conviction of every man in the unit - not one of a seven-day-a-week surveillance of the area, and poachers have taken the message. It was, however, demanding.

For the moment LIRDP is using most of its \$12m funding from the Norwegian aid

Gardening

For serious field studies

honesty..."
Husband then intervened: Having got the stuff short he wanted to keep it short. He would rather drive 100 miles from London in the growing season to cut the grass than let it grow really long again . . . jams out of London, allow for the mad, male mowers: come what may, they must get to the cottage by moonlight and maintain sward. Husbands, of course, are not safe with au pairs: Deborah Kellaway ought to have gone about it differently. There are three main routes to a meadow-garden: non-mowing, sow-ing, or poisoning the entire area and starting it again from

a meadow, you need to plan it now and take a sequence of steps to your eventual end. Meadows are messes if you leave them to their own scratch. It may interest the "greens" to know that the third route, poisoning and starting afresh, has emerged as the clear winner since wild flower season and meadow-gar-dening became widely fashiondevices.
Wishful thinking makes them messes, which cause a matrimopial mess too. Deborah able in the late 1970s.
If you want to establish wild flowers in grass you must begin by correcting the grass. If it is rough or unduly vigorous, poison it when it starts to grow this month by spraying it with Tumbleweed. By mid-April your meadow will have traved a memorable shade of Matrimonial mass too. Denotal Kellaway, in her book, Making An English Country Garden, puts it frankly: "I envisaged a paradise garden where all manner of flowers would be embroidered among the grass; I planned to supplement the wild flowers by sowing and naturalising choice bulbs...I



rotavated, and then rake off the debris and sow a suitable grass-mixture in its place. Choose a hard-wearing seedmixture without rye grass: personally, I would also avoid sonally, I would also avoid Timothy grass and sweet vernal grass, two varieties which are often sold to meadow-gardeners because their seedheads wave prettily in the
wind. They are too tall; they
spread rapidly and they do not
belong in my ideal meadow,
the foreground of Botticelli's
Primavera.

If it rains more than last

turned a memorable shade of If it rains more than last orange-red: you can have it year you ought to have the

basis of a new sward by June. Logical minds might have decided to mix wild flower seeds into the grass seeds and sow the two of them together. this approach has often been tried; but logic lets it down. The stronger flowers swamp the others; the grass competes with the seedlings and after one season of short-lived pop-ples, cornflowers and ox-eye daisies, you end up in the next year with ox-eye daisies and nothing else. Your meadow is no better than the banks of the M25. It is possible to poison strips in a bigger area and then sow wild flowers into these patches only. The young seed-lings need careful attention in the first nine months and if possible, I would avoid the

method.

The best course is to sow the wild flowers somewhere else, in boxes or in lines in a kitchen garden. Space the developed plants widely through the meadow and leave them to get on with it: if they are going to persist, they will seed themselves anyway without your help. If you raise established plants yourself, they are much cheaper than bulk sowings of cowsing, harebells or ladies smock directly into turf.

Timing is rather important. The seed of many native wild

flowers does not stay fresh for very long. Many plants germi-nate more freely if the seed is bought and sown as soon as possible after harvesting in early summer. A major wild seed supplier ought to ensure that you have a fresh crop: one of the most experienced is laby (Chambers 15 Westleigh Road, Barton Seagrave, Ketter-

ing, Northants.

Another possibility is to go out and collect your own. In greenspeak, "a phone call to the local nature conservation. society will almost certainly lead you to an exciting meadow somewhere in your meadow somewhere in your locality, soon to be destroyed, and therefore ideal as a small nugget of meadow-history." You might, perhaps, be lucky. Serious meadow-planters are advised to read older hands' recommendations. There are two important lectures in the Journal of the Royal Horticultural Society for June and July

tural Society for June and July 1976 by one of our most experienced meadow-owners, Christo-pher Lloyd, who has managed a famous meadow-garden at Great Dixter for many years.

I would add a point which he probably made, but which I learnt the hard way in a meadow which went the opposite way in 1976 and became a long-grass jungle. Wild flowers flourish when the soil is poor

and the grass, therefore, is not too lush. Never manure your soil and if possible, remove the grass-mowings so as not to encourage the coarse varieties

ones, will roll.

I blame my first failure partly on rotary mowing, which left the cut grass to decompose and pep up the meadow grass underneath it. The right procedure was fol-lowed in the National Trust garden at Sizergh Castle in Combria. Here, a long mead-ow-bank starts to flower with wild daffodils, goes over to primroses, double ladies smock and purple orchids, then to meadow geraniums and finally to betony. The soil is fairly poor above the local limestone and so far as I know, the mowing is left until late July. (Short, starved grass will behave itself until then). Importantly, the grass-mow-ings are always carted away to a separate heap.

You see, I hope, what is meant by the au pair analogy: forward planning, vigilance and a careful interplay of nursery and natural world. People who think that they just throw some seeds into turf and raise their husband's blades a few inches at swelvereds may and inches at weekends may end up with more white daisies and many more plantains. They will not recapture the mead-ows they have lost if you want one, start now, armed with a bottle of poison in order to help nature to return with a smiling face.

Robin Lane Fox

Country Note

Forest farms

T WOULD have been diffi-cult, until recently, to find in the farming press any mention of forestry, except just occasionally in the context of it being an undestrable competi-tor for hill grazing land. Now it is unusual to find a farming journal that does not have something positive to say about tree planting and its merits as a neat solution to the alternative land use problem. Hardwood trees maturing in,

Hardwood trees maturing in, say, 120 years, and conifers under a short rotation regime of, say, 50 years (if the planting of conifers will be permitted) may seem like a joke in bad taste to a man whose whole way of life has been geared to a seasonal profit. seasonal profit. Of course, the ministry men

are on to a winner. They know that the public, more particularly the ubiquitous conservation and leisure element, is nothing if not soft on trees -provided, of course, that they are hardwoods. Convince the farmer that he is doing a public service by planting trees, offer him an attractive payment, and the battle is won.
Or is it? Where do all parties

stand if the trees are decimated by grey squirrels after 20 years? Does the farmer then receive a payment to compensate him and, perhaps, a third his replanting costs? I suspect no-one is thinking 20 years

ahead, let alone 120.

The Farm Woodland Scheme started in October 1988. The Ministry of Agriculture has given the scheme maximum publicity in the farming community, but it has met with limited response. Ministry figures for the first year show that the scheme attracted 1.300

from the point of view of the public, and that of the environ-mentalist, tree planting is much to be preferred to a setthe primary aim of state

subsidised tree growing.

The Globe: to dig or not to dig

Archaeology

THE SECOND act is opening in the drama of the Globe Theatre in Southwark, south London, the newly-discovered site of Shakespeare's Wooden O, built in 1599 and rebuilt that is the question.

Is it nobler to uncover all

that survives of the place where the great plays were performed, or should it stay buried and wait for another generation? The decision lies with the owners, Hanson Properties, and with the Department of the Environment and English

Heritage, since the Globe is now a scheduled ancient The trials Hanson arranged last year and which the Museum of London carried out found the northwest edge

of the theatre. The rest of the building seems to run under Southwark Bridge Road and Anchor Terrace, a Grade II listed building (1837). Finding the terrace, yet the Shakespeare Globe Trust sees the potential results as so important that it has stopped work on its new Globe so as to include the findings from

to include the findings from the original theatre in the design of its replica.

English Heritage recently put the case against more digging. Writing in its Conservation Bulletin, Steven Brindle and Roger Thomas said that sacrificing Anchor Terrace would be

Terrace would be "indefensible," and that a full dig is not needed when the remains are safely buried. If uncovered, they would be hard

These would be stron arguments, were it not that it is the Globe at the centre of the debate. Is Anchor Terrace really worth more than finding out the conditions for playing Hamlet and Henry V? The evidence will be the scrappy details the archaeologists observe in the mud of Southwark. But in 50 years, or when the site is next redeveloped, they may have better techniques to recover flimsy evidence, and that

could be worth waiting for.
Hanson has a difficult
decision about what to
propose, weighting an existing
building against results that
are still uncertain. What is more in the national interest now and in the long term? What makes business sense?

To help clarify the problem there has been a survey with sub-soil radar to try to detect structures without digging them. But results so far are inconclusive, because other buildings and pipes clutter any signals from the Globe. The only thing left before deciding about a full dig is

to make tests below the cellars of Anchor Terrace. Is anything actually there? It may be nothing, or it may have been removed by later building. If so, there is little need for the full dig. But if the Globe does continue below the cellars, the case for a full dig is strong. Either way, all parties will have at their disposal the best information to help make up their minds.

Gerald Cadogan

The advantages of early spring

advance into spring. Many gar-dens have been severely dam-aged by gales and the total loss of trees probably exceeds that of 1987. Yet growth in many experience warns me that, by the end of May, most growth will be near to normal. Our memories of the weather are short and we are constantly astonished that it is not pursuplaces is now exceptionally advanced. In my own garden in East Sussex, camellias, magno-lias and many other flowering shrubs and trees are as much as a month ahead.

In my garden, grass never stopped growing completely during the winter and, with the surface so wet, it has been impossible to keep lawns tidy.

Woode bears been equally hard ing the expected course. This is one of the penalties we pay for living on the north western edge of Europe where there are frequent and often rapid fluctu-ations between Atlantic and Weeds have been equally hard Continental weather. It enables us to grow, though not always permanently, an exceptional variety of plants but it often deludes us into believing that to control, nor have I ever succeeded in completing my fruit tree pruning, partly because the wind has so often been too violent to allow me to feel safe we can do better than is actually possible. The particular danger at the

on a ladder.

Yet these, I hope, are diffi-culties of the past. What puz-zles me now is how best to care moment is to attempt to replant too soon. The garden centres, having lost heavily in the storms, are being sensibly canny about re-stocking and some of my own impatience to fill gaps has been checked by leak of appeliable plants. I know for all the forward growth on trees, shrubs and herbaceous plants and whether I should try to gain any advantage from the earliness of the season. lack of available plants. I know that this is just as well, yet I worry that, by the time the plants do arrive, it will be too first, I have concluded that it would be unwise to do so. All late for them to get properly established this year. It is not just the fact of time that boththat plants that hang around for too long without making new growths are often stuck

RAVENINGHAM GARDENS Specialising in warlegated plants and strubts including rave spender. Many varieties of Expleratio, Clematic, Aga-punitus, Palmonaria, Snowdcops, Hostat, Roses and many others. Can-dens, Neuery & Pinnt Centre. List 60p (groups): Full densits & Opening States.



spring, to do it well. That means starting with plants that are in first class condition, well rooted but not containerbound, eager to grow, yet not so loaded with young growth that they must have been in shelter for most of the winter, and so will be ill prepared to cope with the much harsher

conditions outside.

It is all much simpler if one can get to the nurseries that actually produce the plants and do not simply retail them. Yet for most gardeners this is impossible and a garden centre is the convenient source of

supply.

How is one therefore to distinguish a good plant from a bad? Clearly it should not look stunted or have corny coloured leaves, but nor should it So the first advice I would leaves, but nor should it pass on is to make a special appear much more forward in affort when planting this growth than plants of similar

kind that are already well established outdoors. An even subtler problem An even subtler problem concerns the sowing of seed both outdoors and in green-bouses, frames, and other covered places. In the garden, vast numbers of self-sown seed, some of weeds, some of cultivated plants, have already garminated. I am hocing out seedlings of honesty and sweet alyssum by the thousand and I dareasy if I sowed seeds of less wheet plants many of them robust plants many of them would also germinate, but would the seedlings thrive? A

few, maybe. It is wise to delay all sowings It is wise to delay all sowings of hardy plants, annuals, biennials, or perennials at least until April, except in the mildest of places. Although most of the half hardy kinds abould be sown now in greenhouses and frames, because, in general, they take longer to get from germination to flowering, I would be wary of having any of them ready for planting outdoors before the middle of May. Even then, I would listen May. Even then, I would listen

carefully to the weather fore-casters and, if they were expecting cold, I would delay planting out until June. There has been so much talks said recently about the greenhouse effect that people are becoming convinced our climate is already significantly and permanently warmer. I

What we have experienced this winter is just one of the frequent fluctuations in our cli-mate and the next one is quite likely to be back to the freezer.

that the scheme attracted 1,300 farmers, involving just over 17,000 acres of the three-year 90,000 acre target.

The financial incentive is a system of annual payments, heavily hiased in favour of broad-leaved species. For confers the annual grant of £77 per acre is receivable for 20 years. For broad-leaved dominated plantings this grant continues for 40 years.

aside" regime under which land is left unfarmed (fallow) in return for an annual handout of £80 per acre. It is possi-ble that a few farmers will be conscious of our need to plant trees for posterity, but many more will be aware of the commercial leisure advantages Today, even the Forestry Commission is inclined to be a little coy in asserting that timber production is - or should be

Michael Stourton



tree with every under — for tretning ageinst a fence or wall — all will freeze well and make excellent jam.

Two super new French dessert apple varieties that will pollinate one enother. Both relised on M.9 dwerfing rootstock — max height about 6ft.

Estimate. This deficious testing apple was first shown at a Royal Horticultural Society Show at Westminster last summin. It is early eropping having longe rounded fruits of uniform size. The skin colour is a light rad thath on a bright-yellow background. The flesh is firm and juicy and it will keep for three months in a refrigerator. The yield is heavy and the fiscour excellent.

Silvinia Present This new introduction was also

heavy and the fisuour excellent.

Jubilice. This new introduction was also shown at Westminster at the same time as Estivale. The fruits are large, rounded and of uniform size. The skin colour is bright red over most of the fruit surface. The flesh is the flevour of the wild over most of the fruit surface. The flesh is the flevour of the wild be uniformatically the state.

over most of the fruit surface. The tiesn is crisp and julicy with a pleasant refreshing flavour. It is very heavy cropping and will keep until February.

Steffia. A self-politoring sweet dessert theory raised on duerf rootstocks. Max july and refreshing taste.

Seathersy. This new hybrid ripers from mid-buly for a period of several weeks. The

height 12ft. The colour of the fruit is dark red and the fishour excellent.

Conference Peter. This variety of pear is partially self-self-le. It has a very juicy and of excellent fishour. KenMuik

Telephons your order on (0255) 230191, or write to: KEN MUIR. (Dapt FTIO). Hosteypot Farm. Rectory Road. Weeley Keeth, Claston-on-see, Essex C016 38J

O SURVIVE and prosper, restaurants need a combi-nation of ingredients: a sizeable population with a reasonable disposable income and an inclination to spend it in public places, a surrounding area which can supply some of the necessary produce, and a few individuals dedicated to their restaurants. Not all cities can be as fortunate as Lyons, Milan or Barcelona, but there is no doubt that until recently Manchester

has been more unlucky than most. A recent trip back to my home town has left me in no doubt that gastronomically, things are better -but that the improvements have happened slowly. In Piccadilly Sta-tion there is now a shop selling a variety of fresh coffee beans, good espresso and cappucino that would not look out of place in continental Europe. Two minutes out of the station and you can dine on curry and chips, or, for 10p, extra curry, chips and peas.

Manchester differs from other blg cities in many respects, but one in particular has had dramatic effects on the fortunes of its restaurants: very few people live in the city centre. As the centre has been redevel-oped since the early 1970's, very high rents and rates have forced many restaurants into the suburbs in pursuit of their clientels

To the south and into the wealthier suburbs on the Cheshire border, there is the Moss Nook (061-487-4778), one mile from Ringway Airport, and at Knutsford, La Belle Epoque (0565-3060) open dinner only Monday to Saturday. To the north, at Birtle, there is the Normandia (051-764-3080) and at Remelottom die (061-764-3969) and at Ramsbottom the Village Restaurant, which offers a very personal service to its maxi-mum 16 diners at 8.30 pm Wednes-

day to Saturday (970-682-5070).
While the suburbs prospered, the city centre suffered, having only a lunchtime trade to survive on. Prices at the French restaurant in the Midland Hotel were as high as any in London's West End but as they con-

PECIAL meals can be fun, but the

thought of giving a dinner party sometimes fills the cook with dread.

Indeed, if entertaining is to prove more pleasure than drudge, the cook's work load must be restrained sensibly.

At moments like these – when time, energy and inspiration may be at a low

ebb - any attempt at creative cookery is best abandoned in favour of the simple

solution. That means turning to trusty stand-bys: recipes so familiar they could almost be done while sleep-walking, and/ or by enlisting outside help in the form of foods that can be served as bought or with

the minimum of titivation. I have a trio of

pet main courses for these occasions.

The first of these tried and true favour-

ites is baked sea trout. Just wrap a fine

fish weighing, say, 3% lb in a buttered foil parcel with sea salt, pepper, slices of lemon and a few herbs, and slip into a moderate oven for about 50 minutes.

I let the unopened package rest for a few minutes, then replace the limp lemon slices and herbs with fresh ones and serve

the fish with Hollandaise sauce, which can

be made ahead and reheated in a bain-marie. What could be easier?

Very small new potatoes can be cooked en papillote at the same time as the trout.

choice of accompaniment — is a crusty loaf of bread warmed in the oven while the

such as mangetout or cucumber can, of course, be steamed or turned in butter

during the time it takes to clear the first

course and to bring on the main dish; but when the aim is to make entertaining

really easy on myself, I rely invariably on a salad to provide our vitamin intake.

a saish to provide our viriamm intake.

Another agreeably easy main course recipe that has earned my gratitude many times is quall in a bed of grapes. For effortless entertaining, I allow two quail

and 4 oz grapes (muscatel when in season)

a person, plus haif a bunch of watercress

each to garnish and plenty of crusty hot

bread for mopping up thejuices.

All you do is melt some butter in a

shallow casserole or baking dish large enough to hold the birds in a single layer,

turn the quall in it, arrange them breast down, season, cover and cook at 375-400 F/ 190-200 C (gas mark 5-6) for 35-40 minutes.

Then, turn the birds and scatter the halved and seeded grapes over them,

Reduce oven temperature a little and

er still – which makes it my preferred

More than just curry and chips

Nicholas Lander on the improving standards of Manchester's restaurants

tinued to rise they put off even their most loyal followers. The Midland, formerly a flagship of British Transport Hotels, has recently reopened as a Holiday Inn

In the late 1960's, one of the first Mario and Franco's introduced goodish Italian food, soon copied by Isola Bella. However, competition sadly brought only falling standards and by the mid 1970's it seemed as though there was one enormous kitchen under Albert Square in the

Cookery

The lazy

way to

entertain

return the dish to the oven for about 15 minutes more so the grapes heat through and the birds complete cooking. The only

thing to remember is to organise your timetable so that you add the grapes to the pot just before you serve the first course. That way, the quail will be ready to eat when you are ready to eat them.

The third pet main course in my foolproof repertorie is lamb with leatilis.

I stud the lamb with slivers of garlic and toasted and bruised coriander seeds, rub the fat and skin (but not the flesh, of

course) with sait and roast it in the usual

way, on a rack, with a fierce initial blast of heat before finishing it more gently. Using a whole leg weighing 45 lb, and aiming for juicy and faintly pink meat, I allow about

Just before we eat the first course, the joint is put to rest where it is carved later — on a bed of little green lentils that have

been simmered with a flavouring of orange zest - and the meaty sediment

from the roasting pan (minus most of the

juices that run from the lamb when it is

carved to sauce the lentils deliciously.

Once again, bread is the only accompani-

ment needed but, if I can allocate a little preparation time ahead of the dinner

party, I might make a garlic cream sauce

as advocated by fellow food writer Lynda

This sauce is made by blanching and peeling two or three whole heads of garlic,

then simmering them in a little thin cream

until so soft that they dissolve to a pureé when crushed with a fork. The main

course represents my big effort for the evening. I might, as I've said, follow it with a salad. Then there will be cheese —

The pan scrapings mingle with the

fat) is poured over it.

centre of Manchester churning out bad Italian food which was then sold through about 50 different outlets in the city. The safest place to go and eat a business lunch was then, as it is today, at Sam's Chop House in Chapel Walk (061-834-8717), but fortu-nately there is now the Brasserie St Pierre (061-228-0231) as well.

The first significant improve in Manchester's restaurants took. place in the early 1970's with the spread of the Steak and Kebah houses. Started in Lancaster by Keith Wormleighton and Tony Puz-ylo, they offered good quality, fresh food cooked with an awarene what was happening on the Conti-pent, and at reasonable prices.

After their original restaurant in Didsbury there were soon branches in Prestbury, Bowdon, Bury and the



Picture: Mike Arron Good food at reasonable prices: Patrick Hannity, right, joint owner of the Lime Tree, with head chef, Jon Holmes

two or three fine cheeses with good bread, or biscuits like Miller Damsel Wheat

Wafers or Paterson's Oatcakes, and a jug

of celery if no salad was served.

I regard pudding as an optional extra.

Fresh fruit in season, or a few sweetmeats to go with the coffee (some turron brought back from Spain, luscious crystallised

greengages, top-quality chocolates, or amaretti or other little biscuits) are often treat enough. But if the occasion called for

something a little more formal, and I had the good fortune to live near a shop selling

really good patisserie (such as Les Special-ities St Quentin in London's Brompton Cross), I would probably buy one of its delectable and gleaming fruit tarts.

Some people may be shocked by me sug-gesting this, but it is high time we learned

to overcome our prejudice against good shop-bought patisserie. In France, no one thinks any the less of a cook who goes out

and buys it.

There is, alas, no good patisserie where I live so, if the occasion calls for dessert rather than sweetmeats and I have to rely on my own cooking, I will probably choose to make syllabub, one of the easiest (and surely the prettiest) of creamy little confections with which to round off dinner:

Never operates to round off dinner:

Never onerous to make, I discovered several years ago that they can be

whipped-up in the twinkling of an eye if icing sugar is used instead of the usual

the cream can be beaten into the sweet

ened wine and citrus fuices immediately.

Once this amalgamation is complete, a syl-

labub is ready to eat.
If I have time, I might replace the sylla-

buls with (depending on season) petits puts de chocolai, raspherry brulees or turinois. All need time to set but none involves more than 10 minutes' work for

For those who eschew creamy desserts

for reasons of health or taste, I cannot think of anything simpler or nicer than apple snow: 3 lb of Bramleys cooked in

two tablespoons of water, pureed, sweet-ened with a scant 3 oz of sugar and light-ened with three stiffly-whisked egg whites

to make a foaming mixture that is just right for filling eight small glasses. That leaves the first course, a subject to which I shall devote this column next

r. The form

the cook.

occasionally even customers when the students' parents came to visit Like all good restaurateurs they spawned good offspring. Robert Williams and Patrick Hannity had been working at the Steak and Kebah in Didsbury since the early 1980's. In 1986 they opened the Lime Tree in what was a bakery in Lapwing Lane (061-445-1217). Business boomed and in 1988 they added a conservatory which doubled the number of covers to 80, in the interim opening the slightly cheaper Lime Tree Cafe in Busholme (061-227-7108). Dinner at the Lime Tree early last

month showed just why they have been so successful. The dining rooms are light, the decoration clean and simple; the service is friendly and the cooking full of flavour. And to convince any doubting Mancunians, prices are reasonable - about £15 per head for three courses. Both main courses were well executed, a breast of pheasant served pink with a mousse made from the pheasant leg, herbs and port, and calves liver grilled with a creamy onion sauce.
Desserts are good (this is very important in the North) and we drank a lively Corbières Chateau
Lastours 1986, for £9.25.
While the Steak and Kebab houses

while the Steak and Kebab houses were pleasing their clientele in the early 1970's, there was a significant change for the better, gastronomically, in the city centre. As the textile warehouses, which had been a mainstay of Manchester's prosperity, lost their raison d'etre their premises around George and Faulkner Street were taken over by Chinese restaurateurs. The original restaurateurs. restaurateurs., The original restaurants, the Yang Sing and Woo Sang (061-236-4353), offered good food at very keen prices, and the excitement of cooking from another culture.

This whole area is now a small Chinatown — Manchester's Chinese community is the second biggest in the country — and there is a huge Chinese supermarket, W.H. Lung, in Brunswick Street. The Yang Sing (061-236-2200) has outgrown its original premises and moved to larger ones at 34 Princess Street, but there is still the Little Yang Sing at 17 George Street, (061-228-7722) and another four Chinese restaurants in George Street alone.

Eight months ago their ranks were joined by the Quan Ju De at 44 Prin-cess Street (061-236-5236) which boasts that its mother restaurant (and only other branch) is in Beijing. Aside from its food, Quan Ju De should succeed for two reasons: it is three doors away from Manchester's casino (the Chinese passion for gambling is second only to their pas-sion for esting) and, for a new Chi-nese restaurant, the decor is not at

all bad. Only one word of warning they do play modern Chinese music continuously, to me the equivalent of the Chinese water torture.

Quan Ju De naturally offers Beijing food but it does so in a way many other restaurants could copy. Because this particular region's many other restaurants could copy. Because this particular region's cooking is less hot and spicy than many others from China, the cooking has to be carried out swiftly and with a light, clean touch. This it managed to achieve with the dishes we ate and to offer them at lunchtime at a staggering price. Their set price lunch, with a choice from four starters and four main courses, including a vegetarian main course, was a thumping £3.80!

There has been a significant improvement in the quality of the food offered in the restaurants in and around Manchester over the past 10 years. It may not rival Milan,

past 10 years. It may not rival Milan, Lyons or Barcelona in gastronomy, but should Manchester's bid to host the 1996 Olympics prove successful the athletes will no longer have to worry about fitting a diet based on curry, chips and peas into their

Food for Thought Farm cheese, please

BRITAIN'S cheesemakers an in sanguine mood - or so at least is the newly-founded Specialist Cheesemakers' Association which met at Wembley Conference Centre in north London, last week. The association was set up last year to protect farmhouse cheesemakers in the wake of the listeria crisis. Particular importance was given to hygiene standards — some members are committed to using raw milk - and the need to ensure perfect cleanliness beginning with animal feed and going right through to sale A few months ago

cheesemakers suffered another scare when a government consultative document recommended that retailers store hard cheeses at a maximum temperature of 8 'C and soft cheeses at 5°C. At these temperatures cheeses cannot ripen. Unofficial reports suggest the government may relax the legislation by deeming that cheeses are not "made" until they are ripe. This would allow retailers to store cheeses at whatever

temperature they wanted.
After the cheesemakers'
meeting I wandered into the
neighbouring hall to see what
the London Food Exhibition had to offer. Foods from Spain had laid on an exciting tasting of Spanish clive oils: commercial brands and "DOs"

the Spanish equivalent of the French appellation controles system which is applied to wines, cheeses, oils, hams, asparagus, rice and pimentoes. The oils are tasted by "nosing" them in a glass, as at a wine-tasting, and then by dipping a piece of bread in the oil and eating it.

The Spanish are wonderfully strict about their DOs, the first oil, from Sutrana, I learnt could only be made from three varieties of olive: the Varieties of three tas Arbequina, the Rojal and the Morrot. It had a pleasant, smoky fruitiness. Nunez de Prado (Brindisa, tel: 01-376 5709) had a big appley scent and was immensely fruity. The Signey de Seguer (no eller Sierra de Segura (no olive varisties given) was partly made from free run or "lagrimal" (tears) juice. Unfiltered, it was slightly

cloudy, with a firm apple nose and a big, fruity peopery finish. The Verge de Borges from Borjas Blancas south of Lerida was deuse and buttery. Sermanor, from the same firm of Agroles, was buttery again, but sharper and more peppery than its stable mate.

and plans are afoot to sell duck

soup, made, one presumes, from what's left over after the

originally from a village called Alderton in Essex, where a

Colonel Dickinson devised a method of roasting ham under

a thick coating of marmalade.

The recipe was acquired by a family called Craven-Smith

Milnes, of Winkburn Hall, Newark, Nottinghamshire (mail order to The Country

Victualler, tel: 0636 86465). They now sell the hams and

of Sloane Street, London, and

After my stint in the shires,

I returned to Spain for a che

other products to Harrods, Fortnum and Mason, Partridge

the J.T. Davy wine bars.

tasting organised by the Instituto Nacional de

Denominaciones de Origen (the body responsible for

my hand and then around

came the cheeses: a young

Manchego — Castillian cheddar — made from ewes'

milk in La Mancha; Roncal

cheese which resembles the

French Basque Etorki from

shepherd's cheese made in

the rubbery Pido and the

small moulds in the Asturias:

ferociously powerful Picon from Liebana, made from any milk which comes to hand and,

lastly, Asturian Cabrales: old

Madeira. One cannot help

hope the Specialist Cheesemakers' Association

will be able to do the same

thing for us.

stilton with the bite of vintage

admiring the way the Spanish keep their house in order. Let's

Giles MacDonogh

the northern side of the

Pyrenees; Mahon from Menorca, bland and creamy, smoked Idiazabal, a classic

the hard, mountain, ewes' milk

operating the DOs). A welcome glass of Rioja was pressed into

breast removal and the

Alderton Ham comes

sausage making.

From Spain I travelled to Somerset. Taste of Somerset is one of 17 British food marketing bodies set up under the umbrella of the Foods from Britain organisation. Taste of Somerset had a marked obsession with ducks, so much so that I began to wonder if there was not a superfluity in the county. The ducks are put to good use, anyway: there was excellent smoked duck breast, fresh or smoked duck sausages (from Harrods, £3.00 Ib unsmoked £3.10 smoked)

Clerc-Milon: rather hard and ungrateful all the way through as not unexpected in this mod-erate, variable vintage. Mouton-Baronne-Philippe: medium colour, a good aroma, somewhat austere flavour, but more drinkable than the Clerc-

and rather dull.

Mouton-Baronne-Philippe: a
better balanced wine, with
agreeable colour, bouquet and

Mouton-Rothschild: not great

Clerc-Milon: big colour, rich nose, full-flavoured wine, con-

Mouton Rothschild: very big colour, lovely concentrated bouquet, and rich, almost porty flavour. All that one looks for in a 1982 first-growth.

Clerc-Milon (château tasting

colour for a Paulillac of this easy-to-drink wine but less fullness and distinction than

Wine

Clarets with class: a tasting to remember

ASTINGS TO which wine writers are invited are usually concerned either with young wines that importers, agents or foreign wine companies wish to intro-duce to the trade, or those of retailers who plan publicity for at least a selection of their sea-

Of the first type the availability and whereabouts are normally unknown and the VAT-inclusive prices can only be guessed. The second kind of tasting may include older wines that are easier to assess; but because few firms can

afford to hold expensive stock for long they are unlikely to open much *cru-classé* claret or grand-cru burgundy. This latter fact made a recent tasting at London Avery's of Bristol particularly interesting. It was drawn not from the company's list, but

represented the wines of firms for which it is UK agent, among them Boizel cham-pagne, the Marquis de Goulaine's Muscadet, Remoissenet of Beaume and a range of New World wines, including Nobilo of New Zealand and Freemark Abbey of the Napa Valley, California; in all more than 70 dif-ferent wines. However, there was an unusual bonne bouche in the shape of a tasting of a dozen top class 1983 and 1982 clarets. This was particularly attractive, as there is controversy as to the comparative merits of these two vintages. Clearly 1982, the year that stimulated the last Bordeaux en primeur investment boom,

is the more esteemed although some have ques-tioned whether certain wines have sufficient acidity . to ensure long life, while growers in Margaux, including Ch. Mar-gaux, Palmer and Le Prieuré-Lichine think that their 1983s are the better. However, few of these expensive bottles are yet being opened, so it was a generous gesture of Avery's to open several bottles apiece of the two vintages from Pichon-Lalande, Ducru-Beaucaillou, Palmer, Ch. Margaux, Cheval-

Blanc and Mouton-Rothschild. To my comments I have added a representative opening offer retail price per case (to which duty and VAT have later to be added), compared with broadly current prices in Ch. Pichon-Longueville

1983: With an elegant, attractive bouquet, a rather light colour and a fairly developed flavour, it did not seem to have much behind it or to suggest long life (£96, £230).

1982: Much more colour, rather closed aroma, but a much more concentrated fla-vour. Less ready but more promising (£108; £350). Ch. Ducru-Beancaillou:

1983: A light wine with a pleasant but not outstanding bouquet, rather lacking in body and short on the palate. Disappointing for so distinguished a claret (£102; £160). 1982: More colour, more flavour and a much more encouraging wine for the future (£115; Ch. Palmer:

1983: More colour than the two preceding 1983s and more bouquet and flavoury character. A stylish wine (£135; £280). 1982: Good colour, closed

nose, fair body but seemed to lack fruit and life. Maybe going through a dull phase but the 1963 superior now (£115; £230). Ch. Margaux 1983: Good colour, fine flow-ery, distinguished bouquet and long flavour. Very well bal-

anced (£300; £420). 1982: Like the Palmer a closed-up wine, lacking the suppleness and roundness of the 1983, supporting the château's present preference for the 1983, though this could change (2240, 2560). Ch. Cheval-Blanc

1983: A lovely nose, good col-our, developed flavour, fruity and charming. Maybe almost too advanced, but currently

roup (£295; £300). 1982: Good colour, closed aroma and flavour but appears to have plenty behind it. A wine for the future (2305; £560).



Ch. Mouton-Rothschild 1983: Very good colour, as befits a leading Paulllac, fair but not very winning bouquet, and taste seemed to lack the expected fullness (and see note on Baron Philippe tasting

below). (£205; £340). 1982: Huge colour, fine but undeveloped aroma, yet on the palate some of the rich, almost suave flavour associated with a fine Mouton-Rothschild. The fine Mouton-Rothschild. The current auction price confirms the point (£305; £820).

When comparing the opening price in the UK and the auction price of each wine price inflation of 49.6 per cent and 44.4 per cent between 1983 and 1984 respectively when the wines were first offered should not be overlooked.

not be overlooked. A week earlier a trade tast-ing of the wines of the Baron Philippe de Rothschild UK

company was held in London, ranging from Mouton-Cadet red and white to Mouton-Rothschild from 1987 back to 1981, and most of the same vin-tages of Monton-Baronne-Phi-lippe and Clerc-Milon. outon-Cadet, the world's best-selling claret, is vintage appellation contrôlée Bordeaux Rouge, and like their other

generic wines that have now spread to Paulliac, St. Emilion and Pomerol It is very much a restaurant wine and a reliable if expensive one. But I did find the 1987 red very light in col-our and still rather green, owing, doubtless, to the indifferent vintage at the low qual-try levels. If there are those who think that it has some vinous connection with Mouton-Rothschild, spart from its selection by the maitre de chai, that is not the fault of the company. Most of the Clerc-Milon and Mouton-Rothschild wines I had tasted at the château last autumn, but not the 1987 and 1986. Otherwise my notes are a combination of the two tast-

Clerc-Milon: Very strong tannic Cabernet nose and flavour, fair colour, not bad for the vin-

Mouton Baronne Philippe: fairly sweet and surprisingly fruity for the year. Mouton-Rothschild: good colour, a wine with some style that shows it class; worth looking around for by those who can afford to do so.

1986 Clerc-Mikon: huge colour, lovely full, rich if backward bouquet, but very tannic fla-your, a wine to wait for. Mouton Baronne Philippe:

big colour, fine nose and less backward than the Clerc-Milon; a good wine. our, very tannic on nose and palate. Some tasters preferred this to the 1985, and certainly it has a great deal behind it, but unlikely really to be drink-able for many years.

1985 Clerc-Milon: fine colour, typi-cal Paullac nose, Fruity taste, not over-tannic; good balance. Mouton-Baronne-Philippe: excellent full colour, rich bouquet and a long taste though it should last well, it would not be infanticide to open a bottle

Mouton-Rothschild: not a big colour, and although still young on the nose, it was more developed than the 1986, and tively quickly; a delicious

Milon. Mouton-Rothschild: very good colour for the year, an elegant bouquet; a wine of class, but lacking structure and somewhat thin.

1983 Clarc Milon: medium colour and bouquet, fairly soft in tasts, but lacking substance

colour, light bouquet, rather dull and short; at the moment disappointing.

Mouton-Baronne-Philippe: flat, and seems to lack struc-ture, perhaps an off-bottle.

1981 only). Not much colour, lacks character, rather thin. Mouton-Baronne-Philippe

(not shown). Mouton Bothschild: light in year, not much aroma, a light, expected.

> Edmund Penning-Rowsell

A NEW series of chess opening booklets called Trends provides up-to-date briefings on popular systems for tournament and match players. The latest issues include the French Win-awer (1 e4 e6 2 d4 d5 3 Nc3 Bb4), the King's Indian Samisch (1 d4 N66 2 c4 g6 3 Nc3 Bg7 4 e4 d6 5 f3), and the Sicilian Najdorf (1 e4 c5 2 Nf3 d6 3 d4 cxd4 4 Nxd4 Nf6 5 Nc3 a6) - all well-known variations that you are liable to meet anywhere from the club championship up

to Gary Kasparov. Each booklet contains general summaries of strategy (highlighting innovations) and also includes 100 recent games in full. By using the ChessBase data systems, the examples are thoroughly up-to-date -indeed, as contemporary as December 1989 — while the authors are young British international masters who are

experts on particular openings.
Two overall impressions stand out. One is the search for inventive originality in today's tournaments. Long-condemned moves are re-examined continually and sometimes brought back with a new twist.

An example is the SicIlian Najdorf (early moves above) with the follow-up 6 Bg5 e6 7 f4. Anyone who learnt Najdorf theory in the 1970s or earlier knows that Black should develop his QN at d7 or else prepare Nc6 by Qc7. The imme-

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CHESS

diate 7 ... Nc6 is a mistake because of 8 Nxc6 bxc6 9 e5. But is it? The 1989 genera tion of young Russians has found the resource 9 ... h6 10 Bh4 g5 11 fxg5 Nd5 12 Ne4 Qb6 with a fluid position devoid of clear positional landmarks.

Practitioners of 7 ... Nc6 include Boris Gelfand, the subject of last week's article, and Vassily Ivanchuk, another Russian in the top 10, so the new idea could become popular.
Another impression is that
players who long have champi-

oned a narrow opening repe-toire increasingly are vulnera-ble to prepared variations. Thus, in the French Defence Winawer (early moves above), a standard line runs 4 e5 c5 5 a3 Bxc3+ 6 bxc3 Ne7 7 Qg4 Q-Q 8 Bd3. The belief that Black can castle safely into White's attack was shattered in a few weeks when two highly-ranked grandmasters were humbled in miniature games of around 20

Black: R. Hubner. French Defence (Lugano

(Moves 1-8 as above) 8 ... Nbc6 9 Qh5 h6? 10 Bxh6! gxh6 11 Qxh6 Nf5 12 Bxf5 exf5 13 O-O-O f4 14 Nh3 Ne7 15 Ng5 Bf5 16 g4 Be4 17 Rhe1 Qb6 18

e6 Bg6 19 Rd3 Resigns. Robert Hubner is West Germany's No. 1 player; in the next game the victim is Sergey Dolmatov, winner of the recent Foreign & Colonial Hastings international.

White: G. Sax. Black: S. Dolmatov. French Defence (Clermont mate.

Ferrand 1989). (Moves 1-8 as above) 8 ... Nd7 9 Nf3 f5 10 Qh3 Nb6 11 a4 Nd7 9 NB 15 10 Qh3 Nb6 11 a4 c4 12 Be2 a5 13 Rg1 Qe5 14 g4 Nxa4 15 gxf5 Nxf5 16 Ng5 h6 17 Bh5 Qc6 18 Bg6 Ne7 19 Nh7 Nxg6 29 Nxf8 Kxf8 21 Rxg6 Qe8 22 Qg3 Resigns.

The author of French Winawer, Neil McDonald, concludes that Black's only sufficient defence is 8 ... Nhc6 9 Ob5

cient defence is 8 ... Nbc6 9 Qh5

Another victim of the new technology has been grandmas-ter Lev Polugaevsky, who long has championed his patent line of the Sicilian which he made the centrepiece of an excellent book on the art of analysis. Now, though, his favourite system is endangered - his latest game lasted only 26 moves. earlier Polugaevsky game, and it is a mystery why the knowledgeable grandmaster goes down so tamely, up to White's 22nd, everything is already in the second edition of Batsford

Chess Openings, White: F. Hellers. Black: L. Poługaevsky.

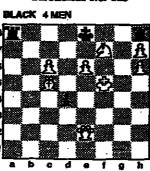
Sicilian Defence (Haninge 1 e4 c5 2 Nt3 d6 3 d4 cxd4 Nxd4 Nf6 5 Nc3 a6 6 Bg5 e6 7 f4 b5 8 e5 dxe5 9 fxe5 Qc7 10 exf6 Qe5+ 11 Be2 Qxg5 12 Qd3 Oxf6 13 Rf1 Qe5 14 Rd1 Ra7 15 Nf3 Qc7 16 Ng5 f5 17 Qd4 Qe7 18 Bh5+ g6 19 Qxh8 Qxg5 20 Bf3 Nd7 21 Rf2 Qh6 22 Rd6 Nb6 23 Re2 (but not 23 Rxb6? Oe3+) Nc4 24 Of6! The decisive coup, stopping Rf7. If now 24 ... N or Bxd6 25 Bc6+ with Rxe6+ leads to

24 ... Be7 25 Bc6+ Bd7 26 Rdxe6 Resigns.

Philippa Davenport

Trends booklets are available at £3.50 post-free from 167b Jerningham Road, London SE14. There are 21 titles in the series already so, if you play a fash-ionable opening, there is a good chance you'll find an appropriate guide.

PROBLEM No. 818



WHATE 8 MEN

White mates in two moves against any defence (by J. M. Rice). More than 3,000 solvers, a record for the competition and probably for any British class event, took part in the 11th annual Lloyds Bank solving championship. FT readers did well, nearly 50 cracking the first stage puzzle published here last summer.

The finalists had to solve problems against the clock. This was the easiest diagram set in the final, but several contestants and expert spectators still got it wrong, To test yourself under championship conditions, allow a maximum six minutes to find the answer Solution Page XXIII

Leonard Barden

هَلَةُ امنه لِأَصِ

COLLECTING

From Russia, with expectations

As London awaits two important sales, Antony Thorncroft discusses the boom in Soviet art

with Russian art and artifacts next month Both Sotheby's and Christle's are holding their most important sales ever in this field and dealers, who have been quick to exploit both the opening-up of the Soviet Union and the West's fascination with the process, are organising important exhibi-

Farm Cheese please

Few of the major items come directly from the USSR. Even directly from the USSR. Even in the early years after the 1917 revolution, the Soviet Government was in thrall to that patriotism which pervades the Russian blood and was holding on to some decidedly taxist treasures (like bejewelled Faberge imperial Easter eggs, completely alien to the ideology of the regime) while allowing non-Russian art, such as marvellous Old Masters and 18th century French silver and marvellous Old Masters and 18th century French silver and porcelain, to go West for hard currency. Although a blind eye was turned to the export of lesser thous in the post-Second World War period, it seems unlikely that the present liber-alisation will permit the out-ward flow of great Russian art. Contemporary art is a very Contemporary art is a very different matter. This enhances national prestige as well as the currency reserves. The high prices fetched for Soviet artists - culminating in the £242,000 for a work by Grisha Bruskin at Sotheby's break-through Moscow auction in 1968 - has encouraged a stream of art to

London, Paris and New York,

not all of it of great interest.
With hindsight, the wonder
of Sotheby's actually holding
an auction in Moscow encour-

aged dealers and collectors to bid-up some works beyond rea-

son. We are not yet in a posi-

tion to know who are the most

interesting or enduring con-temporary Russian artists, nor

ONDON will be awash to be certain of their price val-Russian art of any period. with Russian art and usa. But there is no such reti-Popova, Malevich and Kliun ues. But there is no such reti-cence about the Russian avant gardists working in the period from 1905 to 1925 when Stalin crushed artistic innovation under the heel of socialist realism. The work of such as Malevich. Rodchenko, Popova and Exter was among the most brilliant of its period anywhere in the world, and was starting to be collected in the West after 1960.

after 1960.

To entice buyers to Moscow in 1988, the Soviet Government included a few works by the avant-garde in the auction and a Rodchenko abstract sold for a Rodchenko abstract sold for \$230,000, then a record. It has been exceeded since and will be again in April when, by one of those happy coincidences, Sotheby's (on the 4th) and Christie's (a day later) are offering some of best Russian avant-garde pictures to surface in the West.

The Sotheby's pictures are built around 22 works from the

built around 22 works from the collection formed by George Costakis who, as a diplomat at the Canadian Embassy in Moscow in the 30 years after 1943, was placed ideally to buy major avant garde paintings for pairty sums. When he left the Soviet Union in 1977, he did a deal with the Government a deal with the Government which, in return for him presenting many of the master-pieces to the Tretiakiov Museum in Moscow, allowed him to take others to the West.

Now: 78, Costakis is selling some of his boldings (plus four

of his own paintings) and expects to make more than 25m from the sale. The key painting is Abstraction (Rup-ture), a 1920 oil by Rodehenko which was one of his last paintings before moving towards Constructivism and sculptural art. It carries a top estimate of £2m which, if secured, will set a record for

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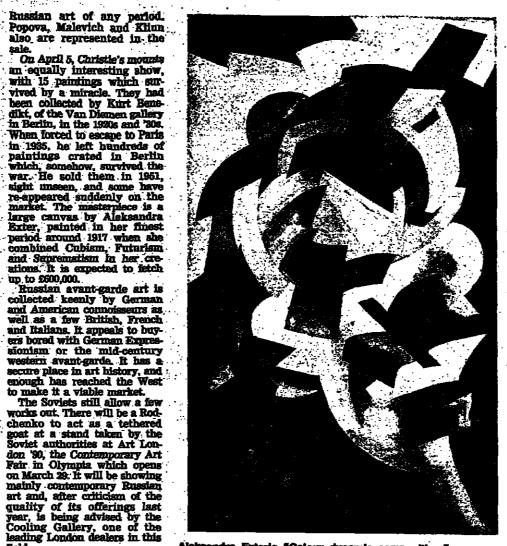
field.

Selling contemporary Soviet art at auction has proved a difficult business. Sotheby's has been remarkably reticent since its 1988 auction; and when Christie's and Phillips tried a few lots in wider sales last year, the results were not sparkling. Anyone interested in acquiring such art might be best advised to use a dealer who offers a buy-back guarantee. Finest Contemporary Aubusson Tapestries from THE world famous

tapestries available by international designer Milton Spence. Also work can be commissioned to

THE SPENCE SIUDIO starts in Braton Street on June ingrad museums.

13 in what must be one of the The concentration on paint-London. His main rival in the forms of Russian art. The out Far Eastern buyers increas national beritage.



Aleksandra Exter's "Colour dynamic composition," a canvas painted in her finest period around 1917. It could fetch up to £600,000 when auctioned at Christie's, in London, on April 5.

field is the Century Gallery in Fulham Road.

A problem with all dealers in Russian art is having the right contacts in Moscow. One com-

acquiring such art might be best advised to use a dealer who offers a buy-back guarantae.

With many of the artists unknown, and with no track record in the West, it is hard to fix sensible prices. The dealer with the most comprehensive stock of Russian art in London is Roy Miles, who threw off the avant-garde to buy figurative art of the 20th century and ear.

Miles' next big exhibition starts in Bretton Street on June and contacts in Moscow. One company, Rucha, seems to be on target. Last mouth, it brought over the president of the Soviet Academy of Arts to launch, it brought over the president of the Soviet Academy of Arts to launch, it brought over the president of the Soviet Academy of Arts to launch, it brought over the president of the Soviet Academy of Arts to launch, it brought over the president of the Soviet Academy of Arts to launch, it brought over the president of the Soviet Academy of Arts to launch it series of prints based on Sir Charles Barry's original ideas for Britain's houses of parliament, which had been in Russian beautiful to other companies for Britain's houses of parliament, which had been in Russian ideas for ISO years. Now, it is about to promote initially to other companies of lithographs by all the great avant-garde taken from original ideas for Britain's houses of parliament, which had been in Russian at the companies of lithographs by all the great avant-garde taken from original ideas for Britain's houses of parliament, which had been in Russian at the companies of lithographs by all the great avant-garde taken from original ideas for Britain's houses of parliament, which had been in Russian at the companies of lithographs by all the great art of the Soviet Academy of Arts to launch accent and the companies of prints bessed on Sir Charles Barry's original ideas for Britain's houses of parliament, which had been in Russian at the companies of lithographs by all the great art of the Britain's house of prints bessed on Sir Charles Barry's original ideas for Britain's houses of par

put of Fabergé, whose work-shop supplied the aristocracy and rich merchants with their jewels and decorative knick-knacks in the late 19th and early 20th centuries, has long been collected in the West, but

been collected in the West, but shortage of supply has dried up demand lately for his silver.

Of course, the most costly Russian works of art are the Fabergé eggs, especially the annual Easter offerings made as presents from Teat Nicholas II to his family. Britain's Queen Elizabeth owns the finest collection but it is rivalled by that of US publisher Malcolm Forbes, who lisher Malcolm Forbes, who died last month. It is expected that his heirs will maintain the buying tradition although wices have deep steem steem with

ingly keen on such richly jew-elled baubles that are so easily

Last May, the Pine Cone egg fetched a record \$3.12m at Christle's. On April 19, it is offering another one: the Bon-bonnière Easter egg, made in 1903 for the wife of a St Petersburg industrialist. A price above \$1m is expected. That most traditional of Russian col-lecting fields, ikons — still very under-priced given their artistic importance — will also feature, with auctions at Chris-

So theby's.

So strong is the fascination with all things Russian that Sotheby's is testing the market with Soviet wines: not every-day wines but 13,000 bottles from the Crimean vineyards that once belonged to the tsars. Interest will be concentrated on 1,155 bottles actually made for the royal family between the 1830s and 1917, some bearing their two-headed eagle cypher. They are certain to be very sweet if they are drinkable – but select tastings sug-

gest they have survived well.

The most fascinating item on The most fascinating item on offer at Sotheby's is a group of documents relating to the murders of the Tsar and his family at Ekaterinburg in July 1918. Shortly after they were shot, the White Russians recaptured the town and investigated what happened. It is the papers relating to this inquiry - including the discovery of a copy of a coded telgram sent to Moscow and announcing that "the entire family suffered the same fate as its head" - that are on offer. It is virtually impossible to guess their value but a top estimate of £500,000

has been placed on them.

The information has been known to scholars for years and copies of the manuscripts are in the West, but American museums are likely to be inter-ested in the real thing. There are even reports that the Soviet Government, now pre-pared to view its history in a more impartial fashion, has made enquiries about the docu-

This, indeed, is one of the oddities in the boom of Rus-siana. For, unlike virtually every other collecting field, the nationals cannot afford to buy. The Soviet Government has repatriated a few items — Turgenev's orginal manuscript of Futhers and Sons, some Pushkin letters, silver from the Orloff service — but it looks as if it will be many years before Russian citizens have the means to join western collec-



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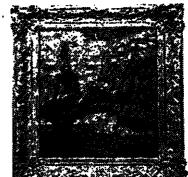
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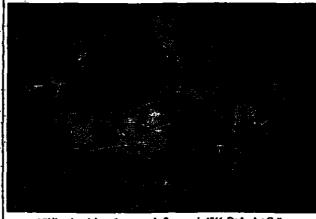


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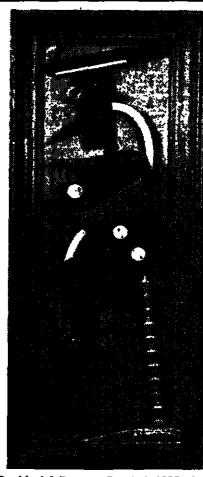
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PROPERTY



The going proves heavy for racing properties

Michael Hanson finds a depressed market in all matters equine

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was making a profit of £700,000 when sold to Leisure Invest-

ments in 1988.
With their £1m cash from that £7m sale (most of which

was paid in Leisure Investment shares at 98p, which have since fallen to a low of 17p), the Mud-

dles bought Southwell race-course in Nottinghamshire, where they installed an all-weather track that opened two

days after Lingfield's, on November 1 last year. Lingfield has stables for 97

horses, another 93 due for com-

pletion next month and plans for 100 more. One of its attrac-

tions to a purchaser is its 41 hospitality boxes, 24 of which are let on an annual basis at

£5,000 for the all-weather meetings and £10,000 for the turf

tings, producing a total of

new Malrose stand at York,

scribed at similar prices.

Plans to extend the use of Lingfield's all-weather track for trotting meetings, dressage events, horse sales and other non-racing events mean there is potentially room to improve this income from hospitality boxes. There are also plans to extend the grandstands and to meetings, producing a total of £15,000 a year per box.

Last year at Goodwood Humberts devised a tender system which resulted in the course's 41 hospitality boxes being twice over-subscribed at prices of up to £25,000 a year. The same system was used by Humberts for the letting of the 24 private hospitality boxes in the new Melrose stand at York. build a four-star conference hotel, a new golf clubhouse and a covered driving range. Given the interest of the Japa-nese in British golf courses, and the success of Chelsfield in selling 40 per cent of the sourier

Derby, on improvements to the Tattersalls grandstand and a new Club grandstand that will also be used as a conference and exhibition centre.

David Thompson, formerly of Hillsdown Holdings, is con-sidering a £50m redevelopment of Windsor racecourse as a joint venture with Argent selling 40 per cent of the equity of Wentworth for £32m, Ling-field Park could well be worth as much as £30m to the right buyer, particularly if owner-firmed last October that Robert.

ship of the racecourse is syndicated in the same way.

There is certainly plenty of money about to be pumped into racing. United Racecourses is planning to spend £15m, in time for the 1992 Derby, on improvements to the Tattersails grandstand and a new Club grandstand that will ker (01-629-7282) is confident that a sale will be arranged at a figure nearer £15m by the time trainer Barry Hill's lease runs out at the end of 1990. Sangster's company, Swet-tenham Stud, paid about £6m for Manton in 1984 in an unusual swap with John Bloomfield, who received in exchange the Kirtlington Stud

and training stables at What-combe, near Wantage, Oxford-

Since he acquired Manton, Sangster has built more than total in the four yards to 173, as well as six isolation boxes, two indoor lunging rings, an indoor canter and a circular equestrian swimming pool. Two all-weather gallops have been laid out and the old grass gallops first laid more than 100 years ago have been refurished and given semi-auto-

thought to be about £4m.

matic rrigation.

Smaller training yards and stud farms that came on the market last year have also to find buyers. Park Lane Racing Stables at Brook, near Godalming, Sur-

rey, priced at £700,000 last sumrey, priced at \$700,000 last summer, is now reduced to £625,000 by Knight Frank and Rutley (01-629-8171) and Christopher Stephenson (0635-528585). There is a five-bedroom house (once a lodge on the Uplands Park estate), 35 boxes, indoor and outdoor schools, an all-weather

canter and 15 acres.

Three Grand National winners – Sheila's Cottage (1948),
Teal (1952) and Merryman II (1960) – are among the 1,200 winning horses trained by Captain Neville Crump at Warwick. House, Middleham, North Yorkshire. However, he has still to find a buyer willing to pay £400,000 for the four-bed-room house, 49 boxes and 13.5 acres of land with fishing in the River Ure, in spite of the efforts of four agents: J H Jackson and Co (0423-323171), GA Property Services (0969-23451), and Christopher Stephenson International, in association with Knight Frank and Rutley. Willy Bechmann, the Danish

racehorse owner, is seeking 52m for his Waresley Park Stud, near Sandy, Bedford-shire. Christopher Stephenson is his agent. The house was rebuilt in the 1930s in the style of a French chateau, but its 114 acres of grounds were laid out in the 18th century by Humphry Repton. Now they include 84 boxes, an all-weather gallop

84 boxes, an all-weather gallop and 13 paddocks.

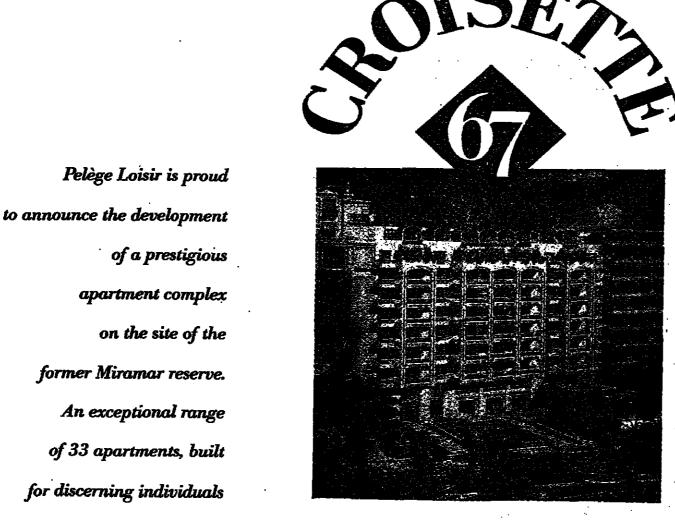
Jeremy Carlson, of the Norwich office of Savills (0603-612211) says several people are interested in the Raintree Stud at Great Witchingham, Norfolk, but they are unable to sell their own properties. Offers of £475,000 are being invited for this five-bedroom house built in 1980, together with six boxes and five paddocks in 19 acres.

National Hunt trainer Kim

National Hunt trainer Kim Bailey has dropped the price of Hill House Stables at East Ilsley, Newbury, Berkshire. Ilsley, Newbury, Berkshire.
Now agent Bernard Thorpe
and Partners is seeking
£390,000 for his six-bedroom
house, a staff bungalow, 32
boxes and an acre of land
through its London
(01-499-6353) and Stow-on-theWold (0451-30731) offices.
At West Ilsley, Major Dick
Hern will have his last season
this year before moving to

Hern will have his last season this year before moving to Farncombe Down, at Lambourn, Berkshire, for which Sheikh Hamdan Al Maktoum paid about £875,000 last year through Savills and Christopher Stephenson. Here a new trainer's house, two staff cottages a lad's hostel and 60 tages, a lad's hostel and 60 boxes are being built on the 180-acre site, which has a network of existing gallops and

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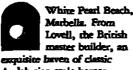
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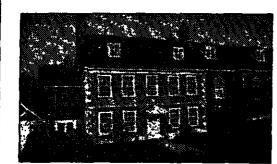
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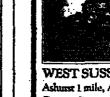
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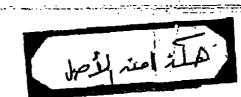
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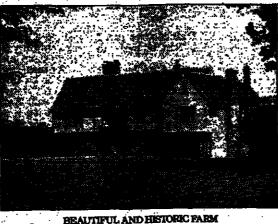
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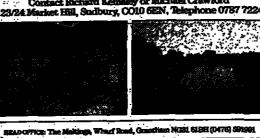
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Sir Mark Weinberg in his office

The Active Citizen

Charity begins in the office

A SUPER-SALESMAN of life insurance, Sir Mark Weinberg has lately become something of an expert in persuading captains of industry to put money back into

the community.

The South African lawyer who founded Abbey Life and Hambro Life – now named Allied Dunbar – discusses charity work not so much in humanitarian terms but rather as an efficient enterprise that every business should engage in. Money and commitment, not motivation, are the

things that matter. "It's very seldom that people go out and look for good works, or wake up in the morning and say I must do something for the community or charity", he said.

"I think many people reach a stage in their life when they are receptive to being approached. But their reactions differ, For some what counts most is respect for the person who approaches them. Or they may have an emotional soft spot. The person who feels he has been very fortunate is also susceptible to having his conscience stricken. Or it may be they just think: 'In my position I ought to be seen doing this.'

Weinberg is a co-founder of the Per Cent Club, a body of 272 companies committed to giving at least ½ per cent of their profits to charity. It is an American idea which in Britain owes its origin partly to an argument between the directors of Hambro Life nearly 20 years ago.

One of the other directors was pushing for the company to make some charitable commitment. The debate ran for months. Weinberg finally settled the matter by decreeing that 1 per cent of profits be covenanted annually. Today, he said, Allied Dunbar is still in relation to its size one of the largest three corporate donors in the country. "It started with one indi-

vidual feeling strongly."

The Per Cent Club has guidelines for its members about what counts as charity: sponsorship of spectator sports does not qualify, but a recent fitness competition for squash clubs, for example, did. The line between charity and public relations, between doing good for the community

left to companies to play fair. Chairmen and chief executives are still wield a lot of influence over the charity budget. "It used to be the chairman's wife," said Weinberg. "But now the decialon is much more sophisticated because larger sums of money are involved. The other big change is that there is a greater emphasis on personal time and involvement - secondments and so on."

The chairman of Allied Dunhar himself became involved in outside charitable work when he was invited to be honorary treasurer of the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, a charity with income of £20.4m in 1988. He gives money himself but not, he

says, out of any sense of guilt about his own success. Nor did his upbringing in a Jewish family leave him with any more than the usual quota of social obligation. Without consciously obeying the Judaic injunction to give a tithe, he nonetheless put into a trust for charitable purposes 10 per cent of his founder shareholdings in

"I don't mind what their motives are I and merely buffing up the public image of need to know what button to press to the company, is a hard one to draw. It is ture to develop a computerised personal influence them." ture to develop a computerised personal

The trusts, now disbursing capital as well as income, are today worth about £1%m. Weinberg also subscribes to the Allied Dunbar's employee donation scheme: 1 per cent, or about £1,300 a year gross, of a reduced salary.

He likes to focus on what he claims is the efficacy of non-governmental initia-tives. "I believe private individuals and businesses can make an enormous contribution towards solving social ills. It is quite disproportionate to the amount of money they put in because of the energy and commitment that they put in with it.

The amount of money you can mobilise is very small in relation to government. If we could persuade the top 1,000 companies to give I per cent of profits it would release, say, 5500m - which is less than a halfpenny on the income tax. Yet there is that multiplier effect which makes it really effective."

Christian Tyler

How the wealthy get healthy

Heather Farmbrough on the best of London's fitness clubs

HERE IS nothing to stop you doing exercises in your sitting room, walking the dog doning the car to keep fit, but none of these is likely to make you feel as pampered, relaxed or indulged as membership of one of the capital's Since the middle of the 1980s.

about 20 superior health and fitness clubs have sprung up across London. To join, it's not necessary to be fit, just wealthy. Joining fees range from about £250 to £1,500; annual membership is at least an additional £400 a year. All boast a similar range of facili-ties, although standards vary from comprehensive to excel

The most luxuriously furnished and exclusive of all the clubs I visited was Mark Birley's recently opened Bath & Racquets Club, in Brook's Mews, just off Davies Street in the West End.

Birley, better known as the owner of Annabel's night club, decided to start it when he was given the chance to buy the site of the old Bath Club. The club is small, so membership is recliners, newspapers and television is compact but comfortable. There are two immaculate maple-floored squash courts and a beautiful marbled shower and steam room.

With only 150 members at esent, and a maximum of 400, the emphasis at the Bath Club is on personal service. A resident squash professional, Aman Khan, and four professional instructors are on duty in the gym at busy times. And, the ultimate in personal ser-vice, an in-house laundry, provides a constant supply of fresh bath-robes, towels, whites and track suits, so any sports clothes with them and can keep their shoes and racquets at the club.The club has an unrivalled exclusiveness which costs £2,000 a year.

Champneys at the Meridien, deep in the bowels of the Piccadilly hotel, has tried to create a similar, gentleman's club, atmosphere, perhaps because it is open to all the hotel's guests. It has not quite succeeded. Champneys boasts a library,

restricted to men only. The dressing room, with a bar at one end, lockers at the other, feature is the square swim-ming pool with Roman arches and columns, subtle lighting and trailing plants. It is a pool in which to languish, rather than get fit.

There are dance and aerobics studios, a gym which members say is too busy at peak times, and two squash courts which are close to the humidity of the swimming pool. The changing rooms are quite small. The joining fee for individual members is £250 in addition to an annual membership of £1,100. I wonder what John Betle-man would have made of the Riverside Racquet centre in Chiswick as a suburban phenomenon. Here we are in the borough of Hounslow, overlooking the Thames and listening to the pong of tennis balls. Babies are parked in the creche while their well-groomed mothers sweat it out on the dance floor in

signer leotards. By day the car park is full of BMWs, Volvos and Peugeot 205s; by night, Porsches, Mer-cedes and a few Rollers. Applithe namny's name. If you have £720 a year to pay for your subscription and £1,250 to buy a debenture share on joining the club, Riverside has everything for you to spend it on. It boasts 20 tennis courts, 12 of which are indoor, tennis clinics, a good gym, lots of classes, spas, reflexology, a well equipped creche, playground and a car valet service.

Long overdue improvements

to the changing rooms have been completed recently and the club's disappointing cuisine is being reviewed for the umpteenth time. But the swimming pool is too small for serious swimming and a disadvan-tage is heavy rush-hour traffic on the nearby A316.

If you work in the city, are determined to get fit and don't care too much about your sur-roundings, then consider the Barbican Health and Fitness Club. The place feels like a lit-tie part of New York; it is almost as noisy inside as out. It is functional rather than plush and has an excellent jogging track round the gym which is arguably the best equipped in London. Like



everywhere else I visited, much of the equipment is com-puter controlled with an emphasis on cardio-vascular exercise. The 25-metre swimming pool is too narrow at busy times but members can book a lane and the water is refreshingly cool. Members pay a one-off \$200 joining fee and an annual fee of \$400.

■ London Health and Fit-Private clubs with gyms, squash courts, swimming pools, jacuzzis and offering

beauty treatments. Most cost £400 a year or more.

■ CENTRAL LONDON

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Metropolitan Club West End, 27-23 Kingly St, W1. Tel:01-734-

The Peak Hyatt Carlton Tower 2 Cadogan Place, SWIX 9PY.

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opens shortly) Slim Jim's, I Finsbury Ave, EC2. Tel:01-247-9982 (no pool) ■ NORTH

The Club at Hendon, 1A Hall Lane, NW4. Tel: 01-203-4249. Ragdale Health Club, 81 Belsize Park Gardens, Tel:01-722-8220 ■ Indoor tennis clubs with "health club" facilities: David Lloyd Slazenger Racquet Club Southall Lane, Hounslow. Tel: 01-848-7556

Surrey Tennis & Country Club, Hannibal Way, Croydon. Tel: Bath and Racquets Club, 49 Brook's Mews, Davies St, Wl. Tel:01-499-9044 A number of private clubs also offer sports and health facilities like the RAC club, Pall

For further information, see Time Out Sport Health & Fitness in London 1989 published by Time Out (01-430-1921) £4.95.

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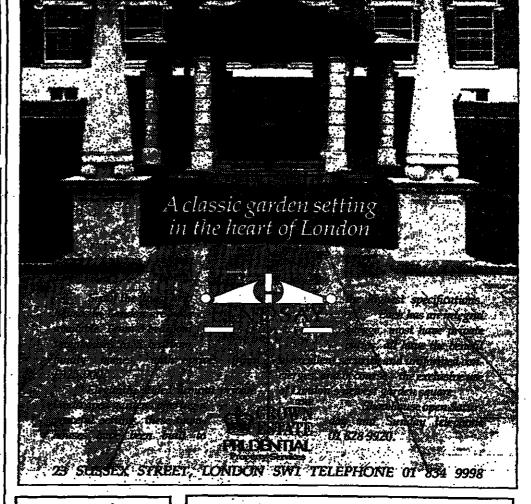
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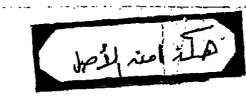
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LONDON RENTALS





offensive television viewing, nothing bests that smug, self-satisfied British Rail advertisement in which Rail advertisement in which sepia-tinted images of near Pullman-style luxury and a sleepy Leon Redbone backing track are employed to suggest that travelling by InterCity is in some way pleasurable.

As a beguiling fantasy notion of what InterCity should be like, it is a triumph:

should be like, it is a triumph but for those of us who associate the real world of rail travel with overcrowding, squalor, unpunctuality and stress, the advertisement is little short of

I was musing on this the other day as I slunk away from Soldier Blue, the jeans emporium in London's Kings Road after the latest in a series of unsuccessful attempts to find comfort and joy in a pair of red-tab Levi 501a. Like British Rail, Levi relied

eavily on nostalgia for its amous 1985 advertising campaign in which an Kivis-like Nick Kamen stripped off his jeans in a 1950s launderette to the tune of the old Marvin Gaye hit, I Heard It Through The Grapevine.

The advertisement was one of the most successful in history, not only catapulting 501s from obscurity into the position of Britain's best-selling denims, but simultaneously reversing the steep decline that had begun to afflict the UK leave market at the beginning eans market at the beginning of the 1960s.

But it struck me that another parallel between the 501s campaign and InterCity's is the gap between image and reality, the promotion of some-thing as desirable when its merits argue in the opposite direction.

In the case of 501s, it is probably fair to call these the ultimate, classic blue jeans. Their mate, classic blue jeans. Their origin dates back to the late 1800s when Levi Strauss, a Bavarian immigrant living in



ter's plays: for really as a waist-high overall for prospectors in the Californian gold

Strauss's jeans, however, were made for strength, not for style. Contemporary photographic evidence suggests that they did little to flatter the physique of the average Callfornian gold miner, and 100 years later, with the primitive cut unchanged, they make even fewer concessions to the shape of the 1990s fashion vic-

The wholly uncontoured torso section, for example, tends to result in a ruck of surplus denime that flaps around the hindquarters. The waist, too, is cut unusually low to note that the product a readers around the modern standards making. by modern standards, making the jeans difficult to keep in

Richard Tomkins looks in vain for comfortable, authentic jeans

place even with the help of a strong belt. And because there is an extra twist in the warp yarn and the fabric is not washed before making up, the right leg notoriously goes into a bizarre skew after the first few washes.

Some people, it is true, swear that 501s become more com-fortable over time as they mould themselves to the body: but then, you could reasonably say the same of a hair shirt. to find that the 501 cut is known within the trade, by Levi as well as its rivals, as "anti-fit." The unwearability of Levi 501s is a matter of enormous

sucker for brands. I always feel safer with the best-known product. If I buy a mackintosh, it has to be a Burberry; the vacuum cleaner is a Hoover, the tomato some is Reins, and the tomato some is Reins, and the toilet paper, Andrex.
So what's a chap to do? At thirtysomething, I don't feel I've grown out of jeans altogether. Quite spart from the fact that they're among the most practical articles of clothing invented, the 501s campaign has turned jeans ally into a stylish and ess ns gener-essential

regret to me because I'm a

part of almost every wardrobe. There are, of course, other jeans. Levi's leadership of the UK market with a 16 per cent

eye off the ball during two changes of ownership in the 1966s and now has only 9 per cent of the market. Sales, too, are strongest among the 25-85 age group and heavily biased towards the north: you don't see many Wranglers south of Watford.

wearder is an excellent jean I tried several pairs on after my latest 501s experience, and found their high waist and carefully contoured torso section put them in a different league in terms of countert.

For me, though, Wrangler – like Lee, a sister company under the ewnership of VF Corporation and still taking 6 per cent of the UK market – is still somehow associated with images of the wild west, and I feel ill at case dressed as an

The upstart newcomer to the UK scene is Pepe, which has shot from newhere to Britain's second biggest brand with an 11 per cent of the market in just a decade or so.

Pepe makes a good quality jean and sells itself on a combination of up-to-the minute styl-ing and comfortable fit. Its strongest market, though, is the 16-25 age group, and I can't help feeling I'm a little too old for the jaunty name and image.

There are countless other brands, ranging from poor quality imports found in street markets to costly designer variants. But Mark Whiteker, fashion editor of GQ magazine, tells me that although one or two labels such as Libretto and C-17 are acceptable among the style-conscious, it has to be 501s if you are really going to cut much ice. In the end I settled on a com-

red-tab Levi's, but a more con-toured, higher waisted deriva-tive of the 501 called the 518. What they lack in authenticity, they compensate for in good looks and comfort. I still admit though to a secret longing for 501s. One day, I know, I'll successible the mainess of the marketing beautiful to the

promise: I bought a pair of

Watch for that moment carefully, because of one thing you can be certain; the day I do will be the day they go out of





Styles: the bottom line

HE JEANS comeback, although led by the 501s revival, has spread throughout the 5015 revival, has spread throughout the market. Teenagers, for example, are expressing youthful rebellion by adopting the sort of billowing wide-legged denims last seen, ironically, on their parents in the late 1960s.

The difficulty for the non-501 buyer is that because many people are new trying to express some sort of individuality in the sort of jeans they wear, there has been a massive proliferation of styles. A few pointers, though, may tion of styles. A few pointers, though, may provide a path through the maze.

With Levi's, for example, the daunting array of styles is really quite straightforward. There are three ranges — red tab, ailver tab and orange tab — each available in a slim, regular, loose or superloose fit.

loose or superloose fit.

The alim fit is excruciatingly tight and looks out-of-date these days. Regular is just plain traditional, loose is in keeping with today's more relaxed style of dressing, and superloose is an extremely baggy-legged fit aimed at the younger, fashlon-led market.

The top range is the red tab. Based on the classic styling of the 501 (which is the regular fit in the range), it uses a high quality, heautifully finished 15 oz denim and retails at a whomiter £39.90 or so.

who pping £39.99 or so.

The silver tab is also a premium product,

de in an even heavier 15% oz denim and, for

tabs. These retail at about 234.99.

The orange tab — once the best-selling range, but now overtaken by the reds — is a budget range in a standard 14½ oz denim. At £29.99, it is still popular as workwear. Wrangler, too, has three distinct ranges. The

Wrangler, too, has three distinct ranges. The biggest, called authentic and retailing at around £28.99, incorporates its traditional styles characterised by that brown plastic patch on the back right-hand pocket.

The company has also jumped on the 501s bandwagon by launching a range called classics, a comfortable and good-looking premium grade jean in high quality denim and three degrees of looseness at about £38.99.

In addition, Wrangler is strong on fashion with its modern basics range retailing at about £31.99. This range includes not only some enor-

\$31.99. This range includes not only some enormously baggy parallels with a 20in leg, but—yes, seriously—a wonderful pair of flares, guaranteed to bring a tear of nostalgia to the

guaranteen to oring a tear of nostalgia to the thirtysomething eye.

Pepe has dropped its premium grade range but still offers a wide choice of styles in its traditional range at £31.99 and its forward—that is, fashion-orientated—range at £32.99.

Lee's range, meanwhile, is easier to comprehend Lee's range, meanwhile, is easier to comprehend once you know that its Rough Riders, priced at around 232.95, are a higher quality, looser-fitting product than its Riders at £27.95.

Just to confuse things again, most manufacturers make their jeans in a choice of washes ranging from off-white, through all shades of hlue, to black. The "distressed" look — hyperworn — is now out, and a fairly traditional mid-blue stonewash is the current favourite. Hot tip for the summer, though, is 501s in a newly-introduced bright white - surely the final triumph of marketing over sanity, under-mining the whole concept of the 501 as the original blue jean.

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of analog recording which produces a more textured F YOU crave the hissing and popping of a vinyl recording, do not bother looking in most Manhattan Tower Records sound than the digital recording used for CDs. But these are more than offset by the durability and convenience of CDs, of which Eldridge stores. There are very few LPs "There will come a day when admits to buying more than we will take our children to the Smithsonian Institute [in 75 last year. There's a market for LPs Washington DC] to show them what a turntable looks like but its not big enough for record companies to make a and they won't understand profit," says Edward Christbin, what it was used for," says a music business reporter for Lou Dennis, senior vice

Riektra/Atlantic (WEA), the US record industry's biggest That day is approaching fast. "By the end of 1990 there will not be any LPs in our US stores, as far as the mainstream is concerned," says Russ Solomon, president and founder of Tower Records. "We are trying to identify the areas where people are buying LPs and we will keep a few.

sident of sales at Warner president of sales at visualist Brother Records which owns

But there will be no standard items, just oddballs." WEA recently said it had; slashed about 40 per cent of its 3,700-plus catalogue of vinyl titles. Two other hig record companies, PolyGram and CBS, have also eliminated vinyl from large portions of

their catalogues. For the average record consumer, the disappearance of vinyl is perplexing. Most adults own turntables which they use, CDs are still seen by many as new-fangled and expensive. The villains, when it comes

to the death of vinyl, are the music aficionados who spend a disproportionate amount of time and money on chasing the perfect sound. "The 20 per cent who own. CD players represent about 80 per cent of our business, because they are the most active buyers," says Solomon.

If casual consumers would

unite to buy LPs, they could still save vinyl. The main problem with LPs, particularly for classical music, is that after a week you end up listening to a Concerto for Strings and Dust," says Jeff Eldridge, a New York City musician who admits to

owning more than 1,200 LPs. According to Eldridge, there are aesthetic advantages to vinyl, particularly the method

Consigned to the record books

Karen Zagor reports from New York on the death of the vinyl LP

Billboard magazine. On an ordinary Saturday in January at an average US

Tower Records store, jazz CDs outsold jazz on vinyl by a ratio of eight to one. The figures were roughly the same for pop music. Country & Western CDs outsold vinyl by 28 to one. In classical music, CD recordings outsold vinyl 1,250 to one. In classical music, where listeners tend to pay the most attention to sound quality, there are virtually no new LP issues, in popular music, there are about 3,000 active titles in cassettes, almost as many in CD, and only 500 in LP. LP sales in the US have plunged

recorded music sales in 1979 to less than 10 per cent in 1989. In 1984, the first big year for CD sales, manufacturers shipped 204.6m LPs and 5.8m CDs, according to the Recording Industry Association of America. The tables have turned since. In the first six months of 1989,

from about 58 per cent of all

97m CDs were shipped, and fewer than 18m LPs. CDs are still not cheap, but prices have come down enough to attract more customers. A new release CD at Tower Records sells for \$14.99,

compared with \$16.99 last year. The only advantage of LPs, as far as the industry is concerned, is that the bigger album covers provide a better venue for art.

The demise of the LP has yet to hit Europe, where CDs are still too expensive to attract bulk buyers, but the pause is more of a respite than a sign of survival. Indeed, the number of LPs shipped in Britain in 1989 plunged 25 per cent to 37.9m while CD shipments leapt 43 per cent in the same period.

"The LP will linger longer in Europe," says Solomon, "but it is doomed."

The prognosis is somewhat better for the short-term survival of the vinyl single. Record companies will continue to produce them until more juke boxes are built to play CD singles, says Dennis. Even in the US, the death knell

introduced by the Sharper Image, a US consumer gadgets mage, a US consumer gadger chain, alheit with a price tag of \$12,000, plus tax.
"People buy songs," says Dennis, and they are buying them on cassette tapes. Seles of cassette singles soared 500 per cent in unit terms in the

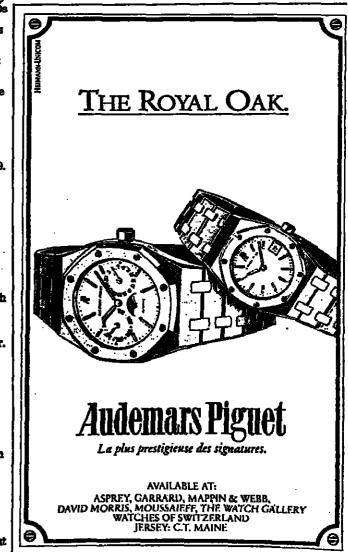
first six months of 1989, while

has already been sounded -

a CD juke box was recently

sales of vinyl disc singles dropped 60 per cent in the same period. According to Solomon, there is nothing on the horizon to challenge CDs. "DAT won't raise its head for a long, long

time and the record busines must get used to being a two-pronged industry."
Meanwhile, there are certain advantages to the CD revolution – even for the amateur music-listener. No longer do hands have to be carefully scrubbed before touching a sacred album, and it takes a certain amount of malice aforethought to scratch a CD.



A Civilised Weekend: Paris

Opera and old world charm

lised weekend? If civilisation, in this context, means somewhere of delightful things to do and see, interspersed with good food and drink, where else indeed? There are people, I know, who dislike Paris, who find its fabled harmonies of street, building and river jan-gled and forced, who resist the invitation – to which I always readily succumb - to walk and walk and walk, in almost all weathers, until the feet scream with pain and the head spins with the sights and sounds. For them, no weekend in Paris could be other than barbaric; and they have my pity.
I was there last month, for

the opera. This is not irrelevant to the matter in hand, for in a short time opera in Paris has changed from drought to flood. The controversial new Bastille opera house finally unveils its first proper production (Berlioz's epic The Trojans) this month, while the Théatre Musical de Paris at the Châtelet continues its programme of concert and staged opera, and at the Salle Favart, former home of the Opera-Comique, a new administration has put together an enticing February-July programme of "small-house" opera. Over the next few months it should become quite possible, by dint of assiduous planning, to be at the opera, and in a different Paris opera theatre, two or even three nights in a row which, for some people, could supply the perfect foundation stone for a civilised weekend.

In geographical terms, large-scale opera (Bastille and Châtelet) has moved a good few steps east and south across the map of Paris: away from the Place de l'Opéra and the world of Baron Haussmann, and across and down toward an older and (to me) infinitely more fascinating Paris. ecause, as I said, this is the great walking city, I always want to be able to make the journey between hotel and opera house on foot - for head-clearing purposes, and ideally lasting about 10 mintites either way.

I have discovered that from any of the four hotels on the lle St Louis it takes just over 10 minutes westwards to get to the Place du Châtelet, 10 minutes exactly up and eastwards to the Place de la Bastille. (To reach the Place Boieldien, home of the Opera-Comique, the formula breaks down, and sometimes the Metro becomes a more convenient alternative).

This discovery has provided me with a solid practical reason to do something which I always want to anyway: make my base the Ile St Louis, which I love with a passion that seems to be becoming obses-sional, and where I return to wander and daydream at the slightest opportunity. The experience of being there mingles recollections of Amsterdam and Venice with, of course, the unique atmosphere "old-world charm and pro-

To introduce a new Travel series, Max Loppert, the FT's chief music critic, describes a civilised weekend on the Ile St-Louis, one of the least hectic parts of Paris, which he says he loves obsessionally

vincial calm," is the Michelin definition — of one of the least hectic parts of the city.

This is the smaller and less "important" of the two islands in the Seine; in late medieval times it bore the name of the Ile aux Vâches, the place where the cows grazed and the washerwomen hung out their

Fanciful though it may be to detect it, an aura of the distant pastoral past also seems to survive. This despite the fact that in the early 17th century the process of developing the Mar-ais for the fashionable houses of the wealthy or newly-rich



Time to stand and stare: The Musée d'Orssy houses works by important artists including major works by French impressio

Marie, so that a walk on the quays of the He St Louis becomes a gentle perusal of some of the most periectly preerved Classical facades in Paris, at once domestic in scale and elegant in proportion, with cobblestones and the waters of

Try to stay at one of four hotels: the Lutèce, the Deux lles (my own favourite), the St Louis, or the Jeu de Paume, all on the main thoroughfare, the Rue St-Louis-en-l'Ile, that forms the island's spine. (But be warned: none of them, I believe, takes credit cards). And try to arrive there so as to be settled in and ready for exploration by late afternoon.

the Seine to provide the pic-

ture frame.

This is, I have found, the best time in almost all weathers to circle the island via its quays in a light that, whether bright or moist-grey, catches best the peculiar beauty of the walls and stones, and that softens the wide sweep of the surrounding river.

You begin at the upstream end, pausing to take the tip-of-the-island view of the lie de la Cité, with Nôtre Dame rearing up splendidly, and then veering the eye across to St Garvais and along the prospect of the Right Bank quays.

On your route you note the elaborate ornamented iron-

work and proud inscriptions on the facades of great hotels -Marthe Princesse Bibesco, who died in one of the Quai de Bourbon mansions in 1973, was a "fen qui brillait" in the life of Paris. At the other tip of the island is the Square Barye, a public garden which neatly sets down a resting place, and a river panorama of a different kind, halfway along the journey, though it was closed for repair work last month.

Coming back along the Rue St. Louis and The Rue

St-Louis-en-l'Ile, you find, and perhaps stop to enter, the main church of the island. The street itself is at once unexceptional

poky, with narrow pavements — and lovable, with an unusually large number of art galleries and small, inviting ea-shops. The ice-cream parlour Herbillon attracts long queues out onto the main thor-oughfare at the weekend; its wares are now sufficiently prized to be on sale at cafes and brasseries all over Paris.

The final destination, though, should be right back where you started, since this is where a branch of the Left Bank café Flore can be found: Le Flore en l'Ile, just across the way from the pedestrian bridge, the Pont St Louis, con-necting the two islands. The view from a window table and the coffee and chocolate macarooms seem, at this point, all

part of the same pleasure.

The wonderful thing about the lie St Louis is the combination of place itself and position: not only a restorative to the senses, but an easy centre from which to fan out to the surrounding areas, each of them a different world, a network of linked, distinct villages and atmospheres (in the way only Paris seems to have preserved). The first full day there is, of course, Nôtre Dame, the Sainte Chapelle, and perhaps even the Conciergerie at hand, with the Left Bank just a small walk

further on. The second - particularly if

in all the Utah ski resorts. It made mouth-watering reading. Snowhird, less than an hour away - where my companion and I had stolen an unscheduled day in superb fresh powder - had a base

THERE IS a chart at Salt Lake

City's international airport that lists current snow depths

of seven feet. Alta, next door, had the same. Park City, Deer Valley and Park West were not far behind. I felt a pany of pity for

Europeans scouting places close at hand for something Decent and safe to ski on. Yet again the general picture emed to be disaster in the Alps, triumph in the Rockies. Even New England, so often viewed by skiers as the Rockies' poor relation, was enjoying a bumper year. But is the contrast as clear-cut as it seems? Surprisingly, it is

From Salt Lake our sircraft set out for Reno, Nevada: the gateway to Lake Tahoe's 18 resorts. But so much snow had piled up on the runway that the airport was closed, and stayed closed for the best part

of two days. Like the airport, many of Tahoe's resorts had been closed during the snowstorms. Squaw Valley, scene of the 1960 Winter Olympics, had lost about \$1m in revenue. There was so much snow that on one of Squaw's back-country peaks 95 ft of snow had blown in. At the other end of the lake, Heavenly Valley was also swamped with snow. The US, you might have thought, had enough snow to last a life-time.

Not so. When we arrived at America's oldest and most elegant ski resort, Sun Valley, the Idaho sunshine was beating down and the snow cover was poor. Although it was almost luxurious by European standards, there were too many loose stones for comfort on some of the prestigious bowl runs off Bald Mountain.

(such as the Brasserie de l'île Seint-Louis, with hearty chouc-route, the tiny histro Au Gour-As we moved on, we discovered that just as California had suffered in December while Colorado had My own favourite is just across the Pont Louis Philippe: prospered, it was now Colorado's turn to suffer. We sensed that things were not as they should be when we reached Crested Butte. "The pitable, ebullient Lyonnais cook and a FFr150 three course meal. Strictly speaking, it is not part of my main theme; but snow's not too good," we were told by an otherwise cheerful bunch of Chicago skiers. who

Snowscapes shared a trestle table with us during lunch, again under a sun beating down with spring-like intensity. Indeed, the resort's most difficult trails, off the North Face and in Phoenix Bowl, were closed

In Telluride, a wonderfully picturesque old mining town that is almost enclosed by three spectacular mountain ranges, things were even worse. They were having their worst snow conditions since opening in 1973. The cost of lift tickets had been reduced by 35 per cent.

Telluride's reputation, unlike Crested Butte's, is based largely on its tough skiing. Without them, the resort is like a battleship with no guns. However, having driven 156 miles from Crested Butte to experience these routes, I was allowed the privilege of skiing them with a ski host. They were steep and exhilarating. The only reason they were closed was that the limited snow cover would soon have been destroyed by hundreds

Although conditions are now excellent, earlier this winter even the likes of Jackson Hole, Wyoming; Taos, New Mexico, and Mammoth, California three of the most exciting and testing resorts in the US - experienced what for them were somewhat marginal snow conditions. The crucial point, though, is the dividing line between a poor year, when skiing is not as good as it, might be, and a disastrous one when skiing is virtually impossible.

"Bad" snow conditions are relative. It seems that when a European resort has a bad year, the skiing can literally reach rock bottom. In the US it is rare for a "bad" year to prevent skiing. I have enjoyed spectacular skiing in almost all the 35 resorts I have visited this winter in North America. Had I been unwise enough to visit the same number of European resorts, it would have been a far different story.

Arnold Wilson's travel arrangements were made by Ski The American Dream, 1-4, Station Chambers, High Street North, London E6 LID. Tel:

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4 I have been lucky enough to drive most of the world's fastest sports cars. and *none* of them have the same overall balance of speed, comfort and refinement that this new 300ZX exhibits 🤧 Ian Kuah, World Sports Cars

The new 300ZX will arrive in the UK this spring.

it is a Sunday — should be kept for the Marais. Skip the hotel breakfast if at all possible

in order to walk down the Rue

des Ecouffes, thoroughfare of the Jewish Quarter, and savour coffee and a poppy-seed cake at Florence Finkelsz-

tain's, home of "gastronomie yiddisch." As presude to all the Hôtels worth visiting, this has

A brief word on He St Louis

restaurants - before, after, or indeed instead of the opera.

Wally, at 16 Rue le Regrattier (toward the Nôtre Dame end), has perhaps the most sophisti-cated north African food in all

of Paris; though you pay a good deal more here than you do at the usual cheap-and-

cheerful couscous house. There are several good-value places

Au Quai des Ormes, on the

Right Bank with a warmly hos

the walks there and back are.

met de l'Ile).

its own special piquancy.

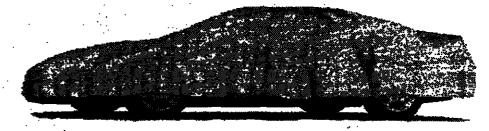
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know how. NESAN U.K. I DATED, WORTHING, SURSEX

visit to São Tomé ONEYCHANGERS
working the dolva
somehow operate
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whange rate is. Two
ter shyly outside the
man: the only place
or São Tome — 200
the west coast of
the Gulf of Guinea — tion now. No traffic frets the
potholed roads, the port's
quays are bare, the pretty pastals of the capital's gracious
civic splendour are faded and
chipped by time.
In place of the original My
cocae on the dock for enward
transmission to England, is a what an exchange rate is. Two of them lotter shyly outside the Hotel Miramar: the only place to lotter, for São Tomé — 200 miles off the west coast of Africa, in the Gulf of Guinea is a one-hotel country. Fortu-nately for all the strange souls that wash ashore in its sky lobby, the Miramar is a good hotel run by Swiss profession-

Those who like to acquaint themselves with unheard of countries will recognise in the Democratic Republic of São Tomé and Principe a prize find. My pre-trip inquiries even baffied the librarian at the Royal Geographical Society in London. Reputations fade fast: In the 16th century São Tomé's meagre coastal helt produced more sugar than anywhere in the world, and as recently as 1905 São Tomé, under the Portuguese, was shipping out a world record 23,000 toms of cocoa a year, harvested from almost-vertiginous slopes as high as 2,000 feet.

high as 2,000 feet. Output reached a peak of 50,000 tons in 1928, and the sea 50,000 tons in 1926, and the sea crossing to Portugal took 17 days. But the powerhouse of production that typified São Tomé in the last quarter of the 19th century and the start of the 20th is no more, and traces of it are disappearing. Some of the most prodigiously inxuriant jungle anywhere has seen to that. Cocoa production, hit by plummating commodity by plummeting commodity prices at awkward moments, and the prompt flight of Portu-guese plantation managers at independence in 1975, has col-

lapsed.
The trees are old, the soil's The trees are out, the sol's fertility has been drained, fungicidal treatments neglected. The astonishing fecundity of the ground that once propelled this equatorial island into commercial headlines now smothers São Tomé's jaded croplands

plands.
The island has lapsed into slumbrous obscurity. The name that early this century excited British anti-slavery demagogues into fantastical accusations of barbarous abuses, and was debated in Parliament, rouses no indigna-

Paradise regained is a

coco on the oces for onward iranamission to England, is a motley crew of cruithologists, itaders, travel writers, sociologists, economists and political scientists watching in amazement São Tomé's tentative moves towards a multi-party democratical acceptances. democracy — even a represen-tative from the BBC seeking harrowing tales. These are the people, in short, for whom São Tomě is an unrealised possibil-ity, a potential destination, a

Michael Wigan explores a one-hotel country off west Africa

fresh escapee from colonialism.

Plantation work somehow seems out of place today. When such bodies as Opec (the Organisation for Petroleum Exporting Countries), the World Bank, the African Development Fund, the EC and UN are all providing support; the incentives to hoe, plant, weed, and harvest lose their edge; or maybe that is just the way it looks. However, the extraordinary energy and determination exhibited by the Purtuguese in their 500 years of colonial rule still remain visible, and their creations still dominate São Toméan existence.

The roading that traversed

The roading that traversed The roading that traversed São Tomé's dramatic geography of deep ravines choked with vast rocks, fingers of naked basalt protruding from intense greenery, jungle-draped precipices and tumbling mountain streams, persists against all the odds. Only here and there have potholes become chasms. But on fresh soil barans trees grow immediately and the soil barans trees grow soil benana trees grow immediately; erosion has no window of opportunity in São Tomé's

In addition to the cocomuts, pineapples, bananas, pawpaws, breadfruit, jackfruit and more Togneans are surrounded by sear pulsating with fish. Their fishing, in contrast to lackadatistical agricultural practices, is distinguished by brave insouctance. The waters of the Gulf of Gulfea, notorious for flash tempests and ferocious squalls, are braved by single men in dug out canoes muscularly scheding paddles.

These fellows, who mostly cannot swim, are to be seen at diwn plying their lonesome trade on the horizon. São Tomé's marine shelf is not wide; these dogged seafarers Tomeans are surrounded by

wide; these dogged seafarers operate far outside it, rhythmically setting, drawing and rolling their nets. Boats are frequently engulfad.

quently engulfed.

A very different fisherman is plundering the sees a little further out, a fisherman from afar with technology for lifting the total burden of lish from the sea. Japanese fishing boats, servicing a colossal refrigerator mother ship, string out long lines stretching for several infles. With steel cable and V formations of hooks these sweep the water at all depths simultaneously, pulling out simultaneously, pulling out sharks, whales, dobbins, tuns, hillfish, rays, berracuda and

The long-term consequences for both game fishing and com-mercial fishing (an area São Merciai insuing (an area pay Tomé is trying to improve) will be damaging. In the absence of a single serviceable policing vessel. São Tomé's declaration vessel, São Tomé's declaration of a 200-mile fishing zone is

purely rhetorical.

Like any island state from which a governing class lass suddenly vanished, São Tomé represents an open invitation to wayfarers from many places, of many orientations. In a brief resume of the São Toméan melting pot I noted doctors from Egypt and Malaysia, a French nurse, Swiss hoteliers, British media personnel and Voluntary Service Overseas workers, a military unit from Angola and Cuban security advisers to prop up the president, Australian diving outiliters, American aid workers and a force of Filipinos drafted and a force of Filininos drafted in by the island's sugardaddy, an Indian-born German mining diamonds in Angola.

The German is the figure São Tomis would have to

invent if he had not materialised. São Tomé needs the romantics, dreamers, fugitives and globetrotters that it attracts, and the richer the better. His idea is to develop an environmentally innocuous jungle camp for the citte, naturalistically designed and cam-ouflaged into its surroundings, with individual bungalows forming a bese for visiting big smaller island, with better fish-

The camp is not on São Tomé but on Principe, a ing, lying north east and 80 miles away. Principe is the stuff dreams are made of, compelling dreams, expensive dreams. In a paradisal north-

gullies. Between the white beaches black larva once cascaded sizzling into the sea. Flame trees send orange signals from the riotous green; birds rejoice rancously at the absence of predators (human absence of predators (human population: only 5,000). During our visit our transportation alternated between cruiser, dinghy and army landing craft, and finally we sloshed our way through the red mud of the site's access road back to the sirstrip. The finished camp will be served only by sea, and a bridge will straddle a narrow strait connecting a nearby strait connecting a nearby island.

The project must succeed. Its author is only proportionally a dreamer and owns an airline. For São Tomé and Principe have emerged into a post-industrial world without having experienced an industrial one. Production under the Portuguesetask masters, of quinine, coffee, maize, manioc and many tropical plants and essences, shows no sign of being resumed on a significant scale. Cocce, the economic mainstay, very Coast and the Can At independent

ern bay framed by volup-tuously unrolling rain forest sits the absurdly pretty Portu-guese capital, laid out with the usual stately space giving dig-nity and emphasis to elegant

colonial villas. Allegedly only the ancient English clock is in working order, imperturbably keeping time where it has ceased to have an application. A beefy motorcruiser lay ready to whisk us round the island.

Aside from the capital village and an airstrip, Principe appears hardly to have been touched by man. Like São Tomé when the Portuguese strode up the beach in 1470, Principe had no indigenous people, or none remaining. The island is as God made it, like São Tomé presenting a skyline and coastline formed by volcanoes which move from one harmonious tropical cameo to

Here again, stumps of stone, barefaced or smothered in veg-etation, poke eccentrically from the tumbling hills and

The hungry pick fruit from the wild, eat fish, and snare birds

doors of the chicken house doors of the chicken houses and pig pens and letting the animals run free. A consequent swine fever attack in 1979 led to all the pigs being slaughtered. Without exercising compulsion, the Government has a problem conducting an agriculture based accounts. The hunture-based economy. The hungry São Toméan picks fruit from the wild, eats fish, and snares the island's increasingly

São Tomé and Principe are placing their bets on becoming a travel destination. Two hotels are under construction, others planned. Physically it is certainly spectacular, rolling certainly spectacular, rolling back from the shoreline in waves of rain forest, rising up and up through a succession of microclimates to a mysterious cratered summit 6000 ft shove, permanently hidden by cloud and inaccessible unless you are prepared to swing over ravines like Tarzan on dangling liamas. Unusually in west Africa it is possible to climb quickly out of the muggy heat. The Portuthe muggy heat. The Portu-guese had their villas there

Pastimes are pleasure in sim-ple things. For silviculturists the rain forest contains species from Brazil and for ornithologists there are endemic species gast there are entends species to savour. Rare turtles have an odd status — formally protected, yet sold in shell form by government officials. Beaches abound, untainted and unpec-

pled, bordered by jungle.

People watchers will have a field day, spotting the weekenders from the Mosquito Coast, West Africa-stricken consuls pensioned off but too wonky ever to go home, oleaginous traders with shifty eyes playing a waiting game for the business concessions and the next distribution of foreign aid, and the latter day Prosperos

The least worried looking are the friendly Africans. My preferred lasting image of São Tome comes from the sparsely Tome comes from the sparsely populated south side. A red tractor conveying distant singing wove into view along a pitted road. As they spled me its thronging human trailerload rose to their feet ululating tremendously, their long black arms stretching for the sky as if I had just kicked the deciding goal. ing goal.

Michael Wigan's journ

was arranged by Ecosafuris of 146 Gloucester Road, London SW1 48Z, tel: 01-570-1085. He flew with Swiss Air, changing at Libreville for São Tomé. Ecosafuris says that nine-15-day holidays in São Tomé cost around £1,250-£2,000, with various add-ons available.

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MOTORING

The new-look Jaguar that you'll probably never see

Stuart Marshall at the Geneva show finds that the traditionalists have doubts about this Italian-designed V12 for the mid-1990s

motor show is the idea from Italdesign's Giorgetto Giugiaro of how a Jaguar V12 saloon in the mid-1990s should look. It is certainly different

Instead of the deeply traditional (some might say updated 1970s') styling of the present Jaguar, Giugiaro's creation is state of the art. He calls it the Kensington.

There is a Jaguar grille but is a tiny, sloping thing between narrow, elongated head-lamps. From there, the wedge-shaped, four-door body flows aerodynamically and rather elegantly back into a boot far higher than anything Jaguar ever has contemplated.
Unlike some of the concept cars you see at European

shows, which often are little more than cardboard cut-outs of the real thing, the Kensing-ton is a runner. Its platform and mechanicals are from a Series III V12 Jaguar but the

proportions are different.
It is a few inches shorter tion higher. It has a little more overhang at the front, consid-

before you reach for your che-quebook and ask Jaguar how much deposit is required, I have to say there seems no chance that the Kensington will roll off the line at Browns Lane, Coventry. Jaguar people with whom I spoke did not exactly damn the car with faint praise but they did not go overboard for it, either.

You felt from their comments that they thought it a little arriviste. A bold effort, to be sure, but not quite what the typical Jaguar owner - with his liking for walnut veneer, Wilton carpet, Connolly leather and respect for the Great Brit-ish Traditional Motor Car —

really is looking for.

There is quite a lot in this.
The world is becoming overfull of aerodynamic and wedge-shaped executive and luxury cars but the Jaguar XJ saloon remains what it always has been - a slice of Old England. There is nothing quite like it except a Bentley and they cost serious money, putting them out of reach of most people who drive Jag-

From Jaguar, you turn natu-

erably less at the rear. But before you reach for your che-quebook and ask Jaguar how raily to its new owner, Ford, which is using Geneva to unveil a brace of 21st century mini-car concepts from its Italian styling studio, Ghia. One, called Zig, is a two-seat sports car; the other, Zag, is a leisure

> They are tiny because Ford is looking to the time when cars, whether we like it or not, will have to be smaller to fit into what space remains for us to drive them. Zig and Zag are built on the Ford Fiesta's platform, shortened by more than eight inches (20 cm) at the rear. They can use any of the present Fiesta engines and transmissions and, although looking quite different, they share a number of body panels.

Geneva's salon international de l'automobile always has its fair share of exhibits that major on eccentricity, opulence and vulgarity. There are plenty there again this year but there are signs that one of the leading eccentrics. Franco Sharro. significant. He has re-invented the wheel.

bicycle to an earth-mover - is carried directly on the inside of the rim above the tyre's footprint. The wheel itself acts as the outer part of a very largediameter ball-bearing Sbarro, a self-taught and

inspirational engineer, demonstrated the idea last year and, clearly, has done a lot of work on it since. A lot of people dismissed it then as a dotty gim-mick but they could be wrong. It would save a lot of weight allow very large brake discs to be used, and give the stylists great opportunities.

Back to the present, the Green influence at Geneva is strong. (After all, Switzerland was one of the first countries after the US to compel use of catalytic converters on car exhausts). The PSA Group is using the salon to present diesel versions of the new Citroen XM - making its first show appearance since being chosen European Car of the Year 1990

and Peugeot 605 models.

Both have the world's first Meanwhile, the day when three-valves-per-cylinder diesel engine for which exceptional It no longer turns on an axle.

The weight of the vehicle — and it can be anything from a is claimed. (I am using a Merspeed limits - grows nearer. Optimists say it will be five

journey to Geneva and will soon be trying the XM diesel, which goes on sale in Britain in a few weeks. More soon about these cars with very low carbon dioxide emissions). The Peugeot 605 diesels and petrolengined versions with automatic transmission also are making their show debut and will reach Britain early in the

there will be restrictions on West Germany's autobahnen still an oasis in a desert of

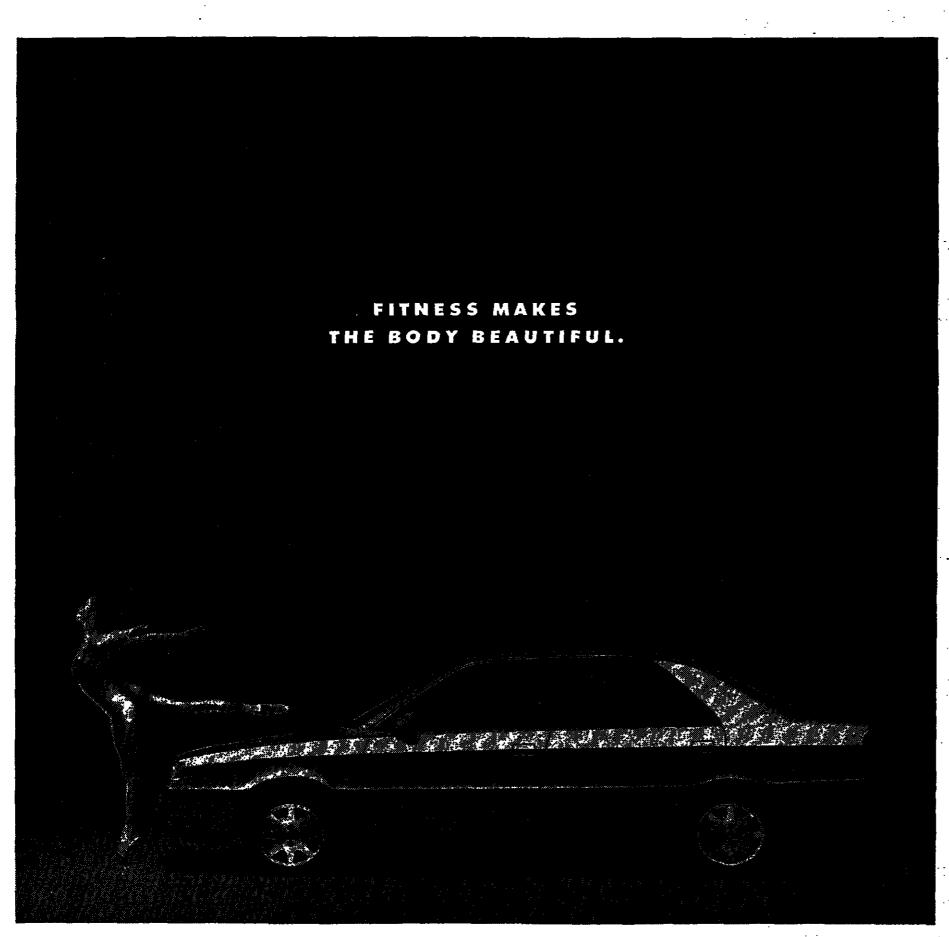
years at the most, the pessimists three years or less. But the car-makers, looking eternally on the bright side, con-tinue to bring out ever-faster

Porsche, for example, is showing a new 911 Turbo with revised body styling - and, inevitably, more power - for production at the end of this year. Its 3.3-litre, air-cooled flat six puts out 320 bhp; enough, Porsche says, for a top speed of 168 mph (270 kmh) and an 0-62 mph (100 km) acceleration time

Europeans are getting their first look at Mitsubishi's HSR

to reach 62 mph in 4.09 seconds Il prototype, which made its debut at Tokyo show last (you have to be precise about such matters) and to have a autumn. It has four-wheel top speed of about 200 mph (322 kmh). Its Pirelli P Zero radials are smaller versions of Fordrive, four-wheel steering, "fly by wire" controls and a threelitre, 24-valve V6 with twin turmula One racing tyres, adapted for use on public roads. Am I alone in finding the bo-chargers and inter-coolers. One of the production cars being developed from it, a replacement for the Starion, is

possibility of such a car being sold to anyone with a big enough bank balance both anti-social and frightening? Mercifully, many of the people who buy such costly machines treat them as toys with which to be seen in trendy places or as appreciating investments, not serious transport.



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BRIDGE

RON KLINGER'S Bridge Without Error has been re-issued by Gollancz at £5.95. This book contains many hands intermediate and advanced -that will instruct and entertain you. The very original layout highlights the errors to be

expected to reach Britain late

in the spring of 1991. The ultimate in high-speed

super-cars (or follies, depend-ing how you think) is the Lam-borghini Diablo, seen in public

for the first time at Geneva. With a 492-horsepower, 5.7-litre

V12 engine, this missile is said

We start with duplicate

AJ 1098

West dealt and passed. North opened with one club — conventional and forcing - South replied with one spade and North re-bid two no-trumps, which promised 20-plus balanced points. South said three clubs (agreeing hearts and looking for higher things), but South signed off with four

West led the diamond three, taken by dummy's ace. Declarer returned the two of hearts to his nine, East showing out, and West let this win. Now the spade eight was played, West ruffed and East dropped the two, the suit preference signal for a switch to

West led the club four. Now nothing could prevent West from gaining the lead with the heart ace, leading a club to partner's king and ruffing the spade return. One down.

At trick two South should ruff a diamond in hand, play a heart to the queen, ruff another diamond with his

knave and play another heart West scores his ace but South collects 12 tricks. tion for a hand from team play:

North dealt and, after two passes, South opened with one spade. North replied with three diamonds. A jump bid after passing shows a maximum ss, a five-card suit, and good pass, a livetary sub, the suit three-card support for the suit bid by partner. South decided to jump to four spades.

West led the spade two to
seven, eight and king. South
cashed his diamond ace and

continued with the seven to following with two and 10. West switched to the club two, the ace won, South drew trumps and made 11 tricks. West missed an inference On the ace, East dropped the two (showing an odd number of cards in the suit) and then played the 10. This, therefore,

was an unusual card, asking for a switch to the higher suit a heart, not a club. At trick four, West must lead low heart to his partner's king and East returns the two West wins and plays a third heart and this promotes a trump trick for his partner. The right message must be transmitted - but unless it is also received, it bears no fruit.

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RE THE best travel books the ones that make you want to catch a plane or boat immediately, to head (in the case of this dream book) for the mares talled skies and short-grass prairies of Montana, Wyoming, Oklahoma, the Dakotas, New Mexico and Terras? Texas?

Not particularly, because in the company of the best writers we are there already, feeling the wind, imag-ining the buffalo, crossing the head-waters of the Missouri, driving through fields of wheat and milo and sudan grass and flax and alfalfa and hearing Billy the Kid yell "Three cheers for Billy the Kid!" as he gallope down Main Street in Lincoln, New Mexico, having just shot sheriff's deputy Robert Ollinger with Ollinger's own shotgun. "Take that, you son of a bitch!" shouted Billy the Kid, shooting Ollinger with both barrels. Imag-ine it: "Three cheers for Billy the Kid!". One of my favourite books is Blue Highways by William Least Heat-Moon, an account of this mixed-blood's travels in a truck named Ghost Dancing on a long circular trip around the back roads of the US. It will go into the tomb with me along

with my impresario's coat and other

Long live Billy the Kid

Michael Thompson-Noel is transported to the Mid-West

GREAT PLAINS by Ian Frazier Paber & Faber £14.99, 201 pages

funerary items, ready to accompany me on the mysterious journey beyond And now it has a companion, for Great Plains is a memorable evoca-tion of the endless horizons of the

American interior, or at least the Mid-West.

Over several summers, Inn Frazier drove perhaps 25,000 miles on the plans, from Montana to Texas and back twice, and covered many shorter distances. He visited avery Great Plains, state deceme of mysenus. Plains state, dozens of museums, scores of historic sites and numerous cafés. When he wasn't travelling he went to libraries, read books (such as Curse Not His Curls by Robert J Ree, a ringing defence of General Custer) and studied the local newspapers.

No wonder Garrison Keillor has called Greet Plaints a "modern master-piece." For a start, Frazier is brilliant at explaining what the Great Plains are not. They aren't pretty, like Switzerland, or winsome. They do not ingratiate. They seldom photograph well – rather, are seldom photographed. Parts of them are a little bit

. As Frazier says, convincing some As Frazler says, convincing someone not to destroy a place that can seem as unvaried as a TV test pattern is a challenge. The beauty of the plains lies partly in themselves but also in the sky and in what you think when you look at it. At one point Frazier spits with venom at the hooligans in the mining industry — they are mostly hooligans in the mining industry: affable vandals, geology's goths — who would strip-mine the landscape away, thew it up, leave it like trash, create a kind of time prison, because "even after reclama-

tion,' land that has been stripped gives you no year to think about but the year when the stripping hap-If Frazier is good at explaining what the plains are not, he is devas-tatingly effective - quirky, poetic, boundlessly enthusiastic - in

explaining what they are. They are about 2,500 miles long and about 600 miles across at their widest point. They are the air shaft of the continent, where weather fronts from two continents meet. A place where spar-rowhawks sit on telephone wires, thinking of mice and flaring their tail feathers.

Where all kinds of Indians roamed: Sioux, Crows, Blackfeet, Atsinas, Crees. Cheyenne, Arapahos, Kiowa, Apache, Comanche. Where Bonnie, who on the inside of her right thigh bore a tattoo showing two hearts joined by an arrow, and Clyde, who played the saxophone and owned

sheet music and wasn't thought to be greatly interested in the inside of girls' thighs anyway, shot up the place in fine old style.

Master of his craft, Frazier spreads out the results of his research like Wyatt Earp farming cards. For example, he says that when freshly pitched, tepees (he prefers the Dakotan form, tind) were nice inside, with pitched, tepees (he prefers the Dakotan form, tipt) were nice inside, with the grass still fresh and green. It took 12 to 14 tanned buffalo hides to make an average-sized tepee, up to 50 for a big one. "As the hides aged, they became like parchment, and let more light through. At night, a tipl with a consider five inside were a copy of cooking fire inside was a cone of

There is a roll-call of people, not at all famous, who lived on the plains: Charley Burke, a coal miner, who was smothered in Billy Kirk's mine when fire took hold (his dog was smothered too); Willys Irving, town boxer, Gilbert Funkhouser: was never married and passed away in 1921; Stella Swab: homesteaded in East Fork and married a druggist; Emil Person: tall and lean, he had so many pictures of women on the walls of his claim shack that they overlapped . . . This is a wonderful book. Long live Billy the Kid indeed.

Read it with the ears!

Anthony Curtis enjoys a permissive approach to Hopkins' poetry

was timed to coincide with the centenary of Gerard Manley Hopkins's death last year, and has just been generally released it consists of a cardboard slip-case containing a video and a flexi-covered book of 186 pages. The book has a useful selection of Hopkins's poems, letters and journals. The compiler Jonathan Baylis also gives a concise account of Hopkins's life split up into its different phases: Highgate schoolboy and Oxford undergraduate; Jesuit novice; schoolmaster; parish priest in some pretty rough areas of Victorian Britain; and finally, over-worked examiner of Irish students seeking honours degrees in Latin and Greek at Dublin University. Hopkins died aged

For anyone planning a journey into Hopkins's calculatedly difficult but richly rewarding poetry, the package offers a useful survival kit. Mindful of the difficulties, Baylis imagines a computer beeping angry messages back at Hopkins: "word does not exist," "illegal punctuation," "incorrect syntax," "warning - no main verb." He repeats the advice which Hopkins himself gave Robert Bridges whose initial responses, on getting the poems through the post, were frequently as puzzled as those

44 in 1889.

of the computer, "Read it with the ears!"
In addition Baylis includes an interview with the actor Peter Gale who has been performing Hopkins on stage all over the country. The video is a version of his successful one-man show. Gale's breezy

attitude to the problem of speaking the verse before an audience is simply to jettison all the theory. Forget, he says, about sprung rhythm, just "find your own rhythm;" ignore the stress marks that Hopkins put over some of the words, "find where you think the sense is, then just go for it . . . emjoy it."

This permissive approach

house. There is a hollow sadness at the heart of this tale as we learn of the third earl atone in his pile contemplating the design of his manuscleum and passing the long days playing cards with his domestic chaplain. However, in the section entitled "Life Style," it is reassuring to read that the house, for all its grandeur, was draught free and could be kept "in perfect cleanliness" by three housewaids and a man. works well enough in practice.
Gale gets good value out of
"The Wreck of the Deutschland." We see the page in The
Times announcing the wreck
that inspired Hopkins to break
his seven year noetic silence his seven year poetic silence. Then Gale plunges into the more dramatic parts of the poem. The sister who cried, "Oh Christ come quickly."

"Oh Christ come quickly,"
emerges as a separate voice.
Gale is, however, at his best
in presenting a portrait of Hopkins before his conversion, as
an undergraduate dandy at
Balliol in the period when the
furore of the Oxford Movement
had receded into recent history
but when conversions to Rome but when conversions to Rome among undergraduates reading Greats were still rife. We see Gerard staring into the mirror, rhapsodically contemplating the Real Presence. After the brutalities of his headmaster at Highgate, and the cosiness of home, Hopkins relished the freedom and intellectual com-panionship he found at the uni-versity. Nonetheless inner doubts gnawed away creating the crisis that sent him via

Newman to Rome. It is when he turns his back on Oxford and begins his novitiate as a Jesuit that this sensi-tive whimsical lightweight Hopkins of Gale's seems to be diverging somewhat from the actual man who embraced poverty, chastity, obedience and wrote the poems. Still, it is sal-utary to see him in his less solemn, more everyday moments, having to slop out moments, having to slop out the urinals of the seminary as his duty for the day, or being taken for a ride by his pupils who ask him to demonstrate how to mesmerise a hen. The actor Anthony Hopkins fills in the narration and there are contemporary illustrations of the Welsh landscape the poet loved so much and the music that he enjoyed as listener and executant.

executant.

For a fuller account of his adult life and the constant sadnesses that coloured it, to learn how he managed to combine

GERARD MANLEY HOPKINS: PORTRAIT OF A POET By Peter Gale and Jonathan Baylis The Picture Publishing Company £16.95, 186 pages

being a priest with being a

major poet, we need to turn to a good biography. Fortunately the one by Paddy Kitchen Ger-ard Manley Hopkins: A Life originally published in 1978 was reissued as a paperback by Carcanet at £6.95 for the centenary. It covers all the ground in a spirit of judicious admiration. After that it is interesting to turn to a more concentrated study of Hopkins as a religious poet. The most recent one by Anthony Kenny, God & Two Poets (Sidgwick & Jackson £16.95), takes the form of an extended comparison between Hopkins and Arthur Hugh Clough. These two fine poets, both Balliol men, separated by a generation, started as under graduates from a similar Anglican up-bringing, but then trav-Clough to Unitarianism. Hopkins to Catholicsm.



Gerard Manley Hopkins

Kenny's approach in which Clough's work receives the major share of attention is that of a philosopher probing the poetry for the precise nature of the religious experience it con-veys. He makes the extremely interesting point that "Hopkins's incomparable genius for describing nature and natural beauty conceals the fact that the theological linkage between nature and the econ omy of salvation is often tenuous. This is notoriously so in the case of The Windhover, which Hopkins thought, with reason, one of the very best things he had written. The description of the falcon's flight is a marvel of ecstasy, but it is related to religion only by the dedication "To Christ our Lord."

This may explain the univer-sal appeal of Hopkins. His current standing as one of great-est English poets of the modern movement he owes to secular critics who were athesecurar critics who were after-ists or agnostics. None of the poetry was published in book form during Hopkins's life and almost none in periodicals. Bridges released some during the First World war and published it in a full edition in 1918. Apart from Middleton Murry and one or two others, the reviewers were haffled. It was I A Richards's appreciative essay in *The Dial* in 1926 that really put Hopkins on the map, then Richards's Cambridge pupil William Empson included several of the poems included. in Severa Types of Ambiguity (1930), and finally Leavis set the seal on Hopkins's reputation by the chapter on him in New Bearings in English Poetry (1932). Leavis claimed that by comparison with Hopkins's first work "Any other poetry." finest work, "any other poetry of the 19th-century is seen to be using only a very small part of the resources of the English language." It is a claim which today, surely, no one, not even the most fervent admirer of Clough, would wish to chal-

Fiction

In search of an actor

GENTLE SATIRE, that cosy, seductive, spine-sapping mode beloved of the English, accounts for the enormous success of the Yes Minister series and of John Mortimer's earlie Titmuss saga, Paradise Post-poned. In Titmuss Regained we return to Rapstone Manor, the home, devotees will recall, of Lady Grace Fanner, whose unfortunate (and unbelievable) tumble with the saintly protester, the Rev Simeon Simcox, resulted in the birth of difficult Charlotte, who married Tit-muss and subsequently per-ished in a CND demo, thereby demonstrating Mortimer's despair – mentioned in a recent interview and continued in this new book – at the inefficacy of protest as a political weapon. More English than that you cannot get; look east,

The odious Titmuss is now Minister of Housing, Ecological Affairs and Planning (HEAP), still smarting, after all these years, from the taunts of the local bloodies who jeered at his hired dinner-jacket and preknotted bow-tie and dunked bin in the winter Lody Crace. him in the river. Lady Grace dies and he buys the Manor as bait to catch the good Jenny Sidonia, widow of an Oxford don. Titmuss fails to outwit his ambitious number two who grants planning permission for a new town which will surround the manor, and destroys his own marriage by retrospec-tive jealousy of Jenny's dead husband, a moral blindness which fails to recognise the

nature of true love. Mortimer's justifiable indig-nation at the rape of England at the hands of the developers, the vitriol in his descriptions of modern country town cen-tres and the Stalinist regimen-tation of country parks, carry

"FINDING A voice" is reckoned to be the primary task of a writer, and the voice achieved makes all odds in a writer's work even. Primo Levi had already found a distinctive voice in his first book, if This

Is a Man, written in 1947 when

he was 28 - a record of his imprisonment in Auschwitz. It

is unmistakeable from the first sentence of the Author's Pre-

face: "It was my good fortune to be deported to Auschwitz only in 1944, that is, after the

German government had decided, owing to the scarcity of labour, to lengthen the aver-

age life-span of the prisoners destined for elimination; it con-

ceded noticeable improvements in the camp routine and tempo-rarily suspended killings at the whim of individuals."

That use, unfreighted by

witz - is saturated with the

sanity of this voice, and none of it should be ignored.
His new posthumous book of stories and essays, The Mirror

Maker, follows on from the col-

lection of articles, Other Peo-

ple's Trades, published in Raymond Rosenthal's equally fine English translation last year. Most of the material in both

volumes first appeared in La

Stampa, the newspaper of Lev-i's native Turin. Neither work has the concentrated intensity

of his marvellous book The

Periodic Table (1975), in which

the elements - from argon to carbon - of his own first trade

as an industrial chemist (a trade he considered to have

saved his life at Auschwitz) are

taken as intriguing starting-points for meditations on his

wartime past. But the presence of that past and the experience

TITMUSS REGAINED by John Mortimer Viking £13.99, 281 pages

THE COVER ARTIST by Paul Micou

Bantam £12.95, 254 pages all this well beyond romp terri-tory. But a lack of telling detail smacks of creeping television blight, that akimping, stunting disease which affects the fiction of those authors caught between script and screen: from sneaky deputy Ken Cracken to the formidable chair of the local planning committee. Babcock-Syme, they are all characters in search of an actor. search of an actor.

Even Titmuss himself fails to convince; compare and con-trast him with Widmerpool, and even Lopakhin, his fic-tional forbears, and one sees only too painfully the corners that have been cut in the name of comedy. Stabs at sympathy are made, notably in his rela are made, notably in his relationship with Jenny, but time and again we are thrown back onto the safe base of inverted snobbery. Poking fun at the parvenu is a well documented path to the easy laugh, but in this case it fails to illuminate the politics of easy.

the politics of envy.

Paul Micou's first novel, The Music Programme (published last year) was a wildly funny, wonderfully savage vision of an international agency in an international agency in Africa, dedicated to musical appreciation and its own per-petuation. To anyone who has ever had any dealings in that field it was both instantly recognisable and deeply sub-versive. One rocked with guilty laughter. It was a brilliant debut, marred only by a sloppy inconclusive denotement: and

The voice of sanity

it was a hard act to follow. Second novels are often what separates the men from the boys and it is not clear that in his new novel, The Coper Artist. Micou has yet found another subject which is wor-thy of his formidable talents. Ciscar Lemoine, a young American expatriate has retired temporarily to the South of France, retreating from the fame brought by his talent as a brilliant caricaturist of nude celebrities for the cover of a ready. New York magazine He trendy New York magazine. He is accompanied by his dog, Elizabeth, an ageing black labrador who paints best selling pactures in the Canine Expressionism school.

The magical animal idea of the labrations of the labrations of the labrations. sh of the John Irving

school of twee fantasy) was glanced at in the first novel and here is used to make some kind of point about true and false art. But the real strength of Paul Micou's writing is his eye for social satire. The acenes in Manhattan bave pith and bite; the denunciation of the fractured speech of the the fractured speech of the young failed by current educational systems, even the shallows of expatriate life in the South of France, have some validity. But, sally, the effects are strained for the invention faiters at the invention of the invent sounding set-pieces reappear. I go to work in another organisa-tion, preferably of an impecca-

bly worthy nature, and then try again.

(The Music Programme by Paul Micou has been reissued in paperback by Black Swan: 24.99, 300 pages.)

Mary Hope

Buffoon in power

eted architectural and social

histories of single buildings are comparatively rare. Charles Sammerez Smith in his *The Build-*ing Of Castle Howard (Faber and Faber, 217.99,

221 pages) tails the whole story of the palace on the North Yorkshire moors that the third Earl

the North Yorkshire moors that the third Earl of Carlisle and Sir John Vanhrugh built from 1700. He explains the personal and political reasons behind the creation of this yest, magnificent pile. The story unfolds through the accounts of contemporaries and — surprise, surprise — our learned anthor concludes that ambition, estemation and display were among

BUFFOONS IN power appeal to us. Think of the residual endearment enjoyed by George III. Think of the great Ameri-can affection for Ronald Rea-gan. And think of the success on British television of Clau-dius, Cl-Cl-Claudius. Of all the scapy or dramatic potential offered by the history of Rome, offered by the history of Rome, it took Claudius, or Derek Jacobi's amiable buffoon of a Claudius, to command peak viewing time. Jacobi's Claudius came from Robert Graves, whose L. Claudius and Claudius the God did much to rehabilitate the man dismissed by Gibbon as "the most stupid" of Roman emperors; but that Roman emperors; but that rehabilitation did no more than transform the stupidity into a basis for sympathetic

attention.

For those who came to Claudius through Graves and Jacobi, Barbara Levick's new study is had news. True, her Claudius suffers from cerebral palsy, and certain associated physical disabilities: but he is no feel, and if he sure pleased. no fool, and if he ever played the fool then it was to his own political advantage. Whilst his uncle Tiberius held power, Claudius limped and stam-mered and busied himself with Etruscan history; whilst his nephew Gaius "Caligula" held power, Claudius continued to limp and stammer and fuss over his Etruscan history (it ran to 20 volumes). Then Cali-gula was bumped off: and within hours, the disabled scholar was being saluted by the heavies of the Praetorian Guard as imperator.

Claudius, promising bounties to the guardsmen, appeared to limp into the role they had foisted upon him. Members of

A TOUCH of Frost by R.D. Wingfield (Constable, £12.95,

356 pages) is a thoroughly fleshed-out police-operational

story, whose protagonist D.L. Frost is a kind of Anglo version of Inspector Ghote (or TV's Lieutenant Columbo):

scruffy, apparently bumbling, unliked by his colleagues and bullied by his superiors, and yet shrewd, canny, human, and — in the end — right. His antagonist, the egregious Divisional Commander Mullet, is a creation of high comedy; and

CLAUDIUS by Barbara Levick Batsford £25, 256 pages

the Roman Senate seemed to regard Claudius not only as a buffoon but also as a despot: the buffoon carried out selective executions, and absent-mindedly included those who had assassinated Caligula. Having terrified the aristocracy, the buffoon proceeded to gain popular support by his open disposition towards public spending and patriotic nterprises. The Claudius of this book is

a political animal, who usurps a pointcal animal, who usurps power and hangs on to it through guile and good sense. A limp and a stammer do not impede political acumen; it is Dr. Levick's virtue to have rummaged beyond the romance and prejudices of Roman historians to bring us a proper political understanding of Claudius. Even his selftrumpeted great achievement, the conquest of Britain, is dis-tilled into terms of political motivation. There is nothing the plebs like better than a good scrap away from home.

In the days of Claudius, there was a boundary called Oceanus and neither Julius Caesar nor Caligula had sub-dued the land that lay beyond. What better focus for a rattle of Roman spears? No matter that this land was hardly teem-ing with precious metals; no matter that it contained some splinters of resistance that occupied a disproportionate commitment of Roman man-power. Its conquest was a polit-ical gesture. And when one of

those splinters of resistance, Caratacus, was dragged before the emperor in Rome to be abused and beheaded, Claudius made another political gesture: he complimented the barbarian on his fluent Latin, praised his courage, and gave him pardon. This was no act of eccentricity: it was one up on Julius Caesar, who had demonstrated no such clemency to Gaulish chieftains. You cannot be merciful without being powerful.

The reconstruction of aspirations is as

intriguing as the actual construction of the house. There is a hollow sadness at the heart of

out being powerful.

Naturally, this politically adroit Claudius is less colourful reading than Graves. Even Messallina — erstwhile wife of Claudius and one of history's best-known man-eaters - even she seems more driven by political interests than sexual appetite in this account. And the illustrations show a sensi-ble and subtle Claudius; the front cover is taken from a relief at Aphrodisias, in Westrener at Appronsisas, in West-ern Turkey, showing Claudies (Achilles) killing Britannia (Penthesilea, Queen of the Amazons). The locals must have been impressed. But I am sorry that no space was found for that memorable bronze head of Claudius once dredged from the River Alde, now in the British Museum. It is sup-posed to have come from the temple of Claudius the God at Colchester, and was possibly hurled into the river by Boadicea and her followers. Did Claudius have any say in the propagation of this statue? That anyone could ever have grovelled before the image of such a sentengered morny is such a saucer-eared moron is unthinkable. But perhaps our clever Claudius knew that Britone like a buffoon in power.

Nigel Spivey

caricalures and drawings by Tuillo Pericolt Woody, Freud and Others (Thames and Hudson £14.95, 156 pages)

THE MIRROR MAKER by Primo Levi Methuen £12.99, 176 pages

That use, unfreighted by irony, of "good fortune" in the context of "killings at the whim of individuals" points to a good fortune beyond: Levi's ability to speak with unmisgiving yet unforgiving lucidity about the experience of absolute evil. He was made as a writer by the discovery of his woice, but for us it has a more of that scientific trade are writer by the discovery of his voice, but for us it has a more than literary value — it is a form of redemption. Everything Levi produced—verse as well as prose, journalism as well as documents of Auschwitz — is saturated with the attested in most of these occasional pieces, which are consequently all the less occasional.

The Muror Maker's second part, devoted to essays, begins with Levi's valuable view (1960) of the arrest of the Assolution companyed Rich. Auschwitz commander, Richard Baer, whose slave he was for almost a year. As a blind executor of orders without whom those "great savage beasts, Hitler, Himmler and Goebbels" would have been impotent, Baer "belongs to the century's most dangerous human type." Levi quietly reminds us that this massmurderer lived undisturbed in Germany for 15 years before being tracked down not by the German police but "illegally by victims who slipped

through his hands." The book's division into essays and stories (there are three poems also) seems rather arbitrary, since "A Mystery in the Lager" and "The Tommy-Gun Under the Bed," both included with the latter, are quite clearly factual accounts of the war. Some of

the essays neatly complement the fiction. "The Man Who Flies," a column on weightless-ness, finds its wish-fulfilment in "The Great Mutation," a witty little Angela Carterish story of an adolescent girl who story of an adolescent girl who sprouts wings. "Bacteria Roulette," an admiring review of the geneticist Salvador Luria's autohography, and "The Spider's Secret", about the chemistry of varnishes, are humorously pre-empted by two of the first part's "Five Intimate Interviews," in which Levi, poking fun at his second trade, sets down conversations sets down conversations between a journalist and respectively a herring gull, mole, giraffe, spider and an intestinal bacillus.

The stories have a crisp fantasticated quality, and in their modest way recall Borges and Calvino. They may come as a surprise to readers of Levi's books in English translation who have not had access to the "technological fantasies" of his untranslated Storie Naturali untranslated Storie Naturali (1967) and Vizio di Forma (1971). But it is essentially the speaking here as in a work known to autifully eloquent a beautiful and sonableness.

Paul Driver

Commander Mullet, is a creation of high comedy; and even fine bit players are sharply portrayed.

The book is very long, but Wingfield is adept at keeping half-a-dozen stories going at the same time, same voice speaking here as in all of Levi's work known to me: the beautifully eloquent voice of a beautiful and

supreme reasonableness.

rimes

and interest never flags. and interest never mags.
The solutions are totally satisfying, and leave the reader eager for the next Frost adventure (if he can keep Mullet from throwing him off the force for gross insubordination).

Simon Bognor, special investigator for the Board of Trade, is sent north to get a tasts for good, solid middle England, the heart of the heart of the heart of the country in Tim Heald's Business Unusual (Macmillan £10.95, 188 pages). Industrial Scarpington affords plenty of things

worth investigation, including a pair of apparently covered-up murders. Bognor naturally goes far beyond his brief; but - at the last moment sensible wife Monica recalls Simon from his wild-goose chase, and all ends suitably.

Tim Heald writes comic mysteries, a demanding genre. To meet those demands, he indulges in a hectic, hit-or-miss humour, with over use of funny name: and one liners. In the end, the pace becomes as tiring for the reader as it must have been for the writer.

William Weaver

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Dramatic role for Three Graces

The Ridley proposal for export licences has muddied the waters says Antony Thorncroft

HE THREE Graces, Canova's statue of classical figures locked in a sedate dance, looks like playing a dramatic role in the heritage history of the nation, irre-spective of its fate.

The Victoria & Albert Museum is

spearheading an appeal for the £7.6m needed to stop the sale of the Three Graces to the Getty Museum in Malibu, California. It has until April 4 to raise the cash and, judging by the intense behind the scenes activity, the omens are hopeful even though there is cur-rently less than £330,000 in the collect-

rently less than £330,000 in the collecting box.

But the Three Graces is almost irrelevant compared with the changes that its proposed export have provoked in the way the nation safeguards its heritage. Once again the perverse figure of Mr Nicholas Ridley, Secretary of Trade and Industry, whose powers cover the export of works of art, has completely re-written the established rules of the game, causing confusion, fear and hosgame, causing confusion, fear and hos-tility, not least from the Minister for the Arts, Mr Richard Luce, who has traditionally held sway in matters artis-

The Department of Trade and Industry invariably took the advice of the Arts Minister when it came to the Arts Minister when it came to the granting of export licences on works of art, and on the period of delay imposed to allow a British museum or gallery to raise a matching sum and thus keep the treasure in the UK.

Nicholas Ridley, who despite his aristocratic background has always shown himself indifferent to the problems faced by the inheritors of stately manslops and important works of art has

slope by the inheritors of stacely man-slope and important works of art, has suddenly imposed his will on art exports. He has agreed to a minimum extention of the export stop on the Three Graces — until April 4 — but, more worryingly, he has changed the rules so that now an individual can make a matching offer for an object and save it for the nation.

At first glance this is marvellous

news, opening up the possibility of retaining more threatened treasures. But in practice it is a minefield which could quickly lead to abuse. There would be nothing to prevent the new owner immediately selling the work of aut for a higher threatened. art for a higher price, or hiding it away in the garden shed, or applying for an export licence in his own right in the future. At the moment every important work of art saved from export goes on public view in a British art gallery or

The deliberations of the great and the good on the Reviewing Committee on the Export of Works of Art, who recommend what should be allowed to leave the country and what should be fought

for, become a nonsense if a major paint-ing, or item of furniture, or literary archive, is blocked, only to disappear into a rich man's bank vault. No wonder the chairman of the Committee, Mr Jonathan Scott, is appalled at the

change.
In addition, there is no legal requirement on the owner of the work of art to hand it over. He can just decide to keep it in the UK. The mysterious Cayman Island investment trust which owns the Canova has agreed to play the game and sell it back if the Three Graces ends up in a public institution. It is hardly likely to pass it on to the Fayeds, the owners of Harrods who

ends up in a philing institution. It is hardly likely to pass it on to the Fayeds, the owners of Harrods who have shown a brazen interest in buying the statue, which is generally agreed to be under-priced.

The Ridley proposal has muddled the waters. Richard Luce wants to keep the Three Graces in the UK and believes that the best way of doing so is by persuading a rich individual to put up the cash with the understanding that it goes to the V & A, or to Woburn Abbey, where it was installed in 1819, in the sculpture court of the Duke of Bedford who commissioned it from Canova.

Already Mr Jacob Rothschild has come up with the ingenious proposal that he will buy, the work if the price can be lopped off the tax he owes the Treasury on the estate of his aunt, who died in 1968 leaving over 190m. This has set everyone in a tizzy. The Treasury hates the idea of sacrificing hard cash. There is the Acceptance in Lieu procedure, under which the Treasury puts aside around £10m a year to cover works of art given to the nation by heirs as an alternative to paying capital taxes, but the Treasury tries to keep the provision fairly secret. But it has not been fully taken up in 1989-90, (it seldom is) and some of the cost of the Three Graces could be set against tax. However there are legal snags in Mr Rothschild's idea — the concept of buying an object off a third party to pay your tax debts requires a leap of the imagination by the Government — and although it is still in play it is not the likeliest option. But here again the Three Graces have had a significant role in publicising the AfL proposals and in encouraging fresh ideas on retaining the heritage.

Another card in this increasingly

retaining the heritage.

Another card in this increasingly complex game is that there is a judicial enquiry as to whether the Marquess of Tavistock was legally entitled to remove the Three Graces from its plinth at Woburn. How Mr Ridley can give an export licence when the statue is still passing through the courts is not at all clear.



The Three Graces: its proposed export has led to the established rules of the

game to be rewritten, causing confus distracting attention from the Three Graces. In his day Canova was rated the equal of Michelangelo and Giambologna. Of the two versions of the statue that he carved the Woburn is reckoned to be superior to that in Leningrad. Neo-classical sculpture has long been out of fashion in the UK but there is now a revival of interest. If it goes it would be by far the most important work of art lost abroad in the past distracting attention from the Three would be by far the most important work of art lost abroad in the past decade. Its retention would signal, in the run up to 1992 and the search for a common EC policy on the movement of art, that the UK's flexible controls on its heritage work better than the rigid regulations of France and Italy or the open door of Belgium and Ireland.

Of course if the Government had increased the purchasing grants of museums and galleries, currently just over £13m a year for all the major institutions, these crises would not arise. The Three Graces had been offered to the V & A in the early 1980s for £1m, which was even then beyond its resources. The rapid escalation in the price of art at auction means that, with inadequate purchasing grants, a make-shift, backs against the wall, arm twist-ing campaign has to be launched every time the Three Graces or comparable masterplece threatens to slip loose. This time a rich benefactor may emerge, but it is hardly an alternative to a coherent

Theological Semtex

At the National Portrait Gallery, Anthony Curtis contemplates the life of Cardinal Newman

shining down from the ceiling of the National Portrait Gal-lery leads us, amidst encircling portraits, documents, photographs and manuscripts, to contemplate the entire career of Cardinal Newman, 1801-90. The Gallery has done him proud in marking the centenary of his death, with a variety of works drawn largely from its own resources, but also through judicious borrow-ing from the British Library, the Bodleian, Christ Church, Keble, the Birmingham Ora-tory, and among other sources a collection of material in private hands pertaining to the Gothic Revival.

The exhibition organiser, Susan Foister who also com-piled the catalogue (costing a stiff 19.95 but worth it) is to be congratulated on the width of her interpretation of the subject as much as on the variety of the exhibits.

All that is lacking is any sense of the turmoil, the acrimonious agony of disputation, that preceded this most famous that preceded this most famous of all conversions, but that was perhaps inevitable in gallery conditions. It is hard for us, staring through the glass at a rather grubby looking unbound pamphlet of around 30 pages, headed "Remarks on Certain Passages in the Thirty-Nine Articles," to realise that this now innocuous document was the notonious Truct ment was the notorious Traci 90 which when it appeared in 1841, contained sufficient theo-

issi, contained summer in the logical Semtex to blast the Establishment in half.

Nor, does the outward appearance of the first edition of Apologic Pro Vita Suc, in 1864 in separate parts, give any hint of the ferretty within it. 1864 in separate parts, give any hint of the ferocity within. It had no blurb, no jacket, no hardcover, nothing apart from the ironic chapter heading. "Mr Kingsley's Method of Disputation," to indicate that as well as being an account of a change of spiritual allegiance, this was one of the great hatchet jobs of all time. Leavis on Snow was a game of croquet by comparison.

croquet by comparison.
But we do not see here Kingsley's words, questioning New-man's truthfulness. They were in a review of J.A. Fronde's

us over his shoulder, side-burns and whiskers stiff with fury, his scowl sending a shud-der down the viewer's spine. There is a portrait of Froude by Reid and the edition of the literary remains of his older brother Hurell, edited by Newman after Froude's early death in 1836. Indeed, most of that remark-

able Oriel Senior Common Room of the 1820s are here: Edward Coplestone, the Provost, and the formidable Richard Whatley, later Archbishop of Dublin, who took Newman, when he was a newly appointed fellow, in hand. The college had the enlightened policy of not requiring the men they elected to fellowships to have been awarded firsts in the schools. That enabled them to

schools. That enabled them to elect Newman.

Another Oriel don, Thomas Arnold who loathed the Oxford Movement is here before he went to Rugby, and as an bonorary fellow, that curious oddball Joseph Blanco White. There are several portraits of Pusey, who left Oriel to become Regius Professor of Hebrew aged 28, and last but not least of Keble. The walls almost groan in supporting almost groan in supporting such a collection of heavy-

weights.
When the furore over Tract
90 was at its height Newman

though, have a portrait of Kingsley himself, almost a car-icature, by Cecioni. He looks at We see the cottages and the simple gothic-style church.
"With his retirement to Littlemore," wrote Lytton Strachey, "Newman had entered upon the final period of his Anglican career. Even he could no lon-ger help perceiving that the end was only a matter of

time. The last two sections of the exhibition are headed "Newman and Rome 1845-79," and "Cardinal Newman 1879-90" and they exploit resourcefully the wealth of iconography, everyone wished to sketch a Newman now famous well beyond the confines of Oxford. we see him in intimate por-traits like those of Maria Giberne, one of his disciples, and as cardinal in the formal Millais canvas of 1881.

We also observe the ephemera – newspaper sketches, and a series of revealing sepia snapshots for his cartes de visite. But this is not to forces that his literature. his cartes de visite. But this is not to forget that his literary output continued in works like The Idea of a University and the poem The Dream of Gerontius. We can inspect the programme for the first performance in 1900 conducted by Richter of the oratorio compressed by Elear and with composed by Elgar, and with our mind's ear perhaps listen to its crashing chords as we exit from this fascinating

publicity stunt by the failing

There is much to question

tion of a Roman marble by,

say, Cavaceppi, which added a

nose and an arm, be considered

a lie because it restored the statue to its original appear-

ance, when a 19th century par-ing down to the original

Antique offers an equally dis-

torted image? Faking is about human

frailty, on the part of the forger and the duped. What this show demonstrates is man's capacity

to see only what he wants. For

what other reason could such a distinguished scholar as Abra-

ham Bredius have believed in

the gruesome Van Meegern Vermeers he discovered? Or

the group of international sci-

entists be fooled by Piltdown

no sponsor could be found for the exhibition. It is a sorry fact

that this is probably the last time that the BM will be able to mount a major exhibition

without commercial sponsor-ship, and therefore the last time it can focus on any such

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"unattractive" subject.

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The politics, inter-departmental rivalry, and now these fresh hares, are Arts Council airs its collection

occasional celebrations as this. Purchases are made regularly by officers of the council, and

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no less predictable and quite

Along with the regulation Long and Deacon, Wisniewski and Opie, Oulton and Cragg, some outsiders too are invited to purchase - usually in the how refreshing it is to find young Tim Lewis with his wob-bling pyramids and older artcourse of putting particular exhibitions together. What have they been up to this time? ists – no longer flavour of the month exactly – yet not for-gotten; Bridget Riley, Prunella Clough, Ken Kiff, Dennis Cref-As with all such miscellanies, there are things good, bad, obvious and unexpected, with more than enough at once to please and infuriate any vis-But that is the rub. Here are young artists represented and

now validated by official purchase, for whose merit there is nothing to say, for there is none. Keith Piper, with his crude polemic, "You are now entering Man Man Country." and Tony Phillips with his trite and tedious etchings on the supposed history of the Benin supposed instity of the Benn's Bronzes, can owe their distinction only to special interest and special pleading, for their work is as manifestly inept in conception as it is in execution. Why should it be there, when so much else of real when so much else of real worth passes unacknowledged? Listing who is in and who is out is an invidious business. yet it is the presence of such as Piper, Phillips, Lewis — and indeed of so many younger artists such as MacFadyen, Opie, Wallinger, Coe, Allington and Oulton - that makes it tempting. Where in this latest catalogue, for example, are the names of Gus Cummins, Peter Coker, John Carter, Richard Lee, Roger de Grey, William Pye, Nigel Hall, Paul Hempton,



The Magnum Photographers, concurrent at the Hayward: "Promenade at Tenby, Wales, 1974" by David Hum

John Loker, Basil Beattie, Lawrence Preece? None of them has stopped working these past six years; indeed all are working better than ever. The absence can be no judgement on their virtues, but only on official negligence Simple arbitrariness would

not be so bad, for properly sus-tained it brings a kind of fair-ness of its own. But what seems to happen is that once singled out, an artist's reputation is so critically reinforced as to be self-sustaining. Good as to be sen-sustaming. Good painting, good sculpture, of which there is a great deal, that argues its case only in its own visual and plastic terms, presents the difficulty. How much simpler it is to have the polemics and publisher are presented. polemics and politics of young Piper, or the conceptual readings of Long, to make that case. Leave the art out of it.

Concurrent in the Hayward's lower galleries is In Our Time, the only British showing of the work of the Magnum Photographers now on a worldwide tour. Magnum is a professional co-operative founded in 1947 by Robert Capa, Henri Cartier-Bresson, George Rodger and David Seymour. It has since engaged among many others such luminaries as Elliot Erwitt, Eve Arnold, Josef Kou-delka, W. Eugene Smith, Ian Berry and Marc Riboud.

The work of Magnum is phofor work of magnin is participated as a reportage, and yet of so high an order that often it would seem to aspire to the category of art. The stance is matter-of-fact, but aloof, ironi-cal, humane in its sympathles but always somewhat detached. The wit is there to engage the viewer who has the wit to take it, rather than to parade and impose itself. The scope is world-wide, multi-cultural, celebrating in essence a

common humanity. There is always much more of sensibility and intuition that joins the Magnum photographers than ever separates them. This is a powerful show, despite some mildly irritating captions: I thought the Allies were responsible for the bombing of Monte Cassino. But do not be put off.

Gamut of deception

T THE foot of the great staircase in the entrance hall of the British Museum towers the re-erected Piranesi Vase. Resting on a massive base, supported on the backs of Sileni emerging out of glant paws, and carved with a frieze of vintaging satyrs, it rises almost 3m in height. Since the 1930s this extraordinary 'Antique" has languished in pieces in the museum base-ment. Dusted down and re-assembled, it serves as an intro-duction to the RM's exhibition Fake? The Art of Deception, and as its raison d'être.

The monumental Carrara marble is itself a reconstruction, confected out of possibly various fragments found at Hadrian's Villa near Tivoli in 1769 by the engraver turned art dealer and restorer of antiqui-ties, Piranesi. The problem with the piece is that some 70 per cent is Piranesi's infill, and that the base, the support and

that the case, the support and the vase may never have had any relationship in antiquity.

Does that make it a forgery, or at least a deception? If so, has it any value? The simple answer to both is yes. As a piece of Classical antiquity it is of little interest, as an example of 18th century neo-Classicism, it is perhaps second to none. And, at last, we have the

opportunity to see it.

Fakes are the most under rated historical documents. We tend to think of them in terms of jokey spoofs or as scandals which cock a snook at the so-called experts. But they tell ns far more about an age than any "authentic" work of art; what it chose to admire in a bygone culture, and what its own most prized.

Kenneth Clark described how an entire generation's view of the Renaissance was framed by the sweet-faced Virgms in the V&A sculpted by Rastlamini and his compatriots in the 19th century. Fakes and forgeries have always promptly reflected the rise of any new collectors market. Mark Jones's exhibition is

William Packer all-embracing. It draws in a

gamut of deception, from political propaganda and the re-writing of history to counterfelting, and scientific and litermodern perceptions of anthen-ticity. Why, for instance, should an 18th century restora-

what they seem. From the early Renaissance, for example, it was standard workshop practice for a young painter to copy the work of the great masters in order to learn. Such

copies were not meant to

Momoyer. Every single flower is painted by the artist, the signature is right, and yet it is is a fake - a pastiche made up of 17 different places of canvas.

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Record for Spencer CHRISTIE'S achieved a record ernist and Contemporary price for a Stanley Spencer yes terday when his triptych "The John's "The Seated Woman,"

price for a Stanley Spencer yes-terday when his triptych "The Resurrection: Waking Up" was bought by the London dealer Bernard Jacobson for £707,000. The previous record for a Spencer oil was £429,000, also sold by Christie's, in 1987. Another record price in its sale of British and Irish Mod-

bought anonymously for £181,500. Her previous best price was £176,000 in 1988. The morning session totalled a record £2,673,220 for modern

Caroline Cross

have worked; the contraption a hasty re-assemblage of the original parts conceived as a

ary frauds. Some were perpetrated for the best possible reasons, and others simply for personal gain.

Deceptive imitations of fine and decorative art are rarely

Susan Moore visits the Fake exhibition at the British Museum

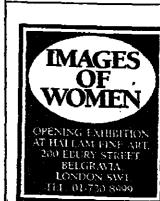
deceive. They are also not necessarily inferior to the original. Take Guilio Romano's sketchy pen and ink drawing on show of "Perseus disarming, and the Origin of Coral," and the copy reworked and fleshed out in coloured washes by Rubens a century later. On show is a flowerpiece by

An even more complex fraud is the original television appara tus which Baird gave to the Science Museum in 1926. Recent examination has revealed that it could never

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extended, refurbished or

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ke any definitive statement. With no facility for its perma-nent display, the collection has remained entirely the creature of its catalogue, save for such itor. The large Paula Rego is both good and predictable, the even larger Steven Campbell The Official London Theatre Guide

ITH THE cancella-tion of a show of Brit-ish art of the First has fallen hack on its own resources to fill the Hayward for the spring. It is an ill wind, and while Now for the Future (until May 6), its selection of current British art acquired since 1984, may offer us rather short commons so far as pure pleasure is concerned, it gives us at least some food for The Arts Council has always bought contemporary British art, but rather more to service its own exhibitions than to

Barnstormer in the north

Claire Armitstead at the opening of the West Yorkshire Playhouse

HE EXCITEMENT generated by what is probably the last new gency of consigning the current exigency of consigning the new, worthy or difficult to studio spaces which are as century could be measured by yardage of television aerial. There were walkie-talkies, there were fireworks and there was Diana Rigg, returning to her native land to cut a ribbon of episcopal purple. And in the midst of the hubbub a purple. And in the midst of the hubbub a leastify remainder that the project is still the remainder is still their artistic could be reconciling. plaintive reminder that the project is still £350,000 short of the £13.5m it has taken to raise this new West Yorkshire asset from the site of an old Leeds quarry.

The building itself is imposingly

The building itself is imposingly designed to accommodate two generous theatres, equal in status though not in size. The larger of the two, the Quarry, seats 750 around an open thrust stage, while the Countyard, still submerged in builders' rubble, has flexible seating for 350, tising to 500 for promenade productions.

The implications, in terms of the Play-house's aims to become a home for new writing and for youth theatre, are consid-

S A companion piece to its successful revival of John Ford's 'Tis Pity

She's a Whore, the Everyman

has rooted out a gem more remarkable for its rarity than for any intrinsic value. Lose

at a Loss has not, to anyone's knowledge, been professionall performed since it was closed

Lane in 1700. It owes its survival to the tenacity of its

uthoress, Catharine Trotter, a dramatist and philosopher who ducked in and out of

Catholicism, wrote in defence of Locke, but about whom little

Her only comedy is a five-hour amorous dalliance

which has been pruned to a judicious 90 minutes by

else is known.

by public indignation after just three performances at Drury

their artistic ambitions with the economic demands of generating 60 per cent of their

sunual finance.

But their first season is a promising mix of the tried and unrested: Rodgers' and Hammerstein's Carousel sits beside a world première from Andy de la Tour and a British première from the Czech dissident Pavel Kohout, with visits from the Actors Touring Company and the black touring company, Temba.

As a curtain-raiser they have opted for a minor classic, John O'Keeffe's late 18th century harnstormer Wild Cats, rediscovered in the 1970s by the RSC and revived by Jude Kelly with a rollicking good

nature that accommodates every technical trick in the Quarry's book, from trap doors trick in the Quarry's book, from trap doors which disparge actors in recking chairs, to pillasters which swoop down from the much-treeaured fly towers to transform bucolic landscapes into Palladian halls.

Robert Jones' design of whimsicality bardering on kitsch embraces the style of a show led with a flourish by Reece Dinsdale as Rover, the travelling player who strolls into trouble, love and an inheritance from the intemperate old sea dog who shandened him in his infancy.

Robert Austin makes a heartily enter-

who abandoned him in his infancy.

Robert Austin makes a heartily entershining Sir George Thunder, erupting intolittle jigs of rage at moments of extreme
vexation, while Murray Melvin's wheyfaced Quaker hypocrite, Helen Schlesinger's hlowey country lass and Geraldine
Fitzgerald's gracious, well-spoken heiress
— whose responsibility it is to act as foll
to the shemmigans — remind one how
right O'Keeffe's Rover is to to allow provincial pleasures to deflect his attentions
from the playhouse of London.

Love at a Loss in Liverpool

director John Doyle, keeping its five act structure intact. Its notoriety is based on a contempt for conventional sexual étiquette: its love games are led by women, with a flagrant disregard for morality culminating in a straw poll by which it is cynically decided which of Leshia's two beaus will have her hand in marriage. Her confidente, Lucilia, is only extricated from

a duplicitous liaison by the lies of her governess, while their rival, Miranda, reconciles

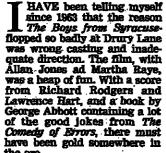
with a choleric pipsqueak of a suitor. The subtext is that marriage matters not a jot anyway. The love games will esume immediately. Whether as a result of the

cutting or - as I suspect -because it is in the original play, the plotting is fairly haffling, leaving a deal of confusion as to which lover is which and — more to the point — which is whose. Doyle capitalises on this by dressing his characters identically in themselves on and around a small raked platform which is shared with 'Tis Pity She's a Whore Elizabeth Ascroft's archly stylised design is mirrored in the mannered playing style of a strongly musical cast whose asides are more often than not delivered in song. Whether in the picturesque posturing of Melanie Sylvester and Karen Mann, the foxy manoeuvring of Stephen Earle or the buzzings of Linda Dobell, a bleached bumble-bee of meddling manhood, the production outshines the play.

gold and white, with towering

cotton wool wigs and love heart patches as they desport

C.A.



There was, at the Crucible, Sheffield, but not much. Two of the songs have lasted well



Syracuse surfaces in Sheffield

enough, "Falling in love with love" and "This can't be love," and "Sing for your supper" will still de, though Hart ran out of iokes in four bars. As for the Shakespearlan jokes, director Clare Venables has evidently decided that they have little place in a musical farce and has replaced most of them with jokes of her own.

jokes of her own.
To begin with, Antipholos of
Ephesus (Howard Anthony) is
black and his twin (Paul Hillyer) is white. The geographical reverse happens with the. Dromios (Martyn Ellis and Clive Rowe). So the business of mistaking one for the other is purely a matter of dramatic artifice. Almost all the Shakespearean jokes are kept until

after the interval, the first half is more concerned with introdis more concerned with introducing the characters.

The splendid opening, where
Aegean (Andre Vincent) is condemned to death by the Duke,
to the delight of the Ephesian
plebs, almost suggests light
opera, but thereafter, the
accent is divided between
knockabout and ballet. I have
never seen so many people fall
over in a single evening. There
is a running gag that whenever
a purse of gold is handed over,
the recipient drops it, until the
final payment to the Duke
(Andrew Dennis), who catches
it to the cheers of the entire
company.

The dancing, choreographed by Carole Todd, is elegant and

beautifully done. Shelaagh Fer-rell's Luciana, Cristina Avery's Courtesan, Karen Clegg's unic-phesian Galatea were enchant-ing, and so was Myles Freeman's Angelo, particularly in character as Pygmalion. Liz Izen's Adriana sings beautifully; sitting with her household Luciana, Luce (Sue Holland) and the staff, knitting useless comments gave by an useless garments, gave us an idea why Antipholus should sometimes prefer to pass his time with a courtesan. Their home, designed by Simon Hig-lett, looked coster inside than

My impression was that Ms Venables (whose last produc-tion here this is) had decided to use as much low comedy as she could get in to make up for the deficiencies of the songs and the script. Myself, I enjoyed the singing and the dance, but found most of the

B.A. Young

Radio Rehabilitation problems

of the four, for it quit the political in favour of the social. Held in Leyhill Open Prison, with the members of the prison's Debating Society pres-ent, the motion was that "Our is an admirable place ("this is the finest prison I've been in," one speaker said), and this is why the motion was lost, by

could not resist comparing Leybill with other, older prisons. But half our prisoners never get out of an ordinary local prison, where there is no debating society, but there still is slopping-out, three to a cell. If all prisons were Leyhill, there would be more chance of rehabilitation; but they're not. I confess I was surprised that it was taken as a legitimate cause for complaint that at the Youth Detention place at Pucklechurch, inmates were only given clean pants and socks once a week. All the same, I would have been one of the

We have Europhile back on Radio 4 on Sundays, much improved since its last run. Europe has become a more interesting place, to begin with; and instead of gossipy bits, we were into the new poli- a Citizens' Congress in Tallin, Estonia (where a year's work brings in about as much as a week's work across the water in Finland); a glance at the Italian Communist party; strange revelations about secret police files in Switzersecret poince files in Switzer-land; a visit to the Hotel des Philosophes in Amsterdam, where one may relax with pro-fessional philosophers. The extracts are shorter than one would like, but I thought this lot worth airing. We concluded with a quotation from Yevtush-enko, "Glasnost is half free-dom, but it is still slavery."

Grieg, Sibelius, Nielsen, they all adorn Radio 3's Scandina vian season; but the drama seems to work to other rules. seems to work to other rules. No lisen or Strindberg in the first few weeks, and some of the plays adapted from novals. Where are The Vikings, The Chost Sonota? I enjoyed Erland Leophers's One Surgest Mock. Josephson's One Su in Sweden (except that it isn't Smiles on a Summer Night) but I saw nothing specifically Scandinavian in a documentary play about film-actors being directed by Andrei Tar-

worky.
Well, it was a delightful play a telling picture of Tarkovsky (Jeffrey Wickham), always keeping his players waiting until nature provided the right background. Ian Hogg played the author, who wrote the piece from experience - a series of conversations filling in the endless waits between the shots. The translation was

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HE LAST of Radio 4's by Robin Fulton, who left a bit Sunday debates was to of Russian for Tarkovsky and Anna Mazzotti as the inter-

Cockroach, a children's play by Harri Hutamäki, with pleas-ant quasi-jazz music by Seppo ("Baron") Paakkunainen, wasvery Scandinavian indeed. It was played in Finnish (with occasional passages in English such as that well-known speech, "I have a dream") and told of the animals' struggle

against the evil cockroach. I understood nothing, but enjoyed the sound of it all.

The Monday Play on Radio 4, Poor Things by Jane Coles, was deeply dispiriting. Cathle (Sue Broomfield) is a vegetarian with a Pakietani howfriend. with a Pakistani boyfriend, Hashim Moira, ber mother, delivers meals on wheels but also takes part in activities against cruelty to animals. Hashim makes some tapes of one of these, and when some local boys attack his mother in an imitation of Moslem ritual slaughter, he takes his tapes to slaughter, he takes his tapes to the police, who, naturally in this play, don't care much for Pakistanis. Moira is sent to gaol, and Hashim's mother won't see Cathle any more. Cathle (now a Moslem) is so upset by the extremes to which her original feeling for the "poor things" has led that she puts a bomb under the car of a scientist who has been work.

scientist who has been work-ing on animals. There are lots of apparent inside touches of how such people live and feel, but I think we had too much of a bad thing. Cathle's bomb was too nearly farcical.

B.A. Young

Pick of the Week

Records

Gardiner shows his paces

opera conductor, and demonstrate the level of excellence to which he brought the Lyon Opéra during his time there. The house orchestra plays equally well in the widely dif-ferent styles involved. For Gluck's Orphée et Eurydice Gardiner brought over the Monteverdi chorus from Lon-don. For La Damnation de Raust of Berlioz he had the Edinburgh Festival Chorus, taking part in the 1988 Berlioz Festival when the recording was made.

Orphée (EMI CDS 749834 2) is given in the version Berlioz made for the contralto Pauline Viardot at the Théâtre Lyrique in Paris in 1859. He worked from Gluck's Paris revision of the opera, making various adjustments and restoring the role of Orpheus to the pitch used by the castrato Guadani in the Vienna original. Max Loppert's note in the booklet summarises the process. Further details may be found in his longer essay in Vol. I of Opera on Record. Between them Berlioz and Viardot probably did more than anyone to assure the settled popularity of Orphée. Apart from the omission of the final ballet sequence few listeners will find the general outlines unfamil-iar. Berlioz thoroughly knew, understood and fought for his

adored Gluck. To Orphée Gardiner brings the gracefully-turned articula-tion, the rhythmic whippiness of his baroque performances notably his outstanding Rameau revivals. Some of his tempos in the Elysian Fields scene may at first feel fast, too sharply focussed · some con-ductors at this point are tempted at this point to linger tempted at this point to imger dreamily. Gardiner remembers that Orpheus, however enchanted he may be with his celestial surroundings, is in a hurry to lead Eurydice back to earth. And since Eurydice, a character often palely portrayed, is ravishingly sung by Barbara Hendricks, one cannot blame Hendricks, one cannot blame

him.

The Orpheus of Anne-Sofie von Otter is so accomplished, so polished, so intelligent, so brilliant in the bravura aria of resolution (given with Viardot's decorations), that one feels embarrassed at not being quite bowled over Van Otter suggests, pleaming, modernity suggests gleaming modernity, less inspired poet-singer than super-efficient executive triumphing, though only just, over formidable odds. So she falls somewhere between Alice Raveau in the famous recorder excerpts of 1936 - a voice that might have been handed down from remote antiquity, losing nothing in the process - and, in more recent times the strongly and individually per-sonal Kathleen Ferrier and Janet Baker. Baker does indeed suggest a poet and one capable of reaching multitudes. She has something the Swedish mezzo lacks, a touch of the "voix rebelle" attributed to Viardot and curiously moving

in this role.
The Damnation of Faust (CD) 426199-2, cassette 426199-4) was performed and recorded in a big modern concert hall at Lyon, the Auditorium Maurice Ravel. The acoustic is resonant but the vitality of the perfor mance soon conquers that. Good orchestras are often fired by the exceptional opportuni-ties of this score but one doesn't often hear the marvels and mirages so enthrallingly realised. With unfailing sensitivity Gardiner handles the magical orchestral transitions and the military echoes that wash over the pages, evoking a Europe haunted by memories of great campaigns. The sting-ing attack and sharp-pointed

THREE RECENT record- diction of the Edinburgh choings confirm qualities of rus make the blood race.

John Ellot Gardiner as In the Faust of Michael Myers the poetry and sense of high ideals betrayed by human vulnerability make up for the missing last ounce of strength at the climares. Similarly the style and character of Jean-Philippe Lafont's Mephistophe-lès atone for the lack of real legato in "Voici des roses." Anne-Sofie von Otter's Marguerite is absorbing, wholly con-vincing in a way her Orpheus just falls to be. One returns to the orchestral music, to the filmy mysteriousness of the waltzing sylphs, the earthiness of the minuetting goblins, to the hurtling windswept ride to

the abyss.
The third set, Offenbach's
Les Brigands (EMI CDS 749830 2) is no less remarkable. This time Gardiner conducts the time Gardiner conducts the Lyon Opéra's own chorus as well as the orchestra, with a strong team of French-speaking soloists equally adept at the quickfire spoken dialogue and the by no means foolproof vocal lines. If anyone imagines that Offenbach is easy to do as well as this, let them think again, and let English performers tempted to paddle in the ers tempted to paddle in the treacherous waters of French operetta listen to and learn from the speed, lightness and thrust of these artists.

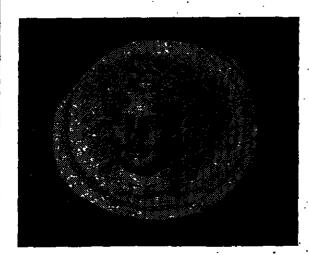
From the first bars of the overture the sound of the band, small but expertly and alertly directed, is exactly right for this music. No slackness, not a drop of sweetening schmaltz -the perfect antidote against musical-comedy slush. As in La Vie parisienne the score skims along without seeming to touch the ground. Meilhac and Halévy's book is concerned with the worlds of robbery, finance and incompetent police - targets that are no less topical today. The critical base rooms. cal today. The satire loses none of its bite through being set in a fantasy land where Granada abuts Mantua.

At an inn on the border brigands intercept the Princess of Granada and her suite: she is coming to marry the Prince of Mantua and to reclaim a public debt of three million. The brigands lock up the Spaniards and advance on the city in disguise. Rebuking a bandit clothed as a courtier for picking pockets, his chief Falsacappa observes that a man must steal according to his position (real or assumed) in society. A disillusioned comrade reveals that he is a former banker who changed jobs in the mistaker belief that banditry meant less work and more fun. Nobody knows that the Mantuan treasurer has blown the public debt on women. When the real envoys belatedly arrive and the truth comes out the trea-surer tries, with the single remaining banknote, to bribe Falsacappa. The brigand pre-tends to be deeply shocked. The Granadan envoy Gloria Cassis however pockets the only a few names in the large, evenly matched cast can be squeezed in - Tibère Raffalli as Falsacappa, Ghislaine Raphanel as his daughter Fior-ella, the delectable Colette Alliot-Lugaz as Fragoletto the young farmer (changed to a 'chocolatier' here why?) who wins Fiorella's hand Jean-Luc Viala is Gloria Cassis with a dotty cod-Spanish number pre-sumably directed at the entourage of the Empress Eugénie, Bernard Pisani is the Mantuan treasurer whose couplets "O mes amours, o mes maîtresses" mix dire apprehension with determination to start all over again as soon as possible. Done like this *Les Brigands* offers as enlivening an experience in its zany offbeat way as the Berlioz

Ronald Crichton

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impressed KPM and sceptre mark, late 19th century. Estimate: £,10,000-15,000 (pair).

REDERICK THE GREAT took over the FBerlin Königliche Porzellan Manufaktur (KPM) after its bankruptcy in the 1760s. Throughout the 19th century, the factory thrived under strong royal patronage from Frederick's successors and from 1845 produced quality paintings on porcelain. Berlin plaques were highly popular and were exhibited at the Great Exhibition of London in 1851. Subjects ranged from Old Masters to contemporary paintings which were copied from German

and Italian museums. This painted plaque is one of five included in the sale of British and Continental Ceramics including Staffordshire Figures at Christie's South Kensington on Thursday, 15 March at 10.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. For further information on this and any other sales in the next week, please telephone (01) 581 7611.

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America's Cup: its good news week

Keith Wheatley on the latest junketings

XASPERATING OR enriching? Enticing or extravagant? One can tell that the America's Cup is back on its familiar track when one hears that Franco Zeffirelli is to make a short film about the launch of a yacht. Tomorrow Italian industrialist Raul Gardini takes over the heart of Venice for the christening of his new boat, Il Moro di Vanezia. As the cameras roll and the nautical scribes float on free cham-pagne, Gardini will suffer some pain – and not just in the wal-

Even for the boss of Montedison, which he is, Gardini's rush to build the first of the new 75 ft America's Cup class yachts has been notably expensive. Il Moro's boat-builders have been driving 5-series BMWs and drawing block-buster salaries. If the Cup players know anything, it is how to spend someone else's money.

Yet for all the billions of lire the Italians were beaten to the punch by the French challenge of Marc Pajot. Last Saturday at Sete, 150 miles west of Mar-seille, they launched the first example of the boat that will lead sailing's premier trophy into the 21st century.

After a wretched 30 months locked in the US courts, the

America's Cup needed some good news. It came at last when F1, the new boat's sall number, made her debut off Sete. Skipper Marc Pajot was thrilled with the initial performance. "It's definitely going to be faster than a maxi, downwind and reaching," said Pajot. "The acceleration is more like a multihull than a normal

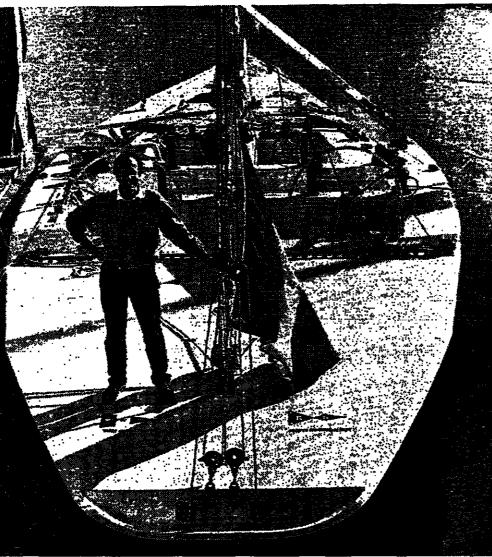
Paiot has the qualifications to make such a comment. Before becoming skipper of French Kiss for the 1987 Cup off Fremantle, Western Austra-lia, he was one of the world's top catamaran and trimaran

Initial reaction from those who observed the first trials was that this is a very stiff, fast boat. Despite a freezing 16 knot northerly breeze, shaping to become a mistral, the yacht scarcely beeled as she shot away across the Baie de Sets. One of the beauties of the new design is that the wide, sau-cer-shaped hull can easily be re-ballasted with a new keel bulb at the end of the 13 ft fin. We will definitely be trying different displacements," said designer Philippe Briand. "At the moment the boat dis-

places about 21 tons. It is in the middle of the possibilities." Briand explained that this boat is very much a heavily-engi-neered prototype with considerable scope for optimisation.
He designed French Kiss
solely with computers. Although the aerospace com-pany Dassault, one of the group's sponsors, assisted with flow programs on its computers, there was also more conventional testing. "We used a good deal of tank testing with models. It still has something to offer," said Briand, one of a group of 10 top IOR designers who collaborated to create the

Of course, without a venue and a regatta the new class is an irrelevance. Since midsummer 1987 the New Zealanders and Dennis Conner's home town San Diego Yacht Club have been fighting their way through the US courts. The row was punctuated by the September 1988 race, or farce, between a 110 ft Kiwi sloop and Conner's hi-tech catamaran.

After 30 months of litigation the armchair yachtsman could be forgiven for assuming that the America's Cup had slunk away and died. However, the courtroom dispute between New Zealand and the US really only concerns the 27th Cup (see previous paragraph for a



French challenger Marc Paiot with the first version of a boat that will lead the America's Cup into the 21st century

brief description). That lawyers' goldmine is probably within three weeks of a conclusion. The New York Court of Appeals, which has the absolute last word on hether Conner was justified in racing a catamaran against a multi-hull, is expected to hand down a decision in a 10-day period beginning March 20. If, as most observers expect, the verdict confirms Conner as the legitimate holder of the Cup then the next event will begin in January 1990, with the finals in May. Should New Zealand win, then the regatta will be in Auckland and the dates move back six months to the

southern summer of 1992-93. At present there are 13 firm challenges in place - including the Royal Findhorn Yacht Club from Scotland, and a half-dozen potential defenders. The patient is struggling to his feet and the sight of the new

BBC1

boats is sure to speed the cure. It has to be said, though, 1992 Cup challenge in San Diego or Auckland. The prospect of seeing two that Pajot and his partner, challenge manager Eric Ogden, have taken a considerable gamsuch boats race before a pro-posed autumn regatta in Cannes is remote. Although ble in building F1. At prese the Italian group has been given an invitation to informal the boat belongs to the banks and they must find a major trials, they appear to be too piqued to accept.

However, Pajot's group has access to the state-of-the-art inshore maxi Emeraude, and sponsor quickly. However, in the America's Cup it is almost always better to be short of

money than time. The next stage of F1's development is comprehensive strain-gauge testing and perfor-mance measurement. It is only a starting point. We need to know where we can go from here," said Briand. The AC boat is his largest racing yacht so far in a short but hugely successful IOR career. "We built this boat just to know how to construct the

be struggling in F1's wake. "It should be a fantastic boat to sail in a race," said Pajot. "With only 16 on board we have half the crew of a maxi and more speed."

Next to him in the boat-hoist hung French Kiss, once the most advanced 12-metre in the world. She looked elegant but sad. America's Cup history has next one," he said. The French challenge plans to build two more examples of the AC class in a programme aimed at a

Phoney war of friendlies

"DEFEATS," explained Carlos Bilardo philosophically, "are an important part of a team's preparation." This apologia was delivered in Los Angeles on Leptons, 17 ofter Asserting on January 17 after Argentina had lost 0-2 to Mexico, for whom few victories have ever been more sweet. The holders of soccer's World Cup were without any stars based in Europe, but it had been a defeat made more nerve-wrack ing by a crowd of 35,000 (mainly Mexican immigrants) who punctuated the match with cries of "Olé," "Olé" cries so vibrant that they brought to mind a match in central America 20 years ear-lier which had led to something more dramatic.

In August 1969 KI Salvador played their near neighbours and bitter rivals, Honduras and drew 0-0. Trouble had fre quently been present in their matches, but this time the rancour between their sets fans inside the stadium was farmed outside by savage rioting. Diplomatic relations were broken off; war soon followed and more than 2,000 lost their lives.

If those events, which suc-ceeded a World Cup qualifying match, have not been repeated, certain friendly games in the past were almost as traumatic, if less blood-stained. In May 1948, for example, Italy (Work Cup victors in 1984 and 1938 played England in Turin and lost 0-4, a result which still haunts Italians, many of whom can recite the names of the England forward-line ("Matthews, Mortensen, Lawton, Mannion, Finney") like a lit-

Although Ireland were the first conquerors of England on English soil (2-0, September English soil (2-0, September 1949), worse was to follow in November 1953 when the Hungarians triumphed 6-3 on the hallowed ground of Wembley and made purists realise that the lion of England had much to learn in footballing terms.

The increase in team competitions during the last 30 years

titions during the last 30 years has meant that the number of friendlies between countries rriendies between countries has fallen away sharply. Friendlies still play a vital part, however, in ensuring that any national football team remains positive and well-drilled. Managers are always eager to arrange them, since their benefits far outweigh the chance of providing the owner. chance of providing the opposi-tion with valuable information. The five months prior to any World Cup, therefore, is a golden period for a "phoney war" of friendlies in which

same plans and try to weld together a group of players in the hope that they gain vital tions. They play Austria on

collective experience. Uruguay, Brazil or Argentina, for example, will learn considerably more from break-ing down the sophisticated defensive patterns of European teams such as Italy or West Germany than from confronting a South American side of little worth. All managers, however, have to live with the reluctance of clubs to release well-paid stars to play in friendly internationals, in case they suffer serious injuries. When Brazil visited and defeated Italy 1-0 in Bologna last October, they had to play without several stars who cried off because of "injuries." How-ever, when Brazil played and defeated Holland by the same

Soccer: Philip Evans on the run-up to the World Cup finals

score in Rotterdam just before Christmas, it was the turn of

certain Dutch stars to display

lack of interest. It was pointed out that two had only recently returned from Tokyo, where they had helped AC Milan tri-umph in the Intercontinental Cup against Nacional of Medallin. Only 24 hours later, three players who had made the players who had made the same trip took part in Italy's scoreless match against Argentina in Cagliari. So it goes. In the 18 months prior to the start of the World Cup finals in June 1990, Italy, who have not been asked to qualify for the last two edges of the World Cup (in 1986 they were the

Cup (in 1986 they were the holders, this year the hosts) will have played against high-ranking opponents that include Holland, Urugnay, Brazil and England. They have cancelled a match with the US (being in the same group for the World Cup), but their only remaining fixing following the dreadful match against Holland on Feb-ruary 21 (spoilt by cynical tackling) will be in Basle on March 31, against Switzerland, their most frequent sparring partner. In their past five matches Italy have scored only from a disputed penalty, so will be praying that their principal striker, Gianiuca Vialli, recovers speedily from a bro-

Holland will play the Soviet Union in Kiev on March 28 and Romania in Bucharest on April

May 30, and go to Palermo on June 4. Holland will attempt to compensate for the probable loss of the outstanding Rund Gullit, but will be heartened that Marco van Basten has been in punishing form against the misanthropic Italian

Having drawn 0-0 in Cairo on February 28, Austria's young team play Spain on March 28 before home meetings against Hungary (April 11) and Argentina (May 3). On February 28 West Germany played France, the team they have beaten at the semi-final stage of the last two World Cups. Although scoring first through the inspiring Andreas Moeller, they lost 1-2 to a youthful French side whose manager, Michel Platini, has already started to plan for the 1992 European championship. On April 25 Germany renew their rivalry with Uruguay before concluding their preparations by playing Czechoslovakia on May 26 and Denmark four days

Various tournaments held last month included one in Miami won by Uruguay and one in Los Angeles won by Colombia, who will relish their meeting on June 9 with United Arab Emirates.

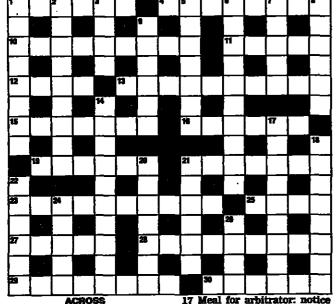
Anxious that their first World Cup opponents on June 11 are the debutants from Costa Rica, Scotland confront Egypt on May 16; but before that come matches against the supposedly more difficult Argentina on March 28 -Diego Maradona is eager to play – and East Germany on April 25. Ireland, who were to have met England on March 28, have instead arranged to play Wales that day and the Soviet Union on April 25, but their group-rivals England have a more extensive pro-

On March England welcome Brazil, on April 25 Czechosio-vakia, on May 15 Denmark (their third meeting in three years) and on May 22 Uruguay, whom Scotland refuse to play. Following their acrimoniou match in the 1986 World Cup the secretary of Scotland's FA dismissed the Uruguayans as a team of "cheats and cowards," and went on to state that Scot-land had no wish to be "associ-ated with the scum of world football.

The business of friendlies can be deadly serious.

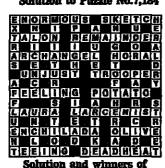
CROSSWORD

No. 7,185 Set by CINEPHILE
Prizes of £10 each for the first five correct solutions opened.
Solutions to be received by Wednesday March 21, market Crossword 7,185 on the envelope, to the Financial Times, Number One
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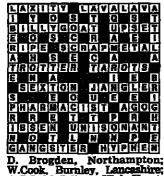


- 1 Fixer to collapse under weight (6)
 4 Cut some meat and hurry
- almost conclusive? (9)
 11 Italian or French gentleman
- eaten by horse (5) Fashion that passes a point will decline (4) 13 Bribe used when body's behind racket (10) 15 Turn left, when fixer's about, for small stream (7)
- 16 New Sarum? In this year, umusual (6) 19 Russian poems, as translated (6)
 21 Shy and inclined to blush (a
- female, in short) (7)
 23 Artist has news on remains of endangered habitat (10)
 25 Low's cart-horse's turned
- tail (4) 27 Medium at Monte? (5) Obscure ceremony in which first leaves second (9)
 29 Heavy rain does (quiet, just
- the same!) in grass (4,4) 30 General rule about small name for hig gun (6) DOWN 1 Presidential enthusiasm from which creatures flee
- (4,4) 2 Middle Eastern agreement affected French painter (4,5) 3 Help remove transport (4) 5 Legal writings give Henry, a king, a satisfied expression
- 6 Hair-do's a disappointment no spring in it? (10)
 7 Damp concealed without
- hesitation (5) Write to most of arbitrating body: it is by no means dis-
- 9 Later part of play, really (2,4) 14 Two sorts of light caused by

- variety (9) 18 Strip a bird that is slovenly
- (8) 20 Melody cock uttered got kite
- going (7) 21 Split in two, dry in part (6) 22 Serious student applied to hard core (6) 24 River makes work without effort (5)
- 26 South American in Central America (4) Solution to Puzzle No.7,184



Solution and winners of Puzzle No.7.173



D. Brogden, Northampton; W.Cook, Burnley, Lancashire; A.G.S. McCallum, High Hurstwood, East Sussex; David Nor-wood, Dilwyn, Hereford; David Stevens, Loughborough,

Murder, She Wrote. \$:15 Yellowinned Street | BORDER Weather, 1635 Appel & Company, 1120 Tour-of Duty, 1220 am Schmidey Night at the Mov-les, 1238 Derrick with Horst Teppert, fol-lowed by ITN News headlines, 259 American College Football.

أما المشاكمة الرابطات وبطاء واراجات

CHANNEL 4 ing from Chapes 7:30 am International Times - World News. 250 Transworld Sport. 9:00 Channel 4 Rec-ley: The Morning Line. 252 Sing and Swing. 2:30 Same Difference. 16:50 Travelog. 19:50 Film: "The Story of Louis Festham" (1935). 112:19 per Buster Keeton Hides Again. 11:19 Film: "Chance of a Litetime" (1950). 2:35 Charmel 4 Recing. 6:35 Brookside Complexe. 5:00 Signature. 15 Rept. 2:20 Scretch Pag. 7:20 canenal 4 Rading, 656 Brookside Camelsus. 800 Right to Ruply. 639 Scottlen Eya. 736 Tox World This Weet. 716 Gurope Express. 658 Adventures: The Journey. 620 fullyteconstitute. The Journey. 620 fullyteconstitute. 1 Death in the Family, 11:00 The Openia Withmay Show. 11:58 Yactilorg. Round the World Ruce. 112:58 cm File: "The Stack Capt" (1056) with Sorie Kartoli. 11:59 Files: "The Raven" (1935).

S4C WALES

2:45 pm Shrikant. 3:22 Tex Avery Double Bill. 2:25 The Pretty Roche to Weeton. 4:25 Firm: "The Nutr's Story" with Audrey Hepburn. 6:20 Brythms of the World. 7:20 Newsystem. 6:35 Milesionaries. 4:25 Saturday Night Citys. 8:49 A Pretty British Atlair. 9:23 Film: "A Matter of Life and Death" (1945), 112:85-1:94 say Film: "I Know Whare I'm Going" (1946).

LONDON 925 am Children's ITV. 11:30 The ITV Chart Show. 12:39 pm The Maneters Today. 1:00 ITM News toflowed by weather. 1:95 LWT News. 1:16 Saint & Greevele. 1:40 Sportsman-ters. 2:10 Coronation Street. 2:40 toe Skating. 2:55 Althotics. 4:05 Results Service. 5:50 News; weather. 2:56 LWT News. 2:15 Athletics. 5:55 Get Result to Teisthon '10. 2:15 Steel. 6:15 Haggard. 7:16 You Bed 8:15

ESEC*

268 am Playdaya, 2:15 Morning Worship,
16:08 Bazzar, 16:28 Baonglome Ballet 16:09
Europeans, 11:28 You in Mind, 11:39 Step Up:
10 Wood Power, 11:38 You are What You Ex12:50 pm See Heart 12:30 Country File.
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News, 2:40 Songs Cf Praise, 7:15 Don't Wall
Up, 7:45-8-99 Bergerno.
2:50 Mestermind, 2:10 Than's Life! Eather
Rantzen and the beam, 2:55 Nems, 16:16
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Night, 12:18 am International Cricket West
Indies v England.

1200pm Westminster Week. 1:50 Tropical Reinforest. 1:25 Westend Outlook: preview-ing Open University programme. 1:25 40 Min-utes Green Police. 2:10 Ensure - 1/8547. 2:10-8:19 The Sundownert with Robert Mit-

counts and Deborah Kerr.

£19 Rugby Special. £10 K's Garry Shandsing £35 The Money Programme. 7:15 Land of the Eagle. £25 Atrime. £25 The British Academy Awards. £25-11:16 First Circles of Decelt. 11:16 Grand, 975t. 11:45 Replic. 12:15-12:29 am Shub TV.

9-25 Children's ITV: Disney's Remity Morfet Big Red Part 2 (1991), 16:15 The Castp-bells. 16:45 Link. 11:59 Morning Worship. 12:58 pm Encounter, 12:36 Get Ready for Teletion 90, 12:49 Police 8, 12:35 LWT rews and weather. 1-30 Mant fulliment by

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LONDON

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cations are that Emeraude will

CENTRAL

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GRANADA 12:50 pm Huckleberry Firm and His 1:55 Granada News, 2:10 The Fell Gr Saturday Night at the Movies. 11: Movie: "The Big Red One".

SATURDAY

SCOTTISH 12:36 pag NB. 1:86 Scotland Today, 8:16 Scotland Today, 8:46 The Campagile, 11:50 The Star Movie: "Harper".

TELEVISION & RADIO

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TYNE TEES 1 2:35 per Huckleberry Finn and Friends. 1:58 Regional News. 2:10 The Fell Gay. 5:55 Northern Life Saburdary Special. 6:45 The Specialsuler World of Guinness Records. 2:15 Hagours. 1:158 Filter "The Big Red One". 2:58 an

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David Frost, 256 Robin Ray on Record 2:06
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RADIO 4

SUNDAY



CHANNEL 4





ANGLIA



8:00 am Halletijahl 6:39 Country Ways. 7:99 8:00 am Halletijahl 6:39 Country Ways. 7:99 Growing Places with Penelope Kolin. 7:38 8:00 Citics Weekly &the The Stutters. 8:38 Exit Children's lakind. 8:00 Dennia. 8:28 Soice. 18:00 A Week in Politics. 11:59 Boosti. 71:29 Fine Henderson Kids. 12:30 The Watters. 1:39 pm Land of the Gearts. 2:00 The Watters. 1:39 pm Land of the Gearts. 2:00 The Watters. 2:39 The Great American Fourth of July...and Other Disasters. Act Les Boyceleins de Belsice (1955).4:90 Out of the East: Privatising Poland. 5:28 News Summery. 2:30 Art of the Western World. 2:00 4th Dimension. 8:30 The Western World. 2:00 4th Dimension. 8:30 The Western World. 2:00 Fragile Earth: Belliah — Bitle Eye of Siberia. 8:00 The Media Show. 3:00 Sistonicitie. An A. — 2 of Pleasure. 1:00 Over the Edge (1979). 1:139 World Call the Shote. The Street/Orientation Express. 1:2:39 and 2:30 Sistonicity.

BÖRDER

7:50 O Socker San, 7:15 Y Dyn Peper New-ydd, 7:25 Newyddion, 7:36 Hapus Cyrle, Yr Helfa, 8:00 Hel Strason, 8:30 Dochrau Car Dechrau Carnel O Gapel Carsan, Maesing.

12:00pm Encounter, 12:30 Farming Clary, 12:55 Anglia News, 2:00 Members Cely, 2:00 Hidden Hoard, 2:35 Anglia News, 5:40 Tota-thon Previow, 12:10 um Prisoner: Cell Black H. 1:05 Athletics

12:38 pm Conference Report '90. 12:38 Border News. 2:50 Coronation Street. 2:56 Rescue. 2:50 Cover Story. 4:50 The Publicany 8:55 Rescue. 2:50 Cover Story. 4:50 The Publicany 8:55 Rescue. Cell Block N. 15:50 Casts Night. 15:55 (Spy.

CENTRAL

12:28 pm Here and Nov. 2:98 The Porgotter Bomber. 6:25 Central Nove. 2:06 Telethor Previow. 12:16 am Prisoner; Call Block H 4:48 The Chesthowshi Marake Sharek (1985). 12:00 pm Encounter. 12:00 Reflections. 12:00 Lee Français Cheny-Youe, 2:00 (bits and Dog. 2:00 Bulleyer. 2:00 Resour. 2:00 This award winners: The Storytoller. 2:35 Chennel Menss. Veril? Tales of the Unexposed. 16:00 The South Bank Show. 11:00 The Human Flactor.

18:16 am Pick a Number. 11:16 Link. 12:01 pm Entounter. 12:09 pm Labour Party Conference Report. 12:05 Grampler Headfres. 2:05 Photo to Whitehill. 2:0 "Who's The Boost. 3:06 The Clark and Walkers International Sadmirton. 4:06 Just Living. 4:36 Butterya 2:06 Scoteport. 12:16 am Prisoner: Cult Blot.

12:39 pm Granada. This Week, 2:39 Flich mond Hill, 2:35 Bullseye, 2:35 Cartoon Time 2:45 Sunday Madines. 2:35 Coronation Street

12:98 pre West Country Parming, 12:98 HTV leves, 2:99 HTV Newsweek, 2:30 Highway In leaven, 2:35 Eether and the King (1962, 6:38 ITV News, 12:19 Prisoner: Cell Block H, 1:19

1902 are Huckleberry Fion and Hie Friends, 1906 Gine Michael's Carton Cavacade. 19:15 Link, 12:30 pm Conference Report 90, 12:35 Scotland Today Headfines. 2:50 Scotland Supplement, 2:30 The Heaty Heart. 429 Subseys, 8:00 Scotland Today. 12:00 Geoland Today. 12:00 are too Hockey, 1:05 Addision.

RADIO

RADIO 3

7:00 am Today, 8:00 Nova. SdB Sport on 4. 8:20 Brashaway. 18:00 Loose Ends (s) with Citive Anderson. 11:00 News. The Week in Westminster with Peter Jenting, 11:30 Europhile: Weekly magazine. 12:00 Money Box. 12:05 pm /m Sorry I Haven'z & Cite (e). 1:00 News. 11:00 Any Quaetions? 2:00 News. Any Anewsray 2:20 Poor Things (s) 4:00 Age to Age with Berry Centifie. Lord Briggs on the history of broadcasting. 4:20 Science Now. 8:00 in Edia. Jonathun Seinberg Isila to four erides who have settled in Britain. 2:25 Week Ending.



GRANADA

SCOTTISH.

TVS

TYNE TEES 12:38 yes The Back Page. 12:55 Regions sees. 6:39 Coronalion Street. 6:35 Regions sees. 12:15 and Maker Space. 12:35 invitation of Researcher. 1:35 Nove Machines. ULSTER

12:00 pm Sid Tips, 12:07 Ulster News and Farming Weether. 2:08 Survival, 2:25 Reacon 2:55 Bulleaye. 2:25 The Assaulcation Bureau, 8:20 Coronation Street, 8:37 Ulster Newstime. 16:05 Ulster Sports, 12:16 and Pris-oners Gell Block H-1:88 Quiz Quiz Night. YORKSHIRE 12:25 pm Goels on Sunday, 12:59 Calend News, 269 Charle's Angels, 8:35 Calend News, 12:16 am Scrumdown, 1:10 New

RADIO

RADIO 2

PRADIC 2
7:30 am Roger Royle says 'Good Morning Sunday'. 265 Metodies for You with Richard Baler. 17:30 Desmond Carrington with Your Radio 2 All-Time General. 258 pm Benny Green. 288 Alen Dell with 'Gounds Empy'. 458 Orchestral Contraster' Secred and Profuser' with im Sutherland. 4:30 Sing Bosseshing Simple. 258 (No Fas Sarviera.) 7:30 An Actor's Life for Mr. contenty 7:30 Operation Nights. 3:28 Sunday Half-Hour: Estimon Holmer Introduces the second Lenten programms. 268 Your Hundred Seat Tunes with Alan Keith. 18:35 Songs from the Shorts. 18:55 Michael Round at the plane. 11:26 Sounds of Jazz. 1:00 am Chartes Nove presents 'Nightride.' 3:36-4:36 A Little Night Math.

RADIO 2 oert Cholce, Arriage (Symphony): 853
Braims (Reliadea), 859 Doppler (Concerts
for 2 flates), 859 Rechmenings, 1628 Meals
weekly, 11:16 BBC Scottish Symphony
Orchestra: Tippet (Ritual Cances), British
(Volas Concert), Brahms (Symphony Na 4),
130 pa Song of Songe, BBC Singers cond by
Simon Joly: Palestrins, James Anterny Ella,
and Palestrins, 1:30 Violin and Pisno. Martem
Fried and Childrot Benson play Mozart, Faure
and Shestrins, 1:30 Towards Bach, Orchestra
of the Age of Enlightenment Grecked by Sigleveld Kuljacer, JS Kuszer, J Roseemulier,
Corell, JCF Fischer, 2:19 Interval Reading,
3:15 Bach (Orchestra Sontes), 4:5 Rubietele
plays Chopia, 8:10 88C Concert Orchestra
conducted by Sarry Wordsworth; Chabiter,
Busser, Debusys orth Busser (Pethe suite),
Franck, 8:15 Kaip, Sasrainto table to Michael
Hall, 7:09 per Brich Leinsdorf and the Chicago Symphony Orchestra. Strains (Serenade for wind instrumenta), Strains (Seresand Marcus Tuna, Common Meditafor on satiering and martyrdom, 11:30 The
Sacrad Righteries of Hairarich Biber, 12:0012:05 am Noval

RADIO 4

PADIO 4
7:50 sm News. 270 Sunday Papers. 7:15 On 7:50 sm News. 270 Sunday Papers. 7:15 On 7:50 sm News. 2:16 Sunday Papers. 2:15 Appear. 2:16 News. 2:16 Sunday Papers. 2:15 Letter From 2:19 Merc. 2:15 The Archera. 1:15 News Stand. 1:120 Prick of the News. 1:215 pm Desert Island Discs (a). 1:50 The News. 1:215 pm Desert Island Discs (a). 1:50 The News. 2:15 The Mystery of Edwin Droof is) by Charles Dickson. 2:25 The Radio Programms (a). 4:50-4:2 Soundarch: Americant Velenam velterans share the horrors of user with Russian softers who lought in Afghanistan. 4:52 Profile. 2:20 News. Down Your Way. 2:45 Lines of Communication. 4:50 News. 2:51 Lines of Communication. 4:50 News. 2:51 Lines of Communication. 4:50 News. 4:51 Lines Ord. 2:50 News. 2:50 News. 4:51 Lines of Communication. 4:50 News. 4:51 Lines Ord. 2:50 News. 4:51 Lines of Communication. 4:50 News. 4:51 Lines Ord. 4:50 News. 4:51 News.

